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*Filing on behalf of both parties as a Third-Party Neutral,
pursuant to Rule 2.4 of the Utah Rules of Professional Conduct*

**IN THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE CITY DEPARTMENT
IN AND FOR SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH**

In the matter of the marriage of MOLLY MULLANE, Petitioner, and CHAD MULLANE, Respondent.	DECREE OF DIVORCE Case No: 264900905 Judge: Kristine Johnson Commissioner: Joanna Sagers
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The Petitioner, Molly Mullane, and the Respondent, Chad Mullane, have entered into a written Stipulation resolving all outstanding divorce issues, which has been filed with the court. The Court has received and accepted the parties' Agreement, reviewed the file, and being otherwise duly advised, having previously signed and entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

The bonds of matrimony existing between Petitioner and Respondent are hereby dissolved. In addition, all other remaining issues in this matter, outlined below, are to become final and absolute upon entry by the court.

CHILD CUSTODY AND PARENT-TIME

1. There are three minor children born or adopted between the parties, to wit: Q.M. (born July 2012), I.M. (born November 2013), and O.M. (born November 2015).
2. The parties are awarded joint legal custody of the minor children. The parties shall be governed by the Joint Custody Parenting Plan set forth herein.
3. The parties are awarded joint physical custody of the minor children. Parent-time with the minor children shall be pursuant to a 50/50 timesharing arrangement as the parties may agree. If the parties are unable to agree on a parent-time schedule then they shall follow a week-on/week-off schedule with exchanges to occur on Monday after school or 5:30 p.m. if school is not in session.
4. Each parent is entitled to 2 weeks of uninterrupted parent-time during the summer months when the minor children are free from school. The parents will notify each other by April 15th of each year of the time period he/she will be exercising his/her uninterrupted parent-time. Petitioner will have first option of uninterrupted time period in calendar years ending in an even number and Respondent will have first option of uninterrupted time period in calendar years ending in an odd number. The summer parent-time cannot interfere with the other parent's holiday. If the parent designated to first choose the 2-week period for the year fails to choose by April 15th, the non-designated parent may designate when the 2-week period will occur.

5. In addition, holiday parent-time shall be as the parties agree. If they do not agree, then the parties shall follow the holiday parent-time schedule set forth in UCA §81-9-303 and as follows:

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Petitioner (Molly)	Respondent (Chad)
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following MLK day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following MLK day if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even Years
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following President's Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following President's Day if there is no school.	Even Years	Odd Years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following the end of spring break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of spring break if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even Years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.	Even Years	Odd Years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.	Every year with Mother	Every year with Mother
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m.	Every year with	Every year

	(2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	Father	with Father
Juneteenth National Freedom Day (JNFD)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before JNFD if the day before JNFD is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on JNFD if the day before JNFD is Father's Day (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following JNFD.	Even Years	Odd Years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3 rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5 th at 6 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23 rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25 th at 6 p.m.	Even Years	Odd Years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following Labor Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Labor Day if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even Years
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even Years	Odd Years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for fall break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following the end of fall break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of fall break if there is no school.	Odd Years	Even Years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31 st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community; (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even Years	Odd Years
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd Years	Even Years
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the Monday following Thanksgiving; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday following	Even Years	Odd Years

	Thanksgiving if there is no school.		
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27 th at 7 pm.	Odd Years	Even Years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27 th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break.	Even Years	Odd Years
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Even Years	Odd Years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd Years	Even Years

6. The minor children shall continue to attend their current school and feeder schools unless the parties mutually agree in writing to transfer schools. Both parties shall be listed in school records as a point of contact for school communications.

7. In the event either party moves more than 30 miles away from their current residence the parties will revisit the issue of parent time and custody.

CHILD SUPPORT

8. Petitioner is currently employed and has a gross monthly income of \$7,000.00 for the purposes of calculating child support.

9. Respondent is currently employed and has a gross monthly income of \$7,405.00 for the purposes of calculating child support.

10. The joint custody worksheet shall be used with the Petitioner's income set at \$7,000.00 with 182 overnights and the Respondent's income set at \$7,405.00 with 183 overnights.

11. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-101 a child support order shall be entered pursuant to the statutory guidelines as follows:

a. Respondent shall be ordered to pay Petitioner the sum of \$12.00 per month, however given the minimal nature of the support, Petitioner waives her claim to child support. The sum is known as the base child support award, for the minor child of the parties, pursuant to the Uniform Child Support Guidelines, until a child becomes 18 years of age, or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later. When a child becomes 18 years of age or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, the base child support award is automatically adjusted based on the remaining children and the incomes from the most recent support order.

b. The base child support award should be reduced by 50% for each minor child for time periods during which such minor child is with the noncustodial parent by order for at least 25 of any 30 consecutive days. If the dependent child is a recipient of Public Assistance from the State of Utah (T.A.N.F.), any agreement by the parties for reduction of child support during extended parent time shall be approved by the Office of Recovery Services. However, normal parent time and holiday visits to the custodial parent shall not be considered an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

c. The mandatory income withholding relief provisions of the Utah Code Annotated may be instituted at this time. Said income withholding procedure

should apply to existing and future payors. All withheld income should be payable to the Office of Recovery Services, P.O. Box 45011, Salt Lake City, Utah 84145-0011 until such time as the obligor no longer owes child support to the oblige.

d. There are currently no child support arrearages.

e. Each of the parties should be under mutual obligation to notify the other if there is a change in income of more than 30% and the change is not temporary in nature.

f. Pursuant to Utah Code §81-6-212(5), the parties have a right to adjust this child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if (1) upon review there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, (2) the difference is not of a temporary nature, and (3) the amount previously ordered does not deviate from the child support guidelines.

g. Pursuant to Utah Code §81-6-101 et seq, the parties have a right to modify this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of: (i) material changes in custody; (ii) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties; (iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent; (iv) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn; (v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or (vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others, and, the change in (i) through (vi) results in a 15% or

more difference between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, and the difference is not of a temporary nature.

INSURANCE, DAYCARE AND MEDICAL EXPENSES

12. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-208 (2024) as amended:

a. Either Petitioner or Respondent should maintain insurance for medical expenses for the benefit of the minor children where available at a reasonable cost. In determining which parent shall maintain insurance for medical expenses, the parties shall consider the reasonableness of the cost, the availability of a group policy and the coverage of the policy. If the parties cannot agree on who shall carry the insurance, then they shall attend mediation. If insurance is being provided by a plan by both parents, the Petitioner's insurance shall be considered primary coverage and the Respondent's shall be considered secondary.

b. The parties shall be equally responsible for all out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the children's portion of the insurance. The children's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid. The premium expenses for the children shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of children. This amount shall be automatically deducted from or added to the child support paid or owed.

c. Both parties shall share equally all medical expenses incurred for the minor child and actually paid by the parties. Medical expenses shall include, but not be limited to, the following: medical, dental, orthodontia, ophthalmological, psychological, or therapeutic, etc.

d. The parent who incurs medical expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and payment of the medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.

e. A parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to provide written verification of the cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.

13. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-209 both parties shall share equally the reasonable work-related childcare expenses of the parents.

a. The parent who does not incur childcare expenses shall begin paying his or her share of childcare expenses to the parent who does incur childcare expenses, on a monthly basis immediately upon presentation of proof of the childcare expense. The parent can either pay the provider directly or shall be required to reimburse the paying parent after being provided proof of payment.

b. The parent who incurs childcare expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and identity of the childcare provider to the other parent upon initial engagement of a provider and thereafter on the request of the other parent. The parent shall notify the other parent of any change of a childcare

provider or the monthly expense of childcare within 30 calendar days of the date of the change. A parent incurring childcare expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if the parent incurring the expenses fails to comply with these provisions.

EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES, SCHOOL, & MISCELLANEOUS COSTS

14. The parties shall equally share the costs associated with the following expenses related to the minor children:

- a. Cell phones
- b. Car insurance
- c. School fees and costs
- d. Agreed upon extra-curricular activities. All current and extensions of the current extra-curricular activities where the children participate are approved.
- e. Agreements for all expenses shall be made in writing. When possible, both parties should pay their one-half share directly to the provider, school or program for and on behalf of the children. If one parent pays the entire cost, that parent shall email the other parent proof of cost and payment within 30 days and the reimbursing parent shall pay their share within 10 days of receiving the email.

TAX EXEMPTION

15. The parties shall share equally in the child tax credit, exemption, or deduction for State and Federal income tax purposes as follows:

a. As long as there are three minor children, Petitioner will claim O.M. each year and Respondent will claim I.M. each year. Parties will alternate claiming Q.M. with Petitioner claiming Q.M. in odd years and Respondent claiming Q.M. in even years.

b. When there are two minor children, Petitioner will claim O.M. each year and Respondent will claim I.M. each year.

c. When only one minor child remains, the parties will alternate years with Petitioner claiming O.M. in odd years and Respondent claiming O.M. in even years.

16. For either party to claim a minor child, they must be current on all their child support expenses prior to the end of the tax year.

PERSONAL PROPERTY

17. Prior to the marriage, the parties each had individually acquired certain separate property. Each party shall be awarded any property identified as premarital or separate property, including all gifts and inheritance.

18. During the course of the marriage, the parties acquired certain items of personal property. Said personal property has already been divided and each party shall be awarded the property currently in their possession.

19. All property and all property rights which may be vested in either party as a result of family inheritance, trusts, or similar sources shall be awarded solely to the party from whose family it came.

VEHICLES

Vehicle	Awarded to Petitioner	Awarded to Respondent	Other
Dodge Durango		X	
Cadillac Escalade	X		

20. Each party shall be responsible for the debts and liabilities related to their separate vehicles and shall hold the other party harmless from any liability associated therewith. The parties shall take all necessary steps to transfer the vehicles into their own names within 30 days of the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce.

REAL PROPERTY

21. During the course of the marriage, the parties acquired certain parcels of real property, including but not limited to:

a. Home located at 1314 Emigration Street, Salt Lake City, UT 84105

22. The Emigration property and all the equity therein shall be awarded solely to Respondent.

23. If there are any debts or obligations associated with these assets, the party awarded the asset shall assume all liability and financial responsibility associated therewith.

24. The parties shall sign any quit claim deeds or any other documents necessary to transfer title or ownership of the property within 30 days of the entry of the Decree.

BANK ACCOUNTS, PROFIT SHARING, STOCK OPTIONS, BONUSES,
INVESTMENT, RETIREMENT/PENSION ACCOUNTS AND OR/BUSINESS
INTERESTS

25. The parties have acquired and continue to acquire bank, profit sharing, stock options, bonuses, investment, retirement and/or pension accounts and business interests during the course of the parties' marriage.

26. All of these accounts or assets shall be divided as follows as of the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce unless specified otherwise:

Account Description	Petitioner will Receive	Respondent will Receive	Other
Bank of American accounts ending 9062 and 9004	50%	50%	
Dupps 401(K)		100%	
JBS 401(K)		100%	
Respondent's IRA American Funds		100%	
Respondent's Roth IRA American Funds		100%	
Respondent's IRA Equitable		100%	
Respondent's Individual American Funds		100%	
Petitioner's IRA American Funds	100%		
Petitioner's Roth IRA American Funds	100%		
Sculpt Shop LLC, dba Club Pilates	100%		Petitioner is awarded 100% ownership of Sculpt Shop LLC,

			doing business as Club Pilates, including all associated assets, liabilities, accounts, goodwill, and interests, free and clear of any claim, right, or interest by Respondent.
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DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS

27. During the course of the marriage the parties incurred certain marital debt; the parties shall be responsible for the debts in their own names and shall hold the other party harmless for any liability associated therewith.

28. Pursuant to §81-4-204(1)(e), Utah Code Annotated, the parties shall notify respective creditors or obligors, regarding the court's division of debts, obligations, or liabilities and regarding the parties separate, current addresses.

LIFE INSURANCE

29. Pursuant to UCA §81-4-406 (3)(d), to the extent either party owns a life insurance policy or annuity contract, such party has reviewed and, where appropriate, updated the list of beneficiaries associated with said policy or contract. Each party affirms that the individuals currently designated as beneficiaries are, in fact, the intended beneficiaries following the entry of the Decree of Divorce. Each party further acknowledges and understands that if no changes are made to the beneficiary designations, the individuals currently listed shall remain the beneficiaries and shall receive any funds disbursed by the insurance company or annuity provider pursuant to the terms of the respective policy or contract.

ALIMONY

30. Both parties waive any claim to spousal support from the other, now or forever.

TAX RETURN

31. The parties shall file taxes for the 2025 tax year as each deem appropriate.

ATTORNEY'S FEES

32. Each party shall be responsible for their own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the litigation of this matter.

MISCELLANEOUS

33. Both parties shall be mutually restraining from bothering, harassing, annoying, threatening, disparaging, or harming the other party at the other party's place of residence, employment or any other place.

34. Both parties are restrained from using the likeness, image or credit of the other party for any purpose.

35. The parties each indicate that there has been a complete accurate and current disclosure of all income, assets and liabilities. Both parties understand and agree that any failure to provide complete disclosure may constitute perjury. The property referred to in this agreement represents all the property which either party has any interest in or right to, whether legal or equitable, owned in full or in part by either party separately or by the parties jointly.

36. This Decree of Divorce is the result of the Stipulated Settlement Agreement reached between the parties. The final documents were prepared as a service to both parties and shall not be interpreted against either as the “drafting party.”

37. Each party should execute and cooperate in delivering to the other and to the court such documents as are required to implement the provisions of the divorce decree hereafter to be entered by the court. Should a party fail to execute a document within 60 days of the entry of this divorce decree, the other party may bring a Motion to Enforce at the expense of the disobedient party and seek that the Court appoint some other person to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

38. Upon the filing of any Petition to change any provision of the final *Decree of Divorce*, the parties must first attempt to resolve the issue through mediation.

39. Petitioner may be restored to her maiden name of Mason if she so desires.

MULLANE and MULLANE

JOINT CUSTODY PARENTING PLAN

Each parent has a loving and valuable relationship with the children and shall work together cooperatively with regard to the children’s physical care and financial and emotional support.

The parents shall adhere to the following parenting plan provisions:

1. The parties shall make reasonable efforts to be effective co-parents. Each parent shall focus on the needs and interests of the children. Each parent shall give the children the opportunity to have a meaningful relationship with both parents.

2. The parties believe civil communication is essential for an effective parenting relationship. The parties shall take steps to adopt procedures to ensure that they communicate in a civil manner. Except for time sensitive matters and in the event of an emergency, the parties shall communicate primarily through text or email. The parties shall be civil in all communication; name calling shall never be considered civil communication.

3. The parties recognize the importance of the children spending quality time with both parents and shall cooperate with each other and adjust the time-sharing arrangement when changes may be appropriate due to the travel or other commitments of the parties.

4. The parents shall reasonably share information regarding school, social, and other areas of the children's life that could assist both parents in making the best decisions for them. If information is available through websites, email lists, etc., each party shall obtain the information directly from these sources.

5. Both parents shall have direct access to all school, medical, and other child-related information and shall be notified immediately by the other parent in the event of a medical emergency. Each parent shall notify the other parent if they are taking a minor child to the doctor. Further, each parent shall both permit and encourage communication by the other parent with all doctors, clinics, school nurses, counselors, and other healthcare providers regarding the health and welfare of the children. Both parents shall have reasonable access during the treatment or care of the minor children. Both parties shall provide written authority to the other party to ensure both parties have any and all

access to medical, dental, counseling, physiological, and psychological information, diagnoses, and prognoses.

6. Each parent shall be allowed to fully participate in the children's activities, including church functions, athletics events, recitals, school programs, etc.

7. When traveling with the minor children, the parties shall give all information required by Utah Code §81-9-202(19) including the following: 1) an itinerary of travel dates; 2) destinations; 3) places where the children or traveling parent can be reached; and, 4) the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the children's location.

8. The parents shall mutually decide the significant decisions regarding the children, including but not limited to, the children's education, health care, and religious upbringing. The parties shall confer to make joint decisions regarding the minor children's education, day-care, medical care, dental care, orthodontics, counseling, religious upbringing, extracurricular activities, and other major parenting decisions. In discharging this obligation, the parents shall use the following decision-making procedure: 1) Identify the issues; 2) Develop possible solutions; 3) Choose the most sensible solution that considers the needs of everyone involved.

9. If the parties cannot mutually agree on major decisions including but not limited to the minor children's education, day-care, medical care, dental care, orthodontics, counseling, religious upbringing, extracurricular activities, the parties shall attend mediation with a mutually agreed upon mediator with each party to pay their own mediation fees. Should the Parties be unable to agree upon a mediator or mediation

service, the party requesting mediation will arrange for mediation. A written record shall be prepared of any agreement reached in mediation and a copy provided to each party. If the parties cannot reach a decision in mediation, the parties may present the matter for decision to the Court. No dispute may be presented to the Court in this matter without a good faith attempt by both parties to resolve the issue through mediation. If the Court finds that a party has used or frustrated the dispute resolution process without good reason, then that party shall be responsible for all attorney's fees, court costs and mediation fees.

10. The parent with whom the children are residing at the time will make day-to-day decisions regarding the care, control, and discipline of the parties' children. A parent may make emergency decisions regarding the health or safety of the children when the children are in their care.

11. Both parents shall have access to the children during school and shall have authority to check the minor children out of school. Both parties shall be listed as a point of contact for school communications. In the event the parties' cannot agree on educational decisions, the parties shall attend mediation in an effort to resolve the matter.

12. Expenditures related to cosmetic surgery, alternative medicine, orthodontia, or other non-life-threatening medical procedures not covered by a child's insurance requires the prior and mutual consent of both parents in writing, with both parents signing the written confirmation. The portions of payment for the procedures are to be negotiated as part of the consent and mutual approval prior to the procedure. The parties shall not inform a minor child of the potential of the procedures and/or have a minor child assess

for any of the procedures prior to receiving the consent of the other parent. A minor child shall not receive the cosmetic, surgery, alternative medicine, orthodontia, or other non-life-threatening medical procedures not covered by the child's insurance, prior to receiving the written consent provided herein. Sanctions for violating this provision include, but are not limited to, a parent being denied reimbursement for said procedure.

13. No insured or uninsured medical or psychological treatment shall be undertaken without knowledge and consent of both parties unless in an emergency. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. If parties cannot agree, they shall attend mediation.

14. Special consideration shall be given by each parent to make the children available to attend family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the child or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule. The parties agree to cooperate to accommodate such events and to communicate about them a reasonable time in advance.

15. The parties shall have parent-time with the minor children as set forth above. The receiving parent shall pick up the minor children for their designated parent time. The non-receiving parent shall have the minor children ready for the receiving parent at the time the minor children are to be picked up.

16. Any parental duties or rights not specifically addressed in this plan will be discussed and mutually decided and agreed upon by both parties.

17. Each parent shall provide the other with his current address and telephone number, email address, and other virtual parent-time access information within 24 hours of any change.

18. Each parent shall permit and encourage, during reasonable hours, reasonable and uncensored communications with the minor children, in the form of phone, mail privileges and virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available. The children are allowed to contact either parent at any time. When the children request to speak with the other parent, each parent shall make reasonable efforts to facilitate the communication.

19. Parental care shall be presumed to be better care for the minor children than surrogate care and both parties shall be awarded the right of first refusal to provide care for the minor children when the other party would require surrogate care for overnight periods.

20. Each parent shall provide all surrogate care providers with the name, current address, and telephone number of the other parent and shall provide the noncustodial parent with the name, current address, and telephone number of all surrogate care providers unless the court for good cause orders otherwise.

21. Both parties are restrained from discussing the case in the presence of the minor children or allowing third parties to discuss the case in the presence of the minor children. Furthermore, both parties shall be restrained from making negative, disparaging or derogatory comments about the other parent to or in the presence of the minor children

and shall use their best efforts to restrain third parties from making any such comments in the presence of the minor children.

22. Neither party shall make social media posts about the other party or publicly disparage the other party.

23. The parties shall not introduce anyone that they are dating to the minor children unless they are in a committed and exclusive relationship. Advance notice shall be given to the other party prior to introducing the children to their significant other.

24. The parties shall create a shared calendar which the parties shall maintain and use to communicate with the other parent about events for the minor children.

25. Both parties are mutually restrained from using illegal narcotics or consuming alcohol to excess while caring for the minor children or before transporting the minor children. The parties shall keep all alcohol or drugs locked away from the minor children.

26. If one party fails to comply with a provision of this parenting plan, the other parties' obligations under the Parenting Plan are not affected.

*****ENTERED BY THE COURT ON THE DATE AND AS INDICATED BY THE
COURT'S SEAL AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST PAGE*****

APPROVED AS TO FORM this 24th day of March 2026.

*E-signed by Wade Taylor
with permission of Molly Mullane*

/s/ Molly Mullane

MOLLY MULLANE

Petitioner

APPROVED AS TO FORM this 15th day of April 2026.

*E-signed by Wade Taylor
with permission of Chad Mullane*

/s/ Chad Mullane

CHAD MULLANE
Respondent

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE & RULE 7 NOTICE

I hereby certify that on the 15th day of March 2026, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing *Proposed Decree of Divorce* to be served on the following by the method indicated below. Further, the Proposed Decree shall be submitted in accordance with Rule 7 of the *Utah Rules of Civil Procedure*.

EMAIL:

MOLLY MULLANE
Petitioner
Email: mkmullane04@gmail.com

CHAD MULLANE
Respondent
Email: chadmullane@gmail.com

LAW OFFICES OF WADE TAYLOR

/s/ Wade Taylor

WADE TAYLOR
Attorney