FILED
OCT 15 2026
4TH DISTRICT
STATE OF UTAH
JUAB COUNTY

David Aaron Sperry
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FOURTH Judicial District JUAB County

Court Address 102 EAST 200 NORTH, NEPHI, UT, 84648

In the Matter of (select one)	**Divorce Decree**
[x] the Marriage of (for a divorce with or without children, annulment, separate maintenance, or temporary separation case)	264600031 Case Number Shawn R. Howell Judge Commissioner (domestic cases)
David Aaron Sperry (name of Petitioner) and Kristy M Sperry (name of Respondent)	
Other parties (if any)	

The court decrees:

Divorce

1. David Aaron Sperry is granted a divorce based on the Declaration of Jurisdiction and Grounds signed by David Aaron Sperry. The divorce will become final upon entry of the divorce decree.

Children (Utah Code 81-6-101(7))

2. **David Aaron Sperry** and **Kristy M Sperry** are the legal parents of the following children (Utah Code 81-5-102 et seq.)

a. Any unborn child listed is expected to be born within 300 days of the entry of the decree.

Minor Children

CJS born 11/2009, ZMS born 11/2013

Children – Jurisdiction over custody and parent-time issues (Utah Code 81-11-101, 81-11-201, and 81-11-208)

3. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because:

4. During the last five years, the minor children have lived at the following places and with the following people:

a.
Child: **CJS born 11/2009**
i.
Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**
Move-in Date: **Aug 1, 2025**
Address: **333 south 100 west, payson, Utah 84651 United States**
(1).
Caretaker at this address: **Ashlyn hamilton**
Caretaker current address: **333 south 100 west, payson, Utah 84651 United States**

b.
Child: **ZMS born 11/2013**
i.
Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**
Move-in Date: **Aug 1, 2025**
Address: **333 south 100 west, payson, Utah 84651 United States**
(1).
Caretaker at this address: **Ashlyn Hamilton**
Caretaker current address: **333 south 100 west, payson, Utah 84651 United States**

Children – Other court proceedings

(Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100; Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and

Enforcement Act, UCCJEA, Utah Code 81-11-101 et seq.; Utah Uniform Interstate Family support Act, UIFSA, Utah Code 81-8-102 et seq.)

I say the following:

5. There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about **David Aaron Sperry** and **Kristy M Sperry**'s minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases.

6. **David Aaron Sperry** and **Kristy M Sperry** have physical custody of our child(ren), and are the only people who have custody, child support, and parent-time rights to our child(ren).

PARENTING PLAN

This Parenting Plan is being filed in good faith.

This parenting plan is agreed to by **David Aaron Sperry** and **Kristy M Sperry**.

Children - custody

(Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 9, Part 3)

7. It is in the children's best interest that the parties be awarded Joint Legal Custody and that **Kristy M Sperry** be awarded Sole Physical custody. **David Aaron Sperry** should have parent-time at reasonable times and places. **David Aaron Sperry** is filing this Parenting Plan and verifies the plan is filed in good faith.

8. The parents will follow the parent-time schedule in the statute(s).

Children 5-18 (Utah Code 81-9-302)

FOR CHILDREN 5 YEARS TO 18 YEARS OF AGE

Midweek – School in Session: During the time a child's school is in session, one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent, or Wednesday evening if not specified, from 5:30 - 8:30 p.m.; or, at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday from the time the child's school is regularly dismissed until 8:30 p.m.

Midweek – School not in Session: During the time a child's school is not in session, one weekday from approximately 8:00 a.m., accommodating the custodial parent's work schedule, until 8:30 p.m., if the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child.

Changes to Midweek Schedule: Once the weekday is designated, it may not be changed except by mutual written agreement of the parents, or court order.

Alternate Weekends: Alternating weekend parent-time shall begin the first weekend after the entry of the decree.

Alternate Weekends - School in Session: During the time a child's school is in session alternating weekend parent-time shall be from 5:30 p.m. on Friday until 8:30 p.m. on Sunday, or, at the election of the non-custodial parent, from the time a child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday until 8:30 p.m. on Sunday.

Alternate Weekends - School not in Session: During the time a child's school is not in session a noncustodial parent may elect alternating weekend parent-time to begin on Friday from approximately 8:00 a.m., if the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, until 8:30 p.m. on Sunday.

Pick Up by Non-Parent: A step-parent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by a parent, may pick up the child if the other parent is aware of the identity of the individual, and the parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.

Changes to Weekends: Weekend parent-time elections shall be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, and may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule.

Holiday Parent-time: Holidays as specified below in the Special Occasion table.

Extended Parent-time: Extended parent-time with the non-custodial parent may be up to four consecutive weeks when school is not in session, at the option of the non-custodial parent including weekends normally exercised by the noncustodial parent, but not holidays;

a. two weeks shall be uninterrupted time for the noncustodial parent;

b. the remaining two weeks shall be interrupted parent-time and be subject to parent-time for the custodial parent for weekday parent-time but not weekends, except a custodial parent may exercise a holiday as specified below in the Special Occasion table. Within ten days of receiving notice of a parent's intent and schedule for taking interrupted parent-time, the parent receiving that notice must give notice of any plan to interrupt the parent-time;

c. the custodial parent shall have an identical two-week period of uninterrupted time when school is not in session for purposes of vacation;

d. extended parent-time begins at 8 a.m. on the first day and ends at 8:30 p.m. on the last day; and

e. the noncustodial parent's four weeks of extended parent-time must be consecutive, except that the four weeks may be divided into two separate 14-day periods that are not consecutive.

Each parent shall provide notice to the other of their plan to exercise extended parent-

time during summer break as follows:

Extended Parent-time notice - in odd numbered years, the noncustodial parent shall provide notification of extended parent-time to the custodial parent by May 1st and the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of uninterrupted extended parent-time by May 15th.

Extended Parent-time notice - in even numbered years, the custodial parent shall provide notification of uninterrupted extended parent-time with a child to the noncustodial parent by May 1st and the noncustodial parent shall provide notification to the custodial parent of extended parent-time by May 15th.

Extended Parent-time notice - if not provided timely by a parent, the complying parent may determine the schedule for non-complying parent, so long as the complying parent's notification is timely.

Extended Parent-time notice - if neither parent's notification is timely, the first parent to give notice may determine the schedules of both parents for extended parent-time.

Electronic communication: Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration. Virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, shall be at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration, provided that if the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.

Weekday parent-time will be **Friday**. (81-9-302)

On school days: Parent-time begins at 5:30 p.m. and ends at 8:30 p.m. (Utah Code 81-9-302)

On days when school is not in session: Parent-time begins at 5:30 p.m. and ends at 8:30 p.m. (Utah Code 81-9-302)

Parent-time for special occasions

9. The parents will follow the schedule for special occasions below. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are let out for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school. (Utah Code 81-9-302, 303).

Holiday	Period	David Aaron Sperry	Kristy M Sperry
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.	Odd years	Even years
Presidents' Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Presidents' Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for spring break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Memorial Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Mother's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 8:30 p.m..	All years if David Aaron Sperry is the mother or other parent granted Mother's Day in the order.	All years if Kristy M Sperry is the mother or other parent granted Mother's Day in the order.
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 8:30 p.m..	All years if David Aaron Sperry is the father or other parent granted Father's Day in the order.	All years if Kristy M Sperry is the father or other parent granted Father's Day in the order.
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 5:30 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 8 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Labor Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd years	Even years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for fall break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is	Even years	Odd years

Holiday	Period	David Aaron Sperry	Kristy M Sperry
	traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 3 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.		
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for Thanksgiving; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 8:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes after the winter break.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years

Parent-time transfers

10. Pick-up and drop-off ("transfers") of the children for parent-time will be as described below:

The parties will make arrangements for pick up, delivery and return of the children prior to each scheduled parent-time.

Curbside transfers

11. There will not be curbside transfers. The parent/person dropping-off or picking-up a child may accompany the children to the other parent/person when parent-time transfers are made.

Decision-making

12. Each parent will make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.

Joint decision-making. The parents will share responsibility for making major decisions about the children. If there is a disagreement, the parents will resolve the dispute as provided in the Resolving disputes section below.

Education plan

13. The school the children will attend is based on **Kristy M Sperry**'s home residence.

14. David Aaron Sperry and Kristy M Sperry has authority to check the children out of school. David Aaron Sperry and Kristy M Sperry has access to the children during school. If the parents cannot agree, education decisions will be made by Kristy M Sperry.

Communication with each other

15. Parents will communicate with each other by any method.

Communication with the children

16. The parents agree they will:

- provide age-appropriate help to the children to communicate with the other parent.
- give the children privacy during their communication with the other parent. The parents will not interfere with or monitor communication between the children and the other parent.

17. Parents and children may communicate with each other whenever the children choose.

- By any method

Records and information sharing

18. Both parents will have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education, child care, and health care.

Travel by the children

19. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others.

20. If the children will be travelling for more than **4** days, the parent arranging the travel will notify the other parent at least **4** days in advance. That parent will give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least **4** days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent will provide as much notice as possible.

Child care

21. A child care provider for our children must be:

A relative, friend, or neighbor.

Relocation of a parent (Utah Code 81-9-209)

22. If either parent moves 150 miles or more from the other, the moving parent must give the non-moving parent a written Notice of Relocation. The notice must be sent at least 60 days before the planned move.

a. The written Notice of Relocation must include:

- Information about the move;
- A proposed parent-time schedule; and
- A statement that the parents will not interfere with the other parent's parent-time.

b. If the moving parent does not give the non-moving parent a Notice of Relocation, the moving parent will be in contempt of the court's order.

23. If either parent lives 150 miles or more away from the other, or if the parents live a different countries, parent-time will be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, the following will be the minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent:

Relocation Schedule (Utah Code 81-9-209)

a. in years ending in odd number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:

i.

(A) fall break if the minor child's school dismisses for fall break, beginning on the day that school dismisses for fall break and ending on the day before school resumes; or
(B) Labor Day if the minor child's school does not dismiss for a fall break, beginning on the day that school dismisses for Labor Day and ending on the day before school resumes; and

ii. the entire winter break period beginning on the day that school dismisses for the winter break and ending on the day before school resumes;

b. in years ending in an even number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:

i.

(A) spring break, beginning on the day that school dismisses for the spring break and ending on the day before school resumes; or
(B) Presidents' Day if the minor child's school does not dismiss for a spring break, beginning on the day that school dismisses for Presidents' Day and ending on the day before school resumes; and

ii. Thanksgiving, beginning on the day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving and ending on the day before school resumes.

c. extended parent-time equal to half of the summer or off-track time for consecutive weeks with:

i. the noncustodial parent entitled to the first half of the summer or off-track time in years ending in an odd number; and

ii. the noncustodial parent entitled to the second half of the summer or off-track time in years ending in an even number; and

iii. the noncustodial parent will return the child to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins. This week will be counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period. The parties will mutually agree on this extended time each year. If they are unable to agree, the noncustodial parent will select the dates for the extended time period.

d. One weekend per month at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent. The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.

i. If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the noncustodial parent will receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend. If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on a weekend on which the non-custodial parent normally exercises parent-time, the non-custodial parent is entitled to the weekend before the holiday.

ii. If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend will be considered the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.

iii. If a child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the children begin the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays in this Relocation Schedule and those days are contiguous with the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend or holiday parent-time, those days will be included in the weekend or holiday parent-time.

e. The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.

f. In addition to the parent-time for which a non-custodial parent is entitled under the statute, the non-custodial parent is entitled to, at least two times a week:

i. brief telephone contact with the minor child at reasonable hours and for a

reasonable duration and

ii. virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration. If the parties cannot agree whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide, taking into consideration the best interest of the minor child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expense for virtual parent-time, and any other factors the court considers material.

iii. Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace the in-person parent-time the noncustodial parent is entitled to.

24. If either parent lives 150 miles or more away from the other or the parents live in separate countries, costs for the children's travel expenses for parent-time will be shared equally.

25. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they will be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.

26. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses must be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

Resolving disputes

27. If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the children, they will discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their children. If the parents are unable to agree, they will go to the following before bringing the issue to the court:

a. **Mediation**

Changing the plan

This plan remains in effect until changed. A change comes from a modification of a court order.

END OF PARENTING PLAN

Income: Petitioner (David Aaron Sperry) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

28. **David Aaron Sperry's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **$4073. David Aaron Sperry** base child support amount using the **sole** custody calculation is **$691. David Aaron Sperry** receives the following gross monthly income:

a. **David Aaron Sperry** is employed at **rocky mountain atv. David Aaron Sperry** earns **$4073.33** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

29. The adjusted gross monthly income for **David Aaron Sperry** is **$4073.**

Income: Respondent (Kristy M Sperry) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

30. **Kristy M Sperry's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **$5547.** **Kristy M Sperry's** base child support amount using the **sole** custody calculation is **$955. Kristy M Sperry** receives the following gross monthly income:

a. **Kristy M Sperry** is employed at **USPS. Kristy M Sperry** earns **$5546.67** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

31. The adjusted gross monthly income for **Kristy M Sperry** is **$5547.**

Child support (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2)

32. It is in the best interest of the children that **David Aaron Sperry** be ordered to pay child support to **Kristy M Sperry** as follows:

a.**$691.00** per month base support. This amount complies with the Utah Child Support Act.

33. Once a child is no longer eligible to receive child support, the support amount for the eligible children should be recalculated using the child support worksheet (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2). The parties may not divide the base child support award by the number of children and subtract that amount from the prior child support amount.

34. The **sole** custody worksheet was used to calculate child support.

David Aaron Sperry's base child support amount is **$691** per month.

Kristy M Sperry's base child support amount is **$955** per month.

If physical custody of a child changes from what the court orders:

- The parent owing support must pay the support amount to whomever has physical custody of the child.
- The parent must pay the support amount without asking the court to modify the child support order.
- This does not apply to temporary parent-time changes. (Utah Code 81-6-104(4) and 81-6-205(8)(a)).

Child support reduction for extended parent-time

35. If a child lives with the non-custodial parent by court order or written agreement of the parties for:

- 25 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 50% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(a)).
- 12 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 25% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(b)).

The custodial parent's normal parent-time and holiday parent-time do not count as an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

36. If a child receives cash assistance through the T.A.N.F. or F.E.P. programs, any agreement by the parties to reduce child support during extended parent-time must be approved by the Office of Recovery Services.

37. Child support will be paid as follows:

David will pay Kristy the amount of $691.00a month $345.50 by weekly deposited into Kristy's savings account

38. The issue of past-due child support may be decided by future court or administrative action.

39. **David Aaron Sperry** and **Kristy M Sperry** will each pay half of any ORS fee.

a. If a fee is withheld from payments to **Kristy M Sperry**, **David Aaron Sperry** will reimburse **Kristy M Sperry** for half the fee.

40. The parties must notify each other within 30 days of any change in their income.

41. The parties can ask to change this child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if:

- there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines,
- the difference is not temporary, and
- the amount previously ordered was not a deviation from the child support guidelines.

If the children receive TANF funds at the time an adjustment is sought, ORS will review the order and ask the court to adjust the amount if appropriate. (Utah Code 62A-11-306.2).

42. The parties can ask to change this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of material changes in:

- custody;
- the relative wealth or assets of the parties;
- income of a parent of 30% or more;
- the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn;
- the medical needs of the child; or
- the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others.

(Utah Code 81-6-202 and 81-6-212)

The change must result in a difference of 15% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines.

The difference may not be temporary.

The court can consider natural or adoptive children born after the entry of the decree other than those in common to both parties as part of a request to modify an existing award subject to limitations in the law. (Utah Code 81-6-202(8))

43. The Office of Recovery Services (https://ors.utah.gov/) provides services to individuals who are seeking assistance in the collection or enforcement of child support orders.

Dependent children for tax purposes

44. The parents may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes as follows:

45. **Kristy M Sperry** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes in odd numbered years. **David Aaron Sperry** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes in even numbered years.

Child health care (Utah Code 81-6-208)

46. The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent children. Heath care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101(14),

47. **David Aaron Sperry** must maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent children if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost then both parents must ensure the children have health care coverage. This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

a. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by the medical, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the coverage will be as follows:

- **David Aaron Sperry's** insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Kristy M Sperry's** insurance will be secondary coverage.

b. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the coverage will be as follows:

- **David Aaron Sperry's** spouse's insurance will be primary coverage.

- **Kristy M Sperry's** spouse's insurance will be secondary coverage.

c. Both parties will equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums.

d. Both parties will equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent children.

e. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days.

f. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

g. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.

h. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

Child care expenses (Utah Code 81-6-209)

48. Both parties will equally share all reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses.

a. The party who pays child care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and identity of the child care provider. This must be done when a provider is first hired, and any time the other party asks for the information. The party incurring or paying child care expenses must notify the other party of any change of a child care provider or monthly expense. This must be done within 30 calendar days of the change.

b. The party not directly paying for child care must pay their share of child care expenses as soon as they receive verification of the expenses.

c. If a party does **not** follow the order and provide written verification, they may not receive credit for work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

Public assistance statement – Office of Recovery Services (ORS) (Utah Code 81-6-106(2)-(3))

49. Neither party has received or is receiving public assistance from the State of Utah.

Personal property (Utah Code Title 81, Chapters 1, 4, 6, and 9)

50. All personal property not addressed in the divorce should be divided as the parties

have already divided it.

Debts

51. The parties are not aware of any debts from the marriage. If any debts exist, each debt will be the responsibility of the party who incurred the debt.

Real property

52. The parties do not have any real property that is marital property. The parties do not need a court order about real property.

Alimony

53. Neither party will pay alimony.

Retirement money

Retirement money – retirement accounts

54. The parties have retirement money. The owner of the retirement money Plan Participant must do whatever is necessary for both parties to have full access to information about the pension plan, retirement account, money and benefits. This includes signing any forms needed for release of the information to the other party (Alternate Payee).

55. If the Plan Participant receives any retirement money awarded to the Alternate Payee, the Plan Participant receives that money in a constructive trust for the Alternate Payee. The Plan Participant is ordered to pay the benefit directly to the Alternate Payee within 5 days of its receipt. Information on the pension plans and how they are to be divided is listed below:

a.

Account Number: **none**
Plan Name: **401(K)**
Plan Administrator: **Shane Burnham**
Company Name: **John Hancock**
Address: **1441 american way**
Date Opened: **Apr 1, 2024**
Plan Value: **$36752.49**
This plan is in the name of: **David Aaron Sperry**
Divide as follows: **The entire account should be awarded to David Aaron Sperry.**

Additional provisions

56. The parties will adhere to the following additional provisions:

a.

Additional Provision: **David is responsible for any utility bills accrued from an address he resided in from 2019 to 2025. 737 west Utah Ave. Payson UT 84651. David will pay Kristy the amount of $5000 dollars in exchange for the retirement split by the date of Dec 31 2027. if this is not meet Kristy is entitled to $15000 from David's 401K. the funds will be with drawn with all penalties falling David at that time.**

Duty to sign documents

57. The parties will sign all documents necessary to comply with the divorce decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document. (Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70)

Judge's signature may instead appear at the top of the first page of this document.

10/15/26
Date

Signature ► [signature]

By

Judge STAMP USED AT DIRECTION OF JUDGE SHAWN R. HOWELL

Date

Signature ►

Commissioner

Approved as to Form.

Other Party Signature ► [signature]

Other Party Name Kristy M Sperry

Certificate of Service

I certify that I filed with the court and am serving a copy of this Divorce Decree on the following people.

a.
Name: **Kristy Sperry**
Method of service: **Hand Delivery**
Address: **333 south 100 west**
Date of Service: **Oct 5, 2026**

Signature

10/04/2026 ▶ David Sperry

Date

Printed Name David Sperry