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 Attorney for Petitioner Alexandru Vlad Blaga

**IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR
 SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH**

In the matter of the marriage of:

ALEXANDRU VLAD BLAGA,

and

JULIE BLAGA.

DECREE OF DIVORCE

Case No.: 244903881

Judge: Amanda Montague

Commissioner: Michelle Blomquist

This matter comes before the above-referenced court by way of Petitioner Alexandru Blaga's Verified Petition for Decree of Divorce. This Court having reviewed the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement for Entry of Decree of Divorce, which is on file herein; does hereby find good cause to make and enter this Decree of Divorce, as follows:

JURISDICTION, VENUE AND GROUNDS

1. Jurisdiction. Petitioner Alexandru Vlad Blaga ("Vlad") was a bona fide resident of Salt Lake County, State of Utah for the 90-days immediately prior to the commencement of this action.
2. Venue. That venue is proper pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 78B-3a-201.

3. Marriage Statistic. Vlad and Respondent Julie Blaga (“Julie”) were married on February 17, 2018, in Rexburg, Madison County, State of Idaho and are now, and have been since that time, husband and wife.

4. Grounds. The parties will be granted a decree of divorce pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 81-4-405(1)(h) as irreconcilable differences have arisen between them making their marriage irretrievably broken and impossible to continue.

UCCJEA

5. The parties are the parents to one (1) minor child, to wit:

<u>Initials</u>	<u>Birth Month & Year</u>
A.V.B.	December 2018

6. No additional minor children are expected as issue of this marriage.

7. The minor child resided in Salt Lake County for at least the six (6) months immediately prior to the commencement of this action; and the minor child’s home state at the time of the filing of the Verified Petition was Utah.

8. Neither party has participated in any capacity—including as a party, witness, or otherwise—in any litigation concerning the custody of the minor child in this state, any other state, or any foreign country.

9. Neither party is aware of any pending custody proceeding concerning the minor child in any court of this state, any other state, or any foreign country.

10. Neither party is aware of any individual, not already joined as a party to this proceeding, who has physical custody of the minor child or who asserts a claim to legal or physical custody or visitation rights.

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CUSTODY, PARENT-TIME AND PARENTING PLAN

11. Legal Custody. The parties are awarded joint legal custody of the minor child subject to the parenting plan.

12. Physical Custody. The parties are awarded joint physical custody of the minor child and shall exercise parent-time on an equal parent-time basis as they may agree.

a. Regular Parent-Time. If the parties are unable to agree upon a parent-time schedule, then they will default to Utah Code Ann. § 81-9-305 with Vlad exercising parent-time on Monday and Tuesday, Julie exercising parent-time on Wednesday and Thursday, and the parties rotating every other weekend. Neither parent shall interfere with the other parent's exercise of parent-time.

b. Extended Summer Parent-Time. Each party shall be entitled to two (2) weeks of uninterrupted parent-time during the summer months when school is not in session, which may be exercised consecutively. In odd-numbered calendar years, Vlad shall have priority in selecting extended summer parent-time. In even-numbered calendar years, Julie shall have priority. The party with priority shall provide written notice to the other party, on or before April 15 of the applicable year, identifying the dates selected for extended summer parent-time. The non-priority party shall provide written notice of their selected dates on or before May 1. If the party with priority fails to provide timely notice by April 15, the non-priority party shall have priority for that year and may select dates by providing written notice on or before May 1. Extended summer parent-time shall not interfere with or supersede the other party's holiday parent-time.

c. Holidays. Unless the parties agree otherwise, they shall exercise parent-time with the minor child on birthdays and holidays, as follows:

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Odd Years	Even Years
Martin Luther King Jr. Day (also referenced as “Human Rights Day”)	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.	Julie	Vlad
President’s Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Presidents’ Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Vlad	Julie
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for spring break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Julie	Vlad
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Memorial Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Vlad	Julie
Mother’s Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Mother’s Day. (2) Holiday ends on Mother’s Day at 8:30 p.m.	Julie	Julie
Father’s Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Father’s Day. (2) Holiday ends on Father’s Day at 8:30 p.m.	Vlad	Vlad
Independence Day (July 4th)	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 8:30 p.m.	Julie	Vlad
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Labor Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30	Julie	Vlad

	p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Labor Day.		
Fall Break (also referenced as Potato Harvest or “Spud Break”)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for fall break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Julie	Vlad
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 3 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Vlad	Julie
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for Thanksgiving; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Vlad	Julie
Winter Break / Christmas break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 8:30 p.m.	Julie	Vlad
Winter Break / Christmas break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 8:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Vlad	Julie

d. Conflict of Parent-Time. If a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time: (i) the holiday schedule for Mother’s Day or Father’s Day; (ii) the holiday schedule for the minor child’s birthday; (iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday that is not Father’s Day, Mother’s Day, or the

minor child's birthday; (iv) the extended summer parent-time; and (v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.

13. Parenting Plan. The parties' Parenting Plan is set forth in a separate document approved and signed by the Court, which is entered contemporaneously with this Decree. The Parenting Plan is hereby incorporated into this Decree by reference as though fully set forth herein

CHILD SUPPORT

14. Vlad's Income. Vlad is currently employed with a gross monthly income of \$6,817.00.

15. Julie's Income. Julie is currently employed but agreed to be imputed a gross monthly income of \$2,704.00 based upon her education and work experience.

16. Base Child Support. Starting May 1, 2026, Vlad's base child support obligation is \$226.00/month using the joint physical custody worksheet; and shall be due and payable in two monthly installments with one-half (1/2) due on the 5th and the 20th day of each and every month thereafter until the child support obligation is modified or terminated.

17. Termination of Child Support. The child support obligation for a minor child shall terminate when that minor child becomes 18 years of age or graduates from high school during that minor child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, or if that minor child dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States, or is emancipated in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 7, Emancipation.

18. Income Withholding. The child support obligee shall be entitled to immediate and automatic withholding of income as a means of collecting child support, pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 81-6-202(10)(f) and § 26B-9-101 et seq., as amended.

19. Notice of Right to Modify Base Child Support Award. Pursuant to Utah Code Ann § 81-6-202(10)(g), notice is hereby provided of each party's right to adjust or modify child support (see Utah Code Ann. § 81-6-212), as follows:

(3)

(a) A parent, legal guardian, or the office may, at any time, petition the court to adjust the amount of a child support order if there has been a substantial change in circumstances.

(b) A change in the child support tables is not a substantial change in circumstances for the purposes of Subsection (3)(a).

(c) For purposes of this Subsection (3)(a), a substantial change in circumstances may include:

(i) material changes in custody;

(ii) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties;

(iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent;

(iv) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn;

(v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or

(vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others.

(4) Upon receiving a petition under Subsection (3)(a), the court shall, taking into account the best interests of the child:

(a) determine whether a substantial change has occurred;

(b) if a substantial change has occurred, determine whether the change results in a difference of 15% or more between the obligor's ordered support amount and the obligor's support amount that would be required under the child support guidelines; and

(c) adjust the obligor's ordered support amount to that which is provided for in the child support guidelines if:

(i) there is a difference of 15% or more; and

(ii) the difference is not of a temporary nature.

(5)

(a) If a child support order has not been issued or modified within the previous three years, a parent, legal guardian, or the office may move the court to adjust the amount of a child support order.

(b) Upon receiving a motion under Subsection (5)(a), the court shall, taking into account the best interests of the child:

(i) determine whether there is a difference between the obligor's ordered support amount and the obligor's support amount that would be required under the child support guidelines; and

(ii) if there is a difference as described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), adjust the obligor's ordered support amount to the obligor's support amount provided in the child support guidelines if:

(A) the difference is 10% or more;

(B) the difference is not of a temporary nature; and

(C) the order adjusting the obligor's ordered support amount does not deviate from the child support guidelines.

(c) A showing of a substantial change in circumstances is not necessary for an adjustment under this Subsection (5).

HEALTH INSURANCE AND MEDICAL

20. **Policy.** The parties will maintain health care coverage for the medical expenses of the minor child as that term is defined by Utah Code Ann. § 81-6-101(19).

21. **Premiums.** The parties will equally pay the out-of-pocket cost of the premium actually paid for the minor child's portion of insurance, which portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid. The premium expense for the minor child will be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy. If the minor child is ever covered by the health, vision, and/or dental insurance policies of both parents (i.e., dual coverage), each parent shall be responsible for paying their own premium without reimbursement from the other parent. Further, if the parent who is obligated to provide health insurance for the minor child is also the parent required to pay child support, that parent shall be entitled to deduct the portion of the health insurance premium attributable to coverage of the minor child from their child support obligation.

22. Out-of-Pocket Expenses. The parties will equally pay all necessary dental, health, vision, medical, optical, orthodontic, and therapy expenses not covered by insurance and incurred on behalf of the minor child.

23. Reimbursement of Out-of-Pocket Expenses.

a. Alternative Billing. Either party may elect to have the medical, vision, and/or dental provider of the minor child bill the other parent directly for his/her one-half share of the expense as set forth in Utah Code Ann. § 15-4-6.7.

NOTICE TO MEDICAL EXPENSE CREDITORS: Pursuant to UTAH CODE ANN § 15-4-6.7, a creditor who has been provided with a copy of this order may not make a claim for unpaid medical expenses against a parent who has paid in full that share of medical and dental expenses required to be paid by the parent under the order. Therefore, each party should:

- i. Send a copy of the Court order referenced above to the creditor of the particular medical expense of the particular minor child;
- ii. Notify the particular creditor of that party's current address;
- iii. Inform the particular creditor that it may not make a claim for unpaid medical expenses against that party if that party has paid in full that share of medical and dental expenses required to be paid by that parent under the order and also inform the particular creditor that it may not make a negative credit report under UTAH CODE ANN §70C-7-107 or a report of the debtor's repayment practices or credit history under Title 7, Chapter 14 Credit Information Exchange, regarding a parent who has paid in full that share of the medical and dental expenses required to be paid by that parent under the order.

b. Reimbursement to Party. On a regular basis, within thirty (30) days of incurring an expense, the parties hereto shall furnish each other verification in the form of cancelled checks, statements, receipts, or invoices for all unreimbursed dental, vision, and/or medical expenses incurred for the minor child. Upon receipt of said verification, the parties shall reimburse the requesting parent within thirty (30) days for all properly documented unreimbursed dental, vision, and/or

medical expenses. Failure to provide verification within thirty (30) days of incurring the expense may operate as a waiver of that party's right to recover said expense.

24. Verification of Coverage. The parent providing insurance for the minor child shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent and/or the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 602 *et seq.*, upon initial enrollment of the minor child; and thereafter, on or before January 2nd of each calendar year. In addition, the parent providing insurance for the minor child will also notify the other parent and/or the Office of Recovery Services of any changes to the insurance carrier, premium, and/or benefits within thirty (30) days of the date he/she first knew or should have known of the change.

25. Primary/Secondary Coverage. If, at any point in time, a dependent child is covered by the health, hospital, vision and/or dental insurance plans of both parents, the health and dental insurance plan of Vlad will be primary coverage for the dependent child and the health and dental insurance plan of Julie will be secondary coverage for the dependent child. If a parent remarries and his/her dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, vision, and/or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the health, vision, and/or dental insurance plan of the step-parent will be treated as if it were the plan of the remarried parent and will retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of the dependent child.

CHILDCARE EXPENSES

26. Each party shall be solely responsible for any childcare expenses incurred during that party's respective parent-time, and neither party shall have any right to reimbursement from the other for such expenses.

EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

27. If the parties mutually agree in writing to enroll the child in an extracurricular activity, the parties shall equally pay the cost of all extracurricular activities for the minor child unless the parties written agreement states a different division of costs. The parties should encourage and support the minor child's participation in extracurricular activities mutually agreed to by both parties. The parties shall pay the providers directly, if possible; but if not, the party incurring the out-of-pocket expense shall submit to the other parent verification of the incurred expense, such as a receipt or an invoice, within thirty (30) days of payment or receiving the same and shall be reimbursed by the other party within thirty (30) days of receiving the verification of incurred expenses. A party who incurs an expense for the minor child's extracurricular activities without receiving prior consent from the other party to enroll the minor child in said activity shall be solely responsible for that expense. The minor child shall not be required to attend the extracurricular activity during the other parent's parent-time if both parents do not agree to the extracurricular activity.

SCHOOL EXPENSES

28. Expenses. The parties shall equally pay all reasonable and necessary school expenses for the minor child, including but not limited to school fees, required textbooks and supplies, agreed upon extracurricular activity costs, and other educational expenses necessary for the minor child's academic development. This provision excludes private school tuition and lunches. The parent who exercises parent-time on a school night shall be responsible for providing or paying for the child's lunch on the following school day.

29. Reimbursement of Out-of-Pocket Costs.

- a. Alternative Billing. Either parent may elect to have the school bill the other parent directly for his/her one-half share of the expense as set forth in Utah Code Ann. § 15-4-6.7.
- b. Reimbursement to Party. On a regular basis, within thirty (30) days of incurring an expense, the parties hereto shall furnish to the other verification in the form of cancelled checks, statements, receipts, or invoices for all unreimbursed school expenses. Upon receipt of this verification, the parties hereto shall reimburse the requesting parent within thirty (30) days for all properly documented unreimbursed school expenses. Failure to provide verification within thirty (30) days of incurring the expense may operate as a waiver of that party's right to recover said expense.

CHILD TAX EXEMPTION

30. Beginning with the 2025 tax year, the parties shall equally share the minor child tax exemption and any associated child-related tax credits, with Julie claiming the minor child for odd-numbered tax years and Vlad claiming the minor child for even-numbered tax years. Vlad's right to claim the minor child as a tax exemption will be dependent upon him being current on his child support obligations as of December 31st of any year he is entitled to claim the minor child on his taxes. Pursuant to Utah Code Ann § 81-6-210(4), if Vlad is not current, then the tax exemption will be awarded to Julie for that year. The parties will execute any necessary IRS forms or documentation reasonably required to effectuate this allocation. The parent who claims the child as a tax dependent in any given tax year is also entitled to claim the Idaho Food Tax Credit for the minor child.

REAL PROPERTY

31. Neither party obtained an ownership interest in real property during the marriage.

PERSONAL PROPERTY

32. Vehicles.

- a. Mitsubishi. The 2020 Mitsubishi Outlander was previously sold; Vlad is solely responsible for any debt remaining on this vehicle, which is addressed below in paragraph 37 below.
- b. Chevrolet. Vlad is awarded the 2012 Chevrolet Captiva Sport F and shall have exclusive possession, ownership, and control of the vehicle. Vlad shall be solely responsible for any loan, insurance, registration, taxes, maintenance, and all other expenses associated with the vehicle and shall indemnify and hold Julie harmless from any liability related thereto.

33. Personal Property. Each party is awarded the personal property within their possession. If any personal property awarded herein is encumbered by debt, then that debt shall be assigned to the party awarded the personal property; and that party shall indemnify and hold the other party completely harmless therefrom and shall refinance and remove the other party from any lien, loan, or obligation within sixty (60) days of entry of the Decree of Divorce.

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS

34. Bank/Credit Union Accounts.

- a. Awarded to Vlad. Vlad is awarded, as his sole and separate property, all right, title, and interest in the following accounts: Frontier Credit Union (Account ending in 7802); Idaho Central Credit Union (Account ending in 4663); Idaho

Central Credit Union (Account ending in 4716); Mountain America Credit Union (Account ending in 1287); Mountain America Credit Union (Account ending in 6984); Robinhood (Account ending in 5881); Utah Community Credit Union (Account ending in 1590); Utah Community Credit Union (Account ending in 9130); and HealthEquity HSA (Account ending in 1501). Vlad shall retain any and all funds currently held in these accounts, together with any future deposits, interest, gains, or earnings associated therewith. Vlad shall be solely responsible for any fees, charges, or liabilities associated with these accounts and shall indemnify and hold Julie harmless from any obligation or liability related to the same. If necessary, Julie shall execute any documents necessary to remove herself from the above-referenced accounts.

b. Awarded to Julie. Julie is awarded, as her sole and separate property, any and all bank and/or credit union accounts held solely in her name, together with all funds currently contained therein and any future deposits, interest, gains, or earnings associated with such accounts. Julie shall be solely responsible for any fees, charges, or liabilities associated with accounts in her sole name and shall indemnify and hold Vlad harmless from any obligation or liability related to the same.

35. Life Insurance Policies.

a. Each party is awarded any life insurance policy currently held in their individual name, free and clear of any claim or interest by the other party. Each party shall retain all rights, title, and interest in and to their respective policies,

including the right to change beneficiaries, coverage amounts, and policy terms. Neither party will have any obligation to maintain the other as a beneficiary on any life insurance policy following the entry of the Decree of Divorce, unless otherwise expressly agreed to in writing.

b. Vlad shall maintain a life insurance policy on his life in a sufficient amount to cover his child support obligation, so long as such is available through his employer at a reasonable cost.

c. Each party shall cooperate, if necessary, in executing any documents required by the insurer to effectuate the terms of this provision.-

36. Investment/Retirement Accounts.

a. Awarded to Vlad. Vlad is awarded, as his sole and separate property, any and all investment and retirement accounts held solely in his name, including but not limited to 401(k) accounts, IRAs (traditional or Roth), brokerage accounts, mutual fund accounts, pension accounts, stock or securities accounts, annuities, exchange-traded funds (ETFs), and any similar investment or retirement vehicles, together with all funds currently held therein and any future deposits, interest, gains, dividends, appreciation, or earnings associated with such accounts. Vlad shall be solely responsible for any fees, charges, taxes, penalties, or other liabilities associated with such accounts and shall indemnify and hold Julie harmless from any obligation or liability related thereto.

b. Awarded to Julie. Julie is awarded, as her sole and separate property, any and all investment and retirement accounts held solely in her name, including but

not limited to 401(k) accounts, IRAs (traditional or Roth), brokerage accounts, mutual fund accounts, pension accounts, stock or securities accounts, annuities, exchange-traded funds (ETFs), and any similar investment or retirement vehicles, together with all funds currently held therein and any future deposits, interest, gains, dividends, appreciation, or earnings associated with such accounts. Julie shall be solely responsible for any fees, charges, taxes, penalties, or other liabilities associated with such accounts and shall indemnify and hold Vlad harmless from any obligation or liability related thereto.

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DEBTS

37. Debts. The parties are not aware of any joint debt or obligation owing by the parties. The parties are each responsible to pay their individual debts and obligations. The parties' debts shall be assigned, as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Account Number</u>	<u>Name on Debt</u>	<u>Current Balance</u>	<u>Assigned To:</u>
Chase Credit Card	2438	Vlad	\$1,485.71	Vlad
Discover Credit Card	8970	Vlad	\$4,849.38	Vlad
Frontier Credit Union (Attorney Fees CC Consolidation)	7802	Vlad	\$12,085.11	Vlad
MACU Credit Card	1287	Vlad	\$2,239.93	Vlad
MACU (Refinanced Chevy Car Loan)	1287	Vlad	\$10,736.99	Vlad
MACU Loan (Mitsubishi Deficit & Consolidated Marital CC Debt)	1287	Vlad	\$25,543.31	Vlad
ICCU Credit Card	8129	Vlad	\$0	Vlad
ICCU Credit Card	7984	Vlad	\$0	Vlad
MACU Credit Card	0334	Julie	Unknown	Julie

Loan from Father (Stephen Stutz)		Julie	~\$44,000.00	Julie
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38. Indemnification. The parties shall indemnify and hold each other completely harmless from all debt(s) assigned to them herein.

ALIMONY

39. Neither party is awarded alimony past, present or future as of May 1, 2026.

ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS

40. Each party shall be responsible for his/her own attorney's fees and costs.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

41. Name Change. If desired, Julie shall be restored the use of her maiden name— "Stutz" if she so elects.

42. Execution of Documents. The parties shall sign and fully execute whatever documents are necessary to implement the provisions contained herein.

43. Certified Copy. The parties shall provide a certified copy of the final Decree of Divorce, and any modifications thereto, to all tax as set forth in Utah Code Ann. § 81-4-204(1)(e) and Utah Code Ann. § 15-4-6.5 and to effectuate compliance with these statutes.

44. Move Case to Idaho. The parties agree that this case may be moved to Idaho after the parenting plan is signed by this court.

****END OF ORDER****

****ENTERED BY THE COURT ON THE DATE AND AS INDICATED**

BY THE COURT'S SEAL AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST PAGE**

Approved as to form:

/s/ Alexandru Blaga

ALEXANDRU BLAGA

Petitioner

[signed by counsel with permission 7-3-2026]

/s/ Dale E. Ellsworth, Jr.

DALE E. ELLSWORTH, JR.

Attorney for Petitioner

[signed 7-3-2026]

/s/ Julie Blaga

JULIE BLAGA

Respondent

[signed by counsel with permission 7-3-2026]

/s/ Troy Jensen

TROY JENSEN

Attorney for Respondent

[signed 7-3-2026]