The Order of the Court is stated below:
Dated: October 04, 2026 07:19:10 PM
/s/ VERNICE TREASE
District Court Judge

JACLYN J. ROBERTSON (11951)
ERICA A. LEWIS
JR LAW GROUP, PLLC
244 WEST 4860 SOUTH
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84107
TELEPHONE: (801) 297-8545
EMAIL: elewis@jrlawgroup.com

Attorney for Roger Hendrix, Jr., Respondent

IN THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT FOR SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In the matter of the marriage of: SHANNON HENDRIX, Petitioner, and ROGER JR HENDRIX, Respondent.	**This is a private document – Tier 4** **DECREE OF DIVORCE** Case No.: 214902999 DA Judge: Vernice Trease Commissioner: Russell Minas

The parties, Shannon Hendrix ("Petitioner" or "Mother") and Roger Hendrix, Jr., ("Respondent" or "Father") entered a stipulation which was filed with the Court. The Court, having received, reviewed, and accepted the parties' *Stipulated Settlement Agreement*, having reviewed the files herein and being otherwise duly advised and for good cause, having previously signed and entered its *Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law*, it is now:

ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED

Divorce

1. The parties' marital relationship is hereby dissolved, absolute and final by the entry of this *Decree*.

Child Custody and Parent-Time

2. There are two minor children born or adopted between the parties, to wit: H.H. (DOB November, 2009) and R.H. (DOB November, 2017).

3. Pursuant to rule 100, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, upon information and belief, that there are currently no cases in the District or Juvenile Court of this state or any other state related to the custody or parent-time of the minor children.

4. Utah is the home State of the parties' minor children pursuant to §78B-13-201 (2008).

a. The minor children have resided in Utah more than six months, or since the time of birth if under the age of six months, and/or, it is in the best interest of the minor children that a court of this state assume jurisdiction because the minor children, in addition to the parents or one of the contestants, have a significant connection with this state and there is available in this state substantial evidence concerning the minor children's present or future care, protection, training, and personal relationships.

5. It is in the best interest of the minor children that the parties be awarded joint legal custody of the minor children. The parties shall be governed by the Joint Custody Parenting Plan set forth herein.

6. It is in the best interest of the minor children that the parties be awarded joint physical custody of the minor children. Parent-time with R.H. shall be pursuant to a 50/50 timesharing arrangement as the parties may agree. The parties agree that parent-time with H.H. shall be in accordance with H.H.'s desired schedule. H.H. shall be able to choose to go between homes at his own will and choice.

a. If the parties are unable to agree on a parent-time schedule for R.H. then they shall follow a week-on/week-off schedule with exchanges to take place Sunday at 7:00 p.m.

7. Each parent is entitled to 2 weeks of uninterrupted parent-time during the summer months when the minor children are free from school. The parents will notify each other by April 15th of each year of the time period he/she will be exercising his/her uninterrupted parent-time. Respondent will have first option of uninterrupted time period in calendar years ending in an even number and Petitioner will have first option of uninterrupted time period in calendar years ending in an odd number. The summer parent-time cannot interfere with the other parent's holiday. If the parent designated to first choose the 2-week period for the year fails to choose by April 15th, the non-designated parent may designate when the 2-week period will occur.

8. In addition, the parties shall follow the holiday parent-time schedule set forth in UCA §81-9-303 and as follows with the Respondent identified as the non-custodial parent for holiday purposes only.

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	FATHER	MOTHER
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following MLK day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following MLK day if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even Years
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following President's Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following President's Day if there is no school.	Even Years	Odd Years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school	Odd Years	Even Years

	dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following the end of spring break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of spring break if there is no school.		
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.	Even Years	Odd Years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.	Every year with Mother	Every year with Mother
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	Every year with Father	Every year with Father
Juneteenth National Freedom Day (JNFD)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before JNFD if the day before JNFD is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on JNFD if the day before JNFD is Father's Day (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following JNFD.	Even Years	Odd Years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even Years	Odd Years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following Labor Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Labor Day if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even Years
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even Years	Odd Years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for fall break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day	Odd Years	Even Years

	following the end of fall break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of fall break if there is no school.		
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community; (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even Years	Odd Years
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd Years	Even Years
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the Monday following Thanksgiving; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday following Thanksgiving if there is no school.	Even Years	Odd Years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 pm.	Odd Years	Even Years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break.	Even Years	Odd Years
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Even Years	Odd Years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years

9. The minor children shall both continue to attend their current school unless the parties mutually agree in writing to change a child's school.

a. Both parties shall be listed in school records as a point of contact for school communications. Mother shall be designated as the primary residential parent for school

purposes only, for R.H. Father shall be designated as the primary residential parent for school purposes only, for H.H.

b. If either party relocates, the children still must remain at their current schools.

c. If the parties both agree that R.H.'s school is no longer a good option for her, they will work together to select a different school that must be located within Granite, Salt Lake City, or Canyons school districts (regardless of where either parent lives at the time).

d. Both parents agree that Midvale Elementary, Midvalley Elementary, and Midvale Junior High shall not be considered as options.

e. Neither parent shall unilaterally change a child's school, and any agreement to change a school must be in writing.

10. In the event either party moves more than 150 miles away, Utah Code 81-9-209 will apply.

Child Support

11. Petitioner is currently employed and has a gross monthly income of $2,080.00 for the purposes of calculating child support.

12. Respondent is currently employed and has a gross monthly income of $13,750.00 for the purposes of calculating child support.

13. The joint custody worksheet shall be used with the Petitioner's income set at $2,080.00 with 183 overnights and the Respondent's income set at $13,750.00 with 182 overnights.

14. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-101 a child support order shall be entered pursuant to the statutory guidelines as follows:

a. Respondent shall be ordered to pay Petitioner the sum of $839.00 per month beginning the first of the month following the date of entry of the Decree. The sum is known as the base child support award, for the minor children of the parties, pursuant to the Uniform Child Support Guidelines, until a child becomes 18 years of age, or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later. When a child becomes 18 years of age or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, the base child support award is automatically adjusted based on the remaining children and the incomes from the most recent support order.

b. The base child support award should be reduced by 50% for each minor child for time periods during which such minor child is with the noncustodial parent by order or agreement for at least 25 of any 30 consecutive days. If the dependent child is a recipient of Public Assistance from the State of Utah (T.A.N.F.), any agreement by the parties for reduction of child support during extended parent time shall be approved by the Office of Recovery Services. However, normal parent time and holiday visits to the custodial parent shall not be considered an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

c. The mandatory income withholding relief provisions of the Utah Code Annotated may be instituted at this time. Said income withholding procedure should apply to existing and future payors. All withheld income should be payable to the Office of Recovery Services, P.O. Box 45011, Salt Lake City, Utah 84145-0011 until such time as the obligor no longer owes child support to the obligee.

d. Each of the parties should be under mutual obligation to notify the other if there is a change in income of more than 30% and the change is not temporary in nature.

e. Pursuant to Utah Code §81-6-212(5), the parties have a right to adjust this child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if (1) upon review there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, (2) the difference is not of a temporary nature, and (3) the amount previously ordered does not deviate from the child support guidelines.

f. Pursuant to Utah Code §81-6-101 et seq, the parties have a right to modify this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of: (i) material changes in custody; (ii) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties; (iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent; (iv) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn; (v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or (vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others, and, the change in (i) through (vi) results in a 15% or more difference between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, and the difference is not of a temporary nature.

Insurance, Daycare and Medical Expenses

15. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-208 (2024) as amended:

a. Either Petitioner or Respondent should maintain insurance for medical expenses for the benefit of the minor children where available at a reasonable cost. In determining which parent shall maintain insurance for medical expenses, the parties shall consider the reasonableness of the cost, the availability of a group policy and the coverage of the policy. If insurance is being provided by a plan by both parents, the Respondent's

insurance shall be considered primary coverage and the Petitioner's shall be considered secondary.

b. The parties shall be equally responsible for all out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the children's portion of the insurance. The children's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid. The premium expenses for the children shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of children. This amount shall be automatically deducted from or added to the child support paid or owed.

c. Both parties shall share equally all medical expenses incurred for the minor child and actually paid by the parties. Medical expenses shall include, but not be limited to, the following: medical, dental, orthodontia, ophthalmological, psychological, or therapeutic, etc.

d. The parent who incurs medical expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and payment of the medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.

e. A parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to provide written verification of the cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.

16. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-209 both parties shall share equally the reasonable work-related childcare expenses of the parents. Due to the age of the children, daycare is not anticipated.

Extracurricular Activities, School, and Miscellaneous Costs

17. The parties shall equally share the costs associated with the following expenses related to the minor children:

a. Extracurricular activities mutually agreed to in writing. The parties shall continue to pay for current extracurricular activities as they have previously done.

b. Agreements for all expenses shall be made in writing. When possible, both parties should pay their one-half share directly to the provider, school or program for and on behalf of the children. If one parent pays the entire cost, that parent shall email the other parent proof of cost and payment within 30 days and the reimbursing parent shall pay their share within 10 days of receiving the email.

Tax Exemption

18. The parties shall alternate claiming the children as dependents for state and federal taxes. Beginning for tax year 2026, Petitioner shall be allowed to claim R.H. and Respondent shall be allowed to claim H.H. each and every year as dependents for state and federal taxes.

a. When only one minor child remains, the parties will alternate years with Petitioner claiming R.H. in odd years and Respondent claiming R.H. in even years.

19. For the Respondent to claim a minor child, he must be current on all his child support expenses prior to the end of the tax year.

Personal Property

20. Prior to the marriage, the parties each had individually acquired certain separate property. Each party shall be awarded any property identified as premarital or separate property, including all gifts and inheritance.

21. During the course of the marriage, the parties acquired certain items of personal property. All personal property has been divided among the parties in a fair and equitable fashion as

agreed upon by the parties. This division shall be deemed final upon entry of the Decree of Divorce. Property remaining in the possession of a party shall be deemed as belonging to that party upon entry of the Decree. Parties shall not enter the home of the other party without invitation by the other party (invitations by a child or any other person shall be declined).

22. All property and all property rights which may be vested in either party as a result of family inheritance, trusts, or similar sources shall be awarded solely to the party from whose family it came.

23. Furthermore, the parties shall be awarded the property as set forth below. In addition, any remaining property not identified below shall be equitably divided between the parties.

Vehicles

Vehicle	Awarded to Petitioner	Awarded to Respondent	Other
Mercedes Sprinter Van		X	
Mercedes E Wagon		X	(Owned by business)
Mercedes G Wagon		X	
Tesla Model Y		X	(Owned by business)

24. Roger will be awarded the Mercedes G-Wagon and will pay Shannon $4000 (representing her share of the vehicle) within 7 days of entry of the Decree.

25. Each party shall be responsible for the debts and liabilities related to their separate vehicles and shall hold the other party harmless from any liability associated therewith. The parties shall take all necessary steps to transfer the vehicles into their own names within 30 days of the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce.

Real Property

26. During the course of the marriage, the parties acquired certain parcels of real property, including but not limited to:

a. Condominium located at 3082 S. Bloomington Drive East, St. George, Utah 84790

27. The condominium shall be awarded solely to the Respondent.

28. If there are any debts or obligations associated with these assets, the party awarded the asset shall assume all liability and financial responsibility associated therewith.

29. Petitioner shall sign any quit claim deeds or any other documents necessary to transfer title or ownership of the property within 30 days of the entry of the Decree.

Bank Accounts, Profit Sharing, Stock Options, Bonuses, Investment, Retirement/Pension Accounts and/or Business Interests

30. The parties have acquired and continue to acquire bank, profit sharing, stock options, bonuses, investment, retirement and/or pension accounts and business interests during the course of the parties' marriage.

31. Parties shall be awarded all bank accounts in their own names, free and clear of any claim by the other party subject to the equalization as set forth herein. Any and all business accounts are awarded to Respondent. Petitioner's name shall immediately be removed from any remaining joint business account.

32. Parties shall be awarded all retirement, pension, investment and or other accounts in their own names, free and clear of any claim by the other party subject to the equalization set forth herein.

33. Respondent shall be awarded all businesses, complete with all the assets and financial accounts held within the business. Respondent shall be solely responsible for all debts and liabilities associated therewith and shall hold Petitioner harmless therefrom.

Debts and Obligations

34. During the course of the marriage the parties incurred certain marital debt; the parties shall be responsible for the debts in their own names and shall hold the other party harmless for any liability associated therewith.

35. Pursuant to Utah Code Ann. §§15-4-6.5, 81-3-105, and 81-4-204(1)(d), the parties shall provide a copy of their final Decree of Divorce to all joint creditors for any outstanding obligations that are included in their Decree of Divorce.

36. Therefore, the party not obligated to pay a joint obligation shall:

a. Send a copy of the Decree of Divorce to each creditor he or she is not required to pay as soon as possible;

b. Notify the joint creditor of the current address for each party

c. Inform that joint creditor that each party is entitled to receive individual statements, notices and correspondence required by law or by the terms of the contract and also inform the creditor that no negative credit report or other exchange of credit history or repayment practices may be made regarding the joint obligation because of non-payment by the party required to pay the debt unless the creditor has first made a demand for the payment on the party who is not required to pay the debt.

37. Pursuant to §81-4-204(1)(e), Utah Code Annotated, the parties shall notify respective creditors or obligors, regarding the court's division of debts, obligations, or liabilities and regarding the parties separate, current addresses.

Life Insurance

38. Pursuant to UCA §81-4-406 (3)(d), to the extent either party owns a life insurance policy or annuity contract, such party has reviewed and, where appropriate, updated the list of beneficiaries associated with said policy or contract. Each party affirms that the individuals

currently designated as beneficiaries are, in fact, the intended beneficiaries following the entry of the Decree of Divorce. Each party further acknowledges and understands that if no changes are made to the beneficiary designations, the individuals currently listed shall remain the beneficiaries and shall receive any funds disbursed by the insurance company or annuity provider pursuant to the terms of the respective policy or contract.

Alimony

39. Petitioner has a need for support, and Respondent has the ability to provide support. Therefore, Respondent shall be ordered to pay Petitioner a combined child support and spousal support amount as set forth below:

i. $4,000.00 per month for the first 24 months;

ii. $3,500.00 per month for the next 24 months; and

iii. $3,000.00 per month until the youngest child's high school graduation.

40. The alimony amounts listed in paragraph 44 include the $839.00 child support amount. If child support adjusts, then alimony will also adjust so that the total amount of support is in accordance with paragraph 44(i-iii).

41. Alimony payments shall be paid on the fifth (5th) day of the month immediately following entry of the Decree of Divorce and the fifth (5th) day of every month thereafter.

42. Alimony payments shall continue for the length of time set forth above or until Petitioner cohabitates or remarries, whichever occurs sooner. Petitioner has an obligation to notify Respondent of her cohabitation or remarriage, and alimony shall cease upon Petitioner's cohabitation or remarriage. Alimony shall end in the event of the death of either party.

43. If alimony ends as a result of marriage, co-habitation, or agreement, then child support of $839 shall continue in accordance with the child support provisions in paragraphs 16-19.

44. For purposes of alimony, the parties gross incomes are the same as stated in paragraphs 16 and 17, with Petitioner's gross income at $2,080.00 per month and Respondent's gross income at $13,750 per month.

Tax Return

45. The parties shall file taxes for the 2025 and 2026 tax years as each deem appropriate.

Attorney's Fees

46. Each party shall be responsible for their own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the litigation of this matter.

Miscellaneous

47. As a complete property settlement, Respondent shall pay Petitioner the amount of $200,000.00. Of this settlement, Respondent shall pay her $50,000.00 within 90 (ninety) days of entry of the Decree. The remaining $150,000.00 shall be paid in two installment payments with $75,000.00 to be paid within 10 months of the entry of the Decree of Divorce and the remaining $75,000.00 to be paid no later than 24 months from entry of the Decree of Divorce. This judgement shall be treated in the nature of spousal support and shall be non-bankruptable. This settlement payment constitutes an agreement on property, child support arrears, attorney's fees owed to Petitioner and alimony arrears at the time of the Divorce.

48. Respondent's contempt is purged. This stipulation resolves all prior issues, and Petitioner waives all claims to any arrearages or back support.

49. Both parties shall be mutually restrained from bothering, harassing, annoying, threatening, disparaging, or harming the other party at the other party's place of residence, employment or any other place.

50. Both parties are restrained from using the likeness, image or credit of the other party for any purpose.

51. The parties each indicate that there has been a complete accurate and current disclosure of all income, assets and liabilities. Both parties understand and agree that any failure to provide complete disclosure may constitute perjury. The property referred to in this agreement represents all the property which either party has any interest in or right to, whether legal or equitable, owned in full or in part by either party separately or by the parties jointly.

52. Each party should execute and cooperate in delivering to the other and to the court such documents as are required to implement the provisions of the divorce decree hereafter to be entered by the court. Should a party fail to execute a document within 60 days of the entry of this divorce decree, the other party may bring a Motion to Enforce at the expense of the disobedient party and seek that the Court appoint some other person to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

53. Upon the filing of any Petition to change any provision of the final *Decree of Divorce*, the parties must first attempt to resolve the issue through mediation.

54. If Petitioner desires that her maiden name be restored to her, it shall be granted upon entry of the final *Decree of Divorce.*

Joint Custody Parenting Plan

Each parent has a loving and valuable relationship with the children and shall work together cooperatively with regard to the children's physical care and financial and emotional support. The parents shall adhere to the following parenting plan provisions:

62. The parties shall make reasonable efforts to be effective co-parents. Each parent shall focus on the needs and interests of the children. Each parent shall give the children the opportunity to have a meaningful relationship with both parents.

63. The parties believe civil communication is essential for an effective parenting relationship. The parties shall take steps to adopt procedures to ensure that they communicate in a civil manner. Except for time sensitive matters and in the event of an emergency, the parties shall communicate primarily through text or email. The parties shall be civil in all communication; name calling shall never be considered civil communication.

64. The parties recognize the importance of the children spending quality time with both parents and shall cooperate with each other and adjust the time-sharing arrangement when changes may be appropriate due to the travel or other commitments of the parties.

65. The parents shall reasonably share information regarding school, social, and other areas of the children's life that could assist both parents in making the best decisions for them. If information is available through websites, email lists, etc., each party shall obtain the information directly from these sources.

66. Both parents shall have direct access to all school, medical, and other child-related information and shall be notified immediately by the other parent in the event of a medical emergency. Each parent shall notify the other parent if they are taking a minor child to the doctor. Further, each parent shall both permit and encourage communication by the other parent with all doctors, clinics, school nurses, counselors, and other healthcare providers regarding the health

and welfare of the children. Both parents shall have reasonable access during the treatment or care of the minor children. Both parties shall provide written authority to the other party to ensure both parties have any and all access to medical, dental, counseling, physiological, and psychological information, diagnoses, and prognoses.

67. Each parent shall be allowed to fully participate in the children's activities, including church functions, athletics events, recitals, school programs, etc.

68. When traveling with the minor children, the parties shall give all information required by Utah Code §81-9-202(19) including the following: 1) an itinerary of travel dates; 2) destinations; 3) places where the children or traveling parent can be reached; and, 4) the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the children's location.

69. The parents shall mutually decide the significant decisions regarding the children, including but not limited to, the children's education, health care, and religious upbringing. The parties shall confer to make joint decisions regarding the minor children's education, day-care, medical care, dental care, orthodontics, counseling, religious upbringing, extracurricular activities, and other major parenting decisions. In discharging this obligation, the parents shall use the following decision-making procedure: 1) Identify the issues; 2) Develop possible solutions; 3) Choose the most sensible solution that considers the needs of everyone involved.

70. If the parties cannot mutually agree on major decisions including but not limited to the minor children's education, day-care, medical care, dental care, orthodontics, counseling, religious upbringing, extracurricular activities, the parties shall attend mediation with a mutually agreed upon mediator with each party to pay their own mediation fees. Should the Parties be unable to agree upon a mediator or mediation service, the party requesting mediation will arrange for mediation. A written record shall be prepared of any agreement reached in mediation

and a copy provided to each party. If the parties cannot reach a decision in mediation, the parties may present the matter for decision to the Court. No dispute may be presented to the Court in this matter without a good faith attempt by both parties to resolve the issue through mediation. If the Court finds that a party has used or frustrated the dispute resolution process without good reason, then that party shall be responsible for all attorney's fees, court costs and mediation fees.

71. The parent with whom the children are residing at the time will make day-to-day decisions regarding the care, control, and discipline of the parties' children. A parent may make emergency decisions regarding the health or safety of the children when the children are in their care.

72. Both parents shall have access to the children during school and shall have authority to check the minor children out of school. Both parties shall be listed as a point of contact for school communications. In the event the parties cannot agree on educational decisions, the parties shall attend mediation in an effort to resolve the matter.

73. Expenditures related to cosmetic surgery, alternative medicine, orthodontia, or other non-life-threatening medical procedures not covered by a child's insurance requires the prior and mutual consent of both parents in writing, with both parents signing the written confirmation. The portions of payment for the procedures are to be negotiated as part of the consent and mutual approval prior to the procedure. The parties shall not inform a minor child of the potential of the procedures and/or have a minor child discuss any of the procedures prior to receiving the consent of the other parent. A minor child shall not receive the cosmetic, surgery, alternative medicine, orthodontia, or other non-life-threatening medical procedures not covered by the child's insurance, prior to receiving the written consent provided herein. Sanctions for violating this provision include, but are not limited to, a parent being denied reimbursement for said procedure.

74. No insured or uninsured medical or psychological treatment shall be undertaken without knowledge and consent of both parties unless in an emergency. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. If parties cannot agree, they shall attend mediation.

75. Special consideration shall be given by each parent to make the children available to attend family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the child or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule. The parties agree to cooperate to accommodate such events and to communicate about them a reasonable time in advance.

76. The parties shall have parent-time with the minor children as set forth above. The receiving parent shall pick up the minor children for their designated parent time. The non-receiving parent shall have the minor children ready for the receiving parent at the time the minor children are to be picked up.

77. Any parental duties or rights not specifically addressed in this plan will be discussed and mutually decided and agreed upon by both parties.

78. Each parent shall provide the other with his current address and telephone number, email address, and other virtual parent-time access information within 24 hours of any change.

79. Each parent shall permit and encourage, during reasonable hours, reasonable and uncensored communications with the minor children, in the form of phone, mail privileges and virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available. The children are allowed to contact either parent at any time. When the children request to speak with the other parent, each parent shall make reasonable efforts to facilitate the communication.

80. Parental care shall be presumed to be better care for the minor children than surrogate care and both parties shall be awarded the right of first refusal to provide care for the minor children when the other party would require surrogate care for overnight periods.

81. Each parent shall provide all surrogate care providers with the name, current address, and telephone number of the other parent and shall provide the noncustodial parent with the name, current address, and telephone number of all surrogate care providers unless the court for good cause orders otherwise.

82. Both parties are restrained from discussing the case in the presence of the minor children or allowing third parties to discuss the case in the presence of the minor children. Furthermore, both parties shall be restrained from making negative, disparaging or derogatory comments about the other parent to or in the presence of the minor children and shall use their best efforts to restrain third parties from making any such comments in the presence of the minor children.

83. Neither party shall make social media posts about the other party or publicly disparage the other party.

84. The parties shall create a shared calendar which the parties shall maintain and use to communicate with the other parent about events for the minor children.

85. Both parties are mutually restrained from using illegal narcotics or consuming alcohol to excess while caring for the minor children or before transporting the minor children.

86. If one party fails to comply with a provision of this parenting plan, the other parties' obligations under the Parenting Plan are not affected.

****** The Court's electronic signature and seal will appear at the top of the first page upon signature and entry by the Court ******

APPROVED AS TO FORM (if signed below):

E-Signed by Erica A. Lewis

with permission of Wade Taylor

/s/ Wade Taylor
_____ Date: September 18, 2026.
WADE TAYLOR
Attorney for Shannon Hendrix, Petitioner

RULE 7 NOTICE

Pursuant to Rule 7 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure a true and correct copy of the above *(proposed) Decree of Divorce* was served by being emailed on the 14th day of September 2026, to the following parties. Notice of objections to this order must be submitted to the Court and counsel within seven days after service. Shall no objections to this order be submitted to the Court and counsel within seven days after service, this Order shall be presented to the Court for entry and signature.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 14th day of September 2026, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing **PROPOSED DECREE OF DIVORCE** to be sent to the following:

EMAIL:

WADE TAYLOR
Attorney for Shannon Hendrix, Petitioner

Email: wadetayloresq@gmail.com

JR LAW GROUP, PLLC

/s/ *Erica A. Lewis*

_____

ERICA A. LEWIS
Attorney for Roger Hendrix, Respondent