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Attorney for Bingfeng Lin

**IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
DAVIS COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH, FARMINGTON DISTRICT**

In the Matter of the Marriage of:

BINGFENG LIN,

Petitioner,

and

LING WANG,

Respondent.

DECREE OF DIVORCE

Case Number 254701435

Judge Michael D. DiReda

Commissioner Julie Winkler

The Court, having entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, now hereby
ORDERS, ADJUDGES, and DECREES as follows:

DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

1. The parties are hereby awarded a *Decree of Divorce* due to irreconcilable differences, forever dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore existing between them, to become final upon signature and entry.

MINOR CHILD

2. There was one (1) minor child born during the course of the parties' marriage, to wit: C.L., born June 2020.

CUSTODY AND PARENT-TIME IN UTAH

3. Legal Custody. The parties are hereby awarded joint legal custody of their minor child pursuant to the Parenting Plan herein.

4. Physical Custody. Mother is hereby awarded sole physical custody of the minor child.

5. Parent-Time. While the minor child's primary residence is in Utah, Father shall exercise parent-time pursuant to Utah Code § 81-9-302 (2026) but with expanded overnight mid-week parent-time. Father shall have parent-time each Thursday with pick-up after school until drop-off at school on Friday morning, and on alternating weekends from Thursday with pick-up after school until Mother retrieves the minor child from Father's residence on Sunday at 7:00 p.m. If school is not in session, for his midweek visit, Father shall pick-up the minor child on Thursdays at 9:00 a.m. from Mother's residence, and Mother shall retrieve the minor child on Fridays at 9:00 a.m. For his alternating weekends, Father shall pick-up the minor child on Thursdays at 9:00 a.m. from Mother's residence, and Mother shall retrieve the minor child on Sunday at 7:00 p.m.

6. Holiday Parent-Time. Holiday parent-time shall be as the parties can agree, but if they cannot agree, then it shall be shared equally as follows:

Even Years	Odd Years	Holiday and Time
Mother	Father	Martin Luther King Jr. Holiday 6 p.m. on the Friday before holiday to 7 p.m. day of holiday.
Father	Mother	President's Day 6 p.m. on the Friday before holiday to 7 p.m. day of holiday.
Mother	Father	Spring Break 6 p.m. on the day school lets out to Sunday 7 p.m.
Father	Mother	Memorial Day on Friday at 6 p.m. to Monday at 7 p.m.

Mother	Father	July 4th 6 p.m. day before holiday the day after at 6 p.m.
Father	Mother	July 24th 6 p.m. the day before holiday to the day after as 6 p.m.
Mother	Father	Labor Day 6 p.m. on Friday to 7 p.m. on Monday.
Father	Mother	Columbus Day 6 p.m. on day before holiday to 7 p.m. day of holiday.
Mother	Father	Fall Break 6 p.m. on the day school lets out to 7 p.m. on Sunday.
Father	Mother	Halloween after school to 9 p.m. or if school is not in session, 4 p.m. to 9 p.m.
Mother	Father	Veteran's Day 6 p.m. on day before holiday to 7 p.m. day of holiday.
Father	Mother	Thanksgiving 6 p.m. on the day school lets out until the day before school resumes at 7 p.m.
Mother	Father	First Half of Winter Break 6 p.m. on the day school lets out until December 27 at 7 p.m.
Father	Mother	Second Half of Winter Break , beginning December 27 at 7 p.m. with return the day before school resumes at 7 p.m.
Mother	Father	The day before or after child's birthday 3 p.m. to 9 p.m.
Father	Mother	Child's actual birthday 3 p.m. to 9 p.m.
Father	Father	Father's Day 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.
Mother	Mother	Mother's Day 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

7. Summer 2026 Parent-Time. Between June 1, 2026, and June 30, 2026, Father is hereby awarded full custody of the minor child, with Mother having parent-time every Thursday from 5:30 p.m. until 8:30 p.m. and alternating weekends, pursuant to the parties' current alternating weekend schedule, from Friday at 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 7:00 p.m. Father's summer parent-time shall begin on June 1st, 2026 at 9:00 a.m. and shall end on June 30, 2026 at 9:00 a.m.

8. Summer Parent-Time if Child Lives in Utah. If Mother has not relocated to Boston, Massachusetts by Summer 2027, the parties shall each receive up to two (2) uninterrupted weeks of extended parent-time in the summer. The uninterrupted parent-time shall not be structured so that a party exercises parent-time for three (3) consecutive weeks. This limitation will cause the ordinary parent-time schedule to deviate from its ordinary rotation. Both parents shall provide notification of extended summer-time with the children by May 1st each year for first option parent and May 15th for second option parent. Mother shall have first choice

of extended time in odd- numbered years and Father shall have first choice of extended time in even-numbered years. If notification is not provided timely, the complying parent may have priority.

9. Parent-Time Exchanges. While the minor child resides in Utah, the receiving parent shall pick-up the minor child from the other parent's residence. Exchanges shall take place at school when school is in session. If the exchange occurs at the school, only the parent retrieving the child for parent-time shall be present at the school. All other exchanges shall be curbside at the parties' residences. The parties shall not exit their home or vehicle during exchanges. The minor child shall be released from the home or vehicle and walk to the other parent's home or vehicle unaccompanied. The parties shall not communicate or approach the other parent during exchanges and shall not prolong or interfere with the child's transition between the vehicles and households. Each party shall ensure that exchanges are brief, neutral, and free from conflict. Both parties shall be punctual and shall not unreasonably delay, obstruct, or interfere with any exchange. Either party may designate a responsible third party, known to the minor child, to facilitate transportation or the exchange.

10. Absent a court order, neither party shall refuse to complete a scheduled parent-time exchange.

RELOCATION TO BOSTON

11. Relocation Disclosure. In the event Mother intends to relocate the minor child to Boston, Massachusetts, Mother shall provide Father with complete written disclosure no less than fourteen (14) days in advance of the proposed relocation, unless otherwise provided herein. Such disclosure shall include, at a minimum, the proposed residential address, the minor child's anticipated school enrollment and educational plan, identification of available local family or

friends who will be providing care for the minor child, and updated emergency contact information. Mother shall promptly supplement any material changes to this information within 24 hours of the change.

12. Minor Child to Finish School. The minor child shall complete the 2025-2026 school year at Challenger School. Mother shall not relocate to Boston until after June 30, 2026.

13. Father's Parent-Time Upon Relocation to Boston. Upon the minor child establishing a primary residence in Boston, Father's parent-time schedule shall terminate and be replaced with the scheduled outlined below. In addition to his awarded parent-time, if Father elects to travel to Boston during the minor child's school year, Father shall exercise parent-time with the minor child for the duration of such visit, provided the visit does not exceed one-week. Father shall provide Mother with at least thirty (30) days' advance written notice of any planned visit.

14. Summer Parent-Time Upon Relocation to Boston. Upon the minor child's relocation to Boston, Father shall be entitled to continuous and uninterrupted summer parent-time equal to one-half of the child's summer break each year. For purposes of this paragraph, summer break means the period from the last day of the child's school year to the first day of the following school year. Father's summer parent-time shall end one week before school resumes, and shall begin one week before the midpoint of summer break. Mother shall exercise parent-time during the remaining summer break.

15. Right to Travel to China. Beginning in 2028, and every third summer thereafter until the minor child reaches the age of eighteen (18), Mother may exercise up to six (6) consecutive weeks of summer parent-time to travel with the child to China. During any such year, Father shall exercise all remaining summer parent-time not exercised by Mother.

a. In the summer immediately following a year in which Mother exercises travel to China, Father shall be entitled to six (6) consecutive weeks of summer parent-time, to occur during the second half of the summer and to be continuous and uninterrupted.

16. Winter Break Parent-Time. The parties shall alternate the child's winter break each year, with Father exercising parent-time in even-numbered years and Mother exercising parent-time in odd-numbered years. "Winter break" is defined as the period from the day the child is dismissed from school for the winter holiday to the day before school resumes.

17. Transportation. Upon relocation of the minor child to Boston, the parties shall be bound by the following transportation provisions:

a. The parties shall each be responsible for one-half of all transportation costs associated with the minor child's travel between Utah and Boston, including round-trip airfare and any unaccompanied minor or escort fees. The child shall travel with an escort, until the summer of 2027. Unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, Father shall act as the child's escort and travel to Boston to pick-up the child at the beginning of his parent-time, and Mother shall act as the child's escort and travel to Utah to pick-up the child at the end of Father's parent-time. Starting in the summer of 2027, the parties will only choose flights that offer an unaccompanied minor option, and the minor will fly as an unaccompanied minor.

b. Father shall purchase all airline tickets and, within fourteen (14) days of purchase, shall provide Mother with receipts and proof of payment. Mother shall reimburse Father her one-half share within thirty (30) days of receipt.

c. If Mother fails to reimburse Father within thirty (30) days, Father may deduct the unpaid amount from his child support obligation until he has been reimbursed in full.

d. Itinerary Information. Father shall provide Mother with complete itinerary information, including flight details, times, and all flight transportation arrangements, no less than fourteen (14) days in advance of each trip.

e. Ground Transportation. Mother shall be responsible for transportation to and from the airport in Boston, and Father shall be responsible for transportation to and from the airport in Utah, unless otherwise agreed in writing.

f. Travel Coordination and Remedies. Mother shall not unreasonably refuse, delay, or interfere with travel arrangements or scheduled parent-time. Any failure to do so that results in the loss, reduction, or disruption of Father's parent-time shall constitute denied parent-time. In such event, Father shall be entitled to reasonable make-up parent-time and may seek enforcement from the Court. Mother shall be responsible for any reasonable costs incurred as a result of such failure, including additional travel expenses and, where appropriate, attorney's fees. Repeated or material noncompliance may be considered by the Court as a basis for modification of custody, parent-time, or relocation provisions, consistent with the best interests of the child.

18. Future Relocation Restrictions. Absent Father's prior written consent or further order of the Court, Mother shall not relocate the minor child's primary residence outside of Boston, Massachusetts. In the event Mother seeks to relocate the minor child in the future, Mother shall provide Father with no less than sixty (60) days' advance written notice of the proposed relocation, including the proposed new residence and reasons for the move. Father

shall have the right to object to the proposed relocation and seek review by the Court prior to the relocation occurring.

PARENTING PLAN

19. Communication Between Parties. All communication between the parents regarding the child shall occur exclusively through text message and shall be directly between the parents for the purpose of addressing child-related issues, travel arrangements, and implementing the terms of the *Decree of Divorce*. The parties shall not rehash past disagreements or events. The parties shall never use the child as a messenger and shall not communicate with or through the child regarding scheduling changes, parent-time issues, or disputes. The child shall not be involved in any parent communications.

20. Notification of Child's Illness. The parties shall notify one another of any illness that the minor child experience during parent-time. They shall also keep one another informed of any medications prescribed for the child, as well as any scheduled appointments with medical, dental or mental health professionals. Neither party shall schedule appointments for the minor child to occur during the other parent's parent-time without the consent of that parent. The parties acknowledge that a minor child's illness is not a basis to withhold parent-time or refuse an exchange. Both parties are capable of caring for the minor child during periods of illness. Accordingly, parent-time shall proceed as scheduled unless the parties mutually agree otherwise.

21. Notification of Medical Emergency. In the event of a medical emergency involving the minor child, each party shall make a reasonable effort to contact, and consult with the other party. Such reasonable effort shall include texting the other party's cell phone, and leaving a message describing the emergency and location of the minor child.

22. School and Medical Records. Both parties shall have unfettered access to all school and medical records and/or reports. Both parties shall be listed as a party that may check the minor child out of school. Neither party shall check-out the minor child from school during the other parent's parent-time without mutually agreement.

23. School. Mother's residence shall be designated as the minor child's residence for school enrollment and educational purposes. Neither party shall unilaterally change the minor child's school without mutual agreement of the parties.

24. Communication with the Minor Child. The parties shall facilitate regular video parent-time between the minor child and the noncustodial parent every Wednesday at 4:00 p.m. M.S.T. and every Sunday at 4:00 p.m. M.S.T., with each session lasting between twenty (20) and thirty (30) minutes. The parties shall ensure the minor child is available, prepared, and in an appropriate environment for each call. Calls shall not be monitored or censored. If a scheduled session must be canceled or rescheduled, the canceling party shall provide as much advance notice as reasonably possible, and the session shall be rescheduled by mutual agreement within forty-eight (48) hours of the originally scheduled time. Video parent-time shall be reciprocal, such that when the minor child is in Father's care, Mother shall be afforded video parent-time under the same schedule and conditions. Neither party shall unreasonably interfere with, deny, cancel, or prematurely terminate video parent-time, and any necessary adjustments shall be communicated in advance with the parties cooperating in good faith to arrange a reasonable alternative time.

25. Devices. If Mother chooses to provide the minor child with a telephonic device or watch, Father may, at his discretion, determine if the device will be utilized during his parent-time and shall not be required to keep the device active during his parent-time.

26. Notice of Contact Information. Each party shall notify the other of any change to their residential address, mailing address, telephone number, email address, or emergency contact information within twenty-four (24) hours of such change.

27. Day-to-day Decisions. Day-to-day decisions regarding the care, control, and discipline of the child shall be made by the parent with whom the child is residing at the time.

28. Dispute Resolution Mechanism: The parties shall discuss, in writing, all other significant decisions regarding the child, including, but not limited to, the child's education, health care, and religious upbringing. Specifically, the parents shall exchange information concerning the health, education, and welfare of the child, and confer before making decisions concerning any of these areas. If the parties cannot reach a mutual decision, they shall defer to the current educational, treating medical, or other relevant treating professional's written recommendation and shall implement that recommendation. If, after following the foregoing process, the parties still cannot reach agreement, either party retains the right to petition the Court for review and ruling on any such decision, which shall be determined based upon the best interests of the child and the preponderance of the evidence standard.

29. Emergency Decisions. Each party may make emergency decisions regarding the health and safety of a child without first obtaining the consent of the other party, however, they shall immediately notify the other party in writing in the event of such an emergency, both as to the nature of the emergency and any emergency decision that has been made. Mutual decision-making shall resume pursuant to the foregoing Dispute Resolution Mechanism, however, as soon as reasonably practicable.

30. Travel. If a parent plans to travel with the child, or is arranging for the child to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group or friends, the parent arranging the travel

shall notify the other parent at least fourteen (14) days before the anticipated date of departure and shall provide the other parent with:

- a. an itinerary of the travel dates;
- b. destinations;
- c. places where the travelling parent can be reached;
- d. names of persons who will be traveling with the child;
- e. contact information for the locations where the child will be staying; and
- f. the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the child's location.

31. International Travel. A parent intending to travel internationally with the minor child during that parent's parent-time shall provide the other parent with at least sixty (60) days' advance written notice, including a tentative itinerary. Within five (5) days of receiving such notice, the parent in possession of the child's passport shall mail the passport to the traveling parent. The parties shall cooperate in good faith to timely execute and exchange all documents necessary for international travel, including passports and any required written consents.

32. Relocation. All provisions of Utah Code § 81-9-209 (2026) are incorporated herein and shall govern any relocation of the minor child, except as expressly modified herein. The parties specifically agree that the relocation of the minor child to Boston, Massachusetts, as set forth herein, is authorized by conditional agreement of the parties and shall not require further compliance with the notice or objection provisions of Utah Code § 81-9-209. All future relocations not expressly provided for in the *Decree of Divorce* shall remain subject to Utah Code § 81-9-209.

33. Social Media and Communications: Neither party shall post disparaging or derogatory remarks about the other party on their social media. The parties shall be restrained from recording conversations between the other party and third parties.

CHILD SUPPORT

34. Child Support. Father is currently employed and has a gross monthly income of \$4,337.00. Mother is currently unemployed, but shall be imputed at full-time minimum wage of \$1,257. Pursuant to the Utah Uniform Child Support Guidelines § 81-6-204 and a Sole Physical Custody Worksheet, Father is hereby ordered to pay Mother \$557 per month beginning July 1, 2026.

35. Termination of Child Support. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-213, unless the Court orders otherwise, support for a child terminates at the time (i) the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age, or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, or (ii) the child dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States, or is otherwise emancipated in accordance with Utah Code §78A-6-801 et seq.

36. Modification of Child Support. Under Utah Code § 81-6-212, a party has a right to modify this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of: (i) material changes in custody; (ii) material changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties; (iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent; (iv) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn; (v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or (vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others; and if the change is not of a temporary nature and it results in a 15% or more difference between the amount previously ordered and the new amount

of child support calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet. Additionally, the parents shall have a right to adjust this child support order by motion after three (3) years from the date of its entry if (1) upon review there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, (2) the difference is not of a temporary nature, and (3) the amount previously ordered does not deviate from the child support guidelines. Under Utah Code § 62A-11-306.2, if the child receives TANF funds at the time an adjustment is sought, the Office of Recovery Services shall review the order, and if appropriate, move the court to adjust the amount. In any proceeding to modify an existing award, consideration of natural or adoptive child other than those in common to both parties may be applied to mitigate an increase in the child support award, but may not be applied to justify a decrease in the award.

HEALTH INSURANCE & MEDICAL EXPENSES

37. Health Insurance. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-208, the parties shall maintain and equally pay for the health insurance premium for the benefit of the minor child so long as it is available at reasonable cost through employment of either party, government subsidy, public assistance, or otherwise, and so long as it is required by law, but at least until the child(ren) should reach the age of majority and complete high school with his/her usual class, marry, or otherwise becomes emancipated, whichever should first occur.

38. Calculating the Child's Portion of the Premium. The child(ren)'s portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid. The premium expense for the child(ren) shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of children in the instant case (one child).

39. Verification of Coverage. The parent maintaining insurance shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 601 *et seq.*, upon initial enrollment of the child, and thereafter on or before January 2nd of each calendar year. The parent shall notify the other parent, or the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 601 *et seq.*, of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within thirty (30) calendar days of the date the parent first knew or should have known of the change.

40. Medical Expenses. Each party shall pay fifty percent (50%) of any deductible amounts and fifty percent (50%) of all non-covered medical and dental expenses for the minor child. The party who incurs the medical expense shall provide proof of the cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within thirty (30) days of payment. In addition to other sanctions provided by the court, a parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to receive reimbursement for covering the expenses if he/she fails to provide verification of the payment of those medical expenses in a timely manner. The party who received written proof of the cost and payment shall then have thirty (30) days to reimburse the other party their one-half portion of the expense.

41. Designation of Primary & Secondary Health Insurance Coverage. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-208(3)(c), if, at any point in time, the dependent child is covered by the health, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parties, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of Mother shall be primary coverage for the dependent child and the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of Father shall be secondary coverage for the dependent child. If a parent marries and his or her dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of the

step-parent shall be treated as if it is the plan of the married parent and shall retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of the dependent child. If the child is double covered, neither party shall be required to reimburse the other parent for costs associated with the monthly premium.

CHILDCARE EXPENSES

42. Duty to Pay Childcare Expenses. The parties shall each be responsible for their own childcare expenses incurred during their parent-time without reimbursement from the other parent.

EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES & EXPENSES

43. Extracurricular Activities. Each parent shall share equally the cost of any extracurricular activities incurred on behalf of the minor child that are agreed upon in advance and in writing by both parents.

CHILD TAX EXEMPTIONS

44. Right to Claim Exemptions. The parties shall share the child tax credits, deductions, exemptions, and any other benefits associated with the minor child with Father claiming in even-numbered tax years and Mother claiming in odd-numbered tax years. The parties shall cooperate in advance and timely execute all necessary documents, including IRS Form 8332 or any successor form, for all applicable tax years.

BREACH AND ENFORCEMENT

45. Material Breach and Available Remedies. A material violation of the *Decree of Divorce* by either party, including, but not limited to, interference with or denial of parent-time, or failure to fulfill financial obligations, shall constitute a breach. In the event of a breach, a party may seek enforcement from the Court and shall be entitled to all available remedies, including,

but not limited to, compensatory make-up parent-time, recovery of reasonable costs and attorney's fees, and any other relief deemed appropriate by the Court. Repeated, willful, or substantial interference with Father's parent-time, including failure to facilitate or comply with travel provisions, shall be considered a material and substantial change in circumstances and may serve as a basis for modification of custody in favor of Father, subject to a determination of the best interests of the child.

MARITAL PROPERTY

46. Real Property. Father acquired an interest in real property prior to the marriage located at 31 N. Jackson Ave., Farmington, UT 84025 ("Real Property").

47. Real Property Awarded to Father. The Real Property is hereby awarded to Father, including all right, title, and interest, free and clear of any claim from Mother.

48. Transition and Move-Out Arrangement. Mother shall vacate the property located at 31 N. Jackson Ave., Farmington, UT 84025 on or before June 30, 2026. Mother shall leave the home in "broom-clean" condition, with all personal property removed and all appliances and fixtures in good working order. Other than normal wear and tear, Mother shall not cause or permit any damage to the interior or exterior of the home, its systems, or any personal property remaining therein. Any damage discovered upon her departure shall be her sole financial responsibility to repair or replace.

49. Motor Vehicles. Father is hereby awarded the 2020 Jeep Wrangler that he acquired prior to the marriage free and clear of any claim of Mother.

50. Other Personal Property. The parties are hereby awarded all personal property acquired prior to the marriage free and clear of any claim from the other. All other personal property acquired during the marriage shall be equitably divided by agreement of the parties.

Mother shall provide Father with a list of marital property that she would like to be awarded within 10 days of this Agreement. The parties shall then work through counsel to negotiate a final personal property settlement agreement. In the event the parties are unable to reach agreement regarding the division of personal property, they shall first participate in mediation with a mutually agreed-upon mediator prior to seeking Court intervention.

51. Retirement Accounts. Upon information and belief, the parties did not acquire an interest in any pensions, retirement benefits, 401(k)s, IRAs, and/or deferred compensation plans during the marriage. Should any become known, the parties are hereby awarded any retirement account in his or her name free and clear of any claim from the other.

52. Financial Accounts. The parties are hereby awarded any financial accounts in his or her name free and clear of any claim from the other.

MARITAL DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS

53. Debts and Obligations. The parties are hereby solely responsible for any debts in his or her name holding the other harmless.

54. No New Debts. Neither party shall incur any other debts, obligations or liabilities on the other party's credit or do anything for which the other party may be legally liable. Each party shall indemnify and hold the other harmless from loss and/or liability from the debts assigned herein, and their associated obligations or liabilities which may exist or come into existence in violation of the foregoing. Pursuant to Utah Code § 15-4-6.5, the parties shall provide a copy of the parties' *Decree of Divorce* to all creditors of the parties existing at the time of the entry of the *Decree of Divorce*.

ALIMONY

55. Alimony. This is a marriage of very short duration. Therefore, no alimony shall be awarded now or in the future.

RESTRAINING ORDERS

56. The parties are hereby ordered not to stalk, harass, intimidate, annoy, abuse, or commit domestic violence against the other, or threaten to do or attempt to do any of the above.

57. The parties shall not defame, demean, belittle, slander, badmouth, or disparage the other to third parties or on any social media.

58. Both parties shall refrain from making any disparaging, derogatory, or negative statements about the other parent, the other parent's household, or extended family in the presence or hearing of the minor child, or in any manner reasonably likely to be relayed to the child. Neither party shall discuss the details of this litigation with the minor child or otherwise involve the child in issues related to this case.

59. Neither party shall directly or indirectly attempt to influence, pressure, or manipulate the minor child's preferences regarding custody or parent-time, nor shall either party take any action that would discourage, interfere with, or impair the child's relationship with the other parent or the exercise of parent-time.

60. Each party has an affirmative duty to support and foster a positive relationship between the minor child and the other parent. This includes encouraging the child to attend and participate in all scheduled parent-time, speaking positively or neutrally about the other parent, and refraining from any conduct that could reasonably be expected to undermine the child's relationship with the other parent.

61. Both parties are hereby restrained from defaming, demeaning, belittling, slandering, badmouthing, or disparaging the child, the other party, or the other party's family

members to third parties or on any social media, including liking, following, posting, sharing, or otherwise promoting or distributing any content which could be perceived as violating any of the above provisions.

62. Both parties are hereby mutually restrained from inducing or allowing a third party to do what they themselves are prohibited from doing under this paragraph and shall have the affirmative duty to use his or her best efforts to prevent third parties from such violations, or a party shall remove the child from such circumstances.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

63. Execution of Deeds. Each party shall execute such deeds, contracts, agreements, or other conveyances as may be necessary to carry out the terms of the *Decree of Divorce*, within sixty (60) days of entry. Should a party fail to comply within sixty (60) days of entry, the other party may bring an order to show cause at the expense of the disobedient party and seek that the court appoint some other person to execute the document, pursuant to Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70 (2026). Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 (2026) shall have the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

64. Attorney Fees. Each party shall pay his or her own reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred herein.

65. Failure to Comply. In the event that either party fails to comply with his or her obligations ordered hereafter, the party who fails to comply shall be liable to the other party for all reasonable expenses, including attorney fees, incurred in the enforcement of the obligations created by the Court's orders.

****THIS DOCUMENT CONSTITUTES A BINDING ORDER OF THE COURT WHEN IT BEARS THE JUDGE'S SEAL AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST PAGE****

APPROVAL AS TO FORM BY:

/s/ Runzhi Lai *

RUNZHI LAI

Attorney for Ling Wang

*Written authorization to affix electronic signature on record with e-filer.

RULE 7(j) NOTICE

Pursuant to Rule 7(j) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, a true and correct copy of the above **DECREE OF DIVORCE** was served by the means indicated in the Certificate of Service attached hereto, on April 27, 2026, to the parties indicated therein. Notice of objections to this order must be submitted to counsel within seven days after service. Should no objections to this order be submitted to counsel within seven days after service, this Order should be presented to the Court for entry and signature.

/s/ Hayli Dickey

HAYLI DICKEY

Attorney for Bingfeng Lin

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on April 27, 2026, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing **DECREE OF DIVORCE** with the Court causing service to be effectuated on the following via method indicated:

Runzhi Lai (UT-18456)

Attorney for Ling Wang

rzlai@legalriselaw.com

/s/ Jen Linschoten

Paralegal for Hayli Dickey