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**IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR
SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH**

In the Matter of the Marriage of:	DECREE OF DIVORCE
HAYDEN SCOTT GEHRING, Petitioner,	
and	
MAREN ELIZABETH GEHRING, Respondent.	Case No. 264900746 Judge: Adam Mow Commissioner: Renee Blocher

In accordance with Utah Code 81-4-406, the above-captioned matter came before the court for consideration absent a hearing. Pursuant to the *Stipulation and Settlement Agreement*, a judgment for a divorce can be entered. The court, having reviewed the pleadings on file herein, and having entered its *Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law*, does now ORDER, ADJUDGE, and DECREE as follows:

1. The Parties are awarded a Decree of Divorce on the grounds of irreconcilable differences, the same to become final upon entry by the court clerk.

JURISDICTION AND GROUNDS

2. Hayden is a resident of Salt Lake County, State of Utah, and has been for three

months immediately prior to filing this action.

3. During the marital relationship the parties have resided in the state of Utah and this court has jurisdiction over Maren pursuant to Utah Code 81-4-402(1).

4. Hayden and Maren were married on June 1, 2019, in Provo, Utah, and are presently married.

5. Hayden is the biological father of one minor child born during the marriage: G.S.G., born April 2025.

6. Pursuant to Utah Code 81-11-101, Utah is the home state of the parties' minor child and has jurisdiction to make an initial custody determination under Utah Code 81-11-201, in that the child has lived in Utah with a parent for at least six consecutive months immediately prior to the commencement of this action.

7. During the course of the marriage, the parties have experienced irreconcilable differences that have prevented the parties from pursuing a viable marriage relationship.

MINOR CHILD

8. Neither party is receiving any public assistance for the benefit of the dependent child.

9. Pursuant to Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100(a), Hayden states upon information and belief that there are no proceedings for custody, child support, or parent-time; a protective order; or a criminal or delinquency case in regard to the above-named minor child filed or pending in the Juvenile Court of this or any other state.

10. Custody: Both parents are fit and proper to care for the minor child and have been involved in his care. Based on Hayden’s work schedule and the young age of the minor child at this time, Maren should be awarded primary physical custody of the minor child subject to Hayden’s ample parent time.

11. It is in the best interests of the minor child that the parties share joint legal custody. A parenting plan is included herein.

12. Parent-Time: Hayden should have parent-time as the parties agree. If the parties are unable to agree, then Hayden should have no less parent-time pursuant to the provisions of Utah Code § 81-9-302 including at least one weekday visit for at least three hours and every other weekend from 6:00pm on Friday until 7:00pm on Sunday.

13. Virtual Parent-Time: Hayden should be afforded ample video calls with the minor child during reasonable hours at least three times a week.

14. Holidays and Summer Parent-Time: The holiday and summer parent-time

visitation should be as the parties agree. If the parties cannot agree, then holiday and summer parent-time should be consistent with an amended version of Utah Code § 81-9-302 with Hayden being designated as the non-custodial parent as follows:

Even Years	Odd Years	Holiday and Time
Mom	Dad	Martin Luther King Jr. Holiday (1) Holiday begins Friday at:

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. <p>(2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.</p>
Mom	Dad	<p>Spring Break</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Dad	Mom	<p>Memorial Day</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Holiday begins Friday at: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Mom	Dad	<p>Independence Day - July 4th</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6:00 pm. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6:00 pm.
Mom	Dad	<p>Labor Day</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Holiday begins Friday at: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Mom	Dad	<p>Fall Break</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Dad	Mom	<p>Halloween</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. At the time that school is dismissed; or b. At 4:00 pm if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm on the same day the holiday begins.
Dad	Mom	<p>Thanksgiving</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. 6:00 pm; or b. The time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the night before school resumes.

Mom	Dad	First Half of Winter Break (1) Holiday begins at: a. 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or b. The time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27 th at 7:00 pm.
Dad	Mom	Second Half of Winter Break (1) Holiday begins on December 27 th at 7:00 pm (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the night before school resumes.
Mom	Dad	The day before or after child's birthday (1) Holiday begins at 3:00 pm (2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm
Dad	Mom	Child's actual birthday (1) Holiday begins at 3:00 pm (2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm
Dad	Dad	Father's Day (1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9:00 am (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7:00 pm
Mom	Mom	Mother's Day (1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9:00 am (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7:00 pm

15. Transportation: Wherever possible, parent-time exchanges should occur through

the child's school/daycare, wherein the parent ending their parent-time timely drops the child off at school/daycare and the parent beginning their parent-time picks the child up from school/daycare. In all other instances, the parent beginning his or her parent-time should be responsible for transportation. The parties should be mindful of the importance of promptness when parent-time exchanges occur outside of the child's school/daycare.

16. If either party is unavailable to personally transport the child for parent time

exchange, they may designate an appropriate and responsible person to provide said transportation. If a third party is providing transportation for the child, the parent who elected that individual should immediately provide the other parent with that third party's name and contact information.

17. In the event the parties agree for the child to relocate to Calgary or Alberta, Canada with Maren, the following provisions should apply:

18. Hayden should have parent-time pursuant to Utah Code § 81-9-209 as follows:

a. As the child is at such a young age currently, the parties would have to work together to ensure visits are in the best interest of the child and his development (potentially longer in length but less frequent). Once the child was of an age to handle the relocation statutory schedule, it would be as follows:

b. In even-numbered years, Hayden will be entitled to parent time for the Thanksgiving holiday from Wednesday until Sunday as well as Spring Break starting the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes. Because the minor child is not of school age, the dates will be based on the local elementary school's calendar.

c. In odd-numbered years, Hayden will be entitled to parent time for the entire winter school break period as well as the fall school break starting the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes. Because the minor child is not of school age, the dates will be based on the local elementary school's calendar.

d. Extended time equal to half the summer break every year. Because the minor child is not of school age, the dates will be based on the local elementary schools calendar.

e. If Hayden is not able to see the minor child during certain months due to a busy work season, the parties agree that if the duration is longer than six (6) months, the minor child will be reunified with Hayden by having at least one (1) day of co-parenting visitation before the parties will agree to allowing Hayden to have visitation alone with the minor child to ensure that the minor child is comfortable around Hayden.

e. Transportation: The parties agree to split travel costs for Hayden's holiday time, and half of the summer.

19. Address and Phone Number: The parties should keep each other informed of their

address and telephone number at all times.

20. Passport & Citizenship: The parties agree that a passport will be issued for the minor child to travel to and/or reside in Calgary or Alberta, Canada and agree that the minor child will obtain citizenship in Canada.

CHILD-RELATED FINANCES

21. Child Support: Hayden is employed full-time and earns a gross monthly income of \$15,667 for purposes of calculating child support. Maren is currently unemployed but worked prior to the minor child's birth and earned \$25/hour. Therefore, she should be imputed to a gross monthly income of \$4,333.00 for purposes of calculating child support. The sole custody worksheet should be used to calculate child support. In accordance with Utah Code 81-6-203 and the sole custody worksheet, Hayden should be ordered to pay child support to Maren for the parties' child in the amount of \$1,257.00 per month. The parties have agreed to deviate upward to the nearest one hundredth to make things easier for tracking purposes making the monthly child support amount of \$1,300.00

- a. The child support will be paid until (1) a minor child reaches the age of majority or graduate High School in the expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, or (2) a child dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States, or is emancipated in accordance with Utah Code 78A-6-801 et seq.

b. This child support may be submitted to and administered by the Office of Recovery Services (ORS).

c. The person entitled to receive child support will be entitled to mandatory income withholding relief pursuant to Utah Code 62A-11 parts 4 and 5 (1953 as amended). Any Federal and State tax refunds or rebates due the non-custodial parent may be intercepted by the State of Utah and applied to existing child support arrearages. This income withholding procedure will apply to existing and future payers.

d. Child support will be paid in two increments each month; half on the 5th and half on the 20th of each month.

22. Medical Insurance Coverage: The party with the best coverage should be ordered

to maintain in force any and all health insurance for the minor child, when it is available at a reasonable cost and the insurance coverage is accessible to the child.

23. If at any time the child is covered by the insurance plans of both parents, Maren's

plan should be designated as primary coverage and Hayden's plan should be secondary coverage for the child pursuant to Utah Code § 81-4-406(4). If both parties provide medical insurance coverage for the minor children, each will pay the children's portion of their own premium.

24. If a parent remarries and their dependent child is not covered by their insurance,

but is covered by the step-parent's plan, the step-parent's plan should be treated as if it is the plan of the remarried parent and should retain the same designation for primary or secondary insurance as described above.

25. If the court or an administrative agency must determine which parent should be

ordered to maintain insurance for medical expenses, the court or administrative agency may consider the: (a) Reasonableness of the cost; (b) Availability of a group insurance policy; (c) Coverage of the policy; and (d) Preference of the custodial parent.

26. The party who carries the insurance on the child should provide verification of

coverage to the other parent, or to the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., upon initial enrollment of the dependent child, and after initial enrollment on or before January 2 of each calendar year. That party should notify the other parent, or the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date the parent first knew or should have known of the change.

27. **Medical Insurance Premiums:** In accordance with Utah Code 81-4-501(2)-(4),

both parties should share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the child's portion of the insurance. The child's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid for the family and is calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy, and multiplying the result by the number of minor children of the parties. The insurance premium should be automatically added to or subtracted from the child support obligation above.

28. Out-of-Pocket Medical Expenses: Each party should pay one-half of all reasonable and necessary health, optical, hospital, dental, orthodontic, psychological, and other medical expenses of the parties' minor child including, but not limited to: out-of-pocket costs actually paid by either parent for the minor child's portion of health, optical, hospital, dental, orthodontic, psychological, and other medical insurance coverage and all reasonable and necessary uninsured health, optical, hospital, dental, orthodontic, psychological, and other medical expenses, including deductibles and co-payments, incurred for the dependent child and actually paid by either parent.

29. Either parent who incurs health, optical, hospital, dental, orthodontic, psychological, and other medical expenses for the parties' minor child should provide written verification of the costs and payment for the expenses to the other parent within thirty (30) days of payment. The other parent should reimburse them within thirty (30) days of receiving verification of payment. In addition to any other sanctions provided by the court, a parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expense or to

recover the other party's share of the expenses if that party fails to comply with this provision.

30. Separate Medical/Dental Billing: Either parent may request that a medical or dental service provider of the children bill each parent separately for half of the out of pocket cost of services pursuant to Utah Code 15-4-6.7(1). The parent requesting division of the bill must provide the service provider with a copy of the final Order in this matter at or before the time service is provided.

31. Childcare: Each party should be responsible and liable for their own work-related¹ childcare costs actually incurred each month.

32. Taxes: The parties should alternate years wherein each may claim the exemptions available for the child on their State and Federal income taxes, beginning with Hayden claiming the child for tax year 2027.

33. Hayden's ability to claim the exemption for the minor child should be conditioned on him being current on December 31st of that tax year in his child support obligations to Hayden.

34. Maren's ability to claim the exemption for the minor child should be conditioned on her deriving a benefit from the exemption. If no such benefit exists, she will notify Hayden by February 1 that he may claim the child instead.

35. Upon reasonable advance notice and request, each party should provide the other party a signed Internal Revenue Service 8332 form for any year where the other party is awarded the child for tax purposes.

¹ "Work-related child care expenses" means reasonable child care costs for up to a full-time work week or training schedule as necessitated by the employment or training of a parent.

36. Extracurricular Activities: If the parties have agreed in writing to the child's participation in an extracurricular activity, then they should equally share the costs associated therewith. Neither party is obligated to facilitate the child's participation in an extracurricular activity during their parent-time if they did not agree to the child's involvement.

PARENTING PLAN

37. Mutual Restraining Order: The parties are restrained from disparaging the other party to or in the presence of the child and are to instruct third-parties to also be so restrained. Both parties are restrained from discussing the legal action or any adult topics with or in the presence of the child and are to instruct third-parties to also be so restrained. The parties are permanently restrained from bothering, harassing, annoying, threatening, and/or harming the other party at any time or in any place.

38. Communication: Each party is restrained from using a minor child as a messenger for any purpose. The parties will share all information about the children regarding special events, homework assignments, parent-teacher meetings, report cards, medical events, and/or prescriptions to which the other parent may not have access. Information relating to the child will be provided to the other parent as soon as practical.

39. The parties will communicate only regarding issues relative to the welfare of the minor child via text messages. The parties may use phone calls only in the event of an

emergency. Any communication between the parties will be civil in nature and free from any disparaging comments, threats, or derogatory language. The parties will refrain from sending multiple messages in a day and each party will make their best efforts to respond to any messages within 24 hours.

40. Medical Information: Both parties have the right to obtain medical information

on the minor child from healthcare providers directly without the necessity of going through the other party or getting their permission. Each party will be listed as a parent for all medical and dental provider contact.

41. Educational Information: Both parties have the right to obtain educational

information on the child directly from educators and counselors without the necessity of going through the other party or getting their permission. Each party will be listed as a parent for the purposes of school contact.

42. Notice of Activities: Both parties will have the right to be notified by the other

party of major events in the child's lives that they otherwise would not be aware of, so that they can have enough advance notice to attend.

43. Decision-making: All major decisions concerning the child, including health,

education, and general welfare, religion, daycare, medical/dental treatment, and therapy will be discussed. Further, the parties will use the following decision-making procedure:

- a. Identify the issue
- b. Develop possible solutions
- c. Consult with experts regarding the issue (the child's pediatrician, therapist, teacher, etc.)
- d. Choose the most sensible solution that considers the needs and interests of everyone involved

44. Tie-Breaking Procedure: Under the terms of the above paragraph, the parties will discuss major decisions together, focusing on objective criteria and facts, and involving any professional who may be of assistance. Major decisions include where a child attends school, elective medical, and changing a child's religion. If they are unable to reach an agreement, the parties will attend mediation before bringing the issue before the Court.

45. Emergency Medical Decisions: The parent who has the child at the time he/she

suffers a medical emergency has the authority to make any initial decision regarding emergency medical care. That parent will immediately notify the other parent of the emergency.

46. Day-to-Day Decisions: Whichever parent has the child in his or her physical

custody may make minor, day-to-day decisions regarding them and their care.

47. Implementation of Treatment: Each of the parties will facilitate, help, and

promote administration of medication or other regimens of therapy for the child as prescribed by a doctor.

48. Out-of-State Travel: Per Utah Code 81-9-202(19), for emergency purposes, whenever the minor child travels with a parent, the parent will provide all of the following information to the other parent: (1) an itinerary of travel and return dates; (2) destinations; (3) places where the minor child or travelling parent can be reached; (4) the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the minor child's location.

49. Relocation: The parties will follow the notice provisions of Utah Code 81-9-209. Neither party will relocate the child more than 50 miles away from the other par without written permission or an Order of the Court.

50. Corporal Punishment: The parties will refrain from using corporal punishment

with the minor child and will keep third parties from doing so.

51. Mediation Before Litigation: If the parties have a dispute concerning an issue

addressed in the parent time provisions of the Decree or this Parenting Plan, they will seek first to resolve the dispute via mediation with a certified domestic relations mediator before conducting a hearing on any motion to enforce, interpret or modify the Decree.

DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS

52. During the course of the marriage, the parties acquired certain debts and obligations. Hayden is unaware of any joint debts. Each party should be ordered to assume and pay the debts and hold the other harmless from liability as follows:

Debt	Approximate Balance	Responsible Party
Chase Auto Loan (4302)	\$5000	Maren
Chase Auto Loan (0302)	\$20,000	Hayden

53. Each party should assume and pay their own individual debts and hold harmless the other party from liability on all debts and obligations (i.e. credit cards, student loans, utility bills) incurred by that party after separation

54. The parties should work together to remove each other's names from joint credit accounts.

55. Maren should refinance the Chase Auto Loan (4302) into her name or pay off the remaining balance owed to remove Hayden's name from the obligation and title.

56. Pursuant to Utah Code 81-4-406(4), the parties should notify respective creditors or obliges regarding the division of debts, obligations, and/or liabilities herein, and the parties' separate and current addresses.

PERSONAL PROPERTY

57. During the course of the marriage relationship, the parties acquired certain items of personal property which should be divided as follows:

Property	Awarded To
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2019 Jeep Cherokee	Maren
2017 Mercedes GLC 43	Hayden

58. Secured Debt: Each party being awarded property should also be responsible for the debt associated therewith.

59. Accounts: The parties have accrued investment accounts, bank accounts, and other asset accounts during the course of their marriage. The value of those accounts should be verified as to the value at the date of the separation and the parties should equally divide all values. The parties should work together to divide the existing bank accounts and cooperate to remove each other's names from joint accounts. The joint accounts are listed as follows:

Account	Awarded To
Bank of America- Checking Account	Hayden and Maren
Bank of America- Savings Account	Hayden and Maren
Bank of America- 401k	Hayden and Maren
American Express- Savings Account	Hayden and Maren
America First Credit Union- Checking & Savings Account	Hayden and Maren

60. Personal Belongings: Each party should be awarded their own personal belongings.

61. Businesses: During the course of the marriage, the parties have not acquired an interest in any business entities.

RETIREMENT ASSETS

62. During the course of the marriage, Hayden has acquired pensions, retirement

benefits, 401(k)s, IRAs, and/or deferred compensation plans. The retirement assets accrued during the marriage and to the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce in this matter should be divided equally between the parties, one-half to each. A Qualified Domestic Relations Order or Domestic Relations Order should be issued as needed with the costs for such order being paid equally by the parties. The individual whose name the retirement account is associated with should be responsible for preparing any and all paperwork and forms required to divide said account, and should do so within 90 days of entry of the Decree of Divorce in this matter.

REAL PROPERTY

63. During the marriage, the parties have not acquired an interest in any real property.

MISCELLANEOUS

64. Alimony: Both parties to this action are able-bodied and employed / employable, and neither party should be awarded any alimony from the other.

65. Restoration of Maiden Name: Maren's name should be restored to Maren Elizabeth Heninger, if she so chooses.

66. Taxes: The parties should file 2025 and 2026 taxes jointly and equally divide any refund or obligation owing.

67. Attorney's Fees: Each party should pay their own attorney's fees and costs.

68. Mutual Restraining Order: The parties should be permanently restrained from

bothering, harassing, annoying, threatening, and/or harming the other party at any time or in any place.

69. Delivery of Documents and Duty to Sign Documents: Each party should be ordered to execute and deliver to the other such documents as are required to implement the provisions of the Decree of Divorce entered by the court. Should a party fail to execute a document within 90 days of the entry of their divorce decree, the other party may bring a Motion to Enforce before the court, at the expense of the disobedient party. Under a Motion to Enforce, the court may appoint some other person to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

70. Interpretation/Applicability: This document should be governed by Utah law in all respects. Any references to Utah statute herein should mean the Utah Code in effect as of the date of entry of the final order.

71. Severability: If a provision of the order resulting from this complaint is or becomes illegal, unenforceable, or invalid in any jurisdiction, it should not affect: (1) the enforceability or validity in that jurisdiction of any other provision of the order, or (2) the enforceability or validity in other jurisdictions of that or any other provision of the order.

72. Disclosure: The parties acknowledge that each has fully and completely disclosed

to the other all assets of every kind and nature known to him or her in which he or she may have

any interest whatsoever, and that this Agreement encompasses and deals with all such assets and that there are no assets or liabilities contingent or otherwise that have not been disclosed in connection with the final settlement of this matter through the financial declarations and as herein set forth and to be distributed between the parties. If it is later discovered that a party failed to disclose an asset, the other party may be awarded the entirety of that asset.

[SEE TOP OF FIRST PAGE FOR COURT ENDORSEMENT]

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND CONTENT:

/s/ Maren Gehring
Maren Gehring, Pro Se Respondent
(signed with permission via email on 4.15.26)

NOTICE PURSUANT TO RULE 7(j) OF THE UTAH RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

MAREN GEHRING: Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Rule 7(j) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure of the District Courts of the State of Utah, that this Order prepared by Hayden Gehring's counsel will be the Order of the court unless you file an objection in writing within seven (7) days from the date of the service of this notice.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 15th day of April 2026, I personally served a true and correct copy of the foregoing **DECREE OF DIVORCE** via Electronic Mail to:

Maren Gehring, Pro Se Respondent
Email: maren.e.heninger@gmail.com

/s/ Jennifer Schultz
Jennifer Schultz
Paralegal for Tara Reilly