Kylee Blake McFarlin
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801-874-9985
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FOURTH Judicial District UTAH County

Court Address 137 NORTH FREEDOM BOULEVARD, PROVO, UT, 84606

In the Matter of (select one)	**Divorce Decree**
[x] the Marriage of (for a divorce with or without children, annulment, separate maintenance, or temporary separation case)	254402964 Case Number
Kylee Blake McFarlin (name of Petitioner)	Low Judge
and	Ito Commissioner (domestic cases)
Keith Robert McFarlin (name of Respondent)	
Other parties (if any)	

The court decrees:

Divorce

1. Kylee Blake McFarlin is granted a divorce based on the Declaration of Jurisdiction and Grounds signed by Kylee Blake McFarlin. The divorce will become final upon entry of the divorce decree.

Children (Utah Code 81-6-101(7))

2. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** and **Keith Robert McFarlin** are the legal parents of the following children (Utah Code 81-5-102 et seq.)

a. Any unborn child listed is expected to be born within 300 days of the entry of the decree.

Minor Children

LTM born 09/2012, CLM born 09/2015

Children – Jurisdiction over custody and parent-time issues (Utah Code 81-11-101, 81-11-201, and 81-11-208)

3. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because:

4. During the last five years, the minor children have lived at the following places and with the following people:

a.
Child: **LTM born 09/2012**
i.
Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**
Move-in Date: **May 27, 2024**
Address: **923 W Pfeifferhorn Dr, Alpine, Utah 84004 United States**
(1).
Caretaker at this address: **Kylee Blake McFarlin**
Caretaker current address: **923 W Pfeifferhorn Dr, Alpine, Utah 84004 United States**

b.
Child: **CLM born 09/2015**
i.
Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**
Move-in Date: **May 27, 2024**
Address: **923 W Pfeifferhorn Dr, Alpine, Utah 84004 United States**
(1).
Caretaker at this address: **Kylee Blake McFarlin**
Caretaker current address: **923 W Pfeifferhorn Dr, Alpine, Utah 84004 United States**

Children – Other court proceedings

(Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100; Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and

Enforcement Act, UCCJEA, Utah Code 81-11-101 et seq.; Utah Uniform Interstate Family support Act, UIFSA, Utah Code 81-8-102 et seq.)

I say the following:

5. There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about **Kylee Blake McFarlin** and **Keith Robert McFarlin**'s minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases.

6. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** and **Keith Robert McFarlin** have physical custody of our child(ren), and are the only people who have custody, child support, and parent-time rights to our child(ren).

PARENTING PLAN

This Parenting Plan is being filed in good faith.

This parenting plan is agreed to by **Kylee Blake McFarlin** and **Keith Robert McFarlin**.

Children - custody

(Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 9, Part 3)

7. It is in the children's best interest that the parties be awarded Joint Legal and Joint Physical Custody. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** is filing this Parenting Plan and verifies the plan is filed in good faith.

8. The children should reside in **Kylee Blake McFarlin**'s home **220** overnights each year and in **Keith Robert McFarlin**'s home **145** overnights each year.

Parent-time

9. The parents will follow the parent-time schedule in the statute(s).

Children 5-18 (expanded schedule) (Utah Code 81-9-303)

FOR CHILDREN 5 YEARS TO 18 YEARS OF AGE

Midweek – School in Session: During the time a child's school is in session, one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent, or Wednesday evening if not specified, from 5:30 p.m. and ending the following day upon delivering the child to school; or, at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday from the time the child's school is regularly dismissed until the following day upon delivering the minor child to school.

Midweek – School not in Session: During the time a child's school is not in session, one weekday from approximately 8:00 a.m., accommodating the custodial parent's work

schedule, and ending the following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school.

Changes to Midweek Schedule: Once the weekday is designated, it may not be changed except by mutual written agreement of the parents,court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule.

Alternate Weekends: Alternating weekend parent-time shall begin the first weekend after the entry of the decree.

Alternate Weekends - School in Session: During the time a child's school is in session alternating weekend parent-time shall be from 6 p.m. on Friday until Monday upon delivering the minor child to school, or, at the election of the noncustodial parent, from the time a child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday until Monday upon delivering the minor child to school.

Alternate Weekends - School not in Session: During the time a child's school is not in session a noncustodial parent may elect alternating weekend parent-time to begin on Friday from approximately 8:00 a.m., if the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, until 8 a.m. on Monday if there is no school.

Pick Up by Non-Parent: A step-parent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual, and the custodial parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.

Changes to Weekends: Weekend parent-time elections shall be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, and may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule.

Holiday Parent-time: Holidays as specified below in the Special Occasion table.

Extended Parent-time: Extended parent-time with the noncustodial parent may be up to four consecutive weeks when school is not in session, at the option of the noncustodial parent including weekends normally exercised by the noncustodial parent, but not holidays;

a. two weeks shall be uninterrupted time for the noncustodial parent;

b. the remaining two weeks shall be interrupted parent-time and be subject to parent-time for the custodial parent for weekday parent-time but not weekends, except a custodial parent may exercise a holiday as specified below in the Special Occasion table. Within ten days of receiving notice of a parent’s intent and schedule for taking interrupted parent-time, the parent receiving that notice must give notice of

any plan to interrupt the parent-time;

c. the custodial parent shall have an identical two-week period of uninterrupted time when school is not in session for purposes of vacation;

Each parent shall provide notice to the other of their plan to exercise extended parent-time during summer break as follows:

Extended Parent-time notice - in odd numbered years, the noncustodial parent shall provide notification of extended parent-time to the custodial parent by May 1st and the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of uninterrupted extended parent-time by May 15th.

Extended Parent-time notice - in even numbered years, the custodial parent shall provide notification of uninterrupted extended parent-time with a child to the noncustodial parent by May 1st and the noncustodial parent shall provide notification to the custodial parent of extended parent-time by May 15th.

Extended Parent-time notice - if not provided timely by a parent, the complying parent may determine the schedule for non-complying parent, so long as the complying parent's notification is timely.

Extended Parent-time notice - if neither parent's notification is timely, the first parent to give notice may determine the schedules of both parents for extended parent-time.

Electronic communication: Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration. Virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, shall be at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration, provided that if the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.

Weekday parent-time will be **Wednesday**. (81-9-303)

On school days: Parent-time begins when school is regularly dismissed and ends the following day upon delivering the child to school, or at 8:00 a.m. if there is no school (Utah Code 81-9-303)

On days when school is not in session: Parent-time begins at 8:00 a.m. if the parent is able to be with the child and ends the following day upon delivering the child to school, or at 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. If the parent is not able to be with the child to begin parent time at 8:00 a.m., parent-time begins at 5:30 p.m. and ends the following day upon delivering the child to school, or at 8:00 a.m. if there is no

school (Utah Code 81-9-303)

Parent-time for special occasions

10. The parents will follow the schedule for special occasions below. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are let out for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school. (Utah Code 81-9-302, 303).

Holiday	Period	Keith Robert McFarlin	Kylee Blake McFarlin
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd years	Even years
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even years	Odd years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd years	Even years
Thanksgiving Break	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 8:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes after the winter break.	Even years	Odd years
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.	Odd years	Even years
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with	Even years	Odd years

Holiday	Period	Keith Robert McFarlin	Kylee Blake McFarlin
	the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.		
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.		All years: Kylee Blake McFarlin is the mother
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	All years: Keith Robert McFarlin is the father	
Summer Break	Keith Robert McFarlin will have up to two weeks of uninterrupted extended summer Parent-time when school is not in session, at the option of Keith Robert McFarlin. Keith Robert McFarlin will have an additional two weeks of extended Summer Parent-time at the option of Keith Robert McFarlin, subject to weekday parent-time for Kylee Blake McFarlin, but not weekends normally exercised by Kylee Blake McFarlin. Keith Robert McFarlin will notify Kylee Blake McFarlin of the summer break extended parent-time by May 1 each year. Kylee Blake McFarlin will also have two weeks of uninterrupted extended parent time when school is not in session, at the option of Kylee Blake McFarlin. Kylee Blake McFarlin will notify Keith Robert McFarlin of the summer break extended parent-time by May 15 each year. If the notification by Keith Robert McFarlin is not timely, Kylee Blake McFarlin may determine the schedule for extended parent-time for Keith Robert McFarlin, so long as Kylee Blake McFarlin has provided timely notice. If neither parent provides timely notice, the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule of extended parent-time for the other parent.	Odd years	Even years
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Keith Robert McFarlin	Kylee Blake McFarlin
	(3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.		
Kylee Blake McFarlin's Birthday	Kylee Blake McFarlin will have parent-time each year on Kylee Blake McFarlin's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Kylee Blake McFarlin delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.		All years
Keith Robert McFarlin's Birthday	Keith Robert McFarlin will have parent-time each year on Keith Robert McFarlin's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Keith Robert McFarlin delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.	All years	

Parent-time transfers

11. Pick-up and drop-off (“transfers”) of the children for parent-time will be as described below:

The parties will make arrangements for pick up, delivery and return of the children prior to each scheduled parent-time.

Curbside transfers

12. There will not be curbside transfers. The parent/person dropping-off or picking-up a child may accompany the children to the other parent/person when parent-time transfers are made.

Decision-making

13. Each parent will make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.

Sole decision-making.

14. Kylee Blake McFarlin will make decisions about education.

15. Kylee Blake McFarlin will make decisions about health care.

16. Kylee Blake McFarlin will make decisions about religion.

Education plan

17. The school the children will attend is based on **Kylee Blake McFarlin**'s home residence.

18. Kylee Blake McFarlin and Keith Robert McFarlin has authority to check the children out of school. Kylee Blake McFarlin and Keith Robert McFarlin has access to the children during school. If the parents cannot agree, education decisions will be made by Kylee Blake McFarlin.

Communication with each other

19. Parents will communicate with each other by any method.

Communication with the children

20. The parents agree they will:

- provide age-appropriate help to the children to communicate with the other parent.
- give the children privacy during their communication with the other parent. The parents will not interfere with or monitor communication between the children and the other parent.

21. Parents and children may communicate with each other whenever the children choose.

- By any method

Records and information sharing

22. Both parents will have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education, child care, and health care.

Travel by the children

23. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others.

24. If the children will be travelling for more than **3** days, the parent arranging the travel will notify the other parent at least **14 days in advance, when there is travel that does not allow for 14 days notice there is the option to deny the travel from the other parent** days in advance. That parent will give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least **5** days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent will provide as much notice as possible.

25. Other agreements about travel by the children: **Arranging parent must notify the other parent of other non-familial children or adults on the trip that will be staying**

in the same room or home as the children. Travel for more than 2 weeks (14 consecutive days) must be discussed at least 2 months before it occurs. If it is decided to travel to the same location each parent is responsible for themselves. If staying in a mutual location such as a rentable home, each parent must cover themselves as well as one child or half of a child if there is only one child in attendance. Any activities attended by both parents will be paid for separately with the children split. If only one parent is traveling, they are solely responsible for any expenses for themselves as well as the children. Neither parent is required to invite the other parent to any travel. Travel could be considered more than 50 miles from the primary home. Travel could be but is not limited to leisure, parental work, education, sports, relocation, or vacation.

Child care

26. A child care provider for our children must be:

A relative, friend, or neighbor.
Over the age of **18**.

Relocation of a parent (Utah Code 81-9-209)

27. If either parent moves more than 149 miles from the other, the moving parent must give the non-moving parent a written Notice of Relocation. The notice must be sent at least 60 days before the planned move.

a. The written Notice of Relocation must include:

- Information about the move;
- A proposed parent-time schedule; and
- A statement that the parents will not interfere with the other parent's parent-time.

b. If the moving parent does not give the non-moving parent a Notice of Relocation, the moving parent will be in contempt of the court's order.

28. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other, or if the parents live a different countries, parent-time will be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, the following will be the minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent:

Relocation Schedule (Utah Code 81-9-209)

a. in years ending in odd number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:

i. Thanksgiving holiday beginning Wednesday until Sunday; and

ii. spring break, if applicable, beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes;

b. in years ending in an even number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:

i. the entire winter school break period; and

ii. the fall school break beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes; and

c. extended parent-time equal to ½ of the summer or off-track time for consecutive weeks. The children will be returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins. This week will be counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period. The parties will mutually agree on this extended time each year. If they are unable to agree, the noncustodial parent will select the dates for the extended time period.

d. One weekend per month at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent. The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.

i. If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the noncustodial parent will receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend. If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on the last weekend of the month, the noncustodial parent will be entitled to the next to the last weekend of the month.

ii. If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend will be considered the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.

iii. If a child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the children begin the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays in Subsection (5) and those days are contiguous with the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend parent-time, those days will be included in the weekend parent-time.

e. The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.

29. Other terms about relocating: **The opinion and wishes of the children must be taken into consideration if this provision is needed.**

30. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other or the parents live in separate countries, costs for the children's travel expenses for parent-time will be shared equally.

31. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they will be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.

32. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses must be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

Resolving disputes

33. If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the children, they will discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their children. If the parents are unable to agree, they will go to the following before bringing the issue to the court:

a. **Mediation**

Changing the plan

This plan remains in effect until changed. A change comes from a modification of a court order.

34. A joint physical custody arrangement may result in denial of cash assistance under the Employment Support Act, Title 35A, Chapter 3, of the Utah Code.

END OF PARENTING PLAN

Income: Petitioner (Kylee Blake McFarlin) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

35. **Kylee Blake McFarlin's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **$8333**. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** receives the following gross monthly income:

a. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** is employed at **Any Hour Group**. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** earns **$8333.33** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

b. The adjusted gross monthly income for **Kylee Blake McFarlin** is $**8333**.

Income: Respondent (Keith Robert McFarlin) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

36. **Keith Robert McFarlin's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is $**6249. Keith Robert McFarlin** receives the following gross monthly income:

a. **Keith Robert McFarlin** is employed at **Ogden Flooring**. **Keith Robert McFarlin** earns **$6249.33** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

37. The adjusted gross monthly income for **Keith Robert McFarlin** is $**6249**.

Child support (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2)

38. It is in the best interest of the children that **Keith Robert McFarlin** be ordered to pay child support to **Kylee Blake McFarlin** as follows:

a.**$530.00** per month base support. This amount complies with the Utah Child

Support Act.

39. Once a child is no longer eligible to receive child support, the support amount for the eligible children should be recalculated using the child support worksheet (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2). The parties may not divide the base child support award by the number of children and subtract that amount from the prior child support amount.

40. The **joint** custody worksheet was used to calculate child support.

Child support reduction for extended parent-time

41. If a child lives with the non-custodial parent by court order or written agreement of the parties for:

- 25 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 50% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(a)).
- 12 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 25% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(b)).

The custodial parent's normal parent-time and holiday parent-time do not count as an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

42. If a child receives cash assistance through the T.A.N.F. or F.E.P. programs, any agreement by the parties to reduce child support during extended parent-time must be approved by the Office of Recovery Services.

43. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** will give **Keith Robert McFarlin** the information needed to set up direct deposit through **Keith Robert McFarlin's** employer. Once **Keith Robert McFarlin** has the information, **Keith Robert McFarlin** will have **Keith Robert McFarlin's** employer set up direct deposit to an account of **Kylee Blake McFarlin's** choice. One half of the child support is due by the 5th of each month, and the other half is due by the 20th of each month.

44. The issue of past-due child support may be decided by future court or administrative action.

45. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** and **Keith Robert McFarlin** will each pay half of any ORS fee.

a. If a fee is withheld from payments to **Kylee Blake McFarlin**, **Keith Robert McFarlin** will reimburse **Kylee Blake McFarlin** for half the fee.

46. The parties must notify each other within 30 days of any change in their income.

47. The Office of Recovery Services (https://ors.utah.gov/) provides services to

individuals who are seeking assistance in the collection or enforcement of child support orders.

Dependent children for tax purposes

48. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes.

Child health care (Utah Code 81-6-208)

49. The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent children. Heath care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101(14),

50. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** must maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent children if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost then both parents must ensure the children have health care coverage. This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

a. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by the medical, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the coverage will be as follows:

- **Kylee Blake McFarlin's** insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Keith Robert McFarlin's** insurance will be secondary coverage.

b. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the coverage will be as follows:

- **Kylee Blake McFarlin's** spouse's insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Keith Robert McFarlin's** spouse's insurance will be secondary coverage.

c. Both parties will equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums.

d. Both parties will equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent children.

e. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days.

f. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be

able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

g. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.

h. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

Child care expenses (Utah Code 81-6-209)

51. Both parties will equally share all reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses.

a. The party who pays child care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and identity of the child care provider. This must be done when a provider is first hired, and any time the other party asks for the information. The party incurring or paying child care expenses must notify the other party of any change of a child care provider or monthly expense. This must be done within 30 calendar days of the change.

b. The party not directly paying for child care must pay their share of child care expenses as soon as they receive verification of the expenses.

c. If a party does **not** follow the order and provide written verification, they may not receive credit for work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

Public assistance statement – Office of Recovery Services (ORS) (Utah Code 81-6-106(2)-(3))

52. Neither party has received or is receiving public assistance from the State of Utah.

Personal property (Utah Code Title 81, Chapters 1, 4, 6, and 9)

53. All personal property not addressed in the divorce should be divided as the parties have already divided it.

Vehicles

54. Vehicles will be divided as follows:

a.
Year: **2014**
Make: **Ford**
Model: **Edge**
VIN: **N/A**

Owner (before divorce): **Kylee McFarlin, Keith McFarlin**
Current value: **$3,000.00**
Amounts Estimated: **yes**
Basis of Estimation: **KBB**
Ownership After Divorce: **Kylee Blake McFarlin**
Loan: **N/A**

Debts

55. The parties are not aware of any debts from the marriage. If any debts exist, each debt will be the responsibility of the party who incurred the debt.

Real property

56. The parties do not have any real property that is marital property. The parties do not need a court order about real property.

Alimony

57. Neither party will pay alimony.

Retirement money

58. The parties do not need a court order about retirement money.

Duty to sign documents

59. The parties will sign all documents necessary to comply with the divorce decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document. (Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70)

Name after divorce

60. **Kylee Blake McFarlin** changed **her** name when the parties married. **Kylee Blake McFarlin**'s name will be **Kylee Blake** after the divorce.

Judge's signature may instead appear at the top of the first page of this document.

11/09/26

Date

Signature ► 

Judge Judge Thomas Low

Signature ►

Date

Commissioner

Approved as to Form.

Other Party Signature ►

Other Party Name Keith Robert McFarlin

Certificate of Service

I certify that I filed with the court and am serving a copy of this Divorce Decree on the following people.

a.
Name: **Keith Robert McFarlin**
Method of service: **Email**
Address: **krmgq82@gmail.com**
Date of Service: **Sep 17, 2026**

09/17/2026
Date

Signature ► Kylee Blake McFarlin

Printed Name Kylee Blake McFarlin