



Challin Holloway (19279)
FELT FAMILY LAW & MEDIATION
780 S. 2000 W. Building E-302
Syracuse, UT 84075
Telephone: (801) 690-4904
cholloway@feltfamilylaw.com
Attorney for Veronica Easley

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF UTAH,
DAVIS COUNTY, FARMINGTON DEPARTMENT

In the matter of the marriage of:

VERONICA EASLEY,

vs.

KENNETH EASLEY.

DECREE OF DIVORCE

Case Number: 264700293

Judge BLAINE RAWSON

Commissioner JULIE WINKLER

The matter before the Court is the Petition for Divorce in the above-captioned case. The parties have reached a full settlement of all present issues. Having reviewed the documents filed, and having received the stipulation of the parties, and having entered findings and conclusions, the Court now decrees follows:

JURISDICTION & GROUNDS

1. RESIDENCE. The parties have been residents Davis County, Utah, for more than three months immediately prior to the commencement of this action.
2. MARRIAGE. The parties married on November 30, 2005 in Weber County, Utah and are still married to each other.
3. SEPARATION. The parties have not physically separated but are sleeping in separate bedrooms.
4. GROUNDS. The parties are divorcing on grounds of irreconcilable differences.

5. MILITARY STATUS. Neither party is in active duty with the uniformed services.

6. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE. Neither party is receiving public assistance.

MINOR CHILDREN

7. MINOR CHILDREN. The parties are the parents of the following minor children:

a. Maximus Fabian Easley (born September 2008)

b. Victoria Easley (born February 2013)

c. No other children are expected to be born of this marriage.

d. References to the minor children may be in the singular or plural.

8. CHILD RESIDENCY. The minor child lived for more than the immediate past six months in the State of Utah. Pursuant to the UCCJEA, Utah is the Home State of the minor child.

9. OTHER PROCEEDINGS. There are no proceedings involving the parties' minor child in any court or administrative agency.

10. NO OTHER PARTIES. There is no other person who is not a party to these proceedings who has or claims custody of the parties' minor child or who claims child support, visitation or other rights with respect to the parties' minor child.

CUSTODY & PARENT TIME

11. JOINT CUSTODY. The parties will share joint legal custody. Veronica is awarded sole physical custody and Kenneth is awarded parent time pursuant to the parent time parenting plan provisions below.

12. SCHOOL RESIDENCE. The minor children will attend school based on Veronica's address.

13. PARENT-TIME. The parties will enjoy parent time as the parties agree. If the parties cannot agree, the parties will exercise parent time, consistent with the schedule in Utah Code §81-9-302 with Kenneth designated as the noncustodial parent.

- a. When school is in session, parent time exchanges should occur at the children's school if possible. The parent beginning parent time should pick up the child from school on Friday afternoons, after school lets out.
- b. When school is not in session, parent time exchanges should occur at the parties' respective residences and may take place curbside. The parent beginning parent time should pick the children up from the other parent's residence at a time agreed upon by the parties.
- c. The parties will make arrangements for pick up, delivery, and return of the children prior to each scheduled parent time exchange.
- d. Exchanges will be civil. There will be no discussion of co-parenting disputes during exchanges. The parties should avoid any in-person communication that may result in a conflict at a parent time exchange and should instead address the issue via parenting app or email. Either party may utilize assistance of reasonable a third party for exchanges.

14. HOLIDAYS. The parties will work to equalize sharing of the statutory holidays, either as agreed between the parties, or following the holiday schedule listed in Utah Code § 81-9-302, with Kenneth receiving holidays designated for the non-custodial parent. Exchange times for holiday parent time is as the parties agree. If the parties cannot agree, holiday parent time will

begin consistent with the holiday schedule listed in Utah Code §81-9-302. The chart below outlines the holiday schedule. Where the chart and statute may disagree, the statute will control:

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Kenneth's Year	Veronica's Year
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.	Odd years	Even years
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Presidents' Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for spring break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Memorial Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Mother's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 8:30 p.m.	Mother's Each Year	
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 8:30 p.m.	Father's Each Year	
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 5:30 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 8 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day	Even years	Odd years

	following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.		
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Labor Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd years	Even years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for fall break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 3 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 5:30 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the night before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the night before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Child's	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Even years	Odd years

Birthday	(2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.		
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years

15. SUMMERS. Each year, a parent may designate two consecutive weeks to exercise uninterrupted parent-time during the summer when school is not in session.

- a. Each parent should provide notice to the other of the election to exercise uninterrupted parent time with selected dates by May 1 of each year.
- b. Kenneth may make the earlier designation in even numbered year, and Veronica may make the earlier designation in an odd numbered year.
- c. Neither party may elect their uninterrupted parent time over the other parent's holiday parent time.

16. VIRTUAL PARENT TIME. Each party will be entitled to contact the child by phone or video chat at reasonable times and for reasonable durations when the child is with the other parent. In addition, the parties will allow the child to contact either parent through text, phone, or video upon the child's request at reasonable times and for reasonable duration.

- a. Neither party will unreasonably restrict or interfere with a child's use of their communication device with the other parent. If a child is grounded from a device or for any other reason cannot use their preferred device, the parent restricting the device will provide a reasonable alternative means for the child to communicate with the other parent.

- b. Neither parent will overly intrude into the other's parent time by constantly texting or calling the child or allowing the child to constantly text or call the parent during the other parent's time or at inappropriate hours (such as when the child should be sleeping).

17. RELOCATION. Consistent with Utah Code § 81-9-209(2), if either parent plans to relocate (moving 150 miles or more from the residence of the other parent), the relocating parent shall provide 60 days advance written notice of the intended relocation to the other parent. The written notice of relocation shall contain statements affirming that (a) the parent-time provisions agreed to by the parties or ordered by the court will be followed; and (b) neither parent will interfere with the other's parental rights as agreed to by the parties or ordered by the court. A new parent-time schedule will be established pursuant to remaining provisions in § 81-9-209.

18. TRAVEL. The parties will work together to obtain and maintain current passports for the minor children. Those passports will remain in Veronica's possession except for when Kenneth requires them to travel with the children. Neither party should unreasonably restrain the other from taking the children out of the country for travel. When either parent intends to travel with the child, either out of state or for more than one overnight, they should provide written notice to the other parent in advance of the travel. The traveling parent should provide an itinerary for the travel including dates and locations, emergency contact information, places where the child or traveling parent can be reached, and the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the child's location.

19. COMMUNICATION. Communication between the parties should be civil, written (e.g. text message or email) and, unless otherwise agreed, limited to issues concerning the minor child.

a. Neither parent may block the other from communicating, whether through blocking phone numbers, text messages, or emails.

b. Each parent shall provide accurate and current contact information to the other and shall notify the other in writing within 24 hours of any change in their telephone number, email, mailing address, or other contact information.

c. Each parent shall communicate directly to the other regarding parenting and support issues, not through the child or through any third parties. Neither parent should ignore nor refuse to communicate back when needed regarding the child.

d. The parties should communicate with each other for scheduling doctor appointments, parent teacher conferences and other similar appointments for the children. It is recommended but not required for the parties to maintain a joint calendar for the child's appointments and special events.

CHILD SUPPORT

20. MOTHER'S INCOME. Veronica is employed and earns approximately \$4,243 per month in gross pay.

21. FATHER'S INCOME. Kenneth is employed and earns approximately \$6,869 per month in gross pay.

22. CHILD SUPPORT. Based on two minor children, the incomes stated above and the sole custody worksheet, Kenneth's child support obligation is \$1,118 per month. Child support will be effective February 1, 2026.

- a. Maximus will graduate from high school and turn 18 years of on September 1, 2026 and will no longer be eligible for child support after that date. Once this change occurs, based on the incomes stated above and the sole custody worksheet for one minor child, Kenneth's child support obligation will be \$682 per month.
- b. To ensure the children have a stable, safe place to live and to avoid being uprooted from their home, the parties agree to a stipulated lump sum settlement for child support. This lump sum amount is awarded to Veronica and will be credited towards the proportional share of Kenneth's interest of the marital home's equity.
- c. The parties have agreed on a stipulated lump sum settlement totaling \$47,136 for child support by the sum of the total amounts as follows:
 - i. For two minor children: \$1,118 multiplied by 8 months (February 2026 through September 2026) = \$8,944
 - ii. For one minor child following Maximus's 18th birthday: \$682 multiplied by 56 months (October 2026 through May 2031) = \$39,192
- d. This calculation is based on the parties' current incomes and sole custody arrangement. Future changes in income or custody could result in a modification of the lump sum award.

e. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-212, either parent may motion the court for a modification of child support if three years have passed since the most recent controlling child support order and a recalculation would make a difference of 10% or more in child support (if that difference is not temporary in nature).

f. Either parent may petition the court for adjustment of child support if there has been a substantial change in circumstances (e.g. change in custody, more than 30% change in income of either party, a parent loses the ability to work, changes in medical needs of a child, etc).

g. When one child ages out of child support (after graduation and the child has turned 18, or if the child marries or joins the military service) then child support will automatically recalculate based on the remaining child at the last-reported incomes of the parties.

23. MEDICAL INSURANCE. The parties are jointly responsible to ensure the child has medical and dental insurance and will work together to select insurance coverage. The parties will work together to determine how to best cover the children. Veronica will continue to maintain medical, dental, and vision insurance for the benefit of the minor children where it is available at reasonable cost. If Veronica is unable to provide medical insurance at a reasonable cost, Kenneth will provide medical insurance to the children through his work. If medical insurance is not available for reasonable cost, the parties will work together to ensure the children have health care coverage, if necessary, applying for public health care coverage such as CHIP or Medicaid.

- a. The parent providing insurance will provide the other with insurance information, including policy information and costs at the start of each insurance year. If insurance changes or costs change, the providing parent will provide updated information within 30 days of the change.
- b. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by medical, hospital, dental, or vision insurance plans of both parents, Veronica's insurance will be deemed primary and Kenneth's insurance will be deemed secondary.

24. OUT OF POCKET COSTS. The parties will be equally responsible for the out-of-pocket costs of any medical or dental costs (including co-pays, deductibles, etc) for the children including all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses incurred for the minor child, including deductibles and copayments.

- a. The party incurring an out of pocket medical cost for the children will submit to the other party verification of the costs, what they were for and how within 30 days of incurring the cost.
- b. The other party will reimburse for the verified out of pocket costs within 30 days of receiving the required verification.

25. NOTICE TO MEDICAL/DENTAL CREDITORS. Pursuant to Utah Code §§ 15-4-6.7, 30-3-2, and 30-3-5(1)(c), a medical or dental creditor who has been provided a copy of this order may not make a claim for unpaid medical expenses against a parent who has paid in full their share of the medical and dental expenses required to be paid by that parent under this order, nor may the creditor make a negative credit report under § 70C-7-107, or report of the debtor's repayment practices or credit history under Title 7, Chapter 14, Credit Information Exchange,

regarding a parent who has paid in full that share of the medical and dental expenses required to be paid by that parent under this order.

- a. Each party should provide a copy of this order to the creditor of the claimed medical or dental expense for the minor child.
- b. Each parent should notify the creditor of their own current address.
- c. Each parent has an individual duty to inform the medical or dental creditor of this provision regarding their own actual, alleged, or potential medical or dental debts for minor child and to provide their own, individual information. Neither parent shall be obligated to inform such providers on behalf of the other parent.

26. CHILDCARE. The children are old enough that the parties do not expect to need childcare. If the parties do require it, the parties shall share the costs for work, career, or occupational training-related childcare expenses equally consistent with Utah Code §81-6-209.

- a. The parent incurring childcare expenses should provide written verification of the cost and identity of the childcare provider to the other parent upon initial engagement of a provider, and thereafter, on the request of the other parent.
- b. The parties should first offer the other parent the opportunity to provide childcare before employing a third-party childcare provider.
- c. The party receiving notice of expenses incurred for childcare should be ordered to reimburse the other parent within 30 days of receiving notice.

27. SCHOOL AND EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES. The parties should share the costs for the minor children's school fees and costs equally. The children should continue the extracurricular activities they were engaged in and participated in prior to the divorce action.

- a. The parties should share the cost of any agreed-upon extracurricular activity equally.
- b. If the parties do not agree on a particular extracurricular activity, the party who enrolled the child in said activity shall be solely responsible for the cost thereof.
- c. A party should not enroll the child in an extracurricular activity that conflicts with the other party's parent-time without express agreement of the other party. If they do, the other parent will not be obligated to support the activity nor to take the child to the activity.
- d. Both parents are entitled to attend any practice, game, event, or other activity-related obligation for the children, regardless of whether they agreed to the activity or not.
- e. Required school fees include school meals, lab fees, instrument or equipment fees, locker and book fees, registration fees, etc., and shall not include school photos, spirit apparel, school uniforms (each will pay for their own) and non-agreed upon sports, clubs or activities.

28. TAXES. While there are two minor children, each party should claim one child each on their taxes. When the oldest child is emancipated, the parties should alternate claiming the child tax credits for the remaining minor child. Veronica will claim the child in odd numbered years.

Kenneth will claim the child in even numbered years. From the tax year 2026 and forward, the parties will file individual and separate tax returns.

PARENTING PLAN

29. CO-PARENTING ADVISORY GUIDELINES. The statutory co-parenting advisory guidelines in Utah Code §81-9-202 should be incorporated by reference. The incorporated provisions include but are not limited to the following:

- a. Parent-time schedules mutually agreed upon by both parents are preferable to a court-imposed solution.
- b. The parent-time schedule shall be utilized to maximize the continuity and stability of the child's life.
- c. Special consideration shall be given by each parent to make the child available to attend family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the child or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule.
- d. For curbside exchanges, the non-receiving parent shall have the child ready for the receiving parent at the time the child is to be picked up and shall be present at the designated pickup location or shall make reasonable alternate arrangements.
- e. Regular school hours may not be interrupted for a school-age child for the exercise of parent-time by either parent.
- f. Neither parent-time nor child support is to be withheld due to either parent's failure to comply with a court-ordered parent-time schedule.

g. Each parent shall be entitled to attend and participate fully in the child's significant school, community, family, or other activities whether or not it is that parent's week with the child.

h. Both parents shall have access directly to all school reports including preschool and daycare reports and medical records and shall be notified immediately by the custodial parent in the event of a medical emergency.

i. Each parent must notify the other within 24 hours of any appointment scheduled on behalf of the minor children so that both parents may attend.

j. Both parents are under an affirmative duty to notify the other parent within 24 hours of receiving notice of all significant school, social, sports and community functions in which the minor child is participating or being honored.

k. Both parents are entitled to attend and participate fully in any functions described in the subsection above.

l. During their parent time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others. The parent who makes that travel decision will notify the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.

m. Parental care is presumed to be better for the minor child than surrogate care.

n. Each parent shall provide all surrogate care providers with the name, current address and telephone number of the other parent and provide the other parent with the name, current address, and telephone number of all surrogate care providers.

30. DAY TO DAY DECISIONS. The parent who has the child should make day-to-day decisions (e.g., what to wear, what to eat, entertainment choices, who to spend time with, etc.) for the children without interference from the other parent. However, parents should coordinate decisions and efforts regarding major discipline issues.

31. EMERGENCY DECISIONS. The parent who has the child should make emergency decisions when needed, should promptly inform the other parent of the emergency, and should discuss the emergency with the other party as soon as practicable.

32. MAJOR LIFE DECISIONS. The parents will discuss together any major life decisions (including major educational, medical/dental, religious ordinances and major changes of appearance) for the child. Neither parent should act on a major life decision or make promises to a minor child regarding a major decision prior to discussing the matter with the other parent.

33. DISPUTE RESOLUTION. The parties will share responsibility for making major decisions about the children. Should the parties encounter a dispute regarding a major decision for the minor children, including medical, extracurricular, or religious decisions, the parties should confer in good faith to resolve the dispute. Should the dispute remain, Veronica will have the authority to make the final decision, subject to Kenneth's right to challenge the decision via appropriate legal action.

34. CONTACT INFORMATION. Each parent must provide the other with the parent's current address and telephone number, email address, and other virtual parent time access information within 24 hours of any change.

35. NO DISPARAGEMENT. Neither party will disparage the other parent or their immediate family members to or in the presence of the children. This includes posting statements on social

media where the children may likely encounter such statements. Neither parent will allow third parties to disparage the other in the children's presence.

PROPERTY DIVISION

36. REAL PROPERTY. The parties have joint interest in a marital home located at 1003 N 750 West, Clinton Utah, 84015. Using similar home comparisons and a 2025 notice of property and tax valuation, the parties agree the approximate amount of equity in the home is \$440,000.

- a. Veronica is awarded the exclusive use, enjoyment, possession, and control of the marital home, free and clear of any claim by Kenneth, subject to Veronica buying out Kenneth's equity interest as considered by the parties' total division of marital property.
- b. The parties shall work together to complete all necessary documents to transfer title of the home Veronica, such as by quitclaim deed or other process or instrument.
- c. Veronica shall buyout Kenneth's equity interest through the following award of funds and property:
 - i. Kenneth is awarded 100% of his retirement account with Precinmac Fidelity 401K 2029.
 - ii. Kenneth is awarded the amount accrued to Veronica's iThrive Ascensus Simple IRA 9580 as of March 3, 2026 of \$60,238.14.
 - iii. Kenneth is credited the total value of the lump-sum child support award in Section 22(c) as part of this property settlement. He is

relinquishing a portion of his equity interest in the marital home to provide child support, ensuring the children have a safe, stable place to live.

iv. Kenneth is awarded 100% ownership interest of the paid off Street Bike 2012 KAWK VN1700.

v. Kenneth is awarded 100% ownership interest of the ATV 2006 Yamaha YFM66F AVGR.

vi. Due to market volatility from the time the parties decided to pursue divorce (mid-February 2026), the amounts available on the parties' retirement accounts have and will continue changing to unknown amounts. Aware of this, Kenneth voluntarily agrees to be awarded his 50% share of the marital estate as listed above. Veronica acknowledges that her 50% share of the marital estate may amount to less than the total value of the property. To account for this, Veronica agrees to relinquish any future claims for health insurance premiums in the event that Kenneth is unable to provide medical insurance in the future due to retirement or loss of benefits due to loss or change of jobs. In such event, Veronica will take on sole financial responsibility to provide health coverage and pay the insurance premiums for the minor children in its entirety.

d. In exchange for the above award of property, funds, assets, and credit for child support, Kenneth relinquishes any present or future claim of any additional distributions or payments for his equitable share of the total marital estate assets.

37. VEHICLES. The parties have acquired multiple vehicles during the marriage. The vehicles are divided as follows:

- a. Veronica is awarded 100% ownership interest the 2012 Toyota Sienna.
- b. Kenneth is awarded 100% ownership interest in the 2025 Ford Super Duty F350 SRW. If he has not done so already, Kenneth shall refinance the vehicle, removing Veronica's name from title and any debt owing within 30 days of entry of the Decree.
- c. Kenneth is awarded 100% ownership interest in the 2015 SHOCKWAVE 25FQMX. If he has not done so already, Kenneth shall refinance the vehicle removing Veronica's name from title and any loan obligations and debt owing within 30 days of entry of the Decree.
- d. Kenneth is awarded 100% ownership interest in the Street Bike 2012 KAWK VN1700.
- e. Kenneth is awarded 100% ownership interest in the ATV 2006 Yamaha YFM66F AVGR.
- f. Each party is responsible for any loans, maintenance, insurance or other costs and liabilities on their respective vehicles.

38. PERSONAL PROPERTY. The parties will work together to equitably divide any personal property that still needs to be divided. Each party is awarded their own personal effects and premarital property. If the parties are unable to resolve the remaining personal property division, they will return to mediation to resolve personal property before bringing the matter to court.

39. FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS. The parties shall divide their financial accounts as follows:

- a. The Goldenwest Credit Union (“GWCU”) accounts ending in *8088 and *3656 will be immediately closed following the loans under those accounts being refinanced in Kenneth’s name.
- b. Veronica is awarded 100% of the funds available in the GWCU checking and savings account ending in *8088.
- c. The GWCU account ending in *4740 will be closed immediately following payment for repairs related to the home insurance claim under Section 40(c).
- d. Veronica is awarded the GWCU account ending in *3790 and all funds therein free of any claim from Kenneth.
- e. Kenneth is awarded the GWCU account ending in *6570 and all funds therein free of any claim from Veronica.
- f. The GWCU accounts ending in *3666 and *2774 list Veronica as a joint custodian with Maximus. Veronica may remain listed on the account. The account and all funds therein are awarded to Maximus.
- g. The Vanguard brokerage account ending in 3475 is awarded to Veronica free of any claim from Kenneth.

40. DEBTS. During the marriage, the parties incurred the following debts:

- a. Loan with Goldenwest Credit Union on the 2025 Ford Super Duty F350 SRW vehicle. The current amount owed on the loan is approximately \$48,446.89.
- b. Loan with Goldenwest Credit Union on the 2015 SHOCKWAVE 25FQMX. The amount owed on the loan is approximately \$13,676.80.

- i. Kenneth will assume sole responsibility for any debts or liabilities associated with the above listed vehicles, holding Veronica harmless of any and all debt and liability thereon.
 - ii. If he has not done so already, Kenneth shall refinance the vehicles, as needed to remove Veronica's name from title and any debt owing within 30 days of entry of the Decree.
- c. ONGOING HOME INSURANCE CLAIM. As of the date of the petition was filed, the parties have a current and ongoing home insurance claim with Allstate (claim no. 000815994488) for repairs and renovations in the kitchen, living room, dining room, and basement of the marital home. Regardless of the time the Decree is entered and the divorce is finalized:
 - i. Each party should cooperate with resolving the claim by providing documentation, signatures of documents, or any other requested information or action to ensure the claim is completely and promptly resolved.
 - ii. Allstate has accepted the claim and has sent and will continue to send funds in checks to cover repairs related to the claim.
 - iii. In the event there are any costs related to the claim that are not covered by insurance, the parties shall split the costs equally.
- d. Other than the debts described herein, the parties shall be individually liable for any debt acquired in their name after March 2, 2026, holding the other party

harmless from those debts. Neither party will incur further debt in the name of the other party or any community debt.

41. FAMILY TRUST. The parties hereby revoke their joint family trust. The parties will work together to execute and sign any documentation needed to transfer the assets under the trust to the parties as the parties agree and by the terms of this Agreement. Specifically, the marital home at 1003 N 750 W, Clinton, UT 84015 shall be deeded to Veronica.

- a. The parties will share the cost of actions required to dissolve the trust and appropriately transfer its assets equally.
- b. The parties shall complete all required actions to dissolve the trust within 90 days from the entry of the Decree.

42. RETIREMENT. The parties' retirement funds and accounts are awarded as follows:

- a. Veronica Easley ("Participant") has accrued retirement benefits as a result of employment with iThrive Funding under an Ascensus Simple IRA Plan. A total of \$60,238.14 from Veronica Easley's Ascensus SIMPLE IRA Plan ID 639580, will be transferred directly to Kenneth Easley's IRA as a non-taxable transfer incident to divorce under Section 408(d)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- b. The complete account numbers, dates of birth, and social security numbers of the parties are contained in a separate sensitive data sheet, a copy of which shall be provided to the IRA custodian. Both parties shall complete such forms and or distribution election forms as required by the IRA custodian to complete the transfer. The IRA custodian has complete authority to make the Plan transfer called for herein.

- c. Kenneth has accrued retirement benefits as a result of employment with Precinmac under a Precinmac Fidelity 401K 2029 Plan. Kenneth is awarded his entire 401K free of any claim by Veronica now or in the future.

43. ALIMONY. The parties are both capable of financially supporting themselves. Neither party is awarded alimony and waives all past, present, and future claims for alimony.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

44. MAIDEN NAME. Veronica may return to her maiden name of Veronica Rocio Fabian Montes following the divorce if she so chooses.

45. NON-DISCHARGED OBLIGATION. If a parent fails to comply with a provision of this parenting plan or Decree, the other parent's obligations hereunder are not affected.

46. MUTUAL RESTRAINT. Each party shall be permanently restrained from doing or saying anything to the detriment, harm, or injury of the other party. The parties shall be mutually restrained from involving any third party to injure or harm, harass, abuse, stalk, or bother the other party or any person associated with the other party.

- a. Both parties are restrained from saying or doing anything that would tend to diminish the love and affection of the minor children to the other parent, including and not limited to demeaning or disparaging the other parent, speaking derogatorily or in a belittling manner about the other parent, speaking to the children about other issues in this matter, or from attempting to influence a child's preference regarding custody or visitation.
- b. Both parties should be restrained from making visitation arrangements through a child.

- c. The parties are expressly restrained from taking any action that would place a minor child “in the middle” of a dispute or issue that should otherwise be resolved by the parents directly between themselves.
- d. Both parties are restrained from harassing, annoying or otherwise bothering the other party or a minor child.
- e. Neither parent should question the children about the other parent’s personal relationships, financial spending, or otherwise use a minor child as a tool for discovery.
- f. Neither parent should use a minor child as a confidante to counsel with about their own personal problems, especially problems relating to the other parent.
- g. Neither parent should ask minor children to lie for them or to keep something secret from the other parent.
- h. Communication about a minor child should be between the parents only. The parents should not require each other to speak with his or her new romantic partner or spouse.
- i. Both parties are restrained from permitting third parties to do what the parties themselves are prohibited from doing under this paragraph. Both parties have an affirmative duty to use his or her best efforts to prevent third parties from committing such violations and should remove a minor child from circumstances exposing the minor child to such violations.

47. MEDIATION. Prior to bringing any enforcement or modification action in this case for hearing before the court, the parties shall attempt in good faith to mutually resolve the issue. If

the parties cannot agree, the parties shall attend mediation. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties or ordered by the court, the parties shall equally split the mediation fee.

48. DUTY TO SIGN. The parties should each be ordered to execute and deliver to the other such documents as are required to implement the provisions of the Decree of Divorce within 60 days of the Decree being entered. Should a party fail to execute a necessary document within 60 days of the entry of the Decree, the other party may bring an Order to Show Cause and request that the Court appoint a Clerk of this Court to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party. Attorneys fees and costs may be awarded against the non-compliant party.

***** END OF DECREE *****

Signature of the Court to Appear at Top of First Page

APPROVAL AS TO FORM

DATED August 18, 2026

/s/ Kenneth Easley
KENNETH EASLEY
Respondent Pro Se

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on August 18, 2026, I caused a true and correct copy of the above document to be served upon the persons and in the manner stated below:

KENNETH EASLEY
Respondent Pro Se
By e-mail to keneasley@msn.com