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Licensed Paralegal Practitioner for Petitioner, Heather Blake Saunders

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF UTAH
SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, WEBER COUNTY**

In the Matter of the Marriage of	DECREE OF DIVORCE
HEATHER BLAKE SAUNDERS, Petitioner,	Case No. 264900902
and	Judge: Cristina Ortega
SAMUEL PAUL SAUNDERS, Respondent.	Commissioner: Christina Wilson

This divorce action is before the Court on Heather's Petition for Divorce. The Court having found and entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and being otherwise fully advised, adjudges and decrees as follows:

1. **DIVORCE**: The parties shall be granted a divorce based upon the grounds of irreconcilable differences.
2. **JURISDICTION**: Heather is a residence of Weber County and has resided in Weber County for at least three months immediately before filing this case.
3. **CHILDREN**: There have been two children born as a result of this marriage, to wit:

E.C.S. Born 9/28/2016

O.S. Born 6/9/2020

4. JURISDICTION OVER CUSTODY AND PARENT TIME ISSUES: Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because: Utah is the home state of the parties' minor children under Utah Code 81-11-101, or This case meets the criteria under Utah Code 81-11-201 and 81-11-208.

5. OTHER COURT PROCEEDINGS: Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100; Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, UCCJEA, Utah Code 78B-13-101 et seq.; Utah Uniform Interstate Family support Act, UIFSA, Utah Code 78B-14-101 et seq.): There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about the minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases.

6. CUSTODY: It is in the children's best interest that both parties be awarded joint legal custody of the minor children.

7. It is in the children's best interest that both parties be awarded joint physical custody of the minor children. The parties shall each have equal 50/50 parent time with the minor children.

8. The parties shall exercise overnight parent time on a rotating schedule as follows:

	<u>M</u>	<u>T</u>	<u>W</u>	<u>Th</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Sa</u>	<u>Su</u>
Week 1	H	H	S	S	H	H	H
Week 2	H	H	S	S	S	S	S

H = Heather

S = Samuel

9. Each parent shall be responsible for school drop-off and pick-up on their designated parent time days. If school is not in session, exchanges shall occur at 9:00 a.m. or at another mutually

agreed upon time. The parent beginning their parent time shall provide transportation unless otherwise agreed.

10. The parties shall share holidays with the minor children as they can agree.

11. For the 2026 calendar year, Samuel shall exercise parent-time for New Year's Day, Independence Day, Halloween, and Christmas, and Heather shall exercise parent-time for Easter, Pioneer Day, and Thanksgivings. This alternating pattern shall continue in subsequent years.

12. If the parties are unable to reach agreement regarding the division of holidays, the schedule outlined in Utah Code § 81-9-302 shall apply, attached herewith as Exhibit "A."

13. The parent who is scheduled to have the children for Christmas shall have parent-time for the entire week of Christmas. However, Christmas Day shall be divided each year between the parties, with the parent not exercising Christmas-week parent-time having the children from 1:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. on Christmas Day.

14. Both parties agree that the children shall not be away from either parent for a period exceeding seven consecutive days.

15. For the purposes of the holiday schedule only, Samuel shall be designated as the "noncustodial parent."

16. PARENTING PLAN:

a. Decision-making:

i. Each parent will make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as

reasonably possible.

ii. The parents will share responsibility for making major decisions about the children. If there is a disagreement, the parents will resolve the dispute as provided in the Resolving disputes section below.

b. Education plan: The school the children will attend shall be based on Heather's current address. Should the parties elect to change the children's school based upon other factors, they should have the ability to agree upon a change of school if both parties agree. Both parties have the authority to check the children out of school. Both parties shall have the authority to have access to the children during school.

c. Communication with each other: The parties agree to maintain civil, respectful, and child-centered communication at all times. Each parent shall keep the other informed of significant events, vertical matters, educational issues, and family activities.

Communication shall take place via text messaging, google calendar, and phone calls.

d. Communication with the child: The children may communicate freely with either parent by phone or electronic means during reasonable hours. The parents agree they will give the children privacy during their communication with the other parent. The parents will not interfere with or monitor communication between the children and the other parent. Both parties shall have equal access to the children's cellular devices.

e. Clothing and Personal Belongings: Each parent shall maintain adequate clothing, shoes, and personal items for the children in their own home. If a child loses or damages a valuable personal item (excluding school or sports items) while under one parent's care, that parent shall assist in replacing or reimbursing the item.

- f. Technology and Electronic Devices:** Each parent shall maintain one watch/phone for the children. The children shall not receive personal cell phones until age 12. When purchasing phones, the cost shall be split equally unless one parent insists on a specific device, in which case that parent shall assume the additional cost. The children shall not have social media accounts until age 18, unless both parents provide written consent.
- g. Right of First Refusal:** If either parent is unable to personally care for the minor children during their scheduled parent time for a period of four (4) hours or more, they shall first offer the other parent the opportunity to care for the children before engaging an outside babysitter or third party. If the other parent is unavailable, an approved babysitter may then be used. Each party shall maintain a list of mutually approved sitters. If a parent anticipates being delayed for pick-up or drop-off, they shall first contact the other parent to request assistance before arranging alternative care.
- h. Records and information sharing:** Both parents will have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education and health care.
- i. Extracurricular activities:** Both parties shall equally share the costs of any agreed-upon, extracurricular activities of the minor children (in writing or text messages). Reimbursements for any agreed upon extracurricular activity shall be within 14 days upon receiving record of payment from the other party.
- j. Education and Schooling Costs:** Both parties shall equally share the costs of any schooling fees, school lunch, and/or registration costs on behalf of the minor children. Reimbursements for any costs paid shall be submitted to the other party and paid within 14 days upon receiving record of payment.

- k.** Travel by the child: During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, or with others. If the child will be travelling for more than one day, the parent arranging travel will notify the other parent at least thirty days in advance. That parent will give the other parent the travel schedule, locations, and phone numbers at least thirty days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent will provide as much notice as possible.
- l.** If vacation time overlaps scheduled parent-time, make-up time shall be offered to the other parent.
- m.** For out-of-state or international travel, the traveling parent shall provide an itinerary, flight details, and lodging information for emergency use only.
- n.** The parties shall mutually agree on the number of school days the children may miss for travel.
- o.** Children's First Vehicles: The cost of the children's first vehicles shall be divided equally. If the parents cannot agree on the vehicle, the parent electing to purchase shall bear the full cost. Heather will maintain vehicle insurance, with the possibility of the child contributing once employed.
- p.** Special Considerations: Special consideration shall be given by each parent to make the children available to attend family functions, including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the children or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent time schedule.
- q.** Military service by a parent: Neither parent is a servicemember.

- r. Relocation of a parent: The parties shall abide by the Utah Code 81-9-209 if either party relocates more than 150 miles away from the other party. The moving party shall notify the other party in writing 60 in advance of the move. Utah Code 81-9-209 is attached herewith as Exhibit “B.”
- s. Religion: The children must understand and not be forced or coerced into baptism or joining of any faith. They must take all the missionary discussions but are not allowed to be baptized into any religion until the age of 18. If either child wishes to attend LDS seminary, then they must attend the early morning class.
- t. Surname: The children shall retain the Saunders surname. They may elect to change their names upon reaching the age of 18.
- u. Social Rules and Exposure to Third Parties:
- v. Sleepovers: Children shall not have overnight sleepovers. Late night visits with friends may be permitted during a parent’s scheduled parent time, with ending times determined by age and mutual agreement.
- w. Introduction of New Partners: A parent may not introduce the children to a new romantic partners until the relationship has been exclusive and ongoing for at least six months.
- x. The other parent shall be given advance notice and the opportunity to meet the partner before or at the same time as the children.
- y. Stepparents or partners shall not have decision-making authority regarding the children’s medical, educational, financial, or religious matters.
- z. If an emergency arises while the child is under the care of a stepparent or partner,

both parents shall be notified immediately, preferably through a group text or shared communication thread.

aa. No roommates will be permitted in either parties' homes.

bb. Children's Comfort and Safety: If a child resists transitioning to a parent's home, that parent shall gently reassure and encourage the child to attend scheduled parent-time.

cc. If a child expresses fear of harm, the child may remain temporarily with the other parent until the parties can communicate and resolve the issue.

dd. Mutual Restraining Orders: Both parties shall be mutually enjoined and restrained from discussing these proceedings and/or arguing while in the sight or hearing distance of the minor children.

ee. Both parties are mutually enjoined and restrained from exposing the minor children to discussions regarding custody, the court documents and/or questions about their desires regarding custody, including bringing the minor children into the middle of these discussions.

ff. Both parties shall be mutually restrained from discussing the case in the presence of the parties' children or allowing third parties to discuss the case in the presence of the parties' children.

gg. Both parties shall be restrained from making negative, disparaging, or derogatory comments about the other Party to or in the presence of the parties' children and shall use their best efforts to restrain third parties from making any such comments in the presence of the parties' children. This "non-negative, non-disparaging, non-derogatory" provision includes all communication between the parties or to third parties, whether by text

message, email, direct phone calls, voice messages, live video or face-to face communication.

hh. Changing the plan: This plan remains in effect until changed. A change must be agreed to by both parents. Major or permanent changes must be in writing, but minor or temporary changes can be made orally.

ii. Resolving disputes: If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the child(ren), they will discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their children. If the parents are unable to agree, Heather shall have the final say authority.

17. CHILD SUPPORT: Heather has a gross monthly income of \$5,863.06. Samuel has a gross monthly income of \$5,833.

18. Child support should be based upon the joint custody worksheet with Heather being awarded 183 overnights and Samuel being awarded 182 overnights per year.

19. Based upon the child support worksheet, Samuel would pay to Heather \$15 per month in child support. Due to the nominal amount of child support, the parties have agreed to deviate from the guidelines and neither party shall owe child support to the other. In exchange, both parties shall both contribute equally to the minor child's extracurricular activities, school costs, clothing, medical, and other expenses related to the child.

20. ALIMONY: Neither party shall be awarded alimony from the other now or in the future.

21. DEPENDENT CHILD FOR TAX PURPOSES: For the tax year of 2026, and every tax year going forward, Heather shall be awarded the tax deduction for Easton. Samuel shall be awarded the tax deduction for Oakley.

22. When there is only one child remaining to claim for tax purposes, the parties shall alternate

the tax deduction with Heather claiming the child in even numbered years and Samuel claiming the child in odd numbered years.

23. A parent must be current on financial obligations for the children to be eligible to claim a child in any given tax year.

24. CHILD HEALTH CARE: The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent child. Health care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101.

25. The minor children are currently covered through Heather's medical insurance. Both parties shall pay half of the premiums incurred on behalf of the minor children. Samuel may maintain secondary insurance coverage if available.

26. Should insurance no longer be available through Heather's employment at some point, the parties shall work together to decide on the most affordable and greatest coverage for the minor children. Both parties shall continue to pay half of the medical premiums incurred on behalf of the minor children.

27. Both parties will equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical, dental, or orthodontia expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent children.

28. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days.

29. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

30. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.

31. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

32. CHILD CARE EXPENSES: Both parties will equally share all reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related childcare expenses.

33. The parties agree that each party shall be responsible for their own childcare costs during their own parent time. Neither party shall contribute to the other's childcare costs that are incurred on days that they are scheduled to have the children for parent time.

34. Childcare may only be provided by a state licensed childcare provider or a responsible party that is over the age of 18.

35. BUSINESSES: There are no businesses owned by either party requiring division by the Court.

36. VEHICLES: Heather shall be awarded the Toyota Priuse. Samuel shall be awarded the Toyota Tundra. Both parties shall be responsible for insurance and any loans associated with the vehicle(s) they are awarded.

37. PERSONAL PROPERTY: Each party shall be granted his or her personal effects and personal items of property. The parties' remaining personal property shall be divided as they agree.

38. Specifically, Heather shall be awarded:

- Living room couch and two chairs
- Deep freezer
- Nintendo Switch and games, controllers
- Two TVs
- One-half of the children's toys, books, and holiday decorations
- Glassware and half of all mugs
- One crockpot, pressure cooker
- Plants
- All workout equipment except the Peloton
- Upstairs vacuum and robot vacuum
- One paddle board
- Gymnastics bar and mats
- Round outdoor couch, round outdoor chair, outdoor mat
- One shovel and one snow shovel
- Playroom bookshelf

Samuel shall be awarded:

- All beds
- Playroom couch and bean bag
- All major appliances
- Dressers
- Tall freezer

- Kitchenware (plates, pots, pans, utensils, etc.)
- Peloton
- One paddle board
- Two TVs
- Children's bookshelves
- Table and dining chairs
- Washer and Dryer

39. FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS: The parties shall be awarded their own separate bank accounts without any claim by the other party.

40. The children's existing investment or stock accounts shall remain under Heather's management.

41. RETIREMENT: Each party shall be awarded any retirement accounts in their own names without any claim by the other party.

42. REAL PROPERTY: Samuel shall be awarded as his sole and separate property, the real property located at 3965 Nordin Avenue, Ogden, Utah 84403, and shall be responsible for any and all debts associated with the property, including the solar payments.

43. Heather shall be awarded as her sole and separate property, the real property located at 5628 Oakwood Court, South Ogden, Utah 84403, and shall be responsible for any and all debts associated with the property.

44. DEBTS: The parties do not have any joint debts. The parties have acquired separate debts during the marriage. Both parties shall be required to pay any and all debts incurred in their own names.

45. Heather shall be responsible for her own credit card debts and student loans.
46. If either party incurs debts after the parties' separation, or in their own name without the other party's knowledge, each party shall be responsible for their own debt.
47. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE STATEMENT – OFFICE OF RECOVERY SERVICES (ORS):
Neither party is receiving public assistance.
48. LEGAL FEES: Each party shall be responsible for their own attorney's fees and costs associated with this action. Both parties agree to share the costs of the filing fee.
49. MAIDEN NAME: Heather shall have the option of restoring her maiden name to Blake.
50. DUTY TO SIGN DOCUMENTS: The parties will sign all documents necessary to comply with the Decree of Divorce within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the Court to appoint someone to sign the document.
51. Heather and Samuel ask that they be granted a Decree of Divorce pursuant to the terms of the stipulation, and for such other relief as the court deems equitable and just.

RULE 7 NOTICE

You will please take notice that pursuant to Utah Rules of Civil Procedure 7, the foregoing document will be submitted for signature at the expiration of seven days unless written objection is filed within that time period.

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Electronic Signature shall appear at the top of the first page of this document.

Approved as to form:

/s/ Samuel Paul Saunders
SAMUEL PAUL SAUNDERS
Respondent
Electronically signed with permission on 6/29/26

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I did cause to be delivered by efilng and emailing a true and correct copy, and therefore served a true and correct copy of the foregoing, ***Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law*** this 25th day of June, 2026, to the following:

Samuel Paul Saunders
Email: spsaunders85@gmail.com

/s/ Bonnie Morriss
Licensed Paralegal Practitioner

Exhibit A – Utah Code 81-9-302(12)

(12) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Years Noncustodial Parent is Granted Holiday	Years Custodial Parent is Granted Holiday
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.	Odd years	Even years
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session	Even years	Odd years

	and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.		
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.	All years if noncustodial parent is the mother or other parent granted the holiday in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the mother or other parent granted the holiday in the order.
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	All years if noncustodial parent is the father or other parent granted the holiday in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the father or other parent granted the holiday in the order.
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6	Even years	Odd years

	p.m.		
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd years	Even years
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even years	Odd years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd years	Even years
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day on that school dismisses for winter break; or	Odd years	Even years

	(b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.		
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd years	Even years

Exhibit B – 81-9-209

81-9-209. Notice of relocation -- Effect of relocation on parent-time schedule.

- (1) As used in this section, "relocation" means moving 150 miles or more from the residence of the other parent.
- (2) The relocating parent shall provide written notice to the other parent at least 60 days before the day on which the relocating parent intends to relocate.
- (3) The written notice of relocation under Subsection (2) shall contain statements affirming :
 - (a) the parent-time provisions in Subsection (9) or a parent-time schedule approved by both parties will be followed; and
 - (b) that a parent will not interfere with the other's parental rights pursuant to court ordered parent-time arrangements or the parent-time schedule approved by both parties.
- (4) The court shall, upon motion of any party or upon the court's own motion, schedule a hearing with notice to:
 - (a) review the notice of relocation and the relevant parent-time schedule under Section [81-8-302](#) or [81-8-304](#); and
 - (b) make appropriate orders regarding the parent-time schedule and costs for parent-time transportation.
- (5) In a hearing to review the notice of relocation, the court shall, in determining if the relocation of a custodial parent is in the best interest of the minor child, consider any other factors that the court considers relevant to the determination.

- (6) If the court determines that relocation is not in the best interest of the minor child, and the custodial parent relocates, the court may order a change of custody.
- (7) (a) If the court finds that the relocation is in the best interest of the minor child, the court shall determine the parent-time schedule and allocate the transportation costs that will be incurred for the minor child to visit the noncustodial parent.
- (b) In making a determination under Subsection (7)(a), the court shall consider:
- (i) the reason for the parent's relocation;
 - (ii) the additional costs or difficulty to both parents in exercising parent-time;
 - (iii) the economic resources of both parents; and
 - (iv) other factors the court considers necessary and relevant.
- (8) If a parent relocates because of an act of domestic violence or family violence by the other parent, the court shall make specific findings and orders with regard to the application of this section.
- (9) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, upon the relocation of one of the parties, the following schedule is the minimum parent-time the noncustodial parent is entitled to a minor child who is five to 18 years old:
- (a) in years ending in an odd number, the minor child shall spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:
- (i) Thanksgiving holiday beginning Wednesday until Sunday; and
 - (ii) Spring break, if applicable, beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes;
- (b) in years ending in an even number, the minor child shall spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:
- (i) the entire winter school break period; and
 - (ii) the Fall school break beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes;
- (c) extended parent-time equal to 1/2 of the summer or off-track time for consecutive weeks; and
- (d) one weekend per month, at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent.
- (10) For extended parent-time under Subsection (9)(c), the minor child should be returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins, except that this week is counted when determining the

amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period.

- (11) (a) The court may also set a parent-time schedule for a minor child who is younger than five years old.
 - (b) The schedule shall take into consideration the following:
 - (i) the age of the minor child;
 - (ii) the developmental needs of the minor child;
 - (iii) the distance between the parents' homes;
 - (iv) the travel arrangements and cost;
 - (v) the level of attachment between the minor child and the noncustodial parent; and
 - (vi) any other factors relevant to the best interest of the minor child.
- (12) The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.
 - (a) (i) If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the noncustodial parent shall receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend.
 - (ii) If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on the last weekend of the month, the noncustodial parent is entitled to the next to the last weekend of the month.
 - (b) If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend shall be considered the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.
 - (c) If a minor child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the minor child begins the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays in Subsection (9) and those days are contiguous with the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend parent-time, those days shall be included in the weekend parent-time.
- (13) The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.
- (14) In the event finances and distance preclude the exercise of minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent during the school year, the court should consider awarding more time for the noncustodial parent during the summer time if it is in the best interests of the the minor child.
- (15) (a) Upon the motion of any party, the court may order uninterrupted parent-time with the noncustodial

parent for a minimum of 30 days during extended parent-time, unless the court finds it is not in the best interest of the minor child.

- (b) If the court orders uninterrupted parent-time during a period not covered by this section, the court shall specify in its order which parent is responsible for the minor child's travel expenses.
- (16) (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the court the relocating party shall be responsible for all the minor child's travel expenses relating to Subsections (9)(a) and (b) and 1/2 of the minor child's travel expenses relating to Subsection (9)(c), provided the noncustodial parent is current on all support obligations.
- (b) If the noncustodial parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, the noncustodial parent is responsible for all of the minor child's travel expenses under Subsection (9), unless the court rules otherwise.
 - (c) A responsible party shall make a reimbursement to the other for the minor child's travel expenses within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.
- (17) The court may apply this provision to any preexisting decree of divorce.
- (18) Any action under this section may be set for an expedited hearing.
- (19) A parent who fails to comply with the notice of relocation in Subsection (2) is in contempt of the court's order.