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| <p>IN THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF UTAH</p> | |
| <p>In the matter of the marriage of, RACHEL FAITH KUNZLER, Petitioner, and JASON RUSSELL KUNZLER, Respondent.</p> | <p>DECREE OF DIVORCE AND JUDGMENT Civil No. 254906423 Judge DEREK WILLIAMS Commissioner MICHELLE BLOMQUIST</p> |

The above-entitled matter came before the Honorable Derek Williams. RACHEL FAITH KUNZLER, Petitioner (herein after referred to as “RACHEL” or “Mother” or “Petitioner”) was represented by SYDNEY MATEUS, LEGAL AID SOCIETY OF SALT LAKE.

The parties have attended the Mandatory Divorce Education Course. The Court received the parties' written Stipulation and Settlement Agreement. The Court, having found and entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and being otherwise fully advised, it is hereby,

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED:

1. RACHEL is hereby awarded a Decree of Divorce, such to become final upon signature and entry herein.

Provisions Relating to the Child of the Parties

2. There has been one (1) minor child born as issue of this marriage, to wit:

P.A.K. born January of 2014.

3. Pursuant to Rule 100 Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, the Parties state that there are no proceedings for custody of the above-named minor child filed or pending in the Juvenile Court.

The Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act

4. Utah has jurisdiction to make child custody and parent-time determinations pursuant to Utah Code § 78B-13-101, *et seq.*, in that:
 - a. Utah is the home state of the minor child at the time of commencement of this proceeding.
 - b. Pursuant to Utah Code § 78B-13-209, said minor child currently resides at: Taylorsville, Utah.
 - c. There are no proceedings in a court of law or governmental agency for custody, child support, parent-time or visitation concerning the Parties' minor child which have been filed, or are pending, or have been completed with an order.
 - d. The Parties have no information of any proceedings that could affect the current proceeding, including proceedings for criminal, delinquency, protective orders, termination of parental rights, or adoptions.

e. The Parties do not know of any person, not a party to these proceedings, who has physical custody of the minor child or who claims rights of legal custody or physical custody of, or visitation with, the minor child.

Provisions Related to Legal Custody

5. The Parties are awarded joint legal custody of the minor child.

Provisions Relating to Physical Custody and Parent-Time

6. Rachel is awarded the primary physical custody of the Parties' minor child, subject to Jason's right to parent-time at reasonable times and places.

7. Reasonable parent-time shall be as the Parties agree. If the Parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule, Jason is awarded parent-time with the minor child pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 81-9-303, with Jason's midweek parent-time designated as Thursday.

8. The Parties shall share holidays as set forth in Utah Code Ann. § 81-9-303, with Rachel designated as the non-custodial parent for the purposes of the holiday parent-time schedule.

PARENTING PLAN

9. The following provisions based upon the Advisory Guidelines of the Utah Code § 81-9-202 and § 81-9-101 through § 81-9-204(10) should apply to govern all parent-time arrangements.

Information Sharing

10. The parents shall develop a working relationship as co-parents built on respect and cooperation.

a. Both parents shall do their best to listen to each other and try to be understanding of the other's point of view.

11. Both parents shall keep the other informed as to residence address, home, work and cell phone numbers, email addresses and any other important contact information, including how to be reached in the event of an emergency.

a. If either parent changes any of his or her contact information as indicated above, that parent must notify the other parent in writing within twenty-four (24) hours of the change.

b. Both parents shall also provide their contact information to all third parties who are important in the child's life, such as day care providers, educators, doctors, dentists, and both parents should be listed as emergency contacts with those providers.

12. Both parents shall have access to all records of the child, including, but not limited to, school, medical, dental, and psychological records, and this Parenting Plan should constitute a release to allow each parent access to all records of the child.

a. The parents shall make arrangements with the minor child's schools for each parent to receive a copy of the child's report cards, school calendars, etc.

13. Unless each parent has independent access to this information, each parent should share with the other all schoolwork, report cards, school pictures, and other information relating to the schooling and extracurricular

activities of the minor child. Further, unless each parent has independent access to this information, each parent should take affirmative steps to share information regarding the times and locations of parent-teacher conferences, school programs, church programs, sporting events, recitals, performances, practices and other significant events involving their child. Each parent should take affirmative action to establish their own access to the aforementioned information.

Co-Parenting Conduct

14. Both parents shall engage in civil communication and adopt a method of communication such as telephone, text, email, co-parenting apps, etc. to discuss matters relating to the minor Child with each other only and shall avoid using the minor Child to relay messages or information.

15. Both parents are be restrained from making insulting, harmful or disparaging remarks about the other parent while in the presence of the minor child or on social media platforms and should proactively restrain third parties from doing the same.

16. Both parents shall support each other in their respective parenting roles and encourage a positive relationship between the child and the other parent and encourage third parties to do the same. The Parties should respect the child's rights to have a meaningful bond with each parent, stepparents, and other relatives.

17. Both parents shall allow communication between the child and the other parent at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration.

18. Both parents shall refrain from consuming alcohol to excess, using any illegal substances, or taking prescription drugs for other than their prescribed uses during or immediately prior to exercising parent-time and shall restrain third parties from doing the same.

19. Both parents are restrained from smoking cigarettes, e-cigarettes, vapes, etc. immediately before and during all periods of parent-time with the minor Child and shall restrain third parties from doing the same.

Parent-Time

20. Both parents shall comply with the parent-time schedules unless they mutually agree to alter the schedules in writing.

a. If either parent wrongfully denies parent-time as set forth herein without agreement by the other party, that parent should pay all costs associated with mediation or litigation associated with resolving the violation and to ensure future compliance.

21. The Parties are not have any romantic partners stay overnight during their respective parent-time unless and until that parent is in a committed relationship with their romantic partner.

22. Notwithstanding the above provision, both parents should be flexible in making temporary adjustments in their parent-time schedules for unexpected situations.

a. The parent seeking an adjustment should give the other parent as much advance notice as possible (at least twenty-four (24) hours except in an

emergency). The other party should use his or her discretion in allowing for an adjustment but not unreasonably refuse.

23. Both parents shall give special consideration to make the child available to attend family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the child or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedules.

24. Neither parent shall schedule or promote to the child events or activities that fall on the other parent's parent-time without first obtaining permission from that parent in the following manner: the requesting parent should notify the other parent of the event or activity and discuss with them the benefits of the child's attendance prior to discussing it with the child. If the other parent has something scheduled or decides that the child cannot participate in the event or activity for any reason, the requesting parent should abide by that decision and not attempt to influence the other parent through the child.

25. For school and other purposes, the residence of the Parties' minor child shall be with **Rachel**.

26. Both parents shall have access to the child during school and authority to check the child out of school.

27. Regular school hours may not be interrupted for the school-aged child for the exercise of parent-time by either parent unless agreed to in writing.

28. Both Parties are listed as parent and an emergency contact with the school and any other care provider.

29. Neither parent-time nor child support is to be withheld due to either parent's failure to comply with a court-ordered parent-time schedule.

30. The receiving parent that is starting his or her parent-time should be responsible for travel when school is not in session.

31. Both parents shall have the child ready for transfers at the appointed time.

a. If a parent is unable to transfer the child because of unforeseen circumstances, that parent should immediately notify the other parent and attempt to make mutually agreeable alternate arrangements.

b. If a parent is more than 20 minutes late for a transfer, the other parent is not required to wait, and it is up to the parent who cannot comply with the appointed transfer to make alternate arrangements.

Decision Making

32. The parent who has physical custody of the child may make day-to-day decisions without having to consult with the other parent.

33. When there is a major decision related to non-emergency healthcare, education, or religion regarding the minor child, the parents agree to work together in good faith, share relevant information and engage in meaningful consultation with one another to reach a mutual decision that is in the best interest of the child.

- a. If the parents cannot reach a mutual decision, **Rachel** will make the final decision..
- b. If **Jason** believes that said decision is contrary to the best interests of the Child, that parent may arrange for mediation of the issue through a mutually agreed upon mediator, or through Utah Dispute Resolution if they cannot agree. The requesting parent shall pay the cost of mediation, subject to further order of the court. If the parents reach an agreement in mediation, a copy of the agreement shall be provided to both parents. If the parents cannot reach an agreement at mediation, a parent may file a motion with the court to address the issue. In resolving the issue, the court may award attorney fees, mediation costs and other financial sanctions to the prevailing party.

Health Care

34. A parent shall notify the other parent of significant illnesses involving the child and any information relating to the child's medications.
35. In the event of a medical emergency involving the child, the parent with whom the child is with at the time of the medical emergency may make emergency treatment decisions regarding the minor child and must notify the other parent of the medical emergency immediately.
36. The parent that provides insurance for the minor child should give the other parent a duplicate insurance card to present to health care providers.
37. Both parents are entitled to initiate their own relationship with their minor child's health care providers and have complete access to their records.

Childcare

38. Parental care should be presumed to be better care for the child than surrogate care and the parents agree to cooperate in allowing the parent who is willing and personally able to do so to provide childcare. Childcare arrangements existing during the relationship are preferred, as are childcare arrangements with nominal or no charge.

39. In the event that surrogate care providers are utilized by the parents, each parent should provide all surrogate care providers with the name, current address, and telephone number of the other parent, and should provide the other parent with the name, current address, and telephone number of all surrogate care providers.

a. If either party is unable to personally care for the parties' minor child overnight, the other party should be entitled to the right of first refusal to provide said childcare if personally available to do so. The parent exercising their "right of first refusal" will be responsible for picking up and dropping off the minor child unless the parties agree otherwise in writing.

b. The right of first refusal shall not apply to a parent's employment obligations, or if the child is spending the night with family members, not for the purpose of childcare or with friends.

Fees

40. The Parties shall split all required and necessary school fees, excluding school-sponsored clubs and extracurriculars, including, but not limited

to, registration, books, lab fees, yearbooks, uniforms, lunches, and supplies, equally between the Parties.

41. The Parties shall equally share the cost of all extracurriculars agreed upon in writing between the Parties.

a. Each party is entitled to choose one (1) extracurricular activity that the other party may not unreasonably withhold consent to.

b. Neither party shall promote or enroll the minor child in any extracurricular activity that interferes with the other party's parent-time without express written permission of the other party.

c. If either parent incurs an expense for an activity that the other parent did not agree to in writing, then the parent making the decision should pay the full cost of the activity and may not request reimbursement from the other parent.

Vacations / Travel

42. If a parent travels with the child out of the State of Utah, the traveling parent should provide to the other the following information at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the intended travel:

- a. An itinerary of travel dates;
- b. Destinations;
- c. Places where the child or traveling parent can be reached; and,
- d. The name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the child's location.

43. If a parent intends to travel outside of the country, that parent should provide notice to the other parent at least four (4) weeks prior to the date of departure and should provide the following to the non-traveling parent (1) an itinerary of travel dates, (2) destinations, (3) places where the child or traveling parent can be reached, and (4) the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the child's location.

44. Any travel out of the country must be agreed to in writing.

45. Neither parent should unreasonably withhold consent for international travel with the child, and should each party cooperate fully to provide passports and other travel documents and/or permissions required for agreed upon international travel.

Relocation

46. Should either parent relocate fifty (50) miles or more from the other parent, said relocation would constitute a change of circumstances that would allow the issue of joint physical custody to be re-examined.

47. In the event that either parent relocates more than 150 miles from their current residence, the guidelines for notification, parent-time, and transportation costs of the "Relocation Statute" outlined in Utah Code § 81-9-209 should apply.

Child's Needs

48. The Parties acknowledge that all children share common needs regarding their parents and both parents should work to ensure that these needs are being met:

- a. A child shall be able to love and be loved by both parents without feeling guilt or disapproval.
- b. A child is protected from parents' anger with each other.
- c. A child should be kept out of the middle of the parents' conflict, including not having to pick sides, carry messages, or hear complaints about the other parent.
- d. A child should not be placed in a situation where they have to choose one of the parents over the other.
- e. A child should not have to feel responsible for the burden of either of the parents' emotional problems.
- f. A child should know well in advance about important changes that will affect the child's life; for example, when one of the parents is going to move or get remarried.
- g. A child should have reasonable financial support during their childhood.
- h. A child has feelings and should be able to express their feelings, and both parents should listen to how the child feels.
- i. A child should be able to just be a child.

END OF PARENTING PLAN

Provisions Relating to Child Support Payments

49. Rachel is employed, earns **\$16.00** per hour, works **20** hours per week and therefore grosses **\$1,387.00** per month.

50. Jason is employed, earns **\$34.10** per hour, works **40** hours per week and therefore grosses **\$5,911.00** per month.

51. Pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 81-6-202, *et seq.* Jason is ordered to pay child support beginning May 1, 2026, to Rachel as follows:

a. The sum of **\$552.00** per month as base support for the minor child of the Parties pursuant to the Uniform Child Support Guidelines until said child becomes eighteen (18) years of age or have graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later. The monthly child support should be paid one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) on or before the 5th day of each month, and the other one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) on or before the 20th day of each month, unless the custodial parent uses the Office of Recovery Services to collect support. Child support due and not paid on or before the 5th day of the month is delinquent on the 6th day of the month. Child support due and not paid on or before the 20th day of the month is delinquent on the 21st day of the month.

b. The base child support award should be reduced by fifty percent (50%) for each child for time periods during which a child is with the noncustodial parent by order of the court or by written agreement of the Parties for at least twenty-five (25) of any thirty (30) consecutive days. If the

dependent child is a recipient of Temporary Aid to Needy Families, any agreement by the Parties for reduction of child support during extended parent-time should be approved by the Office of Recovery Services.

However, normal parent-time and holiday visits to the custodial parent should not be considered an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

c. The obligee (custodial parent) should be entitled to immediate and automatic income withholding relief pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 62A-11 Parts 4 and 5. This income withholding procedure applies to existing and future payors, and all withheld income should be submitted to the Office of Recovery Services. Until such time that income withholding is commenced by the Office of Recovery Services, Jason should make child support payments directly to Rachel through some traceable method.

d. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-7-102, all monthly payments of child support, maintenance or alimony provided in the order or decree should be due on the first day of each month, unless otherwise specified.

i. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-7-102, unless otherwise specified, all monthly payments of child support, maintenance or alimony provided in the order or decree should be due on the first day of each month. However, any party may subsequently pursue income withholding through the Office of Recovery Services upon the date payment of child support becomes delinquent, the obligor or

obligee requests, or the date the court or administrative body so modifies the order.

e. Any Office of Recovery Service fee should be paid by Jason. If Rachel is the ORS applicant and the fee is withheld by ORS from payments to Rachel, Jason should reimburse Rachel for the fee.

f. When the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, the base child support award is automatically adjusted to reflect the base combined child support obligation pursuant to the uniform child support guidelines for the remaining number of children due child support, unless otherwise provided in the order. The income used for the purpose of adjusting the support should be the income of the Parties at the time of the entry of the original order.

g. Under Utah Code § 81-6-212(5), the Parties have a right to adjust this child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if: (1) upon review there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, (2) the difference is not of a temporary nature, and (3) the amount previously ordered does not deviate from the child support guidelines. Under Utah Code Ann. § 62A-11-306.2, if the child receive TANF funds at the time an

adjustment is sought, the Office of Recovery Services shall review the order, and if appropriate, move the court to adjust the amount.

h. Under Utah Code § 81-6-202(8) and 81-6-212(3)-(4), the Parties have a right to modify this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of: (1) material changes in custody; (2) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the Parties; (3) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent; (4) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn; (5) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or (6) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others. The change in (1) through (6) must result in a 15% or more difference between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, and the difference must not be of a temporary nature. In a proceeding to modify an existing award, consideration of natural or adoptive children other than those in common to both Parties may be applied to mitigate an increase in the child support award but may not be applied to justify a decrease in the award.

i. The Parties shall exchange their adjusted gross income from their state and federal tax returns by April 20th of each year for the purposes. In the event a party needs to file an extension for his or her state and federal tax returns, that party should inform the other party no later than April 1st of their need to do so.

Provisions Relating to Health Insurance

52. Pursuant to U.C.A. § 81-7-102, *et seq.*, the parent(s) should provide health care coverage, as defined by Utah Code Section 78B-12-102, for the medical expenses of the dependent child.

a. Both Parties should share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the child's portion of insurance. The child's portion of the premium should be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of minor children of the Parties in this case.

i. If both parents maintain health insurance for the minor child for which a premium is paid, each parent should be solely responsible for their own premium without contribution from the other.

b. Both Parties shall share equally all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses, including co-payments, co-insurance, and deductibles.

c. The parent ordered to maintain insurance should provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, upon initial enrollment of the dependent child, and thereafter on or before January 2 of each calendar year. The parent should notify the other parent, or the Office of Recovery Services, of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within 30

calendar days of the date that parent first knew or should have known of the change.

d. A parent who incurs medical, dental, orthodontic, or optical expenses should provide written verification of the cost and payment of the expenses to the other parent within thirty (30) days of payment.

e. A parent incurring medical, dental, orthodontic, or optical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to comply with Subparagraph "d" above.

f. The parent to whom written verification is provided should reimburse the parent who incurred the medical, dental, orthodontic, or optical expenses one-half of the amount of the out-of-pocket costs within thirty (30) days of receipt of the written verification.

g. If, at any point in time, the dependent child is covered by the health, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of **Rachel** should be primary coverage for the dependent child and the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of **Jason** should be secondary coverage for the dependent child. If a parent remarries and his or her dependent child are not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a stepparent's plan, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of the stepparent should be treated as if it is

the plan of the remarried parent and should retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of the dependent child.

Provisions Relating to Child Care Expenses

53. As the parties' minor child is school-aged, paid childcare is not at issue between the Parties. If childcare becomes an issue, both Parties shall share the expense equally pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-209.

Provisions Relating to Life Insurance

54. Jason shall obtain a life insurance policy on Jason's life, so long as such is available at a reasonable cost or through Jason's employer, in a face amount of sufficient size to provide for a monthly income equal to the child support payments herein. Jason should maintain, in full force and effect, said life insurance policy until the child support obligation herein terminates. During such period, Jason should irrevocably designate the Parties' minor child **as a beneficiary** on said life insurance policy, and designate Rachel as the trustee for said minor child.

Provisions Relating to Debts and Obligations

55. Each party shall assume and pay the following debts:

56. During the marriage, the Parties acquired a car loan for a 2020 Hyundai Elantra with a remaining balance of \$13,532.54. Jason should pay \$7,701.08 of that loan. Rachel should pay the remainder of the loan.

a. Rachel shall refinance the loan into her own name within ninety (90) days of the entry of the Qualified Domestic Relations Order as set forth in paragraph sixty-eight (§ 68) below.

b. Jason shall pay \$164.00 per month for the next forty-seven (47) months, or the equivalent for any refinanced loan, by some traceable electronic method.

57. All remaining debts and obligations should be the responsibility of the party who incurred the particular debt.

58. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-4-406(3) the Parties should notify respective creditors or obligees, regarding the division of debts, obligations, or liabilities herein and the Parties' separate, current addresses.

Provisions Relating to Personal Property

59. During the course of the marriage relationship, the parties have acquired certain items of personal property. The parties are awarded the property, including vehicles, in their respective possession, free of any claim from the other party and holding the other party harmless therefrom.

60. All personal property not specifically addressed in the Parties' divorce should be divided as the Parties have already divided it.

61. All property and all property rights which may be vested in either party as a result of family inheritance, trusts, or similar sources should be awarded to the party from whose family it came.

Provisions Relating to Real Property

62. The Parties have acquired no interest in any real property during the course of the marriage.

Provisions Relating to Alimony

63. Each party is fully capable of supporting themselves and, therefore, neither party should be awarded alimony at the present time.

Provisions Relating to Pension and Related Assets

64. Jason has pension and/or profit-sharing plans or other retirement benefits through Jason's place of employment. Rachel should be awarded one-half of all benefits accrued pursuant to such plans during the period of the Parties' marriage from the date of marriage until the date of the entry of the Decree of Divorce herein pursuant to *Woodward*.

65. Jason is responsible for preparing a Qualified Domestic Relations Order.

Provisions Related to Taxes

66. The Parties shall designate who should claim the child as a dependent/exemption each year for state and federal tax purposes based on which party would receive the bigger benefit, if any, and should reimburse the other party fifty percent (50%) of the portion of the refund that is based on having children, if any in the event of a refund. In the event of a tax liability, the party incurring the liability is responsible for the entirety of that liability.

a. The Parties agree to use this system until they can no longer claim the dependent child.

b. In the event Jason is not current in all child support obligations and all other financial obligations herein by December 31st of a tax year, Rachel is entitled to claim the Parties' minor child the purpose of filing federal and state income tax returns for said tax year.

Miscellaneous Provisions

67. The Parties are permanently restrained from bothering, harassing, annoying, threatening, or harming the other party at their place of residence, employment or any other place.

Name Restoration

68. Rachel is restored to her former name, **RACHEL FAITH HOWARD**, if she so desires.

Attorney's Fees

69. Each party shall pay his or her own attorney's fees.

Public Assistance Statement- ORS

70. Neither party has received or is receiving cash assistance from the State of Utah.

71. The Parties are ordered to execute and deliver to the other party any and all deeds, trust deeds, certificates of title, and bills of sale or other documents reasonable requested by the other party to transfer title to any real or personal property awarded to the requesting party by the Court.

72. Both Parties are ordered to sign and fully execute whatever documents are necessary for the implementation of the provisions of their divorce decree. Should a party fail to execute a document within 60 days of the entry of their divorce decree, the other party may bring an Order to Show Cause at the expense of the disobedient party and ask that the Court appoint some other person to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

73. Each party is ordered to execute and deliver to the other such documents as are required to implement the provisions of the Decree of Divorce entered by the Court.

74. The Court shall grant such other and further relief as it may deem just and appropriate in this matter.

//END DOCUMENT//

In accordance with the Utah Courts' electronic filing system, this Order does not bear the analog signature of the Judge, but instead displays the electronic signature of the Court. It is located on the first page, in the upper right-hand corner.

Approved as to form:

/s/ **Jason Russell Kunzler**

Jason Russell Kunzler, Respondent
Signed by Attorney for Petitioner with permission of
Respondent given via email on 5/11/26

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE AND*NOTICE OF RULE 7(f) NOTICE

Pursuant to Rule 7(f) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, I hereby certify that on the 11th day of May 2026, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing DECREE OF DIVORCE AND JUDGMENT to be served ☐ via the court's electronic filing system, ☐ by mail postage prepaid, ☐ via hand-delivery, ☐ via facsimile, ☒ via e-mail, as addressed, to:

JASON RUSSELL KUNZLER, *Respondent*
Jakunz5258@gmail.com

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| | <i>/s/ Ashley C. Harrison</i> |
| | Ashley C. Harrison, Paralegal to SYDNEY MATEUS, Attorney for Petitioner |

*Notice of objections to this order must be submitted to the Court and counsel within seven days after this service. Should no objection to this order be submitted to the Court and counsel within seven days after service, this Order shall be presented to the Court for entry and signature.