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IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT
IN AND FOR SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Marriage of:

SHYLA ANN SCOW,
Petitioner,

and

TAYLOR DENNIS SCOW,
Respondent.

DECREE OF DIVORCE

Case No. 254905591
Judge: Randall Skanchy
Commissioner: Renee Blocher

The above-entitled matter came before the court on the Petitioner's *Petition for Divorce*, the parties' *Stipulation*, and Petitioner's *Declaration of Jurisdiction and Grounds*. The Court, having entered the *Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law*, now orders that the parties are awarded a *Decree of Divorce* from one another on the grounds of irreconcilable differences and their marriage is hereby dissolved. The Court ORDERS, ADJUDGES, and DECREES:

1. Shyla is a resident of Salt Lake County, State of Utah, and has been for three months immediately prior to filing this action.
2. During the marital relationship the parties have resided in the state of Utah, and this court

has jurisdiction over Shyla pursuant to Utah Code 81-4-405.

3. Shyla and Taylor were married on May 31, 2024, in Salt Lake City, Utah, and are presently married. The parties separated on or about October 24, 2025, and do not currently reside together.

4. During the marriage, the parties have experienced irreconcilable differences that have prevented the parties from pursuing a viable marriage relationship.

Minor Child

5. The parties have one minor child born as issue of their marriage, to wit:

a. V.M.S., born Child 1 March 13, 2023.

Child Custody Jurisdiction

6. Pursuant to Utah Code 78B-13-102(7), Utah is the home state of the parties' minor child and has jurisdiction to make an initial custody determination under Utah Code §78B-13-201(1), in that the child has lived in Utah with a parent for at least six consecutive months immediately prior to the commencement of this action.

7. Neither party is receiving any public assistance for the benefit of the dependent child.

Rule 100 Notice

8. The parties confirmed that there are no proceedings for custody, child support, or parent-time; a protective order; or a criminal or delinquency case regarding the above-named minor child filed or pending in the Juvenile Court of this or any other state.

9. The parties have no knowledge of any person who has physical custody of the child or who claims rights of legal custody or physical custody of or parent time with the child except for the parties in this matter.

10. The parties have no knowledge of any pending proceeding that could affect this matter, including proceedings for enforcement and proceedings relating to domestic violence, protective orders, termination of parental rights, and adoptions.

11. Legal and Physical Custody: It is in the child's best interest that the parties be awarded Joint Legal and Joint Physical Custody. The Parties shall be bound by the following Parenting Plan.

12. The child shall reside in Shyla's home 183 overnights each year and in Taylor's home 182 overnights each year.

13. Parent-time shall be equal between the parties. (Utah Code §81-9-305 and §81-6-206(7))

14. Parent-Time: Parent-time shall be as the parties agree. If the parties do not agree, then parent-time shall be shared on a 50/50 basis. Shyla asserts that the statutory requirements of Utah Code §81-9-305 have been met to support the equal parent-time schedule. Regular parent-time shall be on a rotated on a 2-2-5-5 basis. This two-week rotating schedule is represented visually as follows:

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Wk1	Mom	Mom	Dad	Dad	Mom	Mom	Mom
Wk2	Mom	Mom	Dad	Dad	Dad	Dad	Dad

15. The parents shall follow the schedule for special occasions below. Utah Code §81-9-302, 303 shall apply until the child is 5 years old.

16. The parent-time holiday schedule provided in Utah Code §81-9-303 is as follows:

Even Years	Odd Years	Holiday and Time
Mom	Dad	Martin Luther King Jr. Holiday (1) Holiday begins Friday at:

		a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: a. upon delivering of the child to school on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (3) at 8:00 am on the day following Martin Luther King Jr. Day if there is no school.
Dad	Mom	President's Day (1) Holiday begins Friday at: a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: a. upon delivering of the child to school on the day following President's Day; or (3) at 8:00 am on the day following President's Day if there is no school.
Mom	Dad	Spring Break (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends a. upon delivering the child to school on the day following the end of spring break; or (3) at 8:00 am on the day following the end of spring break if there is no school.
Dad	Mom	Memorial Day (1) Holiday begins Friday at: a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday.

		(2) Holiday ends a. upon delivering the child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (3) at 8:00 am on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.
Dad	Mom	Juneteenth National Freedom Day (1) Holiday begins at: a. 6:00 pm on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's day; or b. 9:00 am on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at: a. 6:00 pm on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.
Mom	Dad	Independence Day - July 4th (1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6:00 pm. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6:00 pm.
Dad	Mom	Pioneer Day - July 24th (1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6:00 pm. (3) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6:00 pm.
Mom	Dad	Labor Day (1) Holiday begins Friday at: a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends a. upon delivering the child to school on the day following Labor Day; or (2) at 8:00 am on the day following Labor Day if there is no school.
Dad	Mom	Columbus Day (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on Columbus Day.

Mom	Dad	Fall Break (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 8:00 am on the day following the end of fall break of there is no school.
Dad	Mom	Halloween (1) Holiday begins on October 31 st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: a. At the time that school is dismissed; or b. At 4:00 pm if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm on the same day the holiday begins.
Mom	Dad	Veteran's Day (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day before Veteran's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on Veteran's Day.
Dad	Mom	Thanksgiving (1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: a. 6:00 pm; or b. The time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:00 am on Monday following Thanksgiving if there is no school.
Mom	Dad	First Half of Winter Break (1) Holiday begins at: a. 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or b. The time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27 th at 7:00 pm.
Dad	Mom	Second Half of Winter Break (1) Holiday begins on December 27 th at 7:00 pm (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break.

Mom	Dad	The day before or after child's birthday (1) Holiday begins at 3:00 pm (2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm
Dad	Mom	Child's actual birthday (1) Holiday begins at 3:00 pm (2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm
Dad	Dad	Father's Day (1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9:00 am (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7:00 pm
Mom	Mom	Mother's Day (1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9:00 am (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7:00 pm
Mom	Mom	Mother's Birthday Shyla shall have parent-time each year on Shyla's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Shyla delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.
Dad	Dad	Father's Birthday Taylor shall have parent-time each year on Taylor's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Taylor delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.

17. Parent-time transfers: Pick-up and drop-off {"transfers"}) of the child for parent-time shall be as described below:

- a. The parties shall make arrangements for pick-up, delivery and return of the child prior to each scheduled parent-time.

18. Parent Time Exchanges: The parent/person dropping off or picking up a child may accompany the child to the other parent/person when parent-time transfers are made.

19. Decision-making: Each parent shall make day-to-day decisions for the child during the time they care for the child. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the child. A parent who makes an emergency decision shall share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.

20. Joint decision-making: The parents shall share responsibility for making major decisions about the child. If there is a disagreement, the parents shall resolve the dispute as provided in the Resolving disputes section below.

21. Education plan: The school the child will attend shall be based on Shyla's home residence as the primary custodian.

22. Shyla and Taylor have authority to check the child out of school. Shyla and Taylor have access to the child during school. If the parents cannot agree, education decisions shall be made by Shyla.

23. Communication with each other: Parents shall communicate with each other by any method.

24. Communication with the child: The parents agree they will:

- a. provide age-appropriate help for the child to communicate with the other parent.

- b. give the child privacy during their communication with the other parent.

The parents shall not interfere with or monitor communication between the child and the other parent.

c. Parents and child may communicate with each other whenever the child chooses.

d. By any method

25. Other terms about communication with the child: Both are to make best efforts to answer the phone when the other parent that has the child calls.

26. Records and information sharing: Both parents shall have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education, childcare, and health care.

27. Travel by the child: During their parent time, the parent may consent for the child to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others.

28. If the child is travelling for more than 1 day, the parent arranging the travel shall notify the other parent at least 7 days in advance. That parent shall give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least 3 days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent shall provide as much notice as possible.

29. Childcare: A childcare provider for our child shall be:

- a. A licensed childcare provider;
- b. A relative, friend, or neighbor; or
- c. Over the age of 15.

30. Other terms about childcare: No one can care for her under the Influence of alcohol.

31. Relocation of a parent (Utah Code §81-9-209): If either parent moves more than 149 miles from the other, the moving parent shall give the non.-moving parent a written Notice of Relocation. The notice shall be sent at least 60 days before the planned move. The written Notice

of Relocation shall include:

- a. Information about the move;
- b. A proposed parent time schedule; and
- c. A statement that the parents shall not interfere with the other parent's parent time.

32. If the moving parent does not give the non-moving parent a Notice of Relocation, the moving parent shall be in contempt of the court's order.

33. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other, or if the parents live in a different country, parent-time shall be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, the following shall be the minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent:

34. Relocation Schedule (Utah Code §81-9-209):

- a. In years ending in odd numbers, the minor child shall spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:
 - i. Thanksgiving holiday beginning Wednesday until Sunday; and
 - ii. Spring break, if applicable, begins the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes;
- b. In years ending in an even number, the minor child shall spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:
 - i. the entire winter school break period; and
 - ii. The fall school break begins the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes; and
- c. extended parent-time equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ of the summer or off--track time for

consecutive weeks. The child shall be returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins. This week shall be counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period. The parties shall mutually agree on this extended time each year. If they are unable to agree, the non-custodial parent shall select the dates for the extended time period.

d. One weekend per month at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent. The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.

- i. If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the noncustodial parent shall receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend. If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on the last weekend of the month, the noncustodial parent shall be entitled to the next to the last weekend of the month.
- ii. If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend shall be considered the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.
- iii. If a child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the child begin the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays in Subsection (5) and those days are contiguous

with the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend parent-time, those days shall be included in the weekend parent--time.

e. The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.

35. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other or the parents live in separate countries, costs for the child's travel expenses for parent-time shall be shared equally.

36. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they shall be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.

37. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses shall be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses paid by the requesting parent.

38. **Resolving disputes:** If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the child, they shall discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their child. If the parents are unable to agree, they shall go to the following before bringing the Issue to the court: Mediation – the cost of which to be split equally.

END OF PARENTING PLAN

39. Income: Petitioner (Shyla) (Utah Code §81-6-203)

40. Shyla's gross monthly income for child support purposes is \$1,257. Shyla receives the following gross monthly income:

a. Shyla has no recent work history. The court shall consider Shyla's wage to be the federal minimum wage of \$7.25 an hour. This is a gross monthly income of \$1,257.

b. The adjusted gross monthly income for Shyla is \$1,257.

41. Income: Respondent (Taylor) (Utah Code §81-6-203)

42. Taylor's gross monthly income for child support purposes is \$8,000. Taylor receives the following gross monthly income:

a. Taylor is employed at Buffalo Wild Wings and grosses \$4,243 per month.

Taylor is voluntarily underemployed and is capable of working at a job which pays more. Based upon Taylor's work experience, gross monthly income shall be attributed to Taylor in the amount of \$8,000 per month.

b. The adjusted gross monthly income for Taylor is \$8,000.

Child support

43. It is in the best interest of the child that Taylor be ordered to pay child support to Shyla as follows:

44. \$364.00 per month base support commencing March 1, 2026. This amount complies with the Utah Child Support Act.

45. The joint custody worksheet was used to calculate child support.

46. The base child support amount using the joint custody calculation is \$369 per month.

47. If a child receives cash assistance through the T.A.N.F. or F.E.P. programs, any agreement by the parties to reduce child support during extended parent-time shall be approved by the Office of Recovery Services.

48. Shyla shall give Taylor the information needed to set up direct deposit through Taylor's employer. Once Taylor has the information, Taylor shall have Taylor's employer set up direct deposit to an account of Shyla's choice. One half of the child support is due by the 5th of each

month, and the other half is due by the 20th of each month.

49. The issue of past-due child support may be decided by future court or administrative action.

50. Taylor shall pay any ORS fees. If Shyla is the ORS applicant and the fees are withheld from payments to Shyla, Taylor shall reimburse Shyla.

51. The parties shall notify each other within 30 days of any change in their income.

52. **Dependent child for tax purposes:** The parents may claim the parties' child as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes as follows:

53. Taylor shall claim the parties' child as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes in odd numbered years. Shyla shall claim the parties' child as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes in even numbered years.

54. **Child health care** (Utah Code §81-6-208): The parties shall provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent child. Health care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage.

55. The parent who is able to obtain the most affordable medical, hospital, and dental insurance for the dependent child shall maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent child if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost, then both parents shall ensure the child has health care coverage. This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

a. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by the medical, hospital, or

dental insurance plans of both parents, the coverage shall be as follows:

- i. Taylor's insurance shall be primary coverage.
 - ii. Shyla 's insurance shall be secondary coverage.
- b. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a stepparent's plan, the coverage shall be as follows:
 - i. Taylor's spouse's insurance shall be primary coverage.
 - ii. Shyla's spouse's insurance shall be secondary coverage.
- c. Both parties shall equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums.
- d. Both parties shall equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent child.
- e. The party who pays health care expenses shall provide the other party written verification of the cost and proof of payment within 30 days.
- f. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, that party may not be able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.
- g. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage shall provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.

h. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage shall notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

56. Childcare expenses (Utah Code §81-6-209): Both parties shall equally share all reasonable work, career, or occupational training related childcare expenses.

a. The party who pays childcare expenses shall provide the other party written verification of the cost and Identity of the childcare provider. This shall be done when a provider is first hired, and any time the other party asks for the information. The party incurring or paying childcare expenses shall notify the other party of any change of childcare provider or monthly expense. This shall be done within 30 calendar days of the change.

b. The party not directly paying for childcare shall pay their share of childcare expenses as soon as they receive verification of the expenses.

c. If a party does not follow the order and provide written verification, they may not receive credit for work, career, or occupational training-related childcare expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

57. Public assistance statement - Office of Recovery Services (ORS) (Utah Code §78B-12-113) Neither party has received or is receiving public assistance from the State of Utah.

58. Personal property: All personal property not addressed in the divorce shall be divided as the parties have already divided it.

59. Vehicles: Vehicles shall be divided as follows:

a. Year: 2019 Make: Toyota Model: Rav4 VIN: N/A
Owner (before divorce): Shyla Scow and Taylor Scow

Current value: \$14,000.00
Amounts Estimated: yes
Basis of Estimation: Kelly Blue Book
Ownership After Divorce: Taylor Scow

- i. Lender: N/A Address: N/A
Date Acquired: N/A Amount Owed: \$23,000.00 Amounts Estimated: yes
Basis of Estimation: Time since the parties bought the car
Monthly Payment: undefined
The debt shall be paid as follows: Taylor shall pay the entire debt. Taylor shall make best efforts to assume the loan or refinance the vehicle loan into his name only. Taylor shall provide a copy of the divorce decree to the lender, and shall hold Shyla harmless on this debt.

60. Bank and credit union accounts: Bank and credit union accounts shall be divided as follows:

- a. Account Number: 8394
Account Type: Checking
Institution Name: America First Credit Union Address: 10600 south river heights drive Date Opened: N/A
Balance (US Dollars): \$6,000.00
Estimated: yes
Estimation basis: Last Taylor told Shyla
Owner: Taylor
Co-Owner(s): N/A
Divide as follows: Taylor shall be awarded the entire balance of \$6,000.00.

61. Debts: The parties are not aware of any debts from the marriage. If any debts exist, each debt shall be the responsibility of the party who incurred the debt.

62. Real property: The parties do not have any real property that is marital property. The parties do not need a court order about real property.

63. Alimony: Neither party will pay alimony.

64. Retirement money: The parties do not need a court order about retirement money.

65. Duty to sign documents: The parties shall sign all documents necessary to comply with the divorce decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document. (Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70)

66. Name after divorce: Shyla changed her name when the parties married. Shyla 's name shall be Shyla Ann Ashworth after the divorce if she chooses.

****SIGNATURE OF COURT AT TOP****

NOTICE

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that above and foregoing DECREE will be submitted to the District Court for signature, upon the expiration of (7) seven days from the date of this Notice, unless written objection is filed prior to that time, pursuant to Utah R. Civ. P. 7, plus (7) days for mailing, if applicable.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

/s/ Ryan E. Simpson

Ryan E. Simpson

Attorney for Taylor Scow

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 4th day of August 2026, I personally served a true and correct copy of the foregoing *Decree of Divorce* via Electronic Notification to:

Ryan E. Simpson #11300
Attorney for Taylor Scow

/s/ Kati Monroe
Kati Monroe
Paralegal for Chad C Shattuck