The Order of the Court is stated below:
Dated: October 22, 2026 05:49:40 PM **/s/** TERESA WELCH
District Court Judge

JILL L. COIL (USB #13049)
T.R. MORGAN (USB #10026)
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THIRD DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE
SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In the matter of the marriage of JULIE STUTZNEGGER, Petitioner, and TRAVIS NELSON, Respondent.	**DECREE OF DIVORCE** Case no.: 264903643 Judge: TERESA WELCH Commissioner: JOANNA SAGERS

COMES NOW, Petitioner, JULIE STUTZNEGGER (*hereinafter* "Mother"), having filed a *Verified Stipulated Petition for Divorce* (July 14, 2026) against Respondent, and Respondent, TRAVIS NELSON (*hereinafter* "Father"), having been properly served notice of Wife's *Verified Stipulated Petition for Divorce*, entered into a *Divorce Stipulation and Agreement* (*hereinafter* "Stipulation") resolving all issues in their divorce, and the Court having previously entered its written Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

NOW THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY ORDERED ADJUDGED

AND DECREED AS FOLLOWS

DIVORCE

1. **Divorce**. Petitioner shall be granted a divorce based on the *Stipulation* signed by the parties and filed with the court concurrently herewith. The divorce will become final upon entry of the divorce decree.
2. **Residency.** Wife is a resident of Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, State of Utah, and has been for more than three (3) months immediately preceding this action.
3. Husband is a resident of Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, State of Utah, and has been for more than three (3) months immediately preceding this action.
4. **Marriage.** The parties entered a marital relationship on April 22, 2006.
5. **Grounds**. Wife shall be granted a Decree of Divorce from Husband based on the irreconcilable differences pursuant to Utah Code §81-4-405(1)(h).
6. **Children**. The parties have one minor child born to them;

    a. L.A.K.N. (born October 2010).

7. The parties are not expecting any additional children.
8. **Legal Custody**. It is in the best interest of the child that the parties share joint legal custody of the child consistent with the parenting plan as outlined herein.
9. **Parenting Plan**. The child-related provisions herein constitute the proposed Parenting Plan, as set forth in Utah Code § 81-9-203.
10. **Physical Custody**. It is in the best interest of the minor child that Mother has primary physical custody of the child with Father having parent-time as the parties agree. If the

parties are unable to agree, Father shall have parent-time pursuant Utah Code §81-9-302 as outlined in the following schedule.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
WEEK 1	Mother	Mother	Mother	Mother	Father	Father	Father
WEEK 2	Mother	Mother	Mother	Mother	Mother	Mother	Mother

a. Father shall also have a midweek visit with the child from after school until 10:00 p.m. on Thursdays, which shall be a flexible presumption. If school is not in session and he is available, he shall be able to exercise parent-time starting at 9.00 a.m. for his midweek visit.

b. In the event that one party is out of town, the remaining party shall be responsible for the care of the minor child during that period. If both parties wish to travel simultaneously, Mother's travel shall take priority.

c. In the event Father elects not to exercise his scheduled parent-time for a weekend or other designated period, he shall arrange childcare or make other childcare arrangements at his own discretion and expense.

11. **Holiday Schedule**: Holiday parent time shall be as the parties agree. If the parties are unable to agree, the parties shall have holiday parent time pursuant as outlined in the following schedule.

Odd Years	Even Years	
Father	Mother	**Martin Luther King Jr.:** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Mother	Father	**President's Day:** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child;

		(b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
		Easter: (1) Mother's holiday time begins at 9 am on Easter Day and ends at 3 pm on Easter Day. (2) Father's holiday time begins 3 pm on Easter Day and ends at 9pm on Easter Day.
Father	Mother	**Spring Break:** (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Mother	Father	**Memorial Day:** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Mother	Mother	**Mother's Day:** (1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.
Father	Father	**Father's Day:** (1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.
Mother	Father	**Juneteenth National Freedom Day:** (1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.
Mother	Mother	**Independence Day:** (1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.
Father	Father	**Pioneer Day:** (1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.
Father	Father	**Labor Day:** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the

		child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Mother	Father	**Columbus Day:** (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.
Father	Mother	**Fall Break:** (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Mother	Father	**Halloween:** (1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 11 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.
Father	Mother	**Veteran's Day:** (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.
Mother	Father	**Thanksgiving:** (1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8 p.m. on the night before school resumes.
Mother	Mother	**Christmas Eve:** (1) Holiday begins at 9 am on Christmas Eve (December 24th) and ends at 9 am on Christmas Day (December 25th)
Father	Father	**Christmas:** (1) Holiday begins at 9 am on Christmas Day (December 25th) and ends at 9 am on December 27th.
Father	Mother	**New Years:** (1) Holiday begins 9 am on December 31st and ends at 9 pm on January 1st.
Mother	Father	**Day of Child's Birthday:** (1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.
Father	Mother	**Day Before or After Child's Birthday:** (1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.

12. **Child's Discretion**. Given the age and maturity of the child, they should be granted the option and discretion to participate in parent-time as they so choose. Neither parent should be subject to legal action for a child's noncompliance with the parent-time schedule. Notwithstanding, the parties have an affirmative duty to encourage the child in having a positive relationship with the other parent and spending time with them.
13. **Decision Making.** Each parent has authority to make day-to-day decisions concerning the children while the children are in the care of that parent. Each parent also has the authority to make emergency decisions concerning the children while the children are in the care of that parent.
14. The parties shall share all major decisions concerning their children's health, education, religious upbringing and general welfare. The parties shall use the following decision-making procedure as their guide:
    a. The parties shall initially identify the issue;
    b. The parties shall research the issue and possible solutions related to the issue and to listen to and understand each other's perspective;
    c. The parties shall brainstorm all possible solutions related to that specific issue; and
    d. The parties shall use the most sensible resolution that considers the needs and interests of everyone involved, particularly the children, in an attempt to reach a "win-win" solution.
15. **Resolving Disputes.** If the parties cannot reach a mutual decision regarding the children, then Mother shall have the presumptive final say. If Father disagrees with the decision he may seek judicial intervention under an actual harm standard, and not simply that he

would have made a different decision, and with the prevailing party being awarded their attorney's fees and costs of court.

16. The parents agree that the following provisions are in the best interest of the children, and the parents agree to follow them as part of their parenting plan:

17. Special consideration shall be given by each parent to make the children available to attend family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the children or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule.

18. Neither parent-time nor child support are to be withheld due to either parent’s failure to comply with a court-order.

19. Each parent shall notify the other parent, unless notice is otherwise available to the other parent, within 24 hours of receiving notice of all significant school, social, sports, and community functions in which the child is participating or being honored, and both parents shall be entitled to attend and participate fully.

a. The parties shall alternate responsibility for duties or activities involving the minor child, including but not limited to chaperoning school events and serving as a judge at the minor child’s debate tournaments.

20. Both parents shall have unlimited access to the child’s school, including full access to all school reports, homework, teachers, and other school staff.

21. Both parents shall have unlimited access to all records concerning the child, including medical records.

22. Each parent shall notify the other parent immediately in the event of a medical emergency regarding the child.

23. Each parent shall provide the other with a current address and telephone number within 24 hours of any change.

24. **Transportation.** The parent receiving the child shall pick them up from the other parent or from the child's school. The child's regular school hours shall not be interrupted for parent-time. The other parent shall have the child ready at the time they are to be picked up. If, due to emergency circumstances, a parent will be late or is unable to be present to pick-up or deliver the child, then that parent shall notify the other as soon as possible to advise them and make appropriate alternate arrangements.

25. **Travel**. When the children travel with either parent out of state, all of the following will be provided to the other parent.

a. An itinerary of travel dates;

b. Destination(s);

c. Places where the children or travelling parent can be reached; and

d. The name and telephone number of an available third-person who would be knowledgeable of the children's location.

26. **Relocation**. Should either party seek to relocate more than 150 miles from their current residence, the parties shall abide by Utah Code §81-9-209.

27. **Right of First Refusal**. If the child needs childcare for longer than a period of overnight or longer, then the parent with residential responsibility will offer the other parent parent-time with the children.

28. **Virtual Parent-time**. Each parent shall enjoy telephone, skype, video conference, email, letters, or other alternative forms of contact with the children at reasonable times and places considering the children's bedtimes and the other parent's needs.

29. **Child Support:** The parties should pay child support in compliance with the Uniform Child Support Guidelines. Mother's monthly income shall be imputed to $2,142.00 and Father's monthly income shall be imputed to $2,819.00 for the purposes of calculating child support. Father's support obligation is $378.00 a month, with Mother being awarded 254 overnights and Father being award 111 overnights with the minor child.

30. Unless the Court orders otherwise, support for each child terminates at the time (1) a child becomes 18 years of age, or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, or (2) a child dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States, or is emancipated in accordance with Utah Code § 81-6-213 and based on the combined support amount as derived from the parties' imputed income.

31. Child support payments shall begin the month of the filing of divorce in this matter or as ordered by the court. The monthly child support shall be paid one half on or before the 5th day of each month, and the other half on or before the 20th day of each month, unless the custodial parent uses the Office of Recovery Services to collect support. Child support due and not paid on or before the 5th day of the month is delinquent on the 6th day of the month. Child support is due and not paid on or before the 20th day of the month is delinquent on the 21st day of the month.

32. If the obligor parent is thirty (30) days late, the obligee parent shall be entitled to mandatory income withholding relief pursuant to Utah Code § 62A-11, Parts 4 and 5, and any

Federal and State tax refunds or rebates due the non-custodial parent may be intercepted by the State of Utah and applied to existing child support arrearages. This income withholding procedure shall apply to existing and future payers. All withheld income shall be submitted to the Office of Recovery Services until such time as the non-custodial parent no longer owes child support to the person entitled to receive child support. All child support payments shall be made to the Office of Recovery Services, P.O. Box 45011, Salt Lake City, UT 84145-011, unless the Office of Recovery Services gives notice that payments should be sent elsewhere. Should mandatory income withholding be implemented by the Office of Recovery Services, child support shall be due on the first day of each month and delinquent on the first day of the following month.

33. Mother has agreed not to report Father to the Office of Recovery Services for any missed child support, for as long as reasonably necessary. If Father is struggling financially, he shall discuss any missing child support payments with Mother, and his support obligation may be deferred until he is able to pay.

34. **Medical Expenses.** Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-208, the parties should be jointly responsible for covering the child on medical insurance. Currently, Mother is providing medical insurance for the minor child.

35. If, at any point in time, a dependent child is covered by the health, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of Mother shall be primary coverage for the dependent child and the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of Father shall be secondary coverage for the dependent child. If a parent remarries and his or her dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is

covered by a step-parent's plan, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of the step-parent shall be treated as if it is the plan of the remarried parent and shall retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of the dependent child.

36. Each parent shall share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the child’s portion of insurance unless the court finds good cause to order otherwise.

37. The parent who provides the insurance coverage may receive credit against the base child support award or recover the other parent's share of the child's portion of the premium. If the parent does not have insurance but another member of the parent's household provides insurance coverage for the child, the parent may receive credit against the base child support award or recover the other parent's share of the child's portion of the premium.

38. The child's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid. The premium expense for a child shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of children in the instant case.

39. Each parent shall equally share all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses incurred for a dependent child, including deductibles and copayments unless the court finds good cause to order otherwise.

a. Any unreimbursed medical or dental expenses exceeding four hundred dollars ($400) shall be paid from the minor child’s trust, which is under Father’s control, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the parties. Father shall be responsible for facilitating payment from the trust for such expenses prior to the parties sharing equally the out-of-pocket costs of the medical and dental expenses.

40. The parent ordered to maintain insurance shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., upon initial enrollment of the dependent child, and after initial enrollment on or before January 2 of each calendar year. The parent shall notify the other parent, or the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date the parent first knew or should have known of the change.

41. A parent who incurs medical expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment. The other parent shall reimburse the parent within thirty (30) days.

42. In addition to any other sanctions provided by the court, a parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to provide verification.

43. **Extracurricular Activities**. The parties shall equally share the cost of extracurricular activities that they mutually agreed upon in writing. Any activities or extracurricular activities in which the children participated in during the marriage shall be deemed to be agreed upon.

44. **Public Assistance**. Upon information and belief, neither party has received or is receiving public assistance from the State of Utah.

45. **Tax Exemptions**. The parties agree that whichever parent will benefit “more” from claiming the child on their taxes, shall claim the child for that tax year. “More” shall mean whichever parent will receive the larger tax refund for claiming the child.

46. If Father is behind on any child support obligation by December 31st of any tax year, then Father shall not be entitled to claim the child for tax purposes for that tax year.

47. **Personal Property.** During the course of the marriage the parties acquired personal property. The personal property acquired during the marriage has been divided equitably between the parties.

48. **Vehicles.** During the course of the marriage, the parties obtained interest or ownership of certain vehicles. These vehicles shall be awarded along with all liability and maintenance thereof as follows:

a. Mother should be awarded the 2015 Honda Pilot and Vintage Trailer.

b. The trailer was purchased for $3,000. Mother shall retain the title to the trailer but shall allow Father access to it and be entitled to invest “sweat equity” in the trailer. If Mother ever sells the trailer, Mother shall pay Father half of the proceeds, if any.

c. Father should be awarded the 2010 Toyota Tundra and small ATV.

d. The parties shall share the use of the UTV (“Trax Machine”) in accordance with their respective use of the parties’ shared cabin. The party utilizing the cabin at any given time shall have the corresponding use of the UTV during that period.

e. If any of these vehicles and/or assets have a jointly-held liability thereon, the party receiving the vehicle/asset to which the liability is attached shall refinance that liability within 90 days of the entry of the Divorce Decree

49. **Accounts.** During the course of the marriage the parties have obtained an interest in certain checking, savings, or other financial accounts. The parties should be awarded an equitable share of the marital funds in these accounts. Any accounts jointly held by the parties

should have the funds equitably divided and then closed. Any separate accounts should be awarded to the party whose name is listed on those accounts. These accounts should be awarded as follows:

INSTITUTION	NAME ON ACCOUNT	APPROX. BALANCE	AWARDED TO
Zion Bank (0510)	Mother	$3,460.95	Mother
Zion Bank (2927)	Mother	$1,801.09	Mother
Zion Bank (6475)	Mother/Child	$343.00	Child
Zion Bank (4130)	Mother/Father	$1,421.00	Father
Julie Stutznegger Irrevocable Trust	Mother	$124,051.97	Mother
Travis Nelson Irrevocable Trust	Father	$unknown	Father

50. **Separate and Premarital Property.** Each party should be awarded their separate and premarital property, including property or monies in their possession at the time of marriage or received from inheritance, unless stated otherwise herein.

51. **Debts and Obligations**. During the marriage, the parties have not acquired marital debts and obligations. If any marital debts or obligations are later discovered, the parties shall share equally share the debt and obligation. The parties' debts and obligations known by each party at the time of separation (September 2022) should be equitably divided.

52. The parties should be responsible for any respective individual post-separation debts that have been or are incurred since their separation in September 2022.

53. The parties should notify respective creditors or obligees, regarding the court's division of debts, obligations, or liabilities and regarding the parties' separate, current addresses.

54. **Real Property**. During the course of the marriage, the parties have obtained an interest in real properties.

55. The parties' marital home is located at 1115 South 700 East, Salt Lake City, Utah 84105. Father should be awarded the marital home with exclusive use and possession of the real property subject to any mortgages, home equity lines of credit, or other encumbrances or liabilities attached thereto. Father shall be awarded this property free and clear of any claim, interest, or entitlement by Mother. If necessary, Father shall refinance any debts on which the other party is attached to remove them from liability thereon within 90 days of signing this stipulation. Father shall hold Mother harmless from any debts or liabilities attached to the property.

56. The parties' rental home is located at 323 East Harrison Avenue, Salt Lake City, Utah. Mother should be awarded the rental property with exclusive use and possession of the real property subject to any mortgages, home equity lines of credit, or other encumbrances or liabilities attached thereto. Mother shall be awarded this property free and clear of any claim, interest, or entitlement by Father. If necessary, Mother shall refinance any debts on which the other party is attached to remove them from liability thereon within 90 days of signing this stipulation. Mother shall hold Father harmless from any debts or liabilities attached to the property.

57. The cabin is located at Mt. Pleasant, Lot 58 Whispering Pines 11, Mt. Pleasant, Utah 84647.

a. With respect to the cabin, the Travis Nelson Irrevocable Trust shall retain an ownership interest therein. Its ownership interest is valued at ninety thousand dollars ($90,000).

b. Father, as Trustee and beneficiary of the Travis Nelson Irrevocable Trust recognizes that Mother and Father each own an equal equitable interest in the cabin.

c. All expenses associated with the cabin shall be maintained by the Trust. The parties shall share the labor and maintenance of the cabin and have equal access, including gate remote and keys to the cabin.

d. The parties shall communicate regarding use of the cabin and alternate visits if necessary. If both parties request use of the cabin for the same period and are unable to agree, priority shall alternate between the parties, beginning with Mother for the first conflicting request.

e. The parties agree that if the cabin is ever sold, the Trust shall be repaid $90,000 first, plus any interest (calculated by determining the growth that the Trust could have garnered if it had been left in T-bills).

f. At the time of sale, any appreciation in value of the cabin since its purchase in 2018 shall be viewed as owned by Mother and Father and divided equally between them.

g. If Father wants to sell the cabin, but Mother does not, the parties agree that Mother shall have the right to “buy out” Father’s share and/or the Trust’s share. If Mother is unable to do so, but does not want to sell the property, Father may sell his share with Mother retaining her share and becoming a co-owner with whomever buys Father’s share.

Father does not have the right to sell Mother’s share. If a new deed is created for the cabin, or any others are added to the deed, Mother’s name will also be added to the deed at that time.

h. Upon the deaths of both Father and Mother, the parties’ children shall inherit the entire ownership interest in the property, and this provision shall be irrevocable and not subject to modification.

62. **Retirement and Other Investment Accounts**. During the course of the marriage the parties may have either obtained interest in or contributed marital funds to their respective retirement and other investment accounts. The parties should be awarded the retirement account held in their respective names.

63. **Business Interests**. The parties obtained business interests during the course of the marriage. The businesses interests should be awarded as follows:

a. Mother shall be awarded 100% of the ownership interest in the parties' limited liability company, Julavis LLC, free and clear of any claim, interest, or entitlement by Father. Mother shall assume full responsibility for any and all debts, liabilities, and obligations associated with the LLC, and shall indemnify and hold Father harmless from any such liabilities.

b. Mother shall be awarded 100% of the ownership interest of Julie Diane Metal and Glass, free and clear of any claim, interest, or entitlement by Father. Mother shall assume full responsibility for any and all debts, liabilities, and obligations associated with the business, and shall indemnify and hold Father harmless from any such liabilities

64. **Alimony**. Both parties do not have a financial need and are capable of providing for themselves. Therefore, alimony is not necessary to provide support for either party.

65. **Mutual Restraining Orders**. The parties should be restrained from disparaging the other party and are to instruct third-parties to also be so restrained.

66. The parties should be permanently restrained from harassing, harming, bothering, annoying, threatening, committing violence or attempting to harass, bother, annoy, threaten or commit violence to the other. Said methods of harassment include, but are not limited to, excessive unsolicited telephone calls, excessive electronic contact through e-mails, texts, etc., and unplanned visits at the other's place of residence.

67. **Duty to Sign Documents**. Both parties should be ordered to sign and fully execute whatever documents are necessary for the implementation of the provisions of their divorce decree. Should a party fail to execute a document within 60 days of the entry of their divorce decree, the other party may bring an Order to Show Cause at the expense of the disobedient party and ask that the Court appoint some other person to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

68. **Attorney Fees.** Each of the parties should assume and pay their own attorney fees and cost.

SO ORDERED.

SIGNED BY THE COURT
As indicated by the electronically added seal and date atop page 1
HONORABLE JUDGE TERESA WELCH
HONORABLE COMMISSIONER JOANNA SAGERS

Third District Court

Notice Pursuant to Rule 7(j)(4)–(5) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure

TO THE PARTIES: Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Rule 7(j)(4)–(5) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, that this proposed Order shall be the Order of the Court unless you file an objection in writing within seven (7) days from the date of service of this notice.

Dated: July 28, 2026 /s/ *Chelsea Hoffman*

APPROVED TO FORM:

_____

Travis A. Nelson
Respondent, pro se

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing instrument was served as indicated below, on this 20th day of October 2026 to the following:

Travis A. Nelson
1115 S. 700 E.
Salt Lake City, Utah 84105
travisfails@icloud.com

( ) U.S. Mail, Postage Prepaid
( ) Hand Delivered
( ) Facsimile Transmission
(X) Email/EFILE
( ) Overnight Mail

/s/ *Erin Rosado*