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**IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT
IN AND FOR SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH**

In the Matter of the Marriage of:

ANDREA KEWELL
Petitioner

and

THOMAS KEWELL JR.
Respondent

DECREE OF DIVORCE

Case No. 264904135
Judge: Stormont
Commissioner: Sagers

The above-entitled matter has been submitted to the Court for decision, Petitioner Andrea Kewell ("Andrea") and Respondent Thomas Kewell Jr. ("Thomas"), having executed a *Stipulation for Divorce* whereby the parties consented to entry of a Decree of Divorce, and the Court having reviewed the records and file herein and being duly advised, and the Court having entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, now ORDERS as follows:

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. Dissolution of Marriage: The bonds of matrimony and marriage contract between Andrea and Thomas are hereby dissolved and the parties are awarded a Decree of Divorce.
2. Children: The parties have one minor child: K.D.K., born in December 2010.

3. Custody: Andrea and Thomas are awarded joint legal and joint physical custody of the minor child.

4. Parent Time: Andrea and Thomas are awarded parent-time as they agree in writing. If they are unable to agree on a parent-time schedule, parent time shall be pursuant to Utah Code §81-9-303 (See “Exhibit A” attached hereto), including holidays and extended summer parent time, with Thomas designated as the noncustodial parent, except that Thomas’ regular weekday parent time shall be as follows:

a. Thomas shall have the child on Monday and Tuesday overnight every week commencing on Monday when the child is dropped off at school or at 7:00 a.m. if school is not in session until Wednesday after school or at 7:00 a.m. if school is not in session.

b. Thomas shall have alternating weekends commencing on Saturday at 8:00 a.m. until Monday when the child is dropped off at school or 7:00 a.m. if school is not in session.

	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat	Sun
Week 1	Dad	Dad	Mom	Mom	Mom	Mom	Mom
Week 2	Dad	Dad	Mom	Mom	Mom	Dad	Dad

5. Transportation. Parent-time exchanges shall occur at school whenever possible.

When school exchanges are not possible, the party receiving the child for his or her parent time shall be responsible for picking up the child from the party with the child.

Third party adults who are known to the parties and the child shall be allowed to provide transportation for parent time exchanges. The child will be picked up and delivered promptly at the scheduled times. Each parent will notify the other as soon as possible

whenever a parent time exchange will not occur as scheduled. Transportation to alternative places, such as school and extracurricular activities, is the responsibility of the parent with whom the child is then residing. During parent time exchanges, the parties will confine their communications to what is necessary to make that exchange, reserving further communication to other times and means. Any communication during parent time exchanges will be civil, business-like and respectful.

6. Parenting Plan. The parties shall abide by the following Parenting Plan:

- a.** Both parties will have access to the child's school, church, and other records and will include the other party as the parent on such records. The parties shall notify one another within 24 hours of receiving notice of all significant school, social, sports, and community functions in which the child is participating or being honored, and both parties shall be entitled to attend and participate fully;
- b.** The parties shall use their best efforts to communicate and share information with each other, whenever necessary, to convey information regarding the child's school work, school schedule, medical and dental treatment, counseling, emotional needs, accomplishments, and other information appropriate to share with the other parent;
- c.** Each party shall notify the other parent of injury or illness as soon as reasonably possible involving the child;
- d.** The parties will equally share the transportation of the child for parent time;
- e.** The parties shall provide each other with the names and telephone

numbers of teachers and others who work with the minor child at school, medically, or otherwise so that each party can initiate their own relationship with these professionals;

f. The parties shall share information relating to doctor or dentist appointments, sports, special lessons, new skills, discipline challenges, etc., regarding their minor child;

g. Each party shall notify the other parent of any change of address, email address, cell phone number and telephone number within 24 hours of the change;

h. The parent who has the child in his or her care may make minor day-to-day decisions regarding the child without having to consult with the other parent;

i. For emergency purposes, whenever the child travels with either parent overnight or longer, the following will be provided to the other parent:

- i. an itinerary of travel dates;
- ii. destinations; and
- iii. places where the child or traveling parent can be reached;

j. For non-routine travel outside the State of Utah, when the minor child is fourteen (14) years of age or older, both parents shall give due consideration to the child's wishes and concerns regarding the proposed travel. The child shall be given a reasonable opportunity to express their wishes and concerns regarding the proposed travel without being placed in the position of choosing between the parents. If the child expresses a desire not to participate in the proposed non-routine out-of-state travel, the parents shall confer in good faith and consider the

child's age, maturity, reasons for the objection, and the nature and circumstances of the proposed travel. Neither parent shall require the child to participate in such travel over the child's stated objection unless the parents mutually agree that the travel is in the child's best interests or otherwise resolve the matter through the dispute-resolution or court-review provisions of this Parenting Plan. Non-routine travel includes, but is not limited to, travel outside the State of Utah for vacations, family events, reunions, weddings, funerals, or other special events.

k. If a party intends to relocate 150 miles or more from the residence of the other parent, he or she shall comply with Utah Code §81-9-209.

l. The parties shall work together in a reasonable manner to accommodate each other and to provide the child consistency and stability;

m. The parties will discuss any problems that either of them is experiencing with disciplining the child with the intent to have a "united front" as to matters of discipline and home rules;

n. Special consideration shall be given by each parent to make the child available to attend family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the child or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule;

o. Each parent shall permit and encourage, during reasonable hours, reasonable and uncensored communication with the child;

p. The parties shall not put the child in the middle. The parties will not

discuss with the child adult issues including any legal or financial related issues between the parties;

q. The minor child will not be used as a messenger between the parties;

r. Neither parent shall question the minor child about the other parent's activities, personal relationships or how the other parent spends his/her time or money. Each parent shall be supportive and respectful of the other parent in the presence of the minor child;

s. Both parties shall be restrained from saying or doing anything that would tend to diminish the child's love and affection for the other parent. This includes any comments about the other parent's actions that may be construed as having a negative impact on the other parent's relationship with the child;

t. The parent with the minor child in his/her care shall be responsible for ensuring the minor child's homework is complete and transporting the minor child to and from school on time;

u. Communication regarding the minor child shall be directly between the parents and shall not involve third parties;

v. All communication between the parties will be civil and respectful; and

w. The parties will make joint decisions regarding substantial or significant issues affecting the minor child, including but not limited to their child's education, medical care, dental care, religious upbringing, counseling, and other major parenting issues. After discussing an issue and researching solutions, if the parties cannot reach an agreement on a major issue regarding the minor child,

they shall consult with a professional in the field of the dispute, if practicable. If they still cannot reach an agreement, the parties will attempt to resolve the issue in mediation, dividing any and all mediation costs equally, before presenting the issue to the Court.

7. Child Support: Andrea has a gross monthly income of \$3,350. Thomas has a gross monthly income of \$8,000. Thomas is ordered to pay child support to Andrea in the sum of \$239 per month pursuant to the Utah Code §81-6-101 et seq. Child support shall commence on July 1, 2026.

a. Child support shall be due one-half on the 5th day of each month and one-half of the 20th day of each month.

b. Support continues for the minor child until the child becomes 18 years of age or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, or a child dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States or is emancipated.

c. The parties shall equally share any mandatory school fees and the cost of any extracurricular activities which are agreed to in advance in writing.

d. The person entitled to receive child support will be entitled to mandatory income withholding relief pursuant to Utah Code §26B-9 parts 3 and 4.

8. Childcare: The minor child is of an age that employment-related childcare is not currently necessary. Each party shall have the first option to provide care for the child over any other third party (i.e., surrogate care) if the parent responsible for the child is not available for a period of overnight or longer during parent time, and the other parent is

personally available and willing to provide direct care and transportation. The parent exercising parent-time under the right of first refusal shall (1) provide all transportation to and from parent-time, and (2) provide direct parental care. This provision relates solely to parental absences away from their residence and shall not be construed to prevent the child from having sleepovers with friends and family.

9. Health Insurance/Medical Expenses: The party who can obtain the best insurance coverage at the most reasonable rate shall maintain health insurance for the medical expenses of the minor child when it is available at reasonable cost. Thomas currently carries health insurance for the minor child. At times when both parties maintain health insurance for the child, the policy of Thomas shall be primary coverage and the policy of Andrea shall be secondary coverage. Each party shall pay one-half of the out-of-pocket costs of the premium for the child's portion of the premium and one-half of all non-covered medical, dental, orthodontic and counseling expenses for the minor child. The terms of Utah Code §81-6-208 are incorporated into this Decree of Divorce.

10. Alimony: Thomas is ordered to pay alimony to Andrea in the sum of \$827 per month for a period of 9 years (108 months). Alimony shall terminate upon the death of either party or upon Andrea's remarriage or cohabitation pursuant to Utah Code §81-4-505.

11. Taxes: The parties shall share claiming the minor child on their state and federal tax returns (credits, exemptions, etc.) as follows: Commencing with the 2026 tax year, Thomas shall be entitled to claim the minor child in even numbered years and Andrea shall be entitled to claim the minor child in odd numbered years. A party may only claim

the child on his or her tax returns if he or she is current on his or her child support obligations on December 31 of the relevant tax year, pursuant to Utah Code §78B-12-317(2).

12. Real Property: The parties own a home and real property located at 6794 West Bottlebrush Lane, West Jordan, Utah 84081 (“the marital home”). As part of a global settlement, Andrea is awarded the marital home free and clear of any claim by Thomas, including all equity therein. Andrea shall be responsible for the mortgage, HELOC, utilities, HOA fees and all other expenses related to the marital home and shall be responsible for its maintenance and upkeep. Andrea shall refinance, assume or otherwise finance the mortgage and HELOC in order to remove Thomas from these obligations upon the first of the following events/time period:

- a. Andrea becomes more than 30 days delinquent on the payment of the mortgage or HELOC;
- b. Andrea ceases to use the marital home as her primary residence; or
- c. Two years from entry of this Decree of Divorce.

13. If Andrea fails to remove Thomas’ from the mortgage and HELOC prior to the first of the above-referenced triggering events/time period, Andrea shall have an additional 60 days to do so. If Thomas has not been removed within that additional 60-day time period, Andrea shall immediately list the marital home for sale and shall sell the marital home as soon as reasonably practicable. Andrea shall indemnify and hold Thomas harmless from any damages he suffers as a result of any failure by Andrea to comply with her obligations related to the marital home, as set forth herein.

14. Personal Property: The parties own certain vehicles and personal property. Each party is awarded his or her premarital property, property acquired by gift or inheritance and his or her clothing and personal effects. Andrea is awarded the Subaru Forrester subject to any indebtedness thereon. Thomas is awarded the Subaru Crosstrek subject to any indebtedness thereon. The parties shall make a good-faith effort to divide their remaining personal property. If there is a dispute regarding division of any remaining personal property, the parties shall participate in mediation prior to presenting their disputes to the Court.

15. Debts: Except with respect to the mortgage and HELOC addressed above, each party shall assume and pay and hold the other party harmless from his or her separate debts. To the extent that there are any joint debts which are not known at this time, any such debts shall be the responsibility of the party who incurred the particular debt. Neither party shall acquire any further joint debts.

16. Financial Accounts: Upon execution of this Stipulation, the parties shall close the joint checking and savings accounts at Westerra Credit Union and Zions Bank, and shall equally divide any funds in such accounts. Otherwise, each party is awarded his or her separate banking accounts free and clear of any claim by the other.

17.As part of a global settlement, each party is awarded his or her separate retirement and investment accounts (401K, IRA, pension, etc.).

18. Restraining Orders: Neither party shall use the other party's likeness, picture, name, identification, or credit of the other party to obtain credit, open an account for any service, or obtain any other service.

19. Miscellaneous: Each party shall be responsible for his or her own costs and attorney fees incurred herein.
20. Each party is ordered to execute and deliver to the other such documents as are required to implement the provisions of this Decree of Divorce.
21. Andrea shall be restored to her maiden name, if she so desires.
22. The parties shall attempt mediation prior to filing a petition to modify the provisions of the Decree of Divorce.

End of Order – the Court’s signature is on top of the first page.

Approved as to Form:

/s/ Hannah Gates (with permission)
HANNAH GATES
Attorney for Petitioner

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 7th day of September, 2026, I caused to be served a true and accurate copy of the foregoing to:

Hannah Gates
hannah.gates@ascentlaw.com

/s/ Scott E. Williams

EXHIBIT A

81-9-303 Optional schedule for parent-time for a minor child five to 18 years old.

(1)

(a)The optional parent-time schedule in this section applies when establishing a parent-time schedule for a minor child who is five to 18 years old.

(b)For purposes of calculating child support, the optional parent-time schedule in this section is 145 overnights.

(c)Any impact on child support shall be consistent with joint physical custody.

(2)The parents and the court may consider the increased parent-time schedule in this section as a minimum parent-time schedule when the parties agree or the noncustodial parent can demonstrate:

(a)the noncustodial parent has been actively involved in the minor child's life;

(b)the parties can communicate effectively regarding the minor child or the noncustodial parent has a plan to accomplish effective communications regarding the minor child;

(c)the noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the increased parent-time;

(d)the increased parent-time would be in the best interest of the minor child; and

(e)any other factor the court considers relevant.

(3)In determining whether a noncustodial parent has been actively involved in the minor child's life, the court shall consider:

(a)demonstrated responsibility in caring for the minor child;

(b)involvement in childcare;

(c)presence or volunteer efforts in the minor child's school and at extracurricular activities;

(d)assistance with the minor child's homework;

(e)involvement in preparation of meals, bath time, and bedtime for the minor child;

(f)bonding with the minor child; and

(g)any other factor the court considers relevant.

(4)In determining whether a noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the increased parent-time, the court shall consider:

(a)the geographic distance between the residences of the parents and the distance between the parents' residences and the minor child's school;

(b)the noncustodial parent's ability to assist with after school care;

(c)the health of the minor child and the noncustodial parent in accordance

with Subsection 81-9-204(4);

(d) flexibility of employment or another schedule of the noncustodial parent;

(e) ability to provide appropriate playtime with the minor child;

(f) history and ability of the noncustodial parent to implement a flexible schedule for the minor child;

(g) physical facilities of the noncustodial parent's residence; and

(h) any other factor the court considers relevant.

(5) If the parties agree or the court enters an order for the optional parent-time schedule under this section, a parenting plan in compliance with Section 81-9-203 shall be filed with any order incorporating the optional parent-time schedule described in Subsection (6).

(6) The following schedule is considered the optional parent-time to which the noncustodial parent is entitled to the minor child:

(a)

(i) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or Wednesday evening if not specified, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending the following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or

(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:

(A) beginning at the time the minor child's school is regularly dismissed until the following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or

(B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the minor child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at 8 a.m. and ending on the following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school;

(b)

(i) beginning the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 5:30 p.m. on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or

(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, beginning the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends:

(A) beginning at the time the minor child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or

(B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the minor child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning on Friday at 8 a.m. and ending on Monday upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school;

- (c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule described in Subsection (15); and
- (d) extended parent-time with the minor child when school is not in session for summer break in accordance with Subsection (7).

(7)

- (a) For extended parent-time with the minor child under Subsection (6)(d) and at the election of the noncustodial parent, the noncustodial parent is entitled up to four weeks of parent-time with the minor child when school is not in session for summer break, beginning at 8 a.m. on the first day and ending at 8:30 p.m. on the last day.
- (b) For the four weeks of extended parent-time for a noncustodial parent under Subsection (7)(a):
 - (i) two weeks shall be uninterrupted parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and
 - (ii) two weeks may be interrupted by the custodial parent for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday day parent-time.
- (c) A custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time with the minor child for two weeks when school is not in session for summer break, beginning at 8 a.m. on the first day and ending at 8:30 p.m. on the last day.
- (d) Extended parent-time described in this Subsection (7) shall be consecutive, except that the four weeks of extended parent-time for the noncustodial parent may be divided into two 14-day separate periods that are not consecutive.

(8)

- (a) Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's plans for the exercise of parent-time for summer break under Subsection (7).
- (b) For the notification requirement described in Subsection (8)(a):
 - (i) in odd-numbered years:
 - (A) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1; and
 - (B) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15; and
 - (ii) in even-numbered years:
 - (A) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1; and
 - (B) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 15.
- (c)
 - (i) If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described in Subsection (8)(b), the complying parent may determine the

schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent.

(ii) If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described in Subsection (8)(b), the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for summer break for that parent and the other parent.

(d) If a custodial parent intends to interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time under Subsection (7)(b)(ii), the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of the intent to interrupt parent-time within 10 days after the day on which the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of interrupted extended parent-time.

(9)

(a) An election should be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the minor child's schedule.

(b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the decree and made a part of the parent-time order.

(10)

(a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:

(i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection (15);

(ii) the holiday schedule for the minor child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection (7) and takes the minor child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;

(iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection (15) that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the minor child's birthday;

(iv) extended parent-time under Subsection (7); and

(v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.

(b) A parent exercising parent-time for the minor child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the minor child's birthday.

(11) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by a parent, may pick up the minor child for parent-time if the other parent is aware of the identity of the individual and the parent will be with the minor child by 7 p.m.

(12) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the minor child's attendance at school for that school day.

(13) If there is more than one minor child and the minor children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent

exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the minor children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all minor children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and ending the evening before any minor child returns to school.

(14) If there is a minor child five to 18 years old and a minor child under five years old and both minor children are the children of the parties, the parents and the court should consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the minor children so that parent-time is uniform based on a schedule under this section.

(15) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Years Noncustodial Parent is Granted Holiday	Years Custodial Parent is Granted Holiday
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering of the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Presidents' Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Presidents' Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time school is dismissed for spring break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Memorial Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.	Even years	Odd years

	(2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the minor child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.		
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Mother's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 8:30 p.m.	All years if noncustodial parent is the mother or other parent designated in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the mother or other parent designated in the order.
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 8:30 p.m.	All years if noncustodial parent is the father or other parent designated in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the father or other parent designated in the order.
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 5:30 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 8 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 5:30 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Labor Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for fall break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for fall break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on	Odd years	Even years

	the day that school resumes.		
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 3 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for Thanksgiving; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 8:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years

Amended by Chapter 155, 2026 General Session