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IN THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE IN AND FOR SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH	
In the Matter of the Marriage of CRYSTAL SHEREE SAVOY, Petitioner, and MARK MORRIS SAVOY, Respondent.	DECREE OF DIVORCE Case No. 264900992 Judge: Honorable Derek Williams Commissioner: Kim M. Luhn

This matter came before this Court on Petitioner’s *Petition for Divorce* and Respondent’s Counter Petition for the court to make *Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law*, incorporated herein by this reference, and based on the *Stipulated Settlement Agreement* entered into by Crystal Sheree Savoy (“Mother”) and Mark Morris Savoy (“Father”), the Court finds that the terms set forth therein are fair, reasonable, and in accordance with Utah law. After having reviewed the pleadings and documents on file in this matter, the Court, being fully advised in the premises, hereby orders as follows:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AND DECREED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Dissolution of Relationship. The parties are hereby granted a Decree of Divorce from one another based upon irreconcilable differences, dissolving all bonds of matrimony heretofore existing. The Decree of Divorce shall become absolute when signed by the Court and entered by the Clerk in the Register of Actions.

2. Military Service. Neither party is an active member of the United States Military.

Children

3. Mother and Father have two minor children as issue of their marriage, to wit: K.D.S. DOB: 05/2020 and A.R.S. DOB: 04/2022. No other children are expected. (Utah Code Ann. § 81-5-201 *et seq.*)

Children – Jurisdiction over custody and parent-time issues

4. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because: Utah is the home state of the parties' minor children under Utah Code § 81-8-102(11), or this case meets the criteria under Utah Code §§ 81-11-201, 202, and 208.

Children - Other court proceedings

5. There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about the parties' minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases

6. Father does not know of any criminal, delinquency or protective order cases involving Mother, Father, or their children.

7. Mother and Father have physical custody their minor children. They are the only people who have custody, child support, and parent-time rights to the children.

Legal Custody

8. It is in the parties' children's best interest that the parties are awarded joint legal custody.

9. The parties understand that legal custody decisions are limited to matters concerning the children's (i) education; (ii) medical, dental and orthodontic care; (iii) and psychological/therapeutic or mental health issues; and (iv) religion. If the parties disagree about a legal custody decision, the parties shall follow the dispute resolution process set forth herein.

10. The parties eldest daughter shall attend Bluffdale Elementary School in Bluffdale, Utah.

Dispute Resolution

11. The parties shall discuss all important medical, school, and religious issues involving their children. If the parties are unable to agree on a major decision regarding a child, they shall discuss the issue in good faith in an attempt to reach a resolution. If they cannot reach a resolution directly, the parties shall consult an independent third party in the area of the dispute (i.e. a therapist, physician, schoolteacher, coach). If the parties still cannot reach an agreement, neither party shall have presumptive decision-making authority. Either party may initiate mediation through a request for mediation to the other party. Mediation shall be with an agreed upon mediator, and the parties shall use their best efforts to schedule mediation within 30 days and completed within approximately 45 days from a party's initial request. Each party shall be ordered to pay for half of the mediation. If the parties are unable to resolve their issue(s) in mediation, the aggrieved party may then bring the matter to Court if s/he deems the decision to

be contrary to the best interest of their child.

Parent-Time

12. The parties shall exercise parent-time with their children on a 60/40 schedule pursuant to Utah Code § 81-9-303 (with the specific modifications set forth herein) during the school year beginning on or about August 18, 2026 through June 4, 2027. During this period, unless the parties otherwise agree in writing, Mother shall have overnights with the children on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and Father shall have overnights with the children each Thursday. During this time, the parties shall alternate weekends from Friday overnight through Sunday overnight.

13. From June 1, 2027, onward, the parties shall exercise parent-time on a 50/50 basis on a “2-2-5” schedule pursuant to Utah Code § 81-9-305, with Mother having overnights each Monday and Tuesday, and Father having overnights each Wednesday and Thursday. The parties shall alternate weekends from Friday through Sunday overnight.

Summer of 2026

14. For the remainder of summer of 2026, Father shall have extended parent-time with the children from Sunday July 26 at 7:00 p.m. through Sunday, August 16 at 7:00 p.m.

Child Exchanges

15. The parent beginning their parent-time (the “receiving parent”) shall be responsible for picking up the children to begin their parent-time. The party ending their parent-time shall have the children ready for pick-up. The parties shall return to the other parent any items that the children may have taken with them for parent-time (toys, gaming systems,

clothing, etc.)

16. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, the parents shall begin their parent-time by picking up the children upon dismissal from school. If school is not in session, but the children are in an afterschool program or daycare, the receiving parent may pick up the children at such location at any time after the parent ending their parent-time drops off the children. If the children are not in school, an afterschool program, or daycare, the parents shall exchange the children curbside at the residence of the parent ending their parent-time (i) at the times noted in the holiday chart below; or (ii) at 6:00 p.m. if during the summer week-on/week-off schedule; (iii) or at 9:00 a.m. if neither of these circumstances are applicable. There will be no contact during curbside exchanges, the parent in their car shall not exit the vehicle, and the parent at home will not leave their porch. Any third parties who are assisting with exchanges shall be subject to the same guidelines as the parents. To the extent a child needs assistance carrying their belongings to the car, the parent who is ending their parent time (or a third party) will assist the children to the vehicle. The parent in the vehicle shall not exit the vehicle in these situations. The parents agree that this is not a violation of this section.

PARENTING PLAN

Ground Rules:

17. Both parents shall building their co-parenting relationship requires mutual trust, consistency, and cooperation.

18. Both parents recognize the value of flexibility and agree to make reasonable accommodations to one another's schedules, including occasional trades or adjustments to

parent-time, in a way that supports a balanced and cooperative parenting relationship.

19. It is in the best interest of the parties' children for the parties to communicate via OurFamilyWizard® ("OFW"). The parties shall be ordered to each establish an OFW Parent Account. Each shall enroll in the program and download their phone application no later than 14 calendar days from the date of the Court's order. Thereafter, the parties shall not e-mail, text, or telephone but shall post all communication with one another exclusively on OFW unless there is an emergency. The parties shall be ordered to use the ToneMeter AI feature for support with writing clear, concise messages. The parties shall be ordered to communicate via the phone application, Our Family Wizard ("OFW") with their communication bounded by matters of their children. Each parent shall be responsible for paying for their own subscription to OFW. The parties shall enroll in OFW by August 17, 2026.

20. Open, honest, and respectful communication shall be a cornerstone of the co-parenting relationship. Both parents shall avoid hostile or passive-aggressive behavior and to communicate directly whenever possible.

21. Both parents shall coordinate appointments, school events, extracurricular activities, and other significant occasions in a manner that allows for joint participation when appropriate, thereby promoting consistency and a sense of unity and support for their children.

Parent-time for Special Occasions

22. The parents shall follow the schedule for special occasions and holidays as shown below. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary, then for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of

the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are let out for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school. (Utah Code §81-9-302, 303).

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Mother	Father
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even Years
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following President's Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following President's Day if there is no school.	Even years	Odd Years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following the end of spring break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of spring break if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.	Even years	Odd Years

	(2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.		
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.	Mother All years	Mother All years
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	Father all years	Father all years
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd Years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even years	Odd Years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following Labor Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Labor Day if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even Years
Columbus Day	The Parties are not observing this as holiday parent-time		
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break.	Odd Years	Even Years

	(2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following the end of fall break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of fall break if there is no school.		
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd Years
Veterans Day	The Parties are not observing this as holiday parent-time		
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the Monday following Thanksgiving; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday following Thanksgiving if there is no school.	Even years	Odd Years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break.	Even years	Odd Years
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Even years	Odd Years

Day Before Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
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23. Advisory Guidelines. The provisions of the Advisory Guidelines of Utah Code §81-9-202 shall apply to govern all parent-time arrangements.

Telephone & Virtual Contact.

24. The parent who does not have parent-time may have brief, reasonable telephone or virtual contact with the minor child(ren) for 15 minutes accommodating the parties' work schedules. The parties shall give their best efforts to facilitate virtual parent time at a minimum, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. The virtual parent-time shall occur through the OFW app. All communication shall be age-appropriate and limited in duration to support bonding without overstimulation.

25. Neither parent shall restrict, monitor, or interfere with the child's calls or virtual communication with the other parent. These communications shall remain private and free from undue influence; provided however, that if the children are young, it is reasonable for a parent to assist the child(ren) with the technology used for virtual parent-time without such parent's involvement being deemed intrusive.

26. Each party shall encourage and support the relationship of the children with the other parent in all respects. The parties shall communicate directly concerning any matter relating to the minor children. Neither party shall use the minor children as messenger or conduit for information to be exchanged between the parties.

Children's Education Plan / School:

27. School Check-Out Authority: Father and Mother shall have authority to check the children out of school for a legitimate reason such as a doctor's appointment.

28. Access During School Hours: Father and Mother shall have access to the children during school hours, as permitted by school policies, and in a manner that does not interfere with the children's learning environment. Regular school hours shall not be interrupted for the exercise of parent-time absent agreement of the Parties, consistent with Utah Code § 81-9-202(6), which party consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

29. Access to Educational Records and Participation: Both parties shall have full, equal, and independent rights to obtain information regarding the children's educational progress. This includes, but is not limited to:

- Direct access to all school records, progress reports, teacher communications, and evaluations, including those from preschools and daycares.
- The right to attend and participate in all school-related events, including performances, assemblies, extracurricular activities, and field trips.
- The right to volunteer in the children's classroom, subject to the school's volunteer policies and background check requirements.
- The right to attend all parent-teacher conferences and any other meetings involving the children's education, including meetings with school administrators, counselors, or specialists.

Extracurricular Activities; School Expenses.

30. The parties shall share equally in the cost of all extracurricular activities that are mutually agreed upon in writing *prior to enrollment*. If the parties agree on an extracurricular activity, and the parties cannot pay the provider directly that party's 50% share of the extracurricular expense, then the party incurring the expense shall submit for reimbursement of 50% of such expense to the other party no later than 30 days. A reimbursement request shall require both the invoice for the expense and proof of payment. All reimbursement requests shall be accomplished through OFW. Failure to submit a reimbursement request within 30 days of incurring the charge shall be grounds for forfeiture of such expense.

31. If either parent chooses to enroll the minor child in an educational program or extracurricular activity without the other parent's written consent, that parent shall be solely responsible for all associated costs.

32. The parties agree that the children may each be enrolled in one extra-curricular activity per semester, inclusive of the summer semester, and a party cannot decline to pay 50% of *every* suggested extra-curricular activity.

33. If an extracurricular activity conflicts with the other parent's scheduled parent-time, both parties must agree in writing to support the activity and make the child available during that time. If no such written agreement exists, the non-enrolling parent is under no obligation to facilitate the activity during their parent-time.

34. Each parent shall notify the other within 24 hours of receiving notice of significant school, extracurricular, social, or community events involving the child. Both parents shall have the right to attend and participate in such events.

35. The parties shall share in the cost of the child(ren)'s school lunches provided through the school, if applicable, and any reasonable and necessary school enrollment fees and/or lab fees. For clarity, the parties are not bound to share equally in the cost of school clothes, school shoes, teacher gifts, and school supplies, unless the school has sent a supply list, in which case, the parties agree to share the expense equally for the mandatory school supplies. The parties shall follow the same reimbursement request procedure set forth in Paragraph 30 above.

36. Each parent shall have full and independent access to the child's educational and medical records, including preschool and daycare information. In the event of a medical emergency, both parents shall be notified immediately.

37. Travel Notification: (UCA: 81-9-202(19)(a)) When either parent travels with a minor child, that parent shall provide the other parent, as soon as reasonably possible, with: (1) an itinerary of travel dates; (2) the destinations and general locations to be visited; (3) a phone number or other reliable means by which the child or traveling parent may be contacted; and (4) the name and telephone number of a third party who is familiar with the child's location and can be contacted in case of emergency, in accordance with Utah Code § 81-9-202(19)(a). Unchaperoned travel of a minor child under the age of five is not recommended, and any such travel shall only occur with the mutual written consent of both parents or by court order.

Travel by the Child

38. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for a child to travel that day with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others. The parties shall be ordered to provide the other party with a brief itinerary including an address and phone number where the minor child can be reached for any overnight or out of state travel.

39. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the child to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others. If the child shall be traveling for more than 3 days, the parent arranging the travel shall notify the other parent at least 7 days in advance, and shall give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least 5 days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent shall provide as much notice as possible.

Decision-Making

40. Each parent shall make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of a child. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible. Disagreements shall be resolved using the dispute resolution process herein *supra*.

Relocation of a parent (*Utah Code 81-9-209*)

41. The parties shall follow Utah Code § 81-9-209 in the event either parent moves more than 50 miles from the other, the moving parent must give the non-moving parent a written Notice of Relocation.

- a. The notice must be sent at least 60 days before the planned move. The written Notice of Relocation must include:
 - Information about the move;
 - A proposed parent-time schedule; and
 - A statement that the parents shall not interfere with the other parent's parent-time.
- b. If the moving parent does not give the non-moving parent a Notice of Relocation, the moving parent shall be in contempt of the court's order.
- c. If either parent lives more than 50 miles away from the other, or if the parents live a different countries, parent-time shall be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, they shall follow the Relocation Statute Utah Code § 81-9-209, minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent.
- d. If either parent lives more than 50 miles away from the other or the parents live in separate countries, costs for the child's travel expenses for parent-time shall be paid by the parent who moved. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they shall be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.
- e. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses must be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

42. Addresses. Both parties shall keep each other informed of their current residence, telephone number, email address, and work address at all times and shall notify the other immediately upon any change.

Changing the Parenting Plan

43. This Parenting Plan shall remain in effect until modified by mutual agreement or further Court order. Any changes shall be agreed to by both parents and documented in writing. Both parents shall remain flexible and cooperative when minor or temporary adjustments are needed and shall provide as much advance notice as possible when proposing changes to the parenting schedule or other provisions of this plan.

*******END OF PARENTING PLAN*******

Child Support

44. Mother has reported an hourly earnings rate of \$16.00/hour. Father has reported an hourly rate of \$30/hour. Using a joint custody worksheet, during the period from August 1, 2026- June 4, 2027, barring a substantial change in circumstances or any other statutorily outlined reason to change child support, Father shall be obligated to pay Mother, \$618/month in child support. From June 5, 2027, until child support terminates or is otherwise changed by Court or administrative order, Father shall be obligated to pay Mother child support in an amount of \$232/month. These child support amounts are in accordance with the Utah Child Support Guidelines.

45. Any child support ordered shall continue for a child until the (i) child attains eighteen years of age or the child's regular school class graduates from high school during the child's normal year of graduation, whichever occurs later; (ii) the child's death; (iii) the child's marriage; or (iv) the child's enlistment in the United States Military.

46. Any child support ordered by the court for child support and maintenance shall be ordered for the benefit of the minor children and shall follow the children, pursuant to Utah Code

Ann. § 81-6-202, et. seq. In accordance with said statutory chapter and section, the parent without physical custody of a child shall be required to pay the amount of support without the need to modify the order for (a) the parent who has physical custody of a child, (b) a relative to whom physical custody of a child has been voluntarily given, or (c) the state when the child is residing outside of the home in the protective custody, temporary custody, or custody or care of the state or a state-licensed facility for at least thirty (30) days.

47. The party receiving support may be entitled, if they so choose, to mandatory income withholding relief pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 62A-11-401, et seq., and § 62A-11-501, et seq. Said income withholding procedure shall apply to existing and future payors of the non-custodial parent. All withheld income shall be payable to the Office of Recovery Services, P.O. Box 45011, Salt Lake City, Utah, 84145-0011, until such time as the obligor party no longer owes child support to the obligee parent. Shall the obligee parent elect this income withholding procedure, the obligor parent shall be ordered to pay any administrative fee for such service, which shall be paid in addition to the child support amount above.

48. In the event the obligee parent does not elect to exercise his right to collect child support by mandatory withholding through the Office of Recovery Services, the obligor parent shall be entitled to pay the support directly to the obligee parent.

49. Any child support payable by the obligor parent shall be paid in two installments no later than the fifth (5th) and twentieth (20) day of each month.

50. Father shall continue to pay the child support arrearage through ORS until completion. If, for some reason, Mother closes her ORS case, Father shall no longer be obligated

to pay child support through ORS.

Dependent Child for Tax Purposes

51. Beginning with tax year 2026, Father shall be entitled to claim K.D.S. each year, and Mother shall be entitled to claim A.R.S. each year, for tax purposes. If only one child remains eligible to be claimed, the parties shall alternate claiming that child each year for tax purposes, with Father entitled to claim the child in **even**-numbered years and Mother entitled to claim the child in **odd**-numbered years.

52. The parent ordered to pay child support shall be entitled to claim an exemption for the child only if that parent is current in the parent's child support payments, as defined in Utah Code Ann. §81-6-210, to the obligee parent as of December 31st of that tax year. Otherwise, the obligee parent shall be entitled to claim all the exemptions.

Child - Health Care (Utah Code 81-6-208)

53. The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent children. Health care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101 (14).

54. Both parents may maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent children if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost, then both parents must ensure the children have health care coverage. This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

55. If, at any time, the dependent children are covered by the medical, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the coverage shall be as follows:

- i. Mother's insurance shall be primary coverage.
 - ii. Father's insurance shall be secondary coverage.
- a. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent children are not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a stepparent's plan, the coverage shall be as follows:
 - i. Mother's spouse's insurance shall be primary coverage.
 - ii. Father's spouse's insurance shall be secondary coverage.
- b. Both parties shall equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums related to the children only.
- c. Both parties shall equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for a dependent child.
- d. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days and the other party shall reimburse the first party within 30 days. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.
- e. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.

- f. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.
- g. If Mother is covering the children under Medicaid, Father need not carry private health insurance for the children.

56. At this time, Mother is carrying insurance for the children. She shall provide Father with copies of the insurance card(s) for the children within 14 days of the date of the signing of the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement.

Daycare Benefit

57. At the time of the signing of the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement, Mother is receiving a daycare benefit from the State of Utah. The parties shall each be responsible for 50% of the daycare costs remaining after the application of the daycare benefit. Each party shall strive to pay the daycare provider directly. In the event that the daycare provider cannot be paid directly, the paying party shall submit for reimbursement through OFW.

Personal Property and Assets.

58. Mother has possession of certain items of Father's personal property. Mother shall drop off Father's belongings no later than 30 days after the execution of the Stipulated Settlement Agreement to the offices of Ascent Law, LLC, 8833 S. Redwood Road, Suite A, West Jordan, UT 84088.

Financial Accounts.

59. During the marriage, the parties maintained a joint bank account with Mountain America Credit Union. This account has been closed. Each party shall be awarded any checking,

savings, or money market accounts in their own names as well as any balances therein.

Retirement /Investment Accounts.

60. The parties did not acquire any retirement or investment accounts that need division.

Debts and Obligations.

61. There are no known joint debts incurred during the marriage. If any undisclosed or subsequently discovered marital debt exists, such debt shall be allocated to the party in whose name the debt was incurred or divided equally if incurred jointly.

62. Each party shall be solely responsible for any debt or obligation incurred solely in that party's individual name, and shall indemnify, defend, and hold the other party harmless from any liability thereon.

63. Each party shall be solely responsible for any debts incurred after the Separation Date, and shall indemnify, defend, and hold the other party harmless from any liability arising therefrom.

64. Neither party shall hereafter incur any debt, obligation, or liability upon the credit of the other party or upon any joint credit, nor take any action for which the other party may become legally responsible.

Real Property.

65. The parties did not acquire any real property during their marriage.

Alimony.

66. Neither party is in need of alimony and no alimony shall be awarded to either

party in this matter now or in the future.

Attorney's Fees.

67. Each party shall be responsible for his or her own attorney's fees and costs incurred in this action.

Petitioner's Name Change after Divorce.

68. Mother changed her name when the parties married. Mother may elect to restore her former name of "McPhie" or any other name, if she so desires, upon entry of the Decree of Divorce.

Mutual Restraints.

69. Neither party shall commit, try to commit or threaten to commit any form of violence against the other or against family members. This includes stalking, harassing, threatening, physically hurting, or causing any other form of abuse in person or online or through communication devices. Additionally, neither party shall contact the other party's place of employment or go to their place of employment.

70. Each party shall be restrained and enjoined from harassing, threatening, or maliciously contacting the other, in person, by a third party, through digital means or social media.

Rule 70: Duty to Sign Documents

71. The parties shall sign all documents necessary to comply with the Divorce Decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document.

Divorce Decree

72. The final Decree of Divorce shall mimic the terms set forth in the Stipulated Settlement Agreement. The parties further agree that if a party breaches the Stipulation prior to this final Decree of Divorce being entered, the non-breaching party shall be entitled to attorney fees for having to enforce the terms of the Stipulation.

Other Relief

73. The Court shall grant such other and further relief as it may deem just and appropriate in this matter.

----- End of Decree of Divorce-----

In accordance with the Utah State District Courts eFiling Standard No. 4, and URCP Rule 10(e), this Order does not bear the handwritten signature of the Judge, but instead displays an electronic signature at the upper right-hand corner of the first page of this Order along with the court's seal and the date the order was executed by the court.

Approved as to Form:

Crystal Sharee Savoy
Pro-se Petitioner
Date: _____

RULE 7(j) NOTICE

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, Pursuant to Rule 7(J) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, you are hereby notified that the foregoing shall be signed by the Court upon the expiration of seven (7) days from the date below, unless a written objection is filed with the Court.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On the 2nd day of September 2026, I hereby certify that I caused the foregoing document to be filed with the above-entitled Court and caused to be served a true and correct copy of the same on each of the following person(s) via the following method(s):

Crystal Sherre Savoy – Prose Petitioner 6721 South 1405 East Salt Lake City, UT 84121 <i>Crystalmsavoy13@gmail.com</i>	☐ U.S. mail, first-class, postage prepaid ☐ Facsimile ☒ Electronic Filing (09/02/2026) ☐ Hand Delivery ☐ Overnight courier ☒ Email (1 st email 08/25/2026)
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	<i>/s/ Angela Willoughby (USB#61010)</i>
	Licensed Paralegal Practitioner