

Administrative Office of the Courts

Chief Justice Matthew B. Durrant Utah Supreme Court Chair, Utah Judicial Council

May 14, 2023

Ronald B. Gordon, Jr.
State Court Administrator
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Deputy State Court Administrator

MEMORANDUM

TO: Management Committee / Judicial Council

FROM: Keisa Williams

RE: Rules for Expedited Approval and Final Approval

CJA rule 1-205 was published for a 45-day public comment period. No comments were received. The Policy, Planning, and Technology Committee recommends that rule 1-205 be approved on an **expedited basis** with a **June 1, 2023** date.

CJA 1-205. Standing and ad hoc committees

On February 27, 2023, the Judicial Council declined to adopt proposed amendments to CJA rule 1-205 on an expedited basis and sent the rule back to the PP&T committee with the following directives:

- 1. Add a judge from each court level.
- 2. Fix the following terminology: "sitting" vs. "current" and "judge or justice" vs. "judicial officer."
- 3. Seek feedback from the Committee on Judicial Fairness and Accountability on the revised amendments.
- 4. Send the rule out for public.

With input from the Committee on Judicial Fairness and Accountability, the revised amendments (lines 204-214) add a judge from each court level, include two former judges from any court level, and allow for the appointment of up to two additional qualified individuals.

CJA rules 3-117 and 3-406 were published for a 45-day comment period. No comments were received. The Policy, Planning, and Technology Committee recommends that rules 3-117 and 3-406 be approved as final with a **November 1, 2023** effective date.

CJA 3-117. Committee on Court Forms

The proposed amendments:

1. remove the requirement that the General Counsel conduct a legal review of every form prior to committee approval;

The mission of the Utah judiciary is to provide an open, fair, efficient, and independent system for the advancement of justice under the law.

- 2. acknowledge the Committee's responsibility to review existing forms and assess the need for new court forms; and
- 3. add new form requirements, including user-testing where practicable.

CJA 3-406. Budget and fiscal management

The proposed amendments incorporate the role of the Budget and Fiscal Management Committee and make other improvements to clarify the budget process.

1 Rule 1-205. Standing and Ad Hoc Committees.

- 2 Intent:
- 3 To establish standing and ad hoc committees to assist the Council and provide
- 4 recommendations on topical issues.
- 5 To establish uniform terms and a uniform method for appointing committee members.
- 6 To provide for a periodic review of existing committees to assure that their activities are
- 7 appropriately related to the administration of the judiciary.
- 8 Applicability:
- 9 This rule shall apply to the internal operation of the Council.
- 10 Statement of the Rule:
- 11 (1) Standing Committees.
- (1)(A) Establishment. The following standing committees of the Council are hereby established:
 (1)(A)(i) Uniform Fine Committee;
- (4)(4)(2)(5)
- 15 (1)(A)(ii) Ethics Advisory Committee;
- 16 (1)(A)(iii) Judicial Branch Education Committee;
- 17 (1)(A)(iv) Court Facility Planning Committee;
- 18 (1)(A)(v) Committee on Children and Family Law;
- 19 (1)(A)(vi) Committee on Judicial Outreach;
- 20 (1)(A)(vii) Committee on Resources for Self-represented Parties;
- 21 (1)(A)(viii) Language Access Committee;
- 22 (1)(A)(ix) Guardian ad Litem Oversight Committee;
- 23 (1)(A)(x) Committee on Model Utah Civil Jury Instructions;
- 24 (1)(A)(xi) Committee on Model Utah Criminal Jury Instructions;
- 25 (1)(A)(xii) Committee on Pretrial Release and Supervision; and
- 26 (1)(A)(xiii) Committee on Court Forms;
- 27 (1)(A)(xiv) Committee on Judicial Fairness and Accountability; and
- 28 (1)(A)(xv) Working Interdisciplinary Network of Guardianship Stakeholders
- 29 (WINGS)
- (1)(B) Composition.
- 31 (1)(B)(i) The **Uniform Fine Committee** performs the duties described in rule 4-
- 32 302 and shall consist of:

33 34	(1)(B)(i)(a) one district court judge who has experience with a felony docket;
35 36	(1)(B)(i)(b) three district court judges who have experience with a misdemeanor docket; and
37	(1)(B)(i)(c) four justice court judges.
38 39	(1)(B)(ii) The Ethics Advisory Committee performs the duties described in rule 3-109 and shall consist of:
40	(1)(B)(ii)(a) one judge from the Court of Appeals;
41	(1)(B)(ii)(b) one district court judge from Judicial Districts 2, 3, or 4;
42	(1)(B)(ii)(c) one district court judge from Judicial Districts 1, 5, 6, 7, or 8;
43	(1)(B)(ii)(d) one juvenile court judge;
44	(1)(B)(ii)(e) one justice court judge; and
45	(1)(B)(ii)(f) an attorney from either the Bar or a college of law.
46 47	(1)(B)(iii) The Judicial Branch Education Committee performs the duties described in rule 3-403 shall consist of:
48	(1)(B)(iii)(a) one judge from an appellate court;
49	(1)(B)(iii)(b) one district court judge from Judicial Districts 2, 3, or 4;
50	(1)(B)(iii)(c) one district court judge from Judicial Districts 1, 5, 6, 7, or 8;
51	(1)(B)(iii)(d) one juvenile court judge;
52	(1)(B)(iii)(e) the education liaison of the Board of Justice Court Judges;
53	(1)(B)(iii)(f) one state level administrator;
54	(1)(B)(iii)(g) the Human Resource Management Director;
55	(1)(B)(iii)(h) one court executive;
56	(1)(B)(iii)(i) one juvenile court probation representative;
57 58	(1)(B)(iii)(j) two court clerks from different levels of court and different judicial districts;
59	(1)(B)(iii)(k) one data processing manager; and
60	(1)(B)(iii)(I) one adult educator from higher education.
61 62 63 64	(1)(B)(iii)(m) The Human Resource Management Director and the adult educator shall serve as non-voting members. The state level administrator and the Human Resource Management Director shall serve as permanent Committee members.

65 66	(1)(B)(iv) The Court Facility Planning Committee performs the duties described in rule 3-409 and shall consist of:
67	(1)(B)(iv)(a) one judge from each level of trial court;
68	(1)(B)(iv)(b) one appellate court judge;
69	(1)(B)(iv)(c) the state court administrator;
70	(1)(B)(iv)(d) a trial court executive;
71 72	(1)(B)(iv)(e) two business people with experience in the construction or financing of facilities; and
73	(1)(B)(iv)(f) the court security director.
74 75	(1)(B)(v) The Committee on Children and Family Law performs the duties described in rule 4-908 and shall consist of:
76	(1)(B)(v)(a) one Senator appointed by the President of the Senate;
77 78	(1)(B)(v)(b) the Director of the Department of Human Services or designee;
79 80	(1)(B)(v)(c) one attorney of the Executive Committee of the Family Law Section of the Utah State Bar;
81 82	(1)(B)(v)(d) one attorney with experience in abuse, neglect and dependency cases;
83 84	(1)(B)(v)(e) one attorney with experience representing parents in abuse neglect and dependency cases;
85	(1)(B)(v)(f) one representative of a child advocacy organization;
86	(1)(B)(v)(g) the ADR Program Director or designee;
87	(1)(B)(v)(h) one professional in the area of child development;
88	(1)(B)(v)(i) one mental health professional;
89	(1)(B)(v)(j) one representative of the community;
90	(1)(B)(v)(k) the Director of the Office of Guardian ad Litem or designee;
91	(1)(B)(v)(I) one court commissioner;
92	(1)(B)(v)(m) two district court judges; and
93	(1)(B)(v)(n) two juvenile court judges.
94 95 96	(1)(B)(v)(o) One of the district court judges and one of the juvenile court judges shall serve as co-chairs to the committee. In its discretion the committee may appoint non-members to serve on its subcommittees.
97 98	(1)(B)(vi) The Committee on Judicial Outreach performs the duties described in rule 3-114 and shall consist of:

99	(1)(B)(vi)(a) one appellate court judge;
100	(1)(B)(vi)(b) one district court judge;
101	(1)(B)(vi)(c) one juvenile court judge;
102	(1)(B)(vi)(d) one justice court judge; one state level administrator;
103	(1)(B)(vi)(e) a state level judicial education representative;
104	(1)(B)(vi)(f) one court executive;
105	(1)(B)(vi)(g) one Utah State Bar representative;
106	(1)(B)(vi)(h) one communication representative;
107	(1)(B)(vi)(i) one law library representative;
108	(1)(B)(vi)(j) one civic community representative; and
109	(1)(B)(vi)(k) one state education representative.
110 111	(1)(B)(vi)(I) Chairs of the Judicial Outreach Committee's subcommittees shall also serve as members of the committee.
112 113	(1)(B)(vii) The Committee on Resources for Self-represented Parties performs the duties described in rule 3-115 and shall consist of:
114	(1)(B)(vii)(a) two district court judges;
115	(1)(B)(vii)(b) one juvenile court judge;
116	(1)(B)(vii)(c) two justice court judges;
117 118	(1)(B)(vii)(d) three clerks of court – one from an appellate court, one from an urban district and one from a rural district;
119 120	(1)(B)(vii)(e) one representative from a social services organization providing direct services to underserved communities;
121	(1)(B)(vii)(f) one representative from the Utah State Bar;
122 123	(1)(B)(vii)(g) two representatives from legal service organizations that serve low-income clients;
124 125	(1)(B)(vii)(h) one private attorney experienced in providing services to self-represented parties;
126	(1)(B)(vii)(i) two law school representatives;
127	(1)(B)(vii)(j) the state law librarian; and
128	(1)(B)(vii)(k) two community representatives.
129	(1)(B)(viii) The Language Access Committee performs the duties described in

131	(1)(B)(viii)(a) one district court judge;
132	(1)(B)(viii)(b) one juvenile court judge;
133	(1)(B)(viii)(c) one justice court judge;
134	(1)(B)(viii)(d) one trial court executive;
135	(1)(B)(viii)(e) one court clerk;
136	(1)(B)(viii)(f) one interpreter coordinator;
137	(1)(B)(viii)(g) one probation officer;
138	(1)(B)(viii)(h) one prosecuting attorney;
139	(1)(B)(viii)(i) one defense attorney;
140	(1)(B)(viii)(j) two certified interpreters;
141	(1)(B)(viii)(k) one approved interpreter;
142	(1)(B)(viii)(I) one expert in the field of linguistics; and
143	(1)(B)(viii)(m) one American Sign Language representative.
144 145	(1)(B)(ix) The Guardian ad Litem Oversight Committee performs the duties described in rule 4-906 and shall consist of:
146 147 148	(1)(B)(ix)(a) seven members with experience in the administration of law and public services selected from public, private and non-profit organizations.
149 150	(1)(B)(x) The Committee on Model Utah Civil Jury Instructions performs the duties described in rule 3-418 and shall consist of:
151	(1)(B)(x)(a) two district court judges;
152	(1)(B)(x)(b) four lawyers who primarily represent plaintiffs;
153	(1)(B)(x)(c) four lawyers who primarily represent defendants; and
154	(1)(B)(x)(d) one person skilled in linguistics or communication.
155 156	(1)(B)(xi) The Committee on Model Utah Criminal Jury Instructions performs the duties described in rule 3-418 and shall consist of:
157	(1)(B)(xi)(a) two district court judges;
158	(1)(B)(xi)(b) one justice court judge;
159	(1)(B)(xi)(c) four prosecutors;
160	(1)(B)(xi)(d) four defense counsel; and
161	(1)(B)(xi)(e) one person skilled in linguistics or communication.

162 163	(1)(B)(xii) The Committee on Pretrial Release and Supervision performs the duties described in rule 3-116 and shall consist of:
164	(1)(B)(xii)(a) two district court judges;
165	(1)(B)(xii)(b) two justice court judges;
166	(1)(B)(xii)(c) one prosecutor;
167	(1)(B)(xii)(d) one defense attorney;
168	(1)(B)(xii)(e) one county sheriff;
169	(1)(B)(xii)(f) one representative of counties;
170	(1)(B)(xii)(g) one representative of a county pretrial services agency;
171 172	(1)(B)(xii)(h) one representative of the Utah Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice;
173	(1)(B)(xii)(i) one commercial surety agent;
174	(1)(B)(xii)(j) one state senator;
175	(1)(B)(xii)(k) one state representative;
176	(1)(B)(xii)(I) the Director of the Indigent Defense Commission or designee;
177	(1)(B)(xii)(m) one representative of the Utah Victims' Council;
178 179	(1)(B)(xii)(n) one representative of a community organization actively engaged in pretrial justice issues;
180	(1)(B)(xii)(o) one chief of police; and
181	(1)(B)(xii)(p) the court's general counsel or designee.
182 183	(1)(B)(xiii) The Committee on Court Forms performs the duties described in rule 3-117 and shall consist of:
184	(1)(B)(xiii)(a) two district court judges;
185	(1)(B)(xiii)(b) one court commissioner;
186	(1)(B)(xiii)(c) one juvenile court judge;
187	(1)(B)(xiii)(d) one justice court judge;
188	(1)(B)(xiii)(e) one court clerk;
189	(1)(B)(xiii)(f) one appellate court staff attorney;
190	(1)(B)(xiii)(g) one representative from the Self-Help Center;
191	(1)(B)(xiii)(h) the State Law Librarian;
192	(1)(B)(xiii)(i) the district court administrator or designee:

193 194	(1)(B)(xiii)(j) one representative from a legal service organization that serves low-income clients;
195	(1)(B)(xiii)(k) one paralegal;
196	(1)(B)(xiii)(I) one educator from a paralegal program or law school;
197	(1)(B)(xiii)(m) one person skilled in linguistics or communication;
198	(1)(B)(xiii)(n) one representative from the Utah State Bar; and
199	(1)(B)(xiii)(o) the LPP administrator.
200 201 202 203	(1)(B)(xiv) The Committee on Fairness and Accountability_ performs the duties described in rule 3-420. The committee shall include members who demonstrate an interest in, or who have experience with, issues of diversity, equity, and inclusion and shall consist of:
204	(1)(B)(xiv)(a) one sitting district court judge;
205	(1)(B)(xiv)(b) one juvenile court judge;
206	(1)(B)(xiv)(c) one justice court judge;
207	(1)(B)(xiv)(d) one appellate court judge;
208 209	(1)(B)(xiv)(eb) twothree current or former judicial officers judges from any court level;
210	(1)(B)(xiv)(fe) the General Counsel or designee; and
211	(1)(B(xiv)(g) one representative of the community;
212	(1)(B)(xiv)(he) the Director of the Office of Fairness and Accountability:
213	(1)(B)(xiv)(i) the Director of Data and Research or designee; and
214	(1)(B)(xiv)(j) up to two additional qualified individuals.
215 216 217	(1)(B)(xv) The Working Interdisciplinary Network of Guardianship Stakeholders (WINGS) performs the duties described in rule 3-421, and shall consist of:
218	(1)(B)(xv)(a) Judiciary representatives:
219	(1)(B)(xv)(a)(i) two or more district court judges;
220 221	(1)(B)(xv)(a)(ii) two or more district court judicial support staff with experience in guardianship matters;
222 223	(1)(B)(xv)(a)(iii) one representative from the Guardianship Reporting and Monitoring Program (GRAMP)
224 225	(1)(B)(xv)(a)(iv) one representative from the Court Visitor Program; and
226	(1)(B)(xv)(a)(v) the General Counsel or designee.

227	(1)(B)(xv)(b) Community stakeholder representatives:
228	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(i) one representative from Adult Protective Services;
229	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(ii) one representative from Disability Law Center;
230	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(iii) one representative from Adult and Aging Services;
231	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(iv) one representative from Office of Public Guardian;
232	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(v) one representative from the Utah State Bar;
233 234	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(vi) one representative from Office of the Attorney General;
235	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(vii) one representative from the Utah legislature;
236 237	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(viii) one representative from the Utah Commission on Aging;
238	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(ix) one representative from Utah Legal Services; and
239	(1)(B)(xv)(b)(x) the Long-Term Care Ombudsman or designee.
240 241	(1)(B)(xv)(c) Individual community representatives <u>_t</u> hree or more community stakeholders representing:
242	(1)(B)(xv)(c)(i) mental health community;
243	(1)(B)(xv)(c)(ii) medical community;
244 245	(1)(B)(xv)(c)(iii) private legal community that specializes in guardianship matters;
246	(1)(B)(xv)(c)(iv) aging-adult services community;
247	(1)(B)(xv)(c)(v) educator from a legal program or law school;
248 249	(1)(B)(xv)(c)(vi) organization serving low-income, minorities, or marginalized communities;
250	(1)(B)(xv)(c)(vii) citizens under or involved in guardianship; and
251 252	(1)(B)(xv)(c)(viii) other organizations with a focus including, but not limited to guardianship, aging, legal services, or disability.
253 254 255 256 257 258	(1)(C) Standing committee chairs. The Judicial Council shall designate the chair of each standing committee. Standing committees shall meet as necessary to accomplish their work. Standing committees shall report to the Council as necessary but a minimum of once every year. Except for the Committee on Judicial Fairness and Accountability, council members may not serve, participate or vote on standing committees. Standing committees may invite participation by others as they deem advisable, but only members
259 260 261	designated by this rule may make motions and vote. All members designated by this rule may make motions and vote unless otherwise specified. Standing committees may form subcommittees as they deem advisable.
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262 (1)(D) Committee performance review. At least once every six years, the Management 263 Committee shall review the performance of each committee. If the Management Committee determines that committee continues to serve its purpose, the Management 264 265 Committee shall recommend to the Judicial Council that the committee continue. If the Management Committee determines that modification of a committee is warranted, it 266 may so recommend to the Judicial Council. 267 268 (1)(D)(i) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(D), the Guardian ad Litem Oversight Committee. recognized by Section 78A-6-901, shall not terminate. 269 270 (2) Ad hoc committees. The Council may form ad hoc committees or task forces to consider 271 topical issues outside the scope of the standing committees and to recommend rules or 272 resolutions concerning such issues. The Council may set and extend a date for the termination of any ad hoc committee. The Council may invite non-Council members to participate and vote 273 on ad hoc committees. Ad hoc committees shall keep the Council informed of their activities. Ad 274 hoc committees may form sub-committees as they deem advisable. Ad hoc committees shall 275 276 disband upon issuing a final report or recommendations to the Council, upon expiration of the time set for termination, or upon the order of the Council. 277 278 (3) General provisions. 279 (3)(A) Appointment process. 280 (3)(A)(i) Administrator's responsibilities. The state court administrator shall 281 select a member of the administrative staff to serve as the administrator for committee appointments. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, the 282 283 administrator shall: (3)(A)(i)(a) announce expected vacancies on standing committees two 284 months in advance and announce vacancies on ad hoc committees in a 285 286 timely manner; 287 (3)(A)(i)(b) for new appointments, obtain an indication of willingness to serve from each prospective appointee and information regarding the 288 prospective appointee's present and past committee service; 289 290 (3)(A)(i)(c) for reappointments, obtain an indication of willingness to serve from the prospective reappointee, the length of the prospective 291 reappointee's service on the committee, the attendance record of the 292 293 prospective reappointee, the prospective reappointee's contributions to the committee, and the prospective reappointee's other present and past 294 295 committee assignments; and 296 (3)(A)(i)(d) present a list of prospective appointees and reappointees to 297 the Council and report on recommendations received regarding the

appointment of members and chairs.

cultural and ethnic diversity.

(3)(A)(ii) **Council's responsibilities.** The Council shall appoint the chair of each committee. Whenever practical, appointments shall reflect geographical, gender,

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302 303	(3)(B) Terms. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, standing committee members shall serve staggered three year terms. Standing committee members shall not serve
304 305	more than two consecutive terms on a committee unless the Council determines that exceptional circumstances exist which justify service of more than two consecutive
306	terms.
307 308 309	(3)(C) Expenses. Members of standing and ad hoc committees may receive reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the execution of their duties as committee members.
310 311	(3)(D) Secretariat . The Administrative Office shall serve as secretariat to the Council's committees.
312	Effective May 23 June 1, 20232

CJA 3-117 DRAFT: March 16, 2023

Rule 3-117. Committee on Court Forms 1 2 Intent: 3 To establish a committee to determine the need for forms and to create forms for use by 4 litigants in all court levels. 5 6 Applicability: This rule shall apply to the judiciary. 7 8 Statement of the Rule: 9 (1) The committee shall conduct a comprehensive review of current court forms and assess the need for new court forms to assist parties and practitioners in all court levels. 10 (2) The committee shall create forms as it deems necessary for use by parties and practitioners, 11 including forms for the Online Court Assistance Program. 12 (3) Process for form creation. 13 14 (3)(a) The committee shall adopt procedures for creating new forms or making substantive amendments to existing forms, procedures for eliminating obsolete and 15 outdated forms, procedures for recommending which forms should be translated into 16 other languages, and procedures for expediting technical or non-substantive 17 amendments to forms. 18 19 (3)(b) Forms should be: (3)(b)(i) written in plain language and reference the statutes and rules to which 20 21 the forms apply; (3)(b)(ii) reviewed for legal correctness; 22 (3)(b)(iii) standardized across the state where practicable; 23 24 (3)(b)(iv) developed to promote and expand access to justice; (3)(b)(v) structured to eliminate redundancy and unnecessary steps; and 25 (3)(b)(vi) user-tested when practicable. 26 (3)(c) The committee shall solicit input from other interested groups as it deems 27 appropriate. The committee may establish subcommittees using non-committee 28 members to facilitate its work. 29 30 (3)(d) The committee may recommend to the Judicial Council mandatory use of particular forms. However the Judicial Council's designation of a form as mandatory is 31 not binding on a decision-maker asked to review the legal correctness of the form. 32 33 (3)(e) The Office of General Counsel shall staff the committee and shall review all forms for legal correctness before final approval by the committee. 34 (4) The State Law Librarian shall be responsible for maintaining and archiving the forms. 35 36

37 Effective: May November 122, 202317

CJA 3-406 DRAFT: March 16, 2023

1 Rule 3-406. Budget and fiscal management.

23 Intent:

To develop and maintain accomplish the policies and programs mission of the judiciary through sound fiscal management.

To provide for sound fiscal management through the coordinated and cooperative effort of central and local authorities within the judiciary. by financially supporting both existing programs and creating new programs that enable the Courts to effectively provide an open, fair, efficient and independent system for advancement of justice under the law.

To maintain accountability for appropriated funds, and to maintain a balanced budget.

To cooperate with the Governor and the Legislature in managing the fiscal resources of the state.

Applicability:

This rule shall apply to the management of all funds appropriated by the state to the judiciary.

Statement of the Rule:

(1) Fiscal offices and programs and program directors established. For purposes of fiscal management, the judiciary is divided into offices (which generally provide services to other areas within the judiciary) and programs. (which generally provide services to court patrons). Each office and program budget is managed by a program director budget manager who has approval authority from the Administrative Office's finance group ("AOC Finance") to authorize disbursements. This approval authority is granted based on AOC Finance's periodic review to ensure adequate separation of duties (as defined by generally accepted accounting principles) for each budget manager. The budget manager is designated by the state court administrator and approved by theor designee. AOC Finance periodically reports to the Budget and Fiscal Management Committee. ("BFMC") on the adequacy of separation of duties. The budget of a geographic division shall be managed by the court executive subject to the general supervision of the program director.

(2) Budget management.

(2)(A) **Responsibility of the councilCouncil**. The responsibility of the Council is to:

(2)(A)(i) cooperate with the Governor and the Legislature in managing the fiscal resources of the state;

(2)(A)(ii) assure that the budget of the judiciary remains within the limits of the appropriation set by the Legislature; and

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43	(2)(A)(iii) allocate funds as required to maintain approved programs and to
44	assure a balanced judicial budget.
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46	(2)(B) Responsibility of the state court administrator. It is the responsibility of the
47	state court administrator to:
48	(2)(B)(i) implement the directives of the Council;
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50	(2)(B)(ii) direct the management of manage the judiciary's budget, including
51	recommendations to reduce or redirect allocations; and
52	recommendations to reduce of reduced another, and
53	(2)(B)(iii) negotiate on behalf of the Council the position of the judiciary with the
54	executive and legislative branches.
55	oxodative and logiciative branches.
56	(2)(C) Responsibility of the administrative office. AOC Finance. It is the responsibility
57	of the administrative office AOC Finance to:
58	(2)(C)(i) clear all warrants and other authorizations for theensure timely payment
59	of <u>all</u> accounts payable for the availability of funds;
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61	(2)(C)(ii) monitor all expenditures and collections versus budget;
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63	(2)(C)(iii) provide monthly expenditure financial reports by court to court
64	executives, program directors to budget managers, the state court administrator,
65	Boards of Judgesthe BFMC and the Council; and
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67	(2)(C)(iv) develop a manual of procedures ("Accounting Manual") to govern the
68	payment ofaccounts receivable, accounts payable, trust accounts, the audit
69	thereof, and the audit thereof.of administrative procedures generally. The
70	procedures shall be in conformity with generally accepted principles of budgeting
71	and accounting and budget management.shall, at a minimum, conform to the
72	requirements of this rule and state law.
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74	(2)(D) Responsibility of the program directors.budget managers. Within their
75	respective programs areas of responsibility, it is the responsibility of the program
76	directors budget managers to:
77	(2)(D)(i) comply with the directives of the Council and the state court
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78 70	administrator;
79 80	(2)(D)(ii) administer the reduction or redirection of allegations:
80	(2)(D)(ii) administer the reduction or redirection of allocations;
81	(OVD)(iii) respitant all symposiditures and sall afficient control builties.
82	(2)(D)(iii) monitor all expenditures and collections versus budget;
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CJA 3-406 DRAFT: March 16, 2023

84 (2)(D)(iv) supervise and manage court-budgets in accordance with the manual of procedures Accounting Manual; and 85 86 (2)(D)(v) develop recommendations for fiscal priorities, budget requests to be 87 funded by the allocation of funds, and the reduction-Legislature and changes to 88 programs or redirection of offices that create efficiencies that reduce or redirect 89 allocations. 90 91 92 (2)(E) Responsibility of court executives. Within their respective courts, it is the 93 responsibility of court executives to: 94 (2)(E)(i) comply with the directives of the Council, the state court administrator, and the program director or designee, and to consult with the presiding judge and 95 the individual judges of that jurisdiction concerning budget management; 96 97 98 (2)(E)(ii) develop work programs that encumber no more funds than may be 99 allocated, including any reduction in allocation; 100 101 (2)(E)(iii) amend work programs as necessary to reflect changes in priorities. 102 spending patterns, or allocation; 103 104 (2)(E)(iv) credit and debit accounts that most accurately reflect the nature of the 105 planned expenditure; 106 107 (2)(E)(v) authorize expenditures; 108 109 (2)(E)(vi) prepare warrants and other authorizations for payment of accounts 110 payable for submission to the Administrative Office AOC Finance; 111 112 (2)(E)(vii) monitor all expenditures; and revenues to budget for variances; and 113 114 (2)(E)(viii) develop recommendations for fiscal priorities, budget requests to be funded by the allocation of funds, Legislature and the reduction changes to 115 programs or redirection of offices that create efficiencies that reduce or redirect 116 allocations. 117 118 119 (2)(F) **Process.** After the legislative general session the BFMC and state court administrator shall consider all sources of funds and all obligated funds and develop a 120 121 recommended spending plan that most closely achieves the priorities established by the 122 Council at the prior annual planning meeting. The state court administratorBFMC shall 123 reviewpresent the recommended spending plan with the Management Committee and 124 present it to the Judicial Council for approval. 125

(3) Budget development.

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127 (3)(A) Responsibility of the Council. It is the responsibility of the Council to: (3)(A)(i) establish responsible fiscal priorities budget requests to be funded by the 128 129 <u>Legislature</u> that best enable the judiciary to achieve the goals of its policies; 130 131 (3)(A)(ii) develop the budget of the judiciary based upon the needs of 132 organizations and the priorities established by the Council; 133 134 (3)(A)(iii) communicate the budget of the judiciary to the executive and legislative 135 branches: and 136 137 (3)(A)(iv) allocate funds to the geographic divisions of courts budget managers in accordance with priorities established by the Council. 138 139 140 (3)(B) Responsibility of the juvenile, district, and appellate boards ("Boards"). It is the responsibility of the Boards to: 141 142 (3)(B)(i) develop recommendations for funding priorities budget requests to be 143 funded by the Legislature; and 144 145 (3)(B)(ii) review, modify, and approve program and office budgets for submission 146 to the Council.BFMC. 147 148 (3)(C) Responsibility of the state court administrator. It is the responsibility of the 149 state court administrator to: 150 (3)(C)(i) negotiate on behalf of the Council the position of the judiciary with the 151 executive and legislative branches; and 152 153 (3)(C)(ii) implement the Council's fiscal priorities and allocation of funds.; and 154 155 (3)(C)(iii) work with the BFMC and the Boards of judges to manage the judiciary's budget, including recommending (1) budget requests to be funded by the 156 157 Legislature and (2) changes to programs or offices that create efficiencies that 158 reduce or redirect allocations. 159 160 (3)(D) Responsibility of the administrative office. AOC Finance. It is the responsibility of the Administrative Office AOC Finance to: 161 162 (3)(D)(i) develop a schedule for the timely completion of the budget process. 163 including the completion of all intermediate tasks; 164 165 (3)(D)(ii) assist program directors budget managers and court executives in the 166 preparation of budget requests, including those funded by the Legislature; and 167 168 (3)(D)(iii) compile the budget of the judiciary. 169

170 (3)(E) Responsibility of the program directors, budget managers. Within their 171 respective programs areas of responsibility, it is the responsibility of program 172 directors budget managers to review, modify, and approve budget requests. 173 174 (3)(F) Responsibility of court executives. Within their respective courts, it is the 175 responsibility of court executives to: 176 (3)(F)(i) work closely with presiding judges, judges, and staff to determine the 177 needs of the organization; and 178 179 (3)(F)(ii) develop arecommendations for budget requests that adequately and 180 appropriately meets those needs. 181 182 (3)(G) Process. 183 (3)(G)(i) Each Board of Judges, each court and committee and each department of the Aadministrative Ooffice of the courts may develop, prioritize and justify a 184 185 budget request to be funded by the Legislature. The courts shall submit their requests to the appropriate Board of Judges. The committees and the 186 187 departments of the Administrative OfficeAOC shall submit their requests to the state court administrator. 188 189 190 (3)(G)(ii) The state court administrator shall deliver to the Boards the 191 Administrative Office requests and the Boards shall consolidate and prioritize the 192 requests from the courts and the requests originated by the Board. The state 193 court administrator shall consolidate and prioritize the requests from the. 194 committees and departments. AOC Finance shall consolidate all of the Boards' 195 prioritized lists for review by the BFMC. 196 197 (3)(G)(iii) The state court administrator BFMC shall review and analyze all 198 prioritized budget requests and develop a recommended budget request and 199 funding plan. The state court administratorBFMC shall review the analysis and 200 the recommended budget request and funding plan with the Council. 201 202 (3)(G)(iv) At its annual planning meeting the Council shall consider all prioritized 203 requests and the analysis and recommendations of the state court 204 administratorBFMC and approve a prioritized budget request and funding plan for 205 submission to the governor and the legislature. 206 207 (4) General provisions. 208 (4)(A) Appropriations dedicated by the Legislature or allocations dedicated by the 209 Council shall be expended in accordance with the stated intent. 210 211 (4)(B) All courts and the Administrative Office shall comply with the provisions of state 212 law and the manual of procedures Accounting Manual.

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(4)(C) Reductions in allocations, reductions in force, and furloughs may be ordered by
215 the state court administrator with notice to the Council. In amending the work program to
216 reflect a budget cut, reductions in force and furloughs shall be used only when
217 absolutely necessary to maintain a balanced budget. If reductions in force are
218 necessary, they shall be made in accordance with approved personnel procedures. If
219 furloughs are necessary, they should occur for no more than two days per pay period.
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