

Carson Andrew Robbins

Name

8116 n ridge loop w Apt n1

Address

Eagle mountain, Utah 84005

City, State, Zip

385-461-3932

Phone

crobb1013@gmail.com

Email

Check your email. You will receive information
and documents at this email address.

In the Court of Utah

Court Address 800 WEST STATE STREET, FARMINGTON, UT 84025

In the Matter of (select one)

☒ the Children of (to establish
custody, parent-time or child
support)

Carson Andrew Robbins

(name of Petitioner)

and

Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson

(name of Respondent)

Other parties (if any)

Parentage Decree and Judgment

244700280

Case Number

David J. Williams

Judge

Christina Wilson

Commissioner (domestic cases)

This matter is before the court on **Carson Andrew Robbins's** Parentage Petition. The Court has entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. It is

ORDERED AND DECREED

Children (Utah Code 81-6-101(7))

1. **Carson Andrew Robbins and Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** are the legal parents of the following children (Utah Code 81-5-102 et seq.)

a. Any unborn child listed is expected to be born within 300 days of the entry of the decree.

Minor Children

a.

Child Name: **Tanner Eugene Robbins**

Date of Birth: **Feb 9, 2023**

Biological Father Information

2. Carson Andrew Robbins is the biological parent of the children named below:

a. Tanner Eugene Robbins, Feb 9, 2023

Children birth records (Required by Utah Office of Vital Records and Statistics)

3. Petitioner Information

a. Name: **Carson Andrew Robbins**

b. Gender:

c. Full birth name as it appears on his birth certificate: **Carson Andrew Robbins**

4. Respondent Information

a. Name: **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson**

b. Gender:

c. Full birth name as it appears on her birth certificate: **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson**

5. Children Information

Child's name as it shall appear on the child's birth certificate: **Tanner Eugene Robbins**

Child's date of birth: **Feb 9, 2023**

Children – Jurisdiction over custody and parent-time issues (Utah Code 81-11-101, 81-11-201, and 81-11-208)

6. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because:

- Utah is the home state of the parties' minor children under Utah Code 81-11-101, or
- This case meets the criteria under Utah Code 81-11-201, 207, and 208.

7. During the last five years, the minor children have lived at the following places and with the following people:

a.

Child Name: **Tanner Eugene Robbins**

Date of Birth: **Feb 9, 2023**

i.

Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**

Move-in Date: **Jul 1, 2024**

Address: **8116 n ridge loop w , Apt n1, Eagle mountain, Utah 84005 United**

States

(1).

Caretaker at this address: **Carson Robbins**

Caretaker current address: **8116 n ridge loop w , Apt n1, Eagle mountain, Utah 84005 United States**

ii.

Move-out Date: This is the child's current address

Move-in Date: Feb 1, 2024

Address: 380 E 7200 S, Apt 321, Midvale , Utah 84047 United States

(1).

Caretaker at this address: Kaytlynn Eskelson

Caretaker current address: 380 E 7200 S, Apt 321, Midvale , Utah 84047

United States

iii.

Move-out Date: Jul 1, 2024

Move-in Date: Aug 1, 2022

Address: 267 w center street , Apt 13, Bountiful , Utah 84001 United States

(1).

Caretaker at this address: Carson Robbins

Caretaker current address: 8116 n ridge loop w , Apt n1, Eagle mountain,

Utah 84005 United States

(2).

Caretaker at this address: Kaytlynn eskelson

Caretaker current address: 380 E 7200 S, Apt 321, Midvale , Utah 84047

United States

Children – Other court proceedings

(Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100; Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, UCCJEA, Utah Code 81-11-101 et seq.; Utah Uniform Interstate Family support Act, UIFSA, Utah Code 81-8-102 et seq.)

I say the following:

8. There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about **Carson Andrew Robbins** and **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's** minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases.

9. **Carson Andrew Robbins** and **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** have physical custody of our child(ren), and are the only people who have custody, child support, and parent-time rights to our child(ren).

PARENTING PLAN

This Parenting Plan is being filed in good faith.

This parenting plan is agreed to by **Carson Andrew Robbins** and **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson**.

Children - custody

(Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 9, Part 3)

10. It is in the children's best interest that the parties be awarded Joint Legal and Joint Physical Custody. **Carson Andrew Robbins** is filing this Parenting Plan and verifies the plan is filed in good faith.

11. The children should reside in **Carson Andrew Robbins's** home **182** overnights each year and in **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's** home **183** overnights each year.

Parent-time

The parents will follow a custom parent-time schedule.

a. **Tanner Eugene Robbins shall be picked up by Carson Andrew Robbins every Sunday morning. Tanner shall remain in Carson Andrew Robbins' care overnight on Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday. Tanner shall then be dropped off on Wednesday morning to Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson. Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson shall have Tanner in her care every Wednesday and Thursday overnight. The parties shall alternate custody of Tanner Eugene Robbins on Friday and Saturday on a weekly basis.**

FOR CHILDREN UNDER 5 MONTHS OF AGE (Utah Code 81-9-304):

Weekly: Three two-hour visits every week in the home of the custodial parent, an established child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the child, unless the parents agree otherwise.

Holidays: Two hours on each of the noncustodial parent's holidays indicated below in the Special Occasion table in the home of the custodial parent, an established child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the child, unless the parents agree otherwise.

FOR CHILDREN 5 MONTHS TO UNDER 9 MONTHS OF AGE:

Weekly: Three three-hour visits every week in the home of the custodial parent, an established child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the child, unless the parents agree otherwise.

Holidays: Two hours on each of the noncustodial parent's holidays indicated below in the Special Occasion table in the home of the custodial parent, an established child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the child, unless the parents agree otherwise.

FOR CHILDREN 9 MONTHS TO UNDER 12 MONTHS OF AGE:

Weekly: One 8 hour visit every week and one 3 hour visit every week.

Holidays: Eight hours on each of the noncustodial parent's holidays indicated below in the Special Occasion table, and

Electronic Communication: Brief telephone contact and/or virtual parent-time at least two times a week, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration. Virtual parent time

may be exercised if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, provided that if the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.

FOR CHILDREN 12 MONTHS TO UNDER 18 MONTHS OF AGE:

Alternate Weekends: One 8 hour visit on alternating weekends to be specified by the noncustodial parent; and overnight from 6 p.m. on Friday until noon on Saturday the opposite alternating weekends.

Weekly: One 3 hour visit every week.

Holidays: Eight hours on each of the noncustodial parent's holidays indicated below in the Special Occasion table, and

Electronic Communication: Brief telephone contact and/or virtual parent-time at least two times a week, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration. Virtual parent time may be exercised if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, provided that if the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.

FOR CHILDREN 18 MONTHS TO UNDER 3 YEARS OF AGE:

Midweek: One weekday evening from 5:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. to be specified by the noncustodial parent. However, if the child is being cared for during the day outside the child's regular place of residence, the noncustodial parent may, with advance notice to the custodial parent, pick up the child from the caregiver at an earlier time and return the child to the custodial parent by 8:30 p.m.

Alternate Weekends: Alternative weekends beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree from 6:00 p.m. Friday until 7:00 p.m. Sunday.

Holiday Parent-time: Holidays as specified below in the Special Occasion table.

Extended Parent-time: Two one-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at the option of the noncustodial parent;

- a. one week shall be uninterrupted time for the parent granted the extended parent-time;
- b. the remaining week shall be subject to weekday parent-time for the custodial parent on the same day as the parent exercising the extended parent-time has during the other weeks of the year; and
- c. the custodial parent shall have an identical one-week period of uninterrupted time for vacation.

Notification of extended parent-time or vacation weeks with the child shall be provided at least 30 days in advance to the custodial parent.

Electronic Communication: Brief telephone contact and/or virtual parent-time at least two times a week, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration. Virtual parent time may be exercised if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, provided that if the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.

FOR CHILDREN 3 YEARS TO UNDER 5 YEARS OF AGE (81-9-304):

Midweek: One weekday evening from 5:30 - 8:30 p.m. to be specified by the noncustodial parent. However, if the child is being cared for during the day outside the child's regular place of residence, the noncustodial parent may, with advance notice to the custodial parent, pick up the child from the caregiver at an earlier time and return the child to the custodial parent by 8:30 p.m.

Alternate Weekends: Alternative weekends beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree from 6:00 p.m. on Friday until 7:00 p.m. on Sunday continuing.

Holiday Parent-time: Holidays as specified below in the Special Occasion table.

Extended Parent-time: Two two-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at the option of the noncustodial parent;

a. one two-week period shall be uninterrupted time for the parent granted the extended parent time;

b. the remaining two-week period shall be subject to an equal amount of weekday parent-time that the parent exercising the extended parent-time has during the other weeks of the year; and

c. the custodial parent shall have an identical two-week period of uninterrupted time for vacation.

A parent shall notify the custodial parent at least 30 days in advance of extended parent-time or vacation weeks.

Electronic Communication: Brief telephone contact and/or virtual parent-time at least two times a week, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration. Virtual parent time may be exercised if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, provided that if the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.

Parent-time for special occasions

12. The parents will follow the schedule for special occasions below. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the

option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are let out for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school. (Utah Code 81-9-302, 303).

Holiday	Period Starts and ends	Years the parent is granted holiday	Years the parent is granted holiday
Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following Labor Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Labor Day if there is no school.	Odd years	Even years
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even years	Odd years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following the end of fall break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	the end of fall break if there is no school.		
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd years	Even years
Thanksgiving Break	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the Monday following Thanksgiving; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday following Thanksgiving if there is no school.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.		
Christmas Eve	(1) Holiday begins on December 24th at 4 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on December 24th at 9 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Christmas Day	(1) Holiday begins on December 24th at 9 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on December 25th at 9 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
New Year's Eve	(1) Holiday begins on December 31st at 4 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on January 1st at 9 a.m.	Even years	Odd years
New Year's Day	(1) Holiday begins on January 1st at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on January 1st at 9 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	granted the holiday. (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day if there is no school.		
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following President's Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following President's Day if there is no school.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following the end of spring break; or (b) at	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	8 a.m. on the day following the end of spring break if there is no school.		
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.		All Years: Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson is the mother
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	All Years: Carson Andrew Robbins is the father	
Summer Break	Carson Andrew Robbins will have up to two weeks of uninterrupted extended summer Parent-time when school is not in session, at the option of Carson Andrew	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	<p>Robbins.Carson</p> <p>Andrew Robbins will have an additional two weeks of extended Summer Parent-time at the option of Carson</p> <p>Andrew Robbins, subject to weekday parent-time for Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson, but not weekends normally exercised by Kaytlynn Sierra</p> <p>Eskelson.Carson</p> <p>Andrew Robbins will notify Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson of the summer break extended parent-time by May 1 each year.</p> <p>Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelsonwill also have two weeks of uninterrupted extended parent time when school is not in session, at the option of Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson.</p> <p>Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson will notify Carson Andrew Robbins of the summer break extended parent-time by May 15 each year. If the notification by Carson Andrew Robbins is not timely, Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson may</p>		

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	determine the schedule for extended parent-time for Carson Andrew Robbins, so long as Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson has provided timely notice. If neither parent provides timely notice, the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule of extended parent-time for the other parent.		
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July	Even years	Odd years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	25th at 6 p.m.		
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.	Odd years	Even years
Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's Birthday	Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson will have parent-time each year on Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the		All years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	uninterrupted extended parent-time.		
Carson Andrew Robbins's Birthday	Carson Andrew Robbins will have parent-time each year on Carson Andrew Robbins's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Carson Andrew Robbins delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.	All years	

Parent-time transfers

13. Pick-up and drop-off ("transfers") of the children for parent-time will be as described below:

Transfer at beginning of parent-time will be by **Carson Andrew Robbins** picking up/dropping off the children at this address:

Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's home
380 E 7200 S
Midvale , Utah 84047

8017500502

Kaytlynneskelson@yahoo.com

Transfer at end of parent-time will be by **Carson Andrew Robbins** picking up/dropping off the children at this address:

Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's home

380 E 7200 S

Midvale , Utah 84047

8017500502

Kaytlynneskelson@yahoo.com

Curbside transfers

14. There will not be curbside transfers. The parent/person dropping-off or picking-up a child may accompany the children to the other parent/person when parent-time transfers are made.

Decision-making

15. Each parent will make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.

Joint decision-making. The parents will share responsibility for making major decisions about the children. If there is a disagreement, the parents will resolve the dispute as provided in the Resolving disputes section below.

Education plan

16. The school the children will attend is based on a specific plan for where the children will attend school: **During the year immediately preceding Tanner Eugene Robbins' enrollment in Kindergarten, the parties agree that it is in Tanner's best interest to attend preschool on a full-time basis within the boundaries of Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's residence. Following completion of preschool, Carson Andrew Robbins and Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson shall mutually agree on the elementary school Tanner Eugene Robbins will attend, based upon Tanner's best interests and consideration of the relative quality of the schools within each party's residential boundaries. In the event the parties are unable to reach an agreement regarding school selection, they shall participate in mediation in an effort to resolve the dispute. If mediation is unsuccessful, the matter shall be submitted to the Court for final determination..**

17. Carson Andrew Robbins and Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson has authority to check the children out of school. Carson Andrew Robbins and Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson has access to the children during school. If the parents cannot agree, education decisions will be made by Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson.

Communication with each other

18. Parents will communicate with each other by any method.

Communication with the children

19. The parents agree they will:

- provide age-appropriate help to the children to communicate with the other parent.
- give the children privacy during their communication with the other parent. The parents will not interfere with or monitor communication between the children and the other parent.

20. Parents and children may communicate with each other whenever the children choose.

- By any method

Records and information sharing

21. Both parents will have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education, child care, and health care.

Travel by the children

22. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others.

23. If the children will be travelling for more than 2 days, the parent arranging the travel will notify the other parent at least 14 days in advance. That parent will give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least 7 days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent will provide as much notice as possible.

Child care

24. A child care provider for our children must be:

A licensed child care provider.

A relative, friend, or neighbor.

Relocation of a parent (Utah Code 81-9-209)

25. If either parent moves more than 149 miles from the other, the moving parent must give the non-moving parent a written Notice of Relocation. The notice must be sent at least 60 days before the planned move.

a. The written Notice of Relocation must include:

- Information about the move;
- A proposed parent-time schedule; and
- A statement that the parents will not interfere with the other parent's parent-time.

b. If the moving parent does not give the non-moving parent a Notice of Relocation,

the moving parent will be in contempt of the court's order.

26. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other, or if the parents live a different countries, parent-time will be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, the following will be the minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent:

Relocation Schedule (Utah Code 81-9-209)

- a. in years ending in odd number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:
 - i. Thanksgiving holiday beginning Wednesday until Sunday; and
 - ii. spring break, if applicable, beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes;
- b. in years ending in an even number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:
 - i. the entire winter school break period; and
 - ii. the fall school break beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes; and
- c. extended parent-time equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ of the summer or off-track time for consecutive weeks. The children will be returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins. This week will be counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period. The parties will mutually agree on this extended time each year. If they are unable to agree, the noncustodial parent will select the dates for the extended time period.
- d. One weekend per month at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent. The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.
 - i. If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the noncustodial parent will receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend. If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on the last weekend of the month, the noncustodial parent will be entitled to the next to the last weekend of the month.
 - ii. If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend will be considered the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.
 - iii. If a child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the children begin the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays in Subsection (5) and those days are contiguous with the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend parent-time, those days will be included in the weekend parent-time.
- e. The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.

27. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other or the parents live in separate countries, costs for the children's travel expenses for parent-time will be paid by the the parent who moved.

28. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they will be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.

29. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses must be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

Resolving disputes

30. If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the children, they will discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their children. If the parents are unable to agree, they will go to the following before bringing the issue to the court:

a. Mediation

Changing the plan

This plan remains in effect until changed. A change comes from a modification of a court order.

31. A joint physical custody arrangement may result in denial of cash assistance under the Employment Support Act, Title 35A, Chapter 3, of the Utah Code.

END OF PARENTING PLAN

Income: Petitioner (Carson Andrew Robbins) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

32. **Carson Andrew Robbins's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **\$4680**. **Carson Andrew Robbins** receives the following gross monthly income:

a. **Carson Andrew Robbins** is employed at **Woodcreek cabinetry**. **Carson Andrew Robbins** earns **\$4680** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

b. **Carson Andrew Robbins** is ordered to pay **\$142.00** per month in child support for children not part of this case. This amount is subtracted from their gross monthly income for the child support calculation.

Income: Respondent (Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

33. **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **\$2160**. **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** receives the following gross monthly income:

a. **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** is voluntarily unemployed. Based on **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's** work experience, **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** is capable of earning **\$12.46** per hour, or **\$2160** per month. (Utah Code 81-6-203)

b. **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** receives **\$2360** per month in public benefits from a housing subsidy program, the Job Training Partnership Act, Supplemental Security Income, Social Security Disability Insurance, Medicaid, SNAP, General Assistance, or other similar means-tested welfare benefits. This income does not count for child

support purposes, (Utah Code 81-6-203(7)).

34. The adjusted gross monthly income for **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** is **\$2160**.

Child support (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2)

35. It is in the best interest of the children that **Carson Andrew Robbins** be ordered to pay child support to **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** as follows:

a. **\$148.00** per month base support. This amount complies with the Utah Child Support Act.

36. Once a child is no longer eligible to receive child support, the support amount for the eligible children should be recalculated using the child support worksheet (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2). The parties may not divide the base child support award by the number of children and subtract that amount from the prior child support amount.

37. The joint custody worksheet was used to calculate child support.

38. The base child support amount using the joint custody calculation is **\$148** per month.

Child support reduction for extended parent-time

39. If a child lives with the non-custodial parent by court order or written agreement of the parties for:

- 25 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 50% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(a)).
- 12 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 25% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(b)).

The custodial parent's normal parent-time and holiday parent-time do not count as an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

40. If a child receives cash assistance through the T.A.N.F. or F.E.P. programs, any agreement by the parties to reduce child support during extended parent-time must be approved by the Office of Recovery Services.

41. The person ordered to receive child support can request mandatory income withholding (Utah Code 62A-11 parts 4 and 5). If support is past due, the State of Utah may take federal or state tax refunds or rebates and apply the amounts to the child support owed.

a. Withheld income will be sent to the Office of Recovery Services (ORS) until all past-due support is paid. Child support payments will be sent to:
2540 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Ogden, Utah 84401
unless ORS gives notice that payments should be sent elsewhere.

42. If ORS begins mandatory income withholding, child support is due on the first day of each month and will be past due on the first day of the next month.

43. The issue of past-due child support may be decided by future court or administrative action.

44. **Carson Andrew Robbins** and **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** will each pay half of any

ORS fee.

- a. If a fee is withheld from payments to **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson, Carson Andrew Robbins** will reimburse **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** for half the fee.

45. The parties must notify each other within 30 days of any change in their income.

Dependent children for tax purposes

46. The parents may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes as follows:

47. **Carson Andrew Robbins** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes in odd numbered years. **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes in even numbered years.

Child health care (Utah Code 81-6-208)

48. The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent children. Health care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101(14),

49. The parent who is able to obtain the most affordable medical, hospital, and dental insurance for the dependent children must maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent children if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost then both parents must ensure the children have health care coverage. This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

- a. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by the medical, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the coverage will be as follows:

- **Carson Andrew Robbins's** insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's** insurance will be secondary coverage.

- b. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the coverage will be as follows:

- **Carson Andrew Robbins's** spouse's insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson's** spouse's insurance will be secondary coverage.

- c. Both parties will equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums.

- d. Both parties will equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent children.

- e. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days.

- f. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be

able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

g. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.

h. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

Child care expenses (Utah Code 81-6-209)

50. All reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses will be paid as follows

Kaytlynn and Carson are each responsible for their own child care expenses during their time with Tanner

Public assistance statement – Office of Recovery Services (ORS) (Utah Code 81-6-106(2)-(3))

51. **Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson** has received or is receiving public benefits from a housing subsidy program, the Job Training Partnership Act, Supplemental Security Income, Social Security Disability Insurance, Medicaid, SNAP, General Assistance, or other similar means-tested welfare benefits. This income does not count for child support purposes. (Utah Code 78B-12-203(3))

Additional provisions

52. The parties will adhere to the following additional provisions:

a.

Additional Provision: The parents agree the best caretakers for the child are the parents. When either parent is unavailable during their scheduled parent time for an over night period, they will offer the care of the child to the other parent before making other arrangements. If a parent chooses to exercise the Right of First Refusal, they are responsible to provide all of the transportation and return to the child as soon as the other parent becomes available.

Duty to sign documents

53. The parties will sign all documents necessary to comply with the parentage decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document. (Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70)

Judge's signature may instead appear at the top of the first page of this document.

Date

Signature ▶



Judge

[Signature]

05/01/26

Date

Signature ►

Commissioner

Approved as to Form.

Other Party

Signature ►

[Signature]

Other Party

Name

Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson

Certificate of Service

I certify that I filed with the court and am serving a copy of this Parentage Decree and Judgment on the following people.

a.

Name: Kaytlynn Sierra Eskelson

Method of service: Hand Delivery

Address: 10439 north forty way, South Jordan, UT 84095

Date of Service: Mar 9, 2026

03/09/2026

Date

Signature



Carson Andrew Robbins

Printed
Name

Carson Andrew Robbins