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Attorney for Petitioner, Chazlyn Robbins

**IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
IN AND FOR DAVIS COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH**

In the matter of the marriage of: CHAZLYN ROBBINS Petitioner and TIMOTHY WAYNE ROBBINS Respondent	DECREE OF DIVORCE Civil No.: 264700022 Judge: Blaine Rawson Commissioner: Christina Wilson
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On January 6, 2026, Petitioner, Chazlyn Robbins (“**Petitioner**”), filed the Petition for Divorce (the “**Petition**”). On February 17, 2026, Respondent, Timothy Robbins (“**Respondent**”), filed the Verified Counterpetition for Divorce (the “**Counterpetition**”). The parties have been able to reach an agreement to resolve all issues related to the Petition and Counterpetition as evidenced by that certain Stipulation executed by the parties and filed with the Court on July 3, 2026 (the “**Stipulation**”).

The Court having reviewed the Stipulation, and being familiar with the papers and pleadings on file herein, hereby ORDERS AND DECREES as follows:

The parties have experienced irreconcilable differences during their marriage and are hereby granted a Decree of Divorce, subject to the following provisions:

GROUND

1. The parties were married on December 28, 2004 in Salt Lake City, State of Utah.
2. The parties separated on or about August 14, 2025.

CHILDREN AND PARENTS

3. There have been three (3) children born as issues of this relationship and marriage, to wit: H.A.R., born May, 2011, E.L.R., born August, 2012, and H.R.R., born February, 2014 (collectively referred to as the “**children**” and individually as the “**child**”).
4. The parties are the legal mother and legal father of the children under Utah’s Uniform Parentage Act, Utah Code Annotated (“**U.C.A.**”) 81-5-101 et seq. This court has jurisdiction to determine the issues related to the children in this divorce action because the parties became the legal parents of the children prior to or during the time the parties were married.

JURISDICTION/VENUE

5. The Petitioner was for more than three (3) months prior to filing this action an actual and bona fide resident of Davis County, State of Utah.
6. Pursuant to U.C.A. 78A-5-102, 81-4-402, district court has proper jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action.
7. Pursuant to U.C.A. Section 81-4-203, this court is the proper venue for this action.
8. The children reside in Utah and have done so for more than six (6) months prior to the filing of the Petition.
9. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because

Utah is the home state of the children and this case meets the criteria under U.C.A. 81-11-201.

10. Pursuant to Rule 100 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure:

- a. There are no other proceedings in a court of law or governmental agency for custody, child support, parent-time or visitation concerning the children which have been filed, or are pending, or have been completed with an order.
- b. There are currently no juvenile court proceedings against or involving the children.
- c. There is not any person who is not a party to these proceedings who has physical custody of the children and who claims to have custody, child support, and/or parent-time or visitation rights with respect to the children.

LEGAL CUSTODY

11. The parties are awarded joint legal custody of the children, subject to the following parenting plan:

- a. Each parent may make decisions regarding the day-to-day care and control of the children while exercising parent-time with the children.
- b. For non-emergency situations, the parents shall consult with one another and attempt in good faith to reach an agreement on major issues concerning the medical, mental health, religion and education of the children, and shall use the following decision-making procedure as their guide:
 - i. First, the parties shall discuss the major issue with one another;
 - ii. Second, if the parties are unable to reach a joint decision, the

parties shall seek advice and counsel from experts on the type of issue related to the children;

iii. Third, if the parties are unable to reach a joint decision after speaking/consulting with a professional, the parties shall participate in one session of mediation with the costs of the mediation being equally shared between the parties;

iv. Fourth, if the parties are unable to reach a resolution in mediation, either party may file a motion for review with this Court.

c. While exercising parent-time with the children, the parent shall exercise proper parenting functions for the benefit and welfare of the children.

Parenting functions means those aspects of the parent-child relationship in which the parent makes decisions and performs functions necessary for the care and growth of the children. Parenting functions include, but are not necessarily limited to:

i. Maintaining a loving, stable, consistent, and nurturing relationship with the children;

ii. Attending to the daily needs of the children, such as feeding, clothing, physical care, grooming, supervision, health care, day care, and engaging in other activities which are appropriate to the developmental level of the children and that are within the social and economic circumstances of the particular family;

iii. Attending to adequate education for the children, including

remedial or other education essential to the best interest of the children;

iv. Assisting the children in developing and maintaining appropriate interpersonal relationships;

v. Exercising appropriate judgment regarding the children's welfare, consistent with the children's developmental level and family social and economic circumstances; and

vi. Providing for the financial support of the children.

d. The parent-time schedule shall be used to maximize the continuity and stability of the children's lives.

e. Special consideration shall be given by each parent to make the children available to attend family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays, important ceremonies, and other significant events in the lives of the children or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule. Neither parent shall use these considerations to reduce the number of overnights a parent receives each year.

f. Neither parent-time nor child support is to be withheld due to either parent's failure to comply with a court-ordered parent-time schedule or payment of child support.

g. Each parent shall be entitled to attend school, social, sports, and community functions in which a child is participating or being honored.

- h. Each parent shall have access directly to all school reports and medical records and shall be notified immediately by the other parent in the event of a medical emergency.
- i. Each parent shall provide the other with the parent's current address and telephone number, email address, and other virtual parent-time access information within 24 hours of any change.
- j. Both parents shall ensure that the children are ready for parent-time with the other parent before pick-up time.
- k. During reasonable hours, each parent shall permit and encourage reasonable and uncensored/unmonitored communications with the children in the form of mail privileges and virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available. If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the children, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.
- l. Virtual parent-time means parent-time facilitated by tools such as telephone, email, instant messaging, video conferencing, and other wired or wireless technologies over the Internet or other communication media. Virtual parent time is designed to supplement, not replace, in-person parent-time.
- m. For emergency purposes, whenever the children travel with either parent for three or more overnights in a row or out of the state, all of the following

will be provided to the other parent:

- i. an itinerary of travel dates;
 - ii. Destinations;
 - iii. places where the children or traveling parent can be reached; and
 - iv. the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the children's location.
- n. To the extent a parent will be away from the children overnight during their parent-time, that parent must notify the other and provide them with the option to provide care for the children before seeking third-party assistance.
- o. Each party shall be responsible for keeping adequate clothing and other necessities for the children in their home.
- p. The parties shall equally share the cost of an agreed upon cell phone for each of the children.

PHYSICAL CUSTODY

- 12.** The parties are awarded joint physical custody of the children.
- 13.** Parent-time shall be as the parties agree. In the event the parties cannot agree, the parties shall exercise parent-time according to a week on/week off schedule where the parties' exchange the children on Sundays at 4:00 pm.
- 14.** The party ending his or her parent-time is responsible to drop-off the children at the other parent's home.
- 15.** The parties shall exercise holiday parent-time according to U.C.A. 81-9-303 as follows:

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Years Petitioner Exercises Holiday Parent-Time	Years Respondent Exercises Holiday Parent-Time
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering of the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Presidents' Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Presidents' Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time school is dismissed for spring break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends	Odd years	Even years

	upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.		
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Memorial Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the minor child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Mother's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 8:30 p.m.	Each Year	Neither Year
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 8:30 p.m.	Neither Year	Each Year
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at 5:30 p.m. and ends on Saturday at 5:30 p.m., if Juneteenth National Freedom Day is on the	Even years	Odd years

	day before Father's Day. (2) Holiday begins on Sunday at 8:30 p.m. and ends on Tuesday at 8:30 p.m., if Juneteenth National Freedom Day is on Father's Day or on the day following Father's Day. (3) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day and ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day, unless Juneteenth National Freedom Day is on Father's Day, the day before Father's Day, or the day following Father's Day.		
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Labor Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the	Odd years	Even years

	holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.		
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for fall break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for fall break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 3 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for Thanksgiving; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school	Even years	Odd years

	dismisses for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes.		
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 8:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years

16. Each party shall designate two consecutive weeks to exercise uninterrupted

parent-time during the summer when school is not in session for vacation purposes.

a. For odd years, Petitioner shall designate her two weeks by May 1st and

Respondent shall designate his two weeks by May 31st.

b. For even years, Respondent shall designate his two weeks by May 1st and

Petitioner shall designate her two weeks by May 31st.

17. Petitioner is solely responsible for transporting the children to and from school during each party's parent-time.

18. Respondent is solely responsible for transporting the children to and from all activities associated with the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints that the children choose to participate in.

19. The above parent-time schedule shall be replaced with the schedule in U.C.A. 81-9-305 should Petitioner become unable or unwilling to provide all of the children's transportation to and from school. In such event, Petitioner shall exercise every Monday and Tuesday overnight and Respondent shall exercise every Wednesday and Thursday overnight, with the parties alternating the weekend block of Friday, Saturday, and Sunday overnights. The parties shall make any needed modifications to the pick up and drop off schedule to implement said schedule. Such replacement shall not affect the holiday and summer parent-time schedules agreed to herein. Upon switching to the schedule in U.C.A. 81-9-305, each party shall be responsible for the children's transportation to and from school during their parent-time.

20. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, uninterrupted parent-time means the other party not exercising the uninterrupted parent-time is not entitled to any in-person

parent-time, but it shall not preclude any reasonable phone contact between the party not exercising the uninterrupted parent-time and the children.

INCOMES AND CHILD SUPPORT

21. Petitioner has a gross monthly income of \$5,000.00 for child support purposes.
22. Respondent has a gross monthly income of \$12,156.00 for child support purposes.
23. Based upon the parties' respective income and a joint child support worksheet, Respondent shall pay \$572.00 per month in child support to Petitioner commencing July 1, 2026.
24. Child support for a child shall continue until the child becomes 18 years of age or graduates from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, or if the child dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States, or is emancipated in accordance with Utah Code 80-7-102 et seq., Emancipation.
25. Under Utah Code 81-6-212(5), the parties have a right to adjust the child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if: (1) upon review there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, (2) the difference is not of a temporary nature, and (3) the amount previously ordered does not deviate from the child support guidelines.
26. Under Utah Code 81-6-202(8) and 81-6-212(3)-(4), the parties have a right to modify the child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of: (1) material changes in custody; (2) material

changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties; (3) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a Party; (4) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn; (5) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or (6) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either Party for the support of others. The change in (1) through (6) must result in a 15% or more difference between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, and the difference must not be of a temporary nature. In a proceeding to modify an existing award, consideration of natural or adoptive children other than those in common to both parties may be applied to mitigate an increase in the child support award, but may not be applied to justify a decrease in the award.

27. The parties shall use the Office of Recovery Services for the payment/receipt of child support between the parties. Until such time that the Office of Recovery Services begins collecting said child support, Respondent shall pay Petitioner directly. The obligee shall be entitled to mandatory income withholding relief pursuant to Utah Code 26B-9 et. al., and any Federal and State tax refunds or rebates due the non-custodial parent may be intercepted by the State of Utah and applied to existing child support arrearages. This income withholding procedure shall apply to existing and future payers. All withheld income shall be submitted to the Office of Recovery Services until such time as obligor no longer owes child support to obligee. All child support payments shall be made to the Office of Recovery Services, P.O. Box 45011, Salt Lake City, UT 84145-011, unless the Office of Recovery Services gives notice that payments should be sent elsewhere. Should mandatory income withholding be implemented by the Office of Recovery Services,

child support shall be due on the first day of each month and delinquent on the first day of the following month.

CHILD CARE

28. Each party is responsible for their own child care expenses.

CHILD HEALTH CARE

29. Respondent is responsible to maintain medical, hospital, vision and dental care insurance (“**Insurance**”) for the children so long as it is available through his employer. Otherwise, whichever parent can obtain Insurance for the child at the most reasonable cost with the best coverage shall obtain and maintain said Insurance for the child.

30. To the extent the children are covered by the health insurance of both parties, Respondent’s insurance shall be considered the primary insurance and Petitioner’s insurance shall be considered the secondary insurance.

31. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the parties are not obligated to double insure the children.

32. If a parent marries and the children are not covered by that parent’s Insurance but are covered by a step-parent’s plan, the Insurance of the step-parent shall be treated as if it is the Insurance of the married parent and shall retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of the children.

33. The parties shall divide equally the children’s portion of the monthly Insurance premium actually paid by a party for the children’s portion of the Insurance on a per capita basis.

34. The parties shall divide equally all reasonable and necessary out-of-pocket

medical, dental, accident, hospital, optical, psychotherapeutic, orthodontic expenses, including all deductibles and copayments incurred for the children's benefit and actually paid by a party.

35. Both parties shall equally share all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses, including deductibles, coinsurance and copayments, incurred for the children and actually paid by a party.

36. The party who incurs a health care expense shall provide email verification of the cost and payment of those health care expenses to the other party within thirty (30) days of payment.

37. The reimbursing party has thirty (30) days from receipt of verification of health care expenses and proof of payment to reimburse the other party his or her half of the health care expenses.

38. A party incurring a health care expense may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other party's share of the expenses if that party fails to comply with this order.

39. The party ordered to maintain the coverage shall provide verification of coverage to the other party on or before January 2 of each year or within thirty (30) days of any changes of coverage.

TAX DEDUCTION

40. In the event there are an even number of children that are able to be claimed as dependents for federal and state income tax purposes, the parties shall equally divide the children such that each party claims the same number of children as dependents for their

taxes every year.

41. In the event there are an odd number of children that are able to be claimed as dependents for federal and state income tax purposes, such that one parent will claim one more child than the other party as a dependent, for even tax years, Petitioner shall be entitled to claim the additional child and for odd tax years Respondent shall claim the additional child.

42. Pursuant to U.C.A. 81-6-210(4), if Respondent is not current on his child support obligation (including any medical reimbursements) by December 31st of the tax year he is otherwise entitled to claim a child, Respondent shall not be entitled to claim any of the children and Petitioner shall instead be entitled to claim the child(ren) for that tax year.

43. Pursuant to U.C.A. 81-6-210(5), a party may not claim a child for tax purposes if doing so will not result in a tax benefit to that party and must notify the other party and allow him or her to claim the benefit for that tax year.

RELOCATION

44. Given the equal parent-time arrangement, if either party moves more than 25 miles from the other party, the moving party shall provide the notice requirements to the other party as set forth in Utah Code Ann. Section 81-9-209.

EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES AND SCHOOL FEES

45. Each party is responsible for one-half of the expenses related to the children's extracurricular activities so long as the parties agree in advance that the children can participate in such extracurricular activity in writing.

46. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Respondent is solely responsible for all expenses

resulting from the children's participation in activities associated with the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints.

47. A party who incurs an extracurricular activity expense on behalf of a child for which he or she is entitled to reimbursement shall provide written verification of the expense and/or payment of the expense to the non-incurring party via email within thirty (30) days of incurring the expense or making a payment towards the expense. The non-incurring party who receives such written verification shall remit his or her one-half share of the expense to the other party who incurred the expense within thirty (30) days of receiving written verification of the cost and/or payment.

48. Each party shall assume and be responsible for fifty percent (50%) of any out-of-pocket school expenses (i.e. registration fees, books, required supplies, lab fees, school lunch, school uniforms, etc.) incurred on behalf of the child during the time leading up to and including high school. The party incurring the out-of-pocket school expense shall submit to the other party via email an invoice, bill, receipt, or verification of the incurred expense within thirty (30) days of payment or receiving the same and shall be reimbursed by the other party within thirty (30) days of receipt of those school expense invoices, bills, receipts, and/or verification.

PERSONAL PROPERTY

49. All property and all property rights which may be vested in either party as a result of family inheritance, trusts, or similar sources is awarded to the party from whose family it came.

50. During the course of the marriage relationship, the parties acquired certain items

of personal property.

51. Petitioner is awarded the 2017 Kia Sedona LX as her sole and separate property.

52. Respondent is awarded the 2022 Nissan Frontier SV as his sole and separate property.

53. Each party is awarded any debt associated with the personal property awarded to him or her and shall refinance that debt to remove the other party's name from such debt within ninety (90) days of entry of the parties' Decree of Divorce.

54. All other items of personal property shall be divided as the parties can agree. In the event the parties cannot agree, either party may seek review of the personal property with the Court.

DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS

55. Each party is awarded and responsible for any debt he or she incurred prior to the marriage and after the parties' separation.

56. Each party is awarded any debt in his or her own name, except as otherwise provided herein.

57. All other marital debt incurred before the parties separation shall be equally divided between the parties.

58. Each party shall notify respective creditors or obligees regarding the division of debts, obligations, or liabilities herein and the parties' addresses.

59. Each party shall indemnify and hold the other party harmless from any and all debts he or she is responsible to pay.

REAL PROPERTY

60. During the course of the marriage, the parties acquired real property located at 1629 East Juniper Street Layton, UT 84040 (the “**Marital Home**”).

61. Petitioner is awarded the Marital Home as her sole and separate property, subject to a lump sum payment of Respondent’s share of the equity in the Marital Home.

62. Petitioner shall pay Respondent One Hundred and Fifty Thousand dollars (\$150,000) (the “**Equity Buyout**”) within thirty (30) days of the QDRO dividing the retirement account being entered. Within seven (7) days of receipt of the Equity Buyout funds, Respondent shall execute a quitclaim deed transferring sole ownership of the Marital Property to Petitioner. Should Petitioner fail to make timely payment, the Home shall be listed for sale at a price reasonably calculated to close within 90 days, and Respondent shall be entitled to the first \$150,000 of sale proceeds.

ALIMONY

63. Neither party is awarded alimony now or in the future.

RETIREMENT AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS

64. During the marriage the parties have acquired certain retirement and investment accounts including the Empower Retirement Savings account ending in 7371 (the “**Empower Account**”).

65. The parties shall divide the Empower Account such that Petitioner shall receive \$381,605.00 from the Empower Account with a valuation date of June 25, 2026, which amount shall be adjusted for market gains and losses from the date of valuation to the date of actual segregation.

66. The parties shall work together to execute a QDRO or any other documents

necessary to divide the Empower Account within thirty (30) days of entry of the parties' Decree of Divorce. Unless otherwise agreed, the parties shall equally share the cost to prepare said QDRO and shall utilize the services of Rori Hendrix for said preparation.

67. The parties shall equally divide the funds in the US Bank Checking account ending in 7864 and the US Bank Savings Account ending in 8566.

68. Each party is awarded all other bank accounts in his or her own name.

69. All other joint accounts, held between the parties shall be closed and any value divided equally between the parties.

70. Any additional marital portion of value held in other retirement accounts, investment accounts, and other financial accounts in either parties' name shall be equally divided between the parties.

MUTUAL RESTRAINING ORDERS

71. Neither party shall make any denigrating or derogatory remarks about the other party or the other party's parenting style directly to the other party, or directly to or in the presence of the children, on social media or to third parties. Each party is also obligated to remove the children from any environment where third parties may be engaging in similar conduct.

72. Neither party shall commit, try to commit or threaten to commit any form of violence or abuse to the other party, the children or the other party's family members or relatives. This includes, but is not limited to, stalking, harassing, threatening, physically hurting, intimidating, and causing emotional, verbal or any other form of abuse.

73. Neither party shall discuss this action with the children.

74. Both parties shall restrain and refrain from the use and/or consumption of any illegal and/or non-prescribed prescription drugs/medications during any period of time in which the children are in a party's respective care and custody, including, but not limited to, any extended or holiday parent-time, or twenty-four (24) hours prior to the children being in a party's respective care and custody, and they shall shield the children from witnessing the use or abuse of non-prescription drugs, or any other type of illegal or illicit substance or drug.

75. Both parties are restrained and enjoined from being inebriated while in the children's presence or while communicating with the children.

MISCELLANEOUS

76. Both parties are ordered to sign and fully execute whatever documents are necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this Decree. Should a party fail to execute a document within sixty (60) days of the entry of this Decree, the other party may bring a Motion to Enforce at the expense of the disobedient party and ask that the Court appoint some other person to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

77. Petitioner shall be restored to her maiden name, if she so desires.

** Judge's Electronic Signature, date of entry and Seal of the Court are located in the top right-hand corner of the first page of this Order.*

-----End of Order-----

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

/s/ Travis Robertson*

Travis Robertson
Attorney for Respondent
*Electronically signed with consent provided via email
July 14, 2026

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the above Decree of Divorce was served
upon the parties below on the 28th day of July, 2026, in accordance with Rule 5 of the Utah

Rules of Civil Procedure:

Travis Robertson
Attorney for Respondent
Via e-filing

/s/ Aaron A. Thompson
Aaron A. Thompson
Attorney for Petitioner