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IN THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, IN AND FOR SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH	
In the Matter of the Marriage of: BRYAN WADE JOOS, Petitioner, and STACEY RENEE JOOS, Respondent.	DECREE OF DIVORCE Case No.: 254905115 Judge: SANCHEZ Commissioner: LUHN

This matter having come before the Court upon the Stipulation of the parties, Petitioner, Bryan Wade Joos (hereinafter “Bryan”) and Respondent, Stacey Renee Joos (hereinafter “Stacey”), entered into following mediation. Based on the forementioned Stipulation, and having made and entered *Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law*, and good cause appearing, the Court now ORDERS, ADJUDGES, and DECREES as follows:

1. Decree of Divorce: The parties shall be granted a Decree of Divorce, final upon entry, severing the bonds of matrimony heretofore existing between the parties, upon the grounds of irreconcilable differences pursuant to Utah Code Annotated § 81-4-405(1)(h).

2. Residency: The partes are bona fide residents of the State of Utah and have been for three months immediately prior to the filing of this action.
3. Marriage Statistics: The parties were married on October 4th, 2008, in Salt Lake City, State of Utah, United States and are presently married.
4. Grounds: Irreconcilable differences have arisen between them pursuant to Utah Code Annotated § 81-4-405(1)(h), which differences have made the continuation of their marriage impossible.

CHILDREN

5. The parties have one (1) minor child: J.C.J., born 01-23-2013.
6. Neither Party is currently pregnant.
7. Pursuant to Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100(a), there are no proceedings regarding custody, child support, criminal, protective orders, or delinquency involving the above-named Minor Child in juvenile court, or any other court.

UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY JURISDICTION AND ENFORCEMENT ACT

8. Utah had initial jurisdiction and has continuing jurisdiction over Parties and issues regarding child custody, parent-time, and child support pursuant to Utah Code, Section 81-11-101 through 318 in that:
 - a. Utah is the home state of Minor Child at the commencement of this proceeding.
 - b. Pursuant to Utah Code, Section 81-11-209, Minor Child currently resides at Draper, Utah.

- c. Parties have not participated, as a named-party or witness or in any other capacity, in any other proceeding concerning the custody of or visitation/parent-time with Minor Child.
- d. Bryan has no information of any proceedings that could affect the current proceeding, including proceedings for enforcement and proceedings relating to domestic violence, protective orders, termination of parental rights, or adoptions.
- e. Bryan does not know of any person not a party to this proceeding who has physical custody of Minor Child, or who claims rights of legal custody or physical custody of, or visitation with, Minor Child.

CHILD CUSTODY, PARENT-TIME, AND PARENTING PLAN

- 9. Parties shall be awarded joint legal custody and joint physical custody of Parties' Minor Child.
- 10. Joint legal custody requires Parties to communicate and attempt to resolve between them all issues relating to Minor Child's welfare. If Parties disagree about decisions regarding religion, medical, education, and extra-curricular activities after good-faith discussion, Parties may bring the issue(s) to mediation. If, after good faith mediation, Parties are unable to come to an agreement, Parties may file appropriate proceedings with the Court. Parties shall share equally mediation fees incurred pursuant to this paragraph.
- 11. Each parent may make decisions regarding the day-to-day care and control of Minor Child when Minor Child are residing with that parent. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of Minor Child.

12. Except as otherwise stated herein, Parties shall adopt into their Parenting Plan the statutory advisory guidelines contained in Utah Code, Section 81-9-202.
13. Parent-time with Minor Child shall be as follows:
 - a. Reasonable parent-time shall be as Parties agree. If Parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule, the following schedule — which is based on Utah Code, Section 81-9-303 — shall be considered the minimum parent-time to which Bryan (i.e., the noncustodial parent) shall be entitled:
 - i. Midweek: One weekday evening specified as Thursday by Bryan the noncustodial parent, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending the following day upon delivering Minor Child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or at the election of the noncustodial parent, beginning at the time that Minor Child's school is regularly dismissed and ending the following day upon delivering Minor Child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school. In addition, if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with Minor Child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at 8 a.m. and ending on the following day upon delivering Minor Child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school.
 - ii. Alternating Weekend: Beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree and continuing each year, alternating weekends from 6 p.m. on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering Minor Child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school. At the election of the noncustodial parent,

the weekend parent-time may begin at the time Minor Child's school is regularly dismissed. In addition, if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with Minor Child, and in accommodation of the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning Friday from approximately 9 a.m. and ending on Monday upon delivering Minor Child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school. Weekends include any snow days, teacher development days, or other days when school is not scheduled and that are contiguous to the weekend period.

- iii. Holiday: Each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent according to the following schedule:

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Noncustodial Parent's Years	Custodial Parent's Years
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with Minor Child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering Minor Child to school on the day following	Odd	Even

	Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day if there is no school.		
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with Minor Child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering Minor Child to school on the day following President's Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following President's Day if there is no school.	Even	Odd
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering Minor Child to school on the day following the end of spring break; or	Odd	Even

	(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of spring break if there is no school.		
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with Minor Child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering Minor Child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.	Even	Odd
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.	All years if Mother	All years if Mother
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	All years if Father	All years if Father
Juneteenth National Freedom Day (or "Juneteenth")	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth if the day before Juneteenth is not Father's Day, or	Even	Odd

	(b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth if the day before Juneteenth is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth.		
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd	Even
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even	Odd
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with Minor Child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering Minor Child to school on the day following Labor Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Labor Day if there is no school.	Odd	Even
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even	Odd

Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering Minor Child to school on the day following the end of fall break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of fall break if there is no school.	Odd	Even
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day as the holiday begins.	Even	Odd
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd	Even
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends:	Even	Odd

	(a) upon delivering Minor Child to school on the Monday following Thanksgiving; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday following Thanksgiving if there is no school.		
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.	Odd	Even
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering Minor Child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break.	Even	Odd
Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Even	Odd
Day Before or After Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd	Even

- a. A parent exercising parent-time for a child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the minor child's birthday.
 - b. If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for Minor Child's attendance at school for that school day.
- iv. Extended: For extended parent-time with Minor Child, and at the election of the noncustodial parent, the noncustodial parent is entitled up to four weeks of parent-time with Minor Child, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break. For the four weeks:
 - a. two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and
 - b. two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be interrupted by the custodial parent for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time.
 - c. The custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time with Minor Child for two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
- b. Notification: Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time for summer break.

- i. In odd numbered years, the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1st, and the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15th.
 - ii. In even numbered years, the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1st, and the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 15th.
 - iii. If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described herein, the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent. If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described herein, the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for summer break for the other parent.
 - iv. If the custodial parent intends to interrupt a noncustodial parent's interrupted extended parent-time, the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of the intent to interrupt parent-time within ten days on which the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of interrupted extended parent-time.
- c. Conflict and Precedence: Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of

precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:

- i. The holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day;
 - ii. The holiday schedule for Minor Child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time and takes the Minor Child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
 - iii. The holiday schedule for any holiday that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or Minor Child's birthday.
 - iv. Extended parent-time; and
 - v. The schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
 - d. Elections: An election shall be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of the entry of the order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in Minor Child's schedule. An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the order.
 - e. Stacey's residence shall be considered Minor Child's home residence for purposes of identifying the appropriate school.
14. Neither parent shall remove Minor Child from the state of Utah without written permission of the other parent.

15. If either Party wishes to travel outside of the United States with Minor Child, Parties shall cooperate to obtain passports for Minor Child. Bryan shall be the custodian of the passports. Parties shall either agree in writing or obtain Court order allowing travel outside of the United States. Minor Child's passports shall be freely shared between Parties as necessary to facilitate any written agreement or Court Order regarding travel.
16. Each Party shall be awarded reasonable telephone or other electronic communication with Minor Child when Minor Child is at the other Party's home at reasonable times and for reasonable durations.
17. Whenever Minor Child travels with either parent, the traveling parent shall provide the following to the other parent:
 - a. An itinerary of travel dates;
 - b. Destinations;
 - c. Places where Minor Child or traveling parent can be reached, and
 - d. The name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of Minor Child's location.
18. If one Party moves more than 150 miles, then Parties shall abide by Utah Code, Section 81-9-209.
19. The receiving Party shall be responsible for providing transportation. Parties shall be responsible for all other costs associated with exercising his or her parent-time.

RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL

20. Parental care is presumed to be better than surrogate care. Each parent shall have first option to provide care for Minor Child over any other third party (i.e., surrogate care) if the parent responsible for Minor Child is not available for a period of overnight visitation or longer during parent-time, and the other parent is personally available and willing to provide direct care and transportation. The parent exercising parent-time under the right of first refusal shall (1) provide all transportation to and from parent-time, and (2) provide direct parental care. This provision relates solely to parental absences away from their residence and shall not be construed to prevent Minor Child from having sleepovers with friends and family.

SUPPORT PAYMENTS

21. Bryan is capable of being employed with an income of \$7,500~~-~~gross per month.
22. Upon information and belief, Stacey shall be imputed at a wage of \$4,276 gross per month.
23. Pursuant to Utah Code, Sections 81-6-202 through 305, Bryan shall be Ordered to pay child support.
- a. According to Uniform Child Support Guidelines, joint child support worksheet (Exhibit 1), beginning October 1st, Bryan shall pay \$522 as base child support until Minor Child becomes 18 years of age, or graduates from high school during Minor Child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later. Bryan shall pay \$865 a month in child support until he pays Stacey the \$150,000

property settlement below within six (6) months of the Decree of Divorce being signed. Once the \$150,000 is paid then child support will be \$522 a month.

- b. Pursuant to Utah Code, Sections 26B-9-302 through 412, Bryan shall make their child support payments directly to Stacey.
- c. In the event income withholding is commenced, all administrative fees and costs of income withholding assessed by the Office of Recovery Services shall be paid by the Party initiating the case with the Office of Recovery Services.
- d. If income withholding through the Office of Recovery Services is pursued, all child support payments shall be made to the Office of Recovery Services, P.O. Box 45011, Salt Lake City, UT 84145-0011, unless the Office of Recovery Services gives notice that payments should be sent elsewhere.
- e. The issue of child support arrearages may be determined by further judicial or administrative determination.
- f. If a child support order has not been issued or modified within the previous three years, a parent may move the Court to adjust the amount of a child support order if there is a non-temporary difference of at least ten percent between the payor's ordered support amount and the payor's new support amount that would be required under the guidelines and the new order adjusting the ordered support amount does not deviate from the guidelines.
- g. A parent may at any time petition the Court to adjust the amount of a child support order if there has been a substantial, non-temporary, change in

circumstances, resulting in a difference of fifteen percent or more between the payor's ordered support amount and the new support amount that would be required under the guidelines.

- h. Bryan shall pay Stacey a total of \$150,000.00 within six (6) months days of entry of the Decree of Divorce as a total property settlement as referenced below.

SCHOOL, EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES, AND OTHER EXPENSES WHEN PARENTS SHARE JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODY

- 24. While Parties are exercising joint physical custody, each Party shall be Ordered to assume and be responsible for fifty percent of any out-of-pocket amount incurred for school, except private school tuition, or extracurricular activities that Minor Child is involved in. While Parties are exercising joint physical custody, each Party shall be responsible for providing clothing, school supplies, personal hygiene and other necessities for Minor Child when Minor Child is in their care.

HEALTH AND OTHER INSURANCES

- 25. Pursuant to Utah Code, Section 81-6-208, if health, dental, and optical insurances for the benefit of Minor Child is available to either Party, it is reasonable and proper that the Party shall be required to maintain such insurance.
 - a. Bryan shall solely be responsible for the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for Minor Child's portion of insurance. If at any time Minor Child is covered by both Parents' insurances, each Party shall be responsible for their own insurance premiums.

- b. Both Parties shall share equally all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses, including deductibles and co-payments, incurred for Minor Child and actually paid by Parties.
- c. The parent ordered to maintain insurance shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, upon initial enrollment of Minor Child and, thereafter, on or before January 2nd of each calendar year. The parent shall notify the other parent, or the Office of Recovery Services, of any change of insurance carrier, premium or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date that parent first knew or should have known of the change.
- d. A parent who incurs medical expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.
- e. A parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to comply with subparagraphs C and D above.
- f. The parent to whom written verification is provided shall reimburse the parent who incurred the medical expenses one-half of the amount of the out-of-pocket costs within 30 days of receipt of the written verification.
- g. If, at any point in time, Minor Child is covered by the health, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of

Bryan shall be primary coverage for Minor Child and the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of Bryan shall be secondary coverage for Minor Child. If Minor Child are not covered by a parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but are covered by another member of the parent's household, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of the member of the household shall be treated as if it is the plan of the parent and shall retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of Minor Child.

- h. According to Utah Code, Section 15-4-6.7, each Party may elect for dental, medical, and school expenses to be created in separate accounts prior to service being initiated.

CHILD-CARE EXPENSES

- 26. Pursuant to Utah Code, Section 81-6-209, Parties shall share equally the reasonable work-related or career-related child-care expenses actually paid by a parent. Given child's age, childcare expenses are not anticipated.

MUTUAL RESTRAINING ORDERS

- 27. Parties shall abide by the following mutual restraining orders:
 - a. Parties shall not make disparaging remarks to one another or about one another in Minor Child's presence, either verbally, in writing, or otherwise. As used in this paragraph, disparage means to say anything ill of the other whether they believe it to be true or not.

- b. Parties shall not speak with Minor Child about litigation between Parties.
- c. Parties shall not involve or speak with Minor Child about the issues in this matter.
- d. Parties shall not harass or threaten each other.
- e. Parties shall not allow third parties to do what they themselves are prohibited from doing under this paragraph. Parties shall have the affirmative duty to use his or her best efforts to prevent third parties from such violations, or they shall remove Minor Child from circumstances in which violations are occurring.

MINOR CHILD TAX EXEMPTIONS, DEDUCTIONS, AND CREDITS

- 28. Parties shall alternate claiming Minor Child as exemptions, deductions, and credits for the purposes of filing federal and state income tax returns. Bryan shall be entitled to claim Minor Child for odd tax years, and Stacey shall be entitled to claim Minor Child for even tax years. Party paying child support must be current on all child-support payments by December 31st to claim Minor Child on that year's taxes.
- 29. Either Party shall have the option to exercise a buy-out of other Party's exemptions, deductions, and credits if requesting Party pays for all accounting expenses and uses a third-party accountant to calculate the buy-out option. Requesting Party shall pay other Party the amount which he or she would have benefited from the dependency exemption to leave the other Party tax neutral. Party requesting the buy-out provision should request tax information by March 1st and should decide by March 15th if a buy-out should occur.

TAXES

30. Parties agree to split the parties' outstanding tax obligation for Tax Year 2025 evenly between them.

LIFE INSURANCE

31. Parties shall maintain a life insurance policy on their lives, so long as such is available at reasonable cost or through Parties' employers, in an amount of sufficient size to provide for a monthly income equal to child support payments ordered until Minor Child ages out of child support. Parties shall maintain in full force and effect this life insurance policy until child support obligation ordered terminates and all child support arrearages have been paid in full. During such period, Parties shall irrevocably designate Parties' Minor Child as beneficiary on the life insurance, and designate either the other Party or a trust as the trustee for Minor Child.

DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS

32. During the course of the marriage, Parties acquired certain debts and obligations. These debts shall be divided, as follows:

DESCRIPTION	APPROXIMATE AMOUNT:	RESPONSIBLE PARTY:
American Express #1005	\$2,250	Bryan
American Express #1004	\$2,250	Bryan
Timeshare	\$1,662.50	Stacey

- a. If there are any other debts, the debt shall be the responsibility of Party incurring the debt.

- b. Parties shall be mutually restrained from incurring any additional liability on any joint debts or joint credit lines.
- c. All debts and obligations incurred since Parties' separation shall be the responsibility of the Party who incurred the particular debt.
- d. As authorized by Utah Code, Section 15-4-6.5, Parties shall notify respective creditors or obligees, regarding the division of debts, obligations, or liabilities herein and Parties' separate, current addresses.
- e. Each Party shall indemnify and hold other Party harmless from all debts and obligations he or she is awarded under the Decree of Divorce. This hold harmless clause shall apply to bankruptcy proceedings.

PERSONAL PROPERTY

33. During the course of the marriage relationship, Parties have acquired certain items of personal property. The personal property shall be divided as follows:
- a. Parties shall be awarded vehicles as follows: 1) Stacey shall be awarded the 2012 Chevy Traverse. Each Party shall be responsible for all remaining payments due on the vehicle in their possession. Each Party shall remove other Party's name from the vehicle insurance policy as soon as practicable. Each Party shall remove other Party's name from the vehicle's title as soon as practicable. Each Party shall refinance the vehicle into his or her own name within ninety days of the entry of the Decree of Divorce. If Party is unable to refinance the vehicle within ninety days, then the vehicle shall be immediately placed for sale.

- b. Each Party shall be awarded property he or she owned before the marriage, property he or she acquired after the date of separation, inheritance received by him or her, and gifts to him or her from their respective family.
- c. Parties shall duplicate any desired family pictures and videos, so each Party has a copy. Parties shall share the costs of duplication equally.
- d. The remaining personal property shall be divided as Parties agree. If Parties cannot agree to a personal property division, Parties should attend mediation.

REAL PROPERTY

34. During the course of the marriage, Parties acquired real property located at 13244 S Bellevue Way, Draper, Utah 84020, legal description: Lot 144, Bellevue Phase 1 Subdivision, 84950-4251. Stacey shall be awarded sole possession and control of the home and should be solely responsible for mortgage payments and all other financial obligations regarding the real property. Stacey is awarded any and all equity in this Property. Stacey shall refinance and/or assume the loan and remove Bryan's name for the mortgage obligation within six (6) months of the Judge signing the Decree of Divorce.

ALIMONY

35. Neither Party shall be awarded alimony.

PENSION AND RELATED ASSETS

36. Bryan shall receive the entirety of the balance of his T.Rowe Price account, his Schwab 401k account ending in 1802, his Hercules Regular Share Account and his Hercules Money Fund Accounts, the Broadridge/Matrix accounts.
37. Stacey shall receive the entirety of the balance of her URS 401k account ending in 1055.
38. Stacey shall receive the balance of his America First Checking account ending in 5399.
39. Bryan shall receive the Fidelity Inherited IRA ending in 4633, the America First Life Insurance proceeds and \$48,280.50 from the Hercules inherited CD as his separate premarital property.
40. Bryan shall receive the entirety of his Morgan Stanley IRA ending in 3-072, his Brighton Bank IRA, and the balance of the America First Life Insurance account.
41. Stacey shall receive \$150,000 as a property settlement in consideration of all assets in this agreement. This shall be paid within six (6) months of the signing of the Decree of Divorce.

MISCELLANEOUS

A. ATTORNEY'S FEES.

42. Each Party shall be responsible for their own costs and attorney's fees.

I. OTHER.

43. Prior to the filing of any Petition to change any provision of the final Decree of Divorce, Parties shall attempt to resolve the issue(s) first through mediation.
44. Stacey shall be restored to the use of her former name of Stacey Frick if she so chooses.

45. Each Party shall be Ordered to execute and deliver to the other the documents required to implement the provisions of the Decree of Divorce the Court enters.

46. Parties each indicate that there has been a complete accurate and current disclosure of all income, assets, and liabilities. Both Parties understand and agree that any deliberate failure to provide complete disclosure may constitute perjury.

*******END OF DOCUMENT*******

COURT SIGNATURE AND DATE APPEAR AT TOP OF FIRST PAGE

NOTICE TO PETITIONER

Pursuant to Utah Rules of Civil Procedure §7(j)(4), the proposed Order will be filed with the above-entitled court seven (7) days after service upon you and submitted to the District Court Judge for signature. Your Objection, if any, must be filed with the Court within seven (7) days after service.

Approved to form:

/s/ David Hunt
Signed by Brian Arnold with emailed
Permission of David Hunt
David Hunt
Attorney for Bryan Wade Joos

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 7th Day of July 2026, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing pleading to be served via email to:

David Hunt
Attorney for Bryan Wade Joos
d.hunt@brownfamilylaw.com

/s/ Jennifer Jones