FILED DISTRICT COURT
Third Judicial District

OCT 09 2026

By: Salt Lake County
Deputy Clerk

Asley Quiros
Name
10516 s Kestrel Rise Rd
Address
South Jordan, Utah 84009
City, State, Zip
801-793-3583
Phone
quirosasley@gmail.com
Email

In the Court of Utah

THIRD Judicial District SALT LAKE County

Court Address 450 SOUTH STATE STREET, SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84114

In the Matter of (select one)	**Divorce Decree**
[✓] the Marriage of (for a divorce with or without children, annulment, separate maintenance, or temporary separation case)	254904320 Case Number
Asley Quiros (name of Petitioner)	Mettler Judge
and	Minas Commissioner (domestic cases)
Ellie Mae Brewington (name of Respondent)	
Other parties (if any)	

The court decrees:

Divorce

1. Asley Quiros is granted a divorce based on the Declaration of Jurisdiction and Grounds signed by Asley Quiros. The divorce will become final upon entry of the divorce decree.

Children (Utah Code 81-6-101(7))

2. **Asley Quiros** and **Ellie Mae Brewington** are the legal parents of the following children (Utah Code 81-5-102 et seq.)

a. Any unborn child listed is expected to be born within 300 days of the entry of the decree.

Minor Children

a.

Child Name: **Leandro Sebastian Quiros**
Date of Birth: **Jul 19, 2020**

Children – Jurisdiction over custody and parent-time issues (Utah Code 81-11-101, 81-11-201, and 81-11-208)

3. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because:
4. During the last five years, the minor children have lived at the following places and with the following people:

a.

Child Name: **Leandro Sebastian Quiros**
Date of Birth: **Jul 19, 2020**

i.

Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**
Move-in Date: **Jul 19, 2020**
Address: **10516 s Kestrel Rise Rd, South Jordan, Utah 84009 United States**
(1).

Caretaker at this address: **N/A**
Caretaker current address: **10516 s Kestrel Rise Rd, South Jordan, Utah 84009 United States**

Children – Other court proceedings

(Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100; Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, UCCJEA, Utah Code 81-11-101 et seq.; Utah Uniform Interstate Family support Act, UIFSA, Utah Code 81-8-102 et seq.)

I say the following:

5. There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about **Asley Quiros** and **Ellie Mae Brewington's** minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases.
6. **Asley Quiros** and **Ellie Mae Brewington** have physical custody of our child(ren), and are the only people who have custody, child support, and parent-time rights to our child(ren).

PARENTING PLAN

This Parenting Plan is being filed in good faith.

This parenting plan is agreed to by **Asley Quiros** and **Ellie Mae Brewington.**

Children - custody

(Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 9, Part 3)

7. It is in the children's best interest that the parties be awarded Joint Legal Custody and that **Ellie Mae Brewington** be awarded Sole Physical custody. **Asley Quiros** should have parent-time at reasonable times and places. **Asley Quiros** is filing this Parenting Plan and verifies the plan is filed in good faith.

8. The parents will follow the parent-time schedule in the statute(s).

Children 5-18 (Utah Code 81-9-302)

FOR CHILDREN 5 YEARS TO 18 YEARS OF AGE

Midweek – School in Session: During the time a child's school is in session, one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent, or Wednesday evening if not specified, from 5:30 - 8:30 p.m.; or, at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday from the time the child's school is regularly dismissed until 8:30 p.m.
Midweek – School not in Session: During the time a child's school is not in session, one weekday from approximately 9:00 a.m., accommodating the custodial parent's work schedule, until 8:30 p.m., if the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child.
Changes to Midweek Schedule: Once the weekday is designated, it may not be changed except by mutual written agreement of the parents, or court order.
Alternate Weekends: Alternating weekend parent-time shall begin the first weekend after the entry of the decree.
Alternate Weekends - School in Session: During the time a child's school is in session alternating weekend parent-time shall be from 6:00 p.m. on Friday until 7:00 p.m. on Sunday, or, at the election of the non-custodial parent, from the time a child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday until 7:00 p.m. on Sunday.
Alternate Weekends - School not in Session: During the time a child's school is not in session a noncustodial parent may elect alternating weekend parent-time to begin on Friday from approximately 9:00 a.m., if the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, until 7:00 p.m. on Sunday.
Pick Up by Non-Parent: A step-parent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual, and the parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.
Changes to Weekends: Weekend parent-time elections shall be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, and may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of

a change in the child's schedule.
Holiday Parent-time: Holidays as specified below in the Special Occasion table.
Extended Parent-time: Extended parent-time with the non-custodial parent may be up to four consecutive weeks when school is not in session, at the option of the non-custodial parent including weekends normally exercised by the noncustodial parent, but not holidays;
a. two weeks shall be uninterrupted time for the noncustodial parent;
b. the remaining two weeks shall be interrupted parent-time and be subject to parent-time for the custodial parent for weekday parent-time but not weekends, except a custodial parent may exercise a holiday as specified below in the Special Occasion table. Within ten days of receiving notice of a parent's intent and schedule for taking interrupted parent-time, the parent receiving that notice must give notice of any plan to interrupt the parent-time; and
c. the custodial parent shall have an identical two-week period of uninterrupted time when school is not in session for purposes of vacation.
Each parent shall provide notice to the other of their plan to exercise extended parent-time during summer break as follows:
Extended Parent-time notice - in odd numbered years, the noncustodial parent shall provide notification of extended parent-time to the custodial parent by May 1st and the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of uninterrupted extended parent-time by May 15th.
Extended Parent-time notice - in even numbered years, the custodial parent shall provide notification of uninterrupted extended parent-time with a child to the noncustodial parent by May 1st and the noncustodial parent shall provide notification to the custodial parent of extended parent-time by May 15th.
Extended Parent-time notice - if not provided timely by a parent, the complying parent may determine the schedule for non-complying parent, so long as the complying parent's notification is timely.
Extended Parent-time notice - if neither parent's notification is timely, the first parent to give notice may determine the schedules of both parents for extended parent-time.
Electronic communication: Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration. Virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, shall be at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration, provided that if the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.

Weekday parent-time will be **Wednesday.** (81-9-302)

Parent-time for special occasions

9. The parents will follow the schedule for special occasions below. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are let out for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school. (Utah Code 81-9-302, 303).

Holiday	Period Starts and ends	Years the parent is granted holiday	Years the parent is granted holiday
Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd years	Even years
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even years	Odd years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is	Even years	Odd years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.		
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd years	Even years
Thanksgiving Break	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
Christmas Eve	(1) Holiday begins on December 24th at 4 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on December 24th at 9 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Christmas Day	(1) Holiday begins on December 24th at 9 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on December 25th at 9 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
New Year's Eve	(1) Holiday begins on December 31st at 4 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on January 1st at 9 a.m.	Even years	Odd years
New Year's Day	(1) Holiday begins on January 1st at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on January 1st at 9 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.	Odd years	Even years
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is	Even years	Odd years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.		
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.		All Years: Ellie Mae Brewington is the mother
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	All Years: Asley Quiros is the father	
Summer Break	Asley Quiros will have up to two weeks of uninterrupted extended summer Parent-time	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	when school is not in session, at the option of Asley Quiros.Asley Quiros will have an additional two weeks of extended Summer Parent-time at the option of Asley Quiros, subject to weekday parent-time for Ellie Mae Brewington, but not weekends normally exercised by Ellie Mae Brewington. Asley Quiros will notify Ellie Mae Brewington of the summer break extended parent-time by May 1 each year. Ellie Mae Brewingtonwill also have two weeks of uninterrupted extended parent time when school is not in session, at the option of Ellie Mae Brewington. Ellie Mae Brewington will notify Asley Quiros of the summer break extended parent-time by May 15 each year. If the notification by Asley Quiros is not timely, Ellie Mae Brewington may determine the schedule for extended parent-time for Asley		

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	Quiros, so long as Ellie Mae Brewingtonhas provided timely notice. If neither parent provides timely notice, the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule of extended parent-time for the other parent.		
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3	Even years	Odd years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.		
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.	Odd years	Even years
Ellie Mae Brewington's Birthday	Ellie Mae Brewington will have parent-time each year on Ellie Mae Brewington's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Ellie Mae Brewington delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.		All years
Asley Quiros's Birthday	Asley Quiros will have		All years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	parent-time each year on Asley Quiros's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Asley Quiros delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.		

Parent-time transfers

10. Pick-up and drop-off ("transfers") of the children for parent-time will be as described below:
The parties will make arrangements for pick up, delivery and return of the children prior to each scheduled parent-time.

Curbside transfers

11. There will not be curbside transfers. The parent/person dropping-off or picking-up a child may accompany the children to the other parent/person when parent-time transfers are made.

Decision-making

12. Each parent will make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are

caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.
Joint decision-making. The parents will share responsibility for making major decisions about the children. If there is a disagreement, the parents will resolve the dispute as provided in the Resolving disputes section below.

Education plan

13. The school the children will attend is based on **Ellie Mae Brewington**'s home residence.
14. Asley Quiros and Ellie Mae Brewington has authority to check the children out of school. Asley Quiros and Ellie Mae Brewington has access to the children during school. If the parents cannot agree, education decisions will be made by Ellie Mae Brewington.

Communication with each other

15. Parents will communicate with each other by any method.

Communication with the children

16. The parents agree they will:

- provide age-appropriate help to the children to communicate with the other parent.
- give the children privacy during their communication with the other parent. The parents will not interfere with or monitor communication between the children and the other parent.

17. Parents and children may communicate with each other whenever the children choose.

- By any method

Records and information sharing

18. Both parents will have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education, child care, and health care.

Travel by the children

19. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others.
20. If the children will be travelling for more than **10** days, the parent arranging the travel will notify the other parent at least **10** days in advance. That parent will give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least **10** days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent will provide as much notice as possible.

Child care

21. A child care provider for our children must be:
A relative, friend, or neighbor.

Relocation of a parent

22. Neither parent may relocate with the minor children more than **150** miles from their current residence without a written agreement signed by the parties or further court order.
23. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other or the parents live in separate countries, costs for the children's travel expenses for parent-time will be paid by the **the parent who moved.**
24. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they will be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.
25. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses must be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

Resolving disputes

26. If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the children, they will discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their children. If the parents are unable to agree, they will go to the following before bringing the issue to the court:
a. **Mediation**

Changing the plan

END OF PARENTING PLAN

Income: Petitioner (Asley Quiros) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

27. **Asley Quiros's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **$5633. Asley Quiros** base child support amount using the **sole** custody calculation is **$585. Asley Quiros** receives the following gross monthly income:
a. **Asley Quiros** is employed at **associated foods. Asley Quiros** earns **$5633** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

Income: Respondent (Ellie Mae Brewington) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

28. **Ellie Mae Brewington's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **$4333. Ellie Mae Brewington** receives the following gross monthly income:
a. **Ellie Mae Brewington** is employed at **associated foods. Ellie Mae Brewington** earns **$4333** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.
29. The adjusted gross monthly income for **Ellie Mae Brewington** is **$4333.**

Child support (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2)

30. It is in the best interest of the children that **Asley Quiros** be ordered to pay child support to **Ellie Mae Brewington** as follows:
a. **$585.00** per month base support. This amount complies with the Utah Child Support Act.
31. Once a child is no longer eligible to receive child support, the support amount for the eligible children should be recalculated using the child support worksheet (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2). The parties may not divide the base child support award by the number of children and subtract that amount from the prior child support amount.
32. The **sole** custody worksheet was used to calculate child support.
Asley Quiros's base child support amount is **$585** per month.
Ellie Mae Brewington's base child support amount is **$442** per month.
If physical custody of a child changes from what the court orders:

- The parent owing support must pay the support amount to whomever has physical custody of the child.
- The parent must pay the support amount without asking the court to modify the child support order.
- This does not apply to temporary parent-time changes. (Utah Code 81-6-104(4) and 81-6-205(8)(a)).

Child support reduction for extended parent-time

33. If a child lives with the non-custodial parent by court order or written agreement of the parties for:

- 25 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 50% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(a)).
- 12 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 25% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(b)).

The custodial parent's normal parent-time and holiday parent-time do not count as an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.
34. If a child receives cash assistance through the T.A.N.F. or F.E.P. programs, any agreement by the parties to reduce child support during extended parent-time must be approved by the Office of Recovery Services.
35. The person ordered to receive child support can request mandatory income withholding (Utah Code 62A-11 parts 4 and 5). If support is past due, the State of Utah may take federal or state tax refunds or rebates and apply the amounts to the child support owed.
a. Withheld income will be sent to the Office of Recovery Services (ORS) until all past-due support is paid. Child support payments will be sent to:
450 South State Street Salt Lake City, Utah 84114
unless ORS gives notice that payments should be sent elsewhere.
36. If ORS begins mandatory income withholding, child support is due on the first day of

each month and will be past due on the first day of the next month.

37. The issue of past-due child support may be decided by future court or administrative action.

38. **Asley Quiros** and **Ellie Mae Brewington** will each pay half of any ORS fee.
    a. If a fee is withheld from payments to **Ellie Mae Brewington, Asley Quiros** will reimburse **Ellie Mae Brewington** for half the fee.

39. The parties must notify each other within 30 days of any change in their income.

40. The parties can ask to change this child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if:

- there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines,
- the difference is not temporary, and
- the amount previously ordered was not a deviation from the child support guidelines.

If the children receive TANF funds at the time an adjustment is sought, ORS will review the order and ask the court to adjust the amount if appropriate. (Utah Code 62A-11-306.2).

41. The parties can ask to change this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of material changes in:

- custody;
- the relative wealth or assets of the parties;
- income of a parent of 30% or more;
- the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn;
- the medical needs of the child; or
- the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others.
  (Utah Code 81-6-202 and 81-6-212)

The change must result in a difference of 15% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines. The difference may not be temporary.

The court can consider natural or adoptive children born after the entry of the decree other than those in common to both parties as part of a request to modify an existing award subject to limitations in the law. (Utah Code 81-6-202(8))

42. The Office of Recovery Services (https://ors.utah.gov/) provides services to individuals who are seeking assistance in the collection or enforcement of child support orders.

Dependent children for tax purposes

43. **Ellie Mae Brewington** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes.

Child health care (Utah Code 81-6-208)

44. The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent children. Heath care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101(14),

45. Both parents must maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent children if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost then both parents must ensure the children have health care coverage. This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

a. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by the medical, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the coverage will be as follows:

- **Asley Quiros's** insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Ellie Mae Brewington's** insurance will be secondary coverage.

b. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the coverage will be as follows:

- **Asley Quiros's** spouse's insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Ellie Mae Brewington's** spouse's insurance will be secondary coverage.

c. Both parties will equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums.

d. Both parties will equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent children.

e. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days.

f. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

g. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.

h. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

Child care expenses (Utah Code 81-6-209)

46. Both parties will equally share all reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses.

a. The party who pays child care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and identity of the child care provider. This must be done when a provider is first hired, and any time the other party asks for the information. The party incurring or paying child care expenses must notify the other party of any change of a child care provider or monthly expense. This must be done within 30

calendar days of the change.
b. The party not directly paying for child care must pay their share of child care expenses as soon as they receive verification of the expenses.
c. If a party does **not** follow the order and provide written verification, they may not receive credit for work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

Public assistance statement – Office of Recovery Services (ORS) (Utah Code 78B-12-113)

47. Neither party has received or is receiving public assistance from the State of Utah.

Personal property (Utah Code Title 81, Chapters 1, 4, 6, and 9)

48. All personal property not addressed in the divorce should be divided as the parties have already divided it.

Vehicles

49. Vehicles will be divided as follows:

a.
Year: **2024**
Make: **kia**
Model: **k5**
VIN: **unknown**
Owner (before divorce): **asley quiros , ellie mae brewington**
Current value: **$24,000.00**
Amounts Estimated: **no**
Ownership After Divorce: **Ellie Mae Brewington**
i.
Lender: **america first credit union**
Address: **unknown**
Date Acquired: **N/A**
Amount Owed: **$27,000.00**
Amounts Estimated: **no**
Monthly Payment: **$500**
The debt will be paid as follows: **Ellie Mae Brewington will pay the entire debt. Asley Quiros will provide a copy of the divorce decree to the lender.**

Bank and credit union accounts

50. Bank and credit union accounts will be divided as follows:

a.
Account Number: **2534**
Account Type: **checking**

Institution Name: **America First CU**
Address: **unknown**
Date Opened: **N/A**
Balance (US Dollars): **$2,540.00**
Estimated: **no**
Owner: **Asley Quiros**
Co-Owner(s): **N/A**
Divide as follows: **Asley Quiros should be awarded the entire balance of $2,540.00 from this money.**

Debts

51. Each party will be ordered to assume and pay debts as follows. The party assuming the debt must put the debt in their name and pay it. If they can't put the debt in their name, they must still pay it. If a party pays a debt they are not responsible for, they can recover that amount from the responsible party.

Credit Card Debt

a.
Account Number: **5340**
Institution Name: **visa**
Address: **unknown**
Amount owed on debt (in US Dollars): **$3,300.00**
Minimum Monthly Payment (in US Dollars): **$150.00**
Owner: **asley quiros and ellie brewington**
The debt will be paid as follows: **Asley Quiros will pay half of the debt. Ellie Mae Brewington will pay half of the debt. Asley Quiros will provide a copy of the divorce decree to the lender.**

b.
Account Number: **0631**
Institution Name: **ashley store**
Address: **unknown**
Amount owed on debt (in US Dollars): **$5,100.00**
Minimum Monthly Payment (in US Dollars): **$120.00**
Owner: **asley quiros and ellie brewington**
The debt will be paid as follows: **ellie will pay $1200 and asley will be responsable for the rest**

Real property

52. The parties acquired the following real property during the marriage:
a.

Description: **house**
Address: **10516 s Kestrel Rise Rd, South Jordan, Salt Lake, Utah 84009 United States**
Tax ID: **111111**
Legal Description: **single family house**
Date property acquired: **Dec 12, 2023**
Names on title: **Asley Quiros**
Original cost: **$370,000**
Current value: **$370,000.00**
Property values estimated: **no**
Disposal: **Asley Quiros will receive sole ownership of this property**
i.
Creditor: **N/A**
Names on mortgage: **Asley Quiros**
Date mortgage acquired: **Dec 12, 2023**
Mortgage balance: **$350,000.00**
Monthly payment: **$2,064.00**
Mortgage values estimated: **no**
This mortgage will be paid as follows after the divorce: **Asley Quiros will pay the entire debt. Asley Quiros will provide a copy of the divorce decree to the lender.**

Alimony

53. Neither party will pay alimony.

Retirement money

54. The parties do not need a court order about retirement money.

Duty to sign documents

55. The parties will sign all documents necessary to comply with the divorce decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document. (Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70)
Judge's signature may instead appear at the top of the first page of this document.

10/9/2024
Date

Signature

Judge

Signature ▶ _____

Date

Commissioner _____

Approved as to Form.

Other Party Signature ▶ _____

Other Party Name Ellie Mae Brewington

Certificate of Service

I certify that I filed with the court and am serving a copy of this Divorce Decree on the following people.

a.

Name: **Ellie Brewington**
Method of service: **Hand Delivery**
Address: **10516 s Kestrel Rise , South Jordan Ut**
Date of Service: **Dec 23, 2025**

12/23/2025

Date

Signature ▶ Asley Quiros

Printed Name Asley Quiros