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IN THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF UTAH	
In the Matter of the Marriage of BRITTANY LYNN ATWOOD, Petitioner, and CASEY JAY ANDERSON, Respondent.	DECREE OF DIVORCE AND JUDGMENT Civil No. 264900051 DA Judge LINDA JONES Commissioner JOANNA SAGERS

The above-entitled matter came before the Honorable Judge LINDA JONES. Petitioner, BRITTANY LYNN ATWOOD, (herein after referred to as “BRITTANY” or “Petitioner”) was represented by SYDNEY MATEUS, LEGAL AID SOCIETY OF SALT LAKE. Respondent, CASEY JAY ANDERSON, (herein after referred to as “CASEY” or “Respondent”) was regularly served but failed to appear in person or otherwise file responsive pleadings and the Court therefore enters CASEY's default. BRITTANY has attended the Mandatory Divorce Education Course and said attendance has been waived for CASEY. The Court, having found and entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and being otherwise fully advised, it is hereby,

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED:

1. BRITTANY is hereby awarded a Decree of Divorce from CASEY, such to become final upon signature and entry herein.

Provisions Relating to Jurisdiction

2. Both BRITTANY and CASEY are bona fide residents of Salt Lake County, State of Utah, and have been for three months immediately prior to the filing of this action.

3. Both BRITTANY and CASEY resided in the marital relationship in the State of Utah, or the acts complained of by BRITTANY were committed by CASEY in the State of Utah and therefore this Court has long-arm jurisdiction over CASEY pursuant to Utah Code § 78B-3-205.

Provisions Relating to the Children of the Marriage

4. There have been two (2) minor Children born as issue of this marriage, to wit:

A.T.A. born December of 2011 &

J.T. R. A. born September of 2021.

5. Pursuant to Rule 100 Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, BRITTANY states, upon information and belief, that there are no proceedings for custody of the above-named minor Children filed or pending in the Juvenile Court.

The Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act

6. Utah has jurisdiction to make child custody and parent-time determinations pursuant to Utah Code § 78B-13-101 *et seq.* in that:

a. Utah is the home state of the minor Children at the time of commencement of this proceeding.

b. Pursuant to Utah Code § 78B-13-209, said minor Children currently reside(s) at:
West Valley City, Utah.

c. There are no proceedings in a court of law or governmental agency for custody, child support, parent-time or visitation concerning the parties' minor Children which have been filed, or are pending, or have been completed with an order.

d. Brittany knows of the following criminal, delinquency or protective order cases involving a party or the parties' children:

i. Department of Health and Human Services Investigations, Ongoing DCFS Investigation. The Department of Health and Human Services is backlogged and will not be able to process or respond to Brittany's GRAMA request until January 12, 2026. Once the DCFS report has been received it will be filed in this matter.

ii. BRITTANY LYNN ATWOOD V. CASEY JAY ANDERSON, Protective Order, Case no. 254903814, Third Judicial District- Salt Lake County, State of Utah, Judge Gardner, presiding, protective order entered August 21, 2025.

e. BRITTANY does not know of any person, not a party to these proceedings who has physical custody of the minor Children or who claims rights of legal custody or physical custody of, or visitation with, the minor Children.

Provisions Relating to Child Custody and Parent-Time

7. BRITTANY is awarded the sole legal custody and sole physical custody of the parties' minor children, subject to CASEY's right to parent-time with the children at reasonable times and places.

8. Pursuant to Utah Code § 30-3-34.5, because the minor child would be subject to physical or emotional harm or child abuse as described in Utah Code § 81-9-207 with CASEY, CASEY's parent-time is restricted to the re-introductory parent-time below.

Re-Introductory Parent-Time and Protective Order (Case No. 254903814)

9. Due to domestic violence acts committed against BRITTANY by CASEY and his extensive history of violence, criminal activity, assault, and instability, the Court should order that parent-time should conform with the protective order in Case No. 25493814 until the order expires or the restrictions are otherwise lifted. The Court should additionally order that CASEY complete parenting classes, anger management classes, and a Domestic Violence assessment, as well as completing six months of consistent, re-introductory parent-time as further set forth below

10. All communication regarding parent-time issues should be through a parenting application or mutually agreed-upon third party.

a. CASEY should enroll and complete an anger management program before exercising the statutory parent-time schedule, as well as any recommended treatment by the Court.

b. CASEY shall be awarded re-introductory parent-time with the minor child consistent with the graduated schedule below:

i. **Phase One:** CASEY is awarded parent-time at least twice per week. CASEY should be required to exercise at least two (2) visits per week for three (3) consecutive months and complete an anger management program under the Phase One

schedule to move on to Phase Two. Phase One shall be extended to accommodate CASEY' completion of an anger management program.

ii. Phase Two: Upon successful completion of an anger management program and successful completion of at least two (2) visits per week for three (3) consecutive months or longer to accommodate CASEY' completion of an anger management program. CASEY is awarded two visits each week: a mid-week visit of up to three (3) hours on a day chosen by BRITTANY, or Wednesday if not chosen, from 5:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m.; and a weekend visit of up to eight (8) hours on a day chosen by the BRITTANY, or Saturday if not chosen. CASEY shall be required to exercise two (2) visits per week for three (3) consecutive months under the Phase Two Schedule prior to having any overnights with the minor child. CASEY should provide appropriate living conditions, including a bed for the minor child, and the opportunity for BRITTANY to have a welfare check performed in order to move on to Phase Three.

iii. Phase Three: CASEY shall be awarded two visits each week: a mid-week visit of up to three (3) hours on a day chosen by BRITTANY, or Wednesday if not chosen, from 5:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m.; and a weekend overnight visit from noon on Saturday to noon on Sunday. CASEY should be required to exercise at least four (4) visits per month for two (2) consecutive months under the Phase Three schedule to move on to Phase Four.

iv. In the event that CASEY fails to exercise parent-time consistently from Phases One through Phase Three, he shall not progress to the next phase.

v. **Phase Four:** After successful completion of all three phases listed above, CASEY should be awarded parent-time consistent with Utah Code Section 30-3-35.5 and 30-3-35 as entered below.

c. CASEY should be restrained from using illegal drugs, consuming alcohol in excess, abusing prescription medication, or being otherwise intoxicated during all periods of parent-time with the minor child. Furthermore, CASEY shall restrain third parties from using illegal drugs, consuming alcohol to excess, abusing prescription medication or being intoxicated in the presence of the parties' minor child.

d. CASEY is restrained from removing the minor child from the State of Utah without BRITTANY's written and notarized consent.

11. The Court shall order that, after successful completion of all the phases and conditions set forth herein, reasonable parent-time should be as the parties agree. If the parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule, the following schedule pursuant to Utah Code 30-3-35.5 and 30-3-35 is considered the minimum parent-time to which the noncustodial parent and the child shall be entitled:

Utah Code § 81-9-304 Minimum schedule for children under five years old.

a. Children younger than five months old.

- i. **Every week:** three (3) two-hour visits. Unless the parents agree otherwise, parent-time should take place in the home of the custodial parent, an established child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the child.
- ii. **Holidays:** two (2) hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday schedule below.

b. Children at least five months old but younger than nine months old.

- i. **Every week:** three (3) three-hour visits. Unless the parents agree otherwise, parent-time should take place in the home of the custodial parent, an established child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the child.
- ii. **Holidays:** two (2) hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday schedule below.

c. Children at least nine months old but younger than 12 months old.

i. Every week:

- A. one (1) eight-hour visit;
- B. one (1) three-hour visit;

ii. **Holidays:** eight hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule below.

iii. **Virtual parent-time:** virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.

A. brief telephone contact at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration;

B. virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration. If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:

- 1. the best interests of the child;
- 2. each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
- 3. any other factors the court considers material.

d. Children at least 12 months old but younger than 18 months old

i. **Every week:** one three-hour visit every week;

ii. Weekends:

A. one eight-hour visit on alternating weekends.

B. an overnight visit on opposite weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at noon on Saturday.

ii. **Holidays:** eight hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday Schedule below.

iii. **Virtual parent-time:** virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.

A. brief telephone contact at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration;

B. virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration. If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:

- 1. the best interests of the child;
- 2. each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
- 3. any other factors the court considers material.

e. Children at least 18 months old but younger than three years old.

i. **Every week:** one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:

A. beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or

B. if the child is being cared for during the day outside the child's regular place of residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, beginning at the time that the child is picked up from the caregiver and ending at 8:30 p.m.;

ii. **Weekends:** alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday;

iii. **Holidays:** each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule below.

iv. **Extended parent-time:** two (2) one-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at the option of the noncustodial parent, as follows:

A. one week of uninterrupted parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and

B. one week of interrupted parent-time where the custodial parent may have an equal amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time above;

C. the custodial parent is entitled to one week of uninterrupted extended parent-time;

D. a parent shall notify the other parent at least 30 days in advance of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time.

v. **Virtual parent-time:** virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.

A. brief telephone contact at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration;

B. virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration. If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:

1. the best interests of the child;

2. each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and

3. any other factors the court considers material.

f. Children at least three years old but younger than five years old.

i. **Every week:** one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:

A. beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or

B. if the child is being cared for during the day outside the child's regular place of residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, beginning at the time that the child is picked up from the caregiver and ending at 8:30 p.m.;

- ii. **Weekends:** alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday;
- iii. **Holidays:** each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule below.
- iv. **Extended parent-time:** two (2) two-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at the option of the noncustodial parent, as follows:
 - A. two weeks of uninterrupted parent-time, which may be consecutive, for the noncustodial parent; and
 - B. two weeks of interrupted parent-time, which may be consecutive, where the custodial parent may have an equal amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time above.
 - C. the custodial parent is entitled to one week of uninterrupted extended parent-time.
 - D. a parent shall notify the other parent at least 30 days in advance of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time.
- v. **Virtual parent-time:** virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.
 - A. brief telephone contact at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration;
 - B. virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration. If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:
 - 1. the best interests of the child;
 - 2. each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
 - 3. any other factors the court considers material.
- g. Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:
 - i. the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day;
 - ii. the holiday schedule for the child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time and takes the child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
 - iii. the holiday schedule for any holiday that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the child's birthday;
 - iv. extended parent-time; and
 - v. the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
- h. A parent exercising parent-time for the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.
- i. If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
- j. **Holiday schedule:** The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time.

HOLIDAY	HOLIDAY TIME PERIOD	Years Non-custodial Parent is Granted Holiday	Years Custodial Parent is Granted Holiday
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the child; or (b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.	Odd Years	Even Years
President's Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the child; or (b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on President's Day.	Even Years	Odd Years
Spring Break:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd Years	Even Years
Memorial Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the child; or (b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even Years	Odd Years
Mother's Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.	Every year if non-custodial parent is the mother or other parent granted the holiday in the order.	Every year if custodial parent is the mother or other parent granted the holiday in the order.
Father's Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	Every year if non-custodial parent is the father or other parent granted the holiday in the order.	Every year if custodial parent is the father or other parent granted the holiday in the order.
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day.	Even years	Odd years

	(2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day		
Independence Day:	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
Pioneer Day:	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even Years	Odd Years
Labor Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the child; or (b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd Years	Even Years
Columbus Day:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even Years	Odd Years
Fall Break:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd Years	Even Years
Halloween:	(1) Holiday begins on October 31 st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even Years	Odd Years
Veteran's Day Holiday:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd Years	Even Years
Thanksgiving Holiday:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on day before school resumes.	Even Years	Odd Years
Winter Break (First Half):	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day on that school dismisses for winter break. (2) Holiday ends on December 27 th at 7 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
Winter Break (Second Half):	(1) Holiday begins on December 27 th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even Years	Odd Years
Day of Child's Birthday:	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Even Years	Odd Years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday:	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years

Utah Code § 81-9-302. Minimum schedule for parent-time for a child five to 18 years old.

a. Every week:

- i. one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or Wednesday if not specified beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
- ii. at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
 - A. beginning at the time that the child's school is regularly dismissed and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
 - B. if school is not in session, the noncustodial parent is available to be

with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at 9 a.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.;

b. **Weekends:** alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday, or at the election of the noncustodial parent:

- i. beginning at the time that the child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.; or
- ii. if school is not in session, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning on Friday at 9 a.m. and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.;

c. **Holidays:** each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule below.

d. **Extended parent-time:** the noncustodial parent is entitled up to four weeks of parent-time, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.

- i. two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be **uninterrupted** parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and
- ii. two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be **interrupted** by the custodial parent for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday day parent-time.
- iii. the custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time with the child for two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
- iv. each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time for summer break as follows:

A. in odd-numbered years:

1. the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1; and
2. the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15; and

B. in even-numbered years:

1. the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1; and
2. the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 15.

v. If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described above, the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent.

vi. If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described above, the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for summer break for the other parent.

vii. If a custodial parent intends to interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time, the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of the intent to interrupt parent-time within 10 days after the day on which the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of interrupted extended parent-time.

viii. An election should be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry

of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule. An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the decree and made a part of the parent-time order.

ix. Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:

- A. the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day;
- B. the holiday schedule for the child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time and takes the child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
- C. the holiday schedule for any holiday that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the child's birthday;
- D. extended parent-time; and
- E. the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.

x. A parent exercising parent-time for the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.

xi. A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child for parent-time if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual and the noncustodial parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.

xii. If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.

xiii. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school.

xiv. Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration.

xv. Virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, shall be at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration.

A. If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:

- 1. the best interests of the child;
- 2. each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
- 3. any other factors the court considers material.

Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.

xvi. If there is a child five to 18 years old and a child under five years old and

both children are the natural or adopted children of the parties, the parents and the court should consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the children so that parent-time is uniform based on a schedule under this section.

xvii. Weekends include any snow days, teacher development days of other days when school is not scheduled and that are contiguous to the weekend period.

e. **Holiday schedule:** The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time.

HOLIDAY	HOLIDAY TIME PERIOD	Years Non-custodial Parent is Granted Holiday	Years Custodial Parent is Granted Holiday
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day:	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. day.	Odd Years	Even Years
President's Day:	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even Years	Odd Years
Spring Break:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd Years	Even Years
Memorial Day:	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even Years	Odd Years
Mother's Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.	Every year if noncustodial parent is the mother or other parent granted the holiday in the order.	Every year if custodial parent is the mother or other parent granted the holiday in the order.
Father's Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	Every year if noncustodial parent is the father or other parent	Every year if custodial parent is the father or other parent

		granted the holiday in the order.	granted the holiday in the order.
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day:	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5 th at 6 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
Pioneer Day:	(1) Holiday begins on July 23 rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25 th at 6 p.m.	Even Years	Odd Years
Labor Day:	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd Years	Even Years
Columbus Day:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even Years	Odd Years
Fall Break:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd Years	Even Years
Halloween:	(1) Holiday begins on October 31 st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even Years	Odd Years
Veteran's Day Holiday:	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd Years	Even Years
Thanksgiving Holiday:	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even Years	Odd Years
Winter Break (First Half):	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day on that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27 th at 7 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
Winter Break (Second Half):	(1) Holiday begins on December 27 th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even Years	Odd Years

Day of Child's Birthday:	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Even Years	Odd Years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday:	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years

12. It is fair and reasonable that both parties shall be mutually restrained from inducing or allowing a third party to do what they themselves are prohibited from doing under this section and shall have the affirmative duty to use his or her best efforts to prevent third parties from such violations or shall remove the minor Children from such circumstances.

a. Both parents shall be mutually restrained from disparaging the other in the presence of the minor Children or on social media and should prevent third parties from doing the same.

b. Both parents shall be mutually restrained from harming or threatening harm to the other party and shall prevent third parties from doing the same.

c. Both parents shall be mutually restrained from discussing the case, child support, or other adult topics with, within earshot or in the presence of the minor Children and should prevent third parties from doing the same.

d. Both parents shall be mutually restrained from having overnight romantic guests with whom they are not in a stable long-term relationship while exercising parent-time.

e. Both parents shall keep all potentially dangerous substances locked away and out of reach of the minor Children. Both parents should be mutually restrained from excessively drinking alcohol or using illegal drugs or taking prescription medications for other than their intended use, during or immediately prior to exercising parent-time and should prevent third parties from doing the same.

f. Both parents shall be mutually restrained from smoking cigarettes, e-cigarettes, vapes, etc. immediately before and during all periods of parent-time with the minor Children and shall restrain third parties from doing the same.

g. Both parents shall keep the other apprised of their current address, telephone number, and email address at all times.

h. CASEY is restrained from removing the minor Children from the State of Utah without BRITTANY's written consent.

i. Pick up and drop off exchanges of the minor Children for parent-time shall take place at the minor Children's day care, school, or mutually agreed upon location.

j. Both parents should be polite and cordial and behave maturely during exchanges of the Children. The parents should also prepare the Children, both mentally and physically, for each parent-time exchange by having the Children packed and ready to leave on time, and by encouraging the Children to spend time with the other parent.

k. The parents shall use their best efforts to communicate with each other often about the minor Children in the most reasonable manner, whether via text through the parenting app called *Appclose*.

l. The parents should transport the Children in car seats/seat belt in compliance with their age/weight and current child transportation laws/guidelines.

m. Transfers of the minor Children for parent-time should take place curbside. The parent picking up or dropping off the minor Children should not leave the vehicle and the other parent should not leave the residence. "Curbside" transfer means that the parent picking up the

Children remains in the vehicle and the other parent not going further than arm's length away from the front door.

n CASEY should notify BRITTANY in writing (which can be via text message) at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of their intent NOT to exercise any scheduled parent-time. In the absence of such written notice, BRITTANY should have the minor Children at the transfer location at the appointed time for transfer.

13. **Child under Five:** CASEY is awarded rights of parent-time with the minor Children of the parties under the age of five so that parent-time is uniform based on the schedule above.

a. Both parents shall be polite and cordial and behave maturely during exchanges of the Children. The parents should also prepare the Children, both mentally and physically, for each parent-time exchange by having the Children packed and ready to leave on time, and by encouraging the Children to spend time with the other parent.

b. Each parent is responsible for his or her own expenses in exercising parent-time.

c. Both parents shall have equal rights to pick up and drop off the Children at day care, school, and any other third-party locations as may be needed.

14. If either parent lives more than 150 miles away from the other parent or if both parents live in separate countries, parent-time shall be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, the following statutory schedule shall be the minimum amount of parent-time allowed to the non-custodial parent:

a. in years ending in an odd number, the minor Children shall spend the following holidays with the non-custodial parent:

- i. Thanksgiving holiday beginning Wednesday until Sunday; and
 - ii. spring break, if applicable, beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes;
 - b. in years ending in an even number, the minor Children shall spend the following holidays with the non-custodial parent:
 - i. the entire winter school break period; and
 - ii. the fall school break beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes; and
 - c. extended parent-time equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ of the summer or off-track time for consecutive weeks. The Children shall be returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins. This week shall be counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period. The parties shall mutually agree on this extended time each year. If they are unable to agree, the non-custodial parent shall select the dates for the extended time period.
 - d. One weekend per month at the option and expense of the non-custodial parent.
- The non-custodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.
- i. If the non-custodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the non-custodial parent shall receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend. If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on the last weekend of the month, the non-custodial parent shall be entitled to the next to the last weekend of the month.

- ii. If a non-custodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend shall be considered the non-custodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.
- iii. If the minor Children are out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the Children begin(s) the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays above and those days are contiguous with the non-custodial parent's monthly weekend parent-time, those days shall be included in the weekend parent-time.
- e. The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.
- f. If either parent lives more than 150 miles away from the other parent or if both parents live in separate countries, CASEY shall pay all of the costs for the Children's travel expenses for parent-time.
- g. If the parent who does not have primary physical care has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, that parent shall be responsible for all of the Children's travel expenses relating to the parent-time schedule in this order.
- h. Reimbursement by the responsible party to the other for the Children's travel expenses shall be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

Provisions Relating to Child Support Payments

15. BRITTANY is capable of working full-time but is unemployed or underemployed. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-203 the gross income for BRITTANY should be imputed to be the federal minimum wage of \$7.25 an hour, which is a gross monthly income of \$1,257. The adjusted gross monthly income for BRITTANY is \$1,257.

16. CASEY's occupation is unknown. Pursuant to Utah Code 81-6-203 the gross income for CASEY should be imputed to be the federal minimum wage of \$7.25 an hour, which is a gross monthly income of \$1,257. The adjusted gross monthly income for CASEY is \$1,257.

17. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-202 CASEY should be ordered to pay child support to BRITTANY commencing February 1, 2026, **the first day of the first month following the filing of the Petition for Divorce on January 5, 2026**, as follows:

a. The sum of **\$138.00** per month as base support for the minor Children of the parties pursuant to the Uniform Child Support Guidelines until said children become 18 years of age or have graduated from high school during the Children's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later. The monthly child support shall be paid one half on or before the 5th day of each month, and the other half on or before the 20th day of each month, unless the custodial parent uses the Office of Recovery Services to collect support. Child support due and not paid on or before the 5th day of the month is delinquent on the 6th day of the month. Child support due and not paid on or before the 20th day of the month is delinquent on the 21st day of the month.

b. The base child support award shall be reduced by 50% for each child for time periods during which a child is with the noncustodial parent by order of the court or by written agreement of the parties for at least 25 of any 30 consecutive days. If the dependent child is a recipient of Temporary Aid to Needy Families, any agreement by the parties for reduction of child support during extended parent-time shall be approved by the Office of Recovery Services. However, normal parent-time and holiday visits to the custodial parent shall not be considered an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

c. The obligee (custodial parent) shall be entitled to immediate and automatic income withholding relief pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 26B-9 Parts 4 and 5. This income withholding procedure applies to existing and future payors, and all withheld income shall be submitted to the Office of Recovery Services. Until such time that income withholding is commenced by the Office of Recovery Services, CASEY should make child support payments directly to BRITTANY.

d. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-7-102 all monthly payments of child support, maintenance or alimony provided in the order or decree shall be due on the first day of each month, unless otherwise specified.

i. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-7-102, unless otherwise specified, all monthly payments of child support, maintenance or alimony provided in the order or decree shall be due on the first day of each month. However, any party may subsequently pursue income withholding through the Office of Recovery Services upon the date payment of child support becomes delinquent, the obligor or obligee requests, or the date the court or administrative body so modifies the order.

e. All child support payments shall be made to the Office of Recovery Services, P.O. Box 45011, Salt Lake City, UT 84145-0011, unless the Office of Recovery Services gives notice that payments should be sent elsewhere.

f. Any Office of Recovery Service fee shall be paid by CASEY. If BRITTANY is the ORS applicant and the fee is withheld by ORS from payments to BRITTANY, CASEY shall reimburse BRITTANY for the fee.

g. The issue of child support arrearages, including child support owing or accruing prior to the entry of a court's order, may be determined by further judicial or administrative determination.

h. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-104 and 204 each parent's child support obligation shall be established in proportion to their adjusted gross incomes. The child support obligation of the father shall be **\$138.00**. The child support obligation of the mother shall be **\$138.00**. Except during periods of court-ordered parent-time, if physical custody of the children changes from that assumed in the original order, the parent without physical custody shall be required to pay the amount of support set forth in this paragraph without the need to modify this order to the parent who has physical custody, to a relative to whom physical custody of the children have been voluntarily given, or to the state if the children are in state custody.

i. When a child becomes 18 years of age or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, the base child support award is automatically adjusted to reflect the base combined child support obligation pursuant to the uniform child support guidelines for the remaining number of children due child support, unless otherwise provided in the order. The income used for the purpose of adjusting the support shall be the income of the parties at the time of the entry of the original order.

j. Under Utah Code § 81-6-212(5), the parties have a right to adjust this child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if: (1) upon review there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, (2) the difference is not of a temporary nature, and (3) the amount previously ordered

does not deviate from the child support guidelines. Under Utah Code Ann. § 26B-9-211 if the children receive TANF funds at the time an adjustment is sought, the Office of Recovery Services shall review the order, and if appropriate, move the court to adjust the amount.

k. Under Utah Code § 81-6-202(8) and 81-6-212(3)-(4) the parties have a right to modify this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of: (1) material changes in custody; (2) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties; (3) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent; (4) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn; (5) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or (6) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others. The change in (1) through (6) must result in a 15% or more difference between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, and the difference must not be of a temporary nature. In a proceeding to modify an existing award, consideration of natural or adoptive children other than those in common to both parties may be applied to mitigate an increase in the child support award but may not be applied to justify a decrease in the award.

l. Said child support amount should be subject to verification of CASEY's income, further, the amount should not decrease but may increase if the income verification shows an income greater than **\$1,257** per month.

Provisions Relating to Health Insurance

18. Pursuant to U.C.A. § 81-7-102, the parent(s) should provide health care coverage, as defined by Utah Code § 81-6-101, for the medical expenses of the dependent child.

a. Both parties should share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the Children's portion of insurance. The Children's portion of the premium shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of minor children of the parties in this case.

b. Both parties should share equally all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses, including co-payments, co-insurance, and deductibles.

c. The parent ordered to maintain insurance should provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, upon initial enrollment of the dependent Children, and thereafter on or before January 2 of each calendar year. The parent shall notify the other parent, or the Office of Recovery Services, of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date that parent first knew or should have known of the change.

d. A parent who incurs medical, dental, orthodontic, or optical expenses should provide written verification of the cost and payment of the expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.

e. A parent incurring medical, dental, orthodontic, or optical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to comply with Subparagraph "d" above.

f. The parent to whom written verification is provided should reimburse the parent who incurred the medical, dental, orthodontic, or optical expenses one-half of the amount of the out-of-pocket costs within 30 days of receipt of the written verification.

g. If, at any point in time, a dependent child is covered by the health, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of **BRITTANY** shall be primary coverage for the dependent child and the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of **CASEY** shall be secondary coverage for the dependent child. If a parent remarries and his or her dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a stepparent's plan, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of the stepparent shall be treated as if it is the plan of the remarried parent and shall retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of the dependent child.

Provisions Relating to Child Care Expenses

19. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-209, both parties should share equally the reasonable work-related or career or occupational training related child care expenses of the custodial parent.

a. The non-custodial parent should begin paying his or her share of child care expenses on a monthly basis immediately upon presentation of proof of the child care expense.

b. The parent who incurs child care expenses should provide written verification of the cost and identity of a child care provider to the other parent upon initial engagement of a provider and thereafter on the request of the other parent. The parent should notify the other parent of any change of child care provider or the monthly expense of child care within 30 calendar days of the date of the change. A parent incurring child care expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if the parent incurring the expenses fails to comply with these provisions.

c. The parent to whom written verification is provided shall reimburse the parent who incurred the child care expenses one-half of the amount of the out-of-pocket costs within 30 days of receipt of the written verification.

Provisions Relating to Debts and Obligations

20. Each party shall assume and pay the following:

<u>BRITTANY</u>	<u>CASEY</u>
Dodge Journe Repo Total Amount Owed: \$7,000.00 Casey shall be 100% responsible for this debt.	Dodge Journe Repo Total Amount Owed: \$7,000.00 Casey shall be 100% responsible for this debt.

a. All remaining debts and obligations shall be the responsibility of the party who incurred the particular debt.

b. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-4-406(3) the parties shall notify respective creditors or obligees, regarding the division of debts, obligations, or liabilities herein and the parties' separate, current addresses.

Provisions Relating to Personal Property

21. During the course of the marriage relationship, the parties have acquired certain items of personal property. The parties are awarded said property as follows:

<u>BRITTANY</u>	<u>CASEY</u>
2016 Ford Focus Titanium	Ford Explorer
Dresser	
Sentimental Items	

a. All personal property not specifically addressed in the parties' divorce shall be divided as the parties have already divided it.

b. All property and all property rights which may be vested in either Petitioners a result of family inheritance, trusts, or similar sources should be awarded to the party from whose family it came.

Provisions Relating to Real Property

22. The parties acquired no real property during the course of this marriage, nor do they presently own an interest in real property.

Provisions Relating to Alimony

23. Each party is fully capable of supporting themselves and, therefore, neither party is awarded alimony.

Provisions Relating to Pension and Related Assets

24. The parties have acquired no interest in any pension or profit-sharing plan during the course of the marriage.

Miscellaneous Provisions

Taxes

25. BRITTANY is entitled to claim the following minor child as an exemption for the purpose of filing federal and state income tax returns: **J.T.R.A. born September of 2021.**

Provided that CASEY is current in all child support obligations and all other financial obligations herein by December 31st of each tax year, CASEY should be entitled to claim the following minor child as an exemption for the purposes of filing federal and state income tax returns: A.T.A. born December of 2011.

a. At such time there is only one minor child who can be claimed and provided that CASEY is current in all child support obligations and all other financial obligations herein by December 31st of each tax year, the parties should be entitled to claim the child as an exemption for the purpose of filing federal and state income tax returns in alternating years with BRITTANY claiming the child in **odd** numbered years and CASEY claiming the child in **even** numbered years.

b. In the event CASEY is not current in all child support obligations and all other financial obligations herein by December 31st of each tax year allotted to CASEY, BRITTANY should be entitled to claim the parties' minor **children as exemptions** for the purpose of filing federal and state income tax returns for said tax year.

c. If either party is unable to realize a benefit by claiming the exemption for the purpose of filing federal and state income tax returns the other party is entitled to claim the parties' minor **children as exemptions** for the purpose of filing federal and state income tax returns for that year.

d. In the event BRITTANY and CASEY file a joint income tax return for the year **2025**, any income tax refund received for said year shall be divided equally between the parties.

e. BRITTANY shall be entitled to claim child tax credits or government issued stimulus benefits associated with the parties' minor Children.

Attorney's Fees

26. Each party is ordered to assume his/her own costs and attorney's fees incurred in prosecuting this action.

Name Change

27. BRITTANY is restored the use of her former name, **BRITTANY LYNN ATWOOD** if she so desires.

Public Assistance Statement- ORS

28. BRITTANY has received cash assistance from the State and has assigned the right to collect child support accrued during the time public assistance was received to the State of Utah. Therefore, pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-106(2)-(3), the State of Utah should be joined as a party in interest in the above-entitled cause of action.

Other

29. BRITTANY and CASEY should be ordered to execute and deliver to the other party any and all deeds, trust deeds, certificates of title, and bills of sale or other documents reasonable requested by the other party to transfer title to any real or personal property awarded to the requesting party by the Court.

//END DOCUMENT//

In accordance with the Utah Courts' electronic filing system, this Order does not bear the analog signature of the Judge, but instead displays the electronic signature of the Court. It is located on the first page, in the upper right-hand corner

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 10th day of February 2026, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing DECREE OF DIVORCE AND JUDGMENT to be served ☐ via the court's electronic filing system, ☒ by mail postage prepaid, ☐ via hand-delivery, ☐ via facsimile, ☐ via e-mail, as addressed, to:

CASEY JAY ANDERSON, *Respondent*
1484 W 3500 S. Apt 10A West Valley City, Utah 84119

	/s/ <i>Ashley C. Harrison</i>
	Ashley C. Harrison, Paralegal to SYDNEY MATEUS, Attorney for Petitioner