The Order of the Court is stated below:
Dated: October 13, 2026 03:52:15 PM **/s/** JARED ELDRIDGE
District Court Judge

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IN THE FOURTH DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR UTAH COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Marriage of: ALISA MORFORD, Petitioner, and MARSH ST. JOHN MORFORD, Respondent.	**DECREE OF DIVORCE** Case No. 254300074 Judge: Jared Eldridge Commissioner: Dustin Hardy

In accordance with Utah Code 81-4-401(2), the above-captioned matter came before the court for consideration absent a hearing. Pursuant to the *Stipulation and Property Settlement Agreement*, a judgment for a divorce can be entered. The court, having reviewed the pleadings on file herein, and having entered its *Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law*, does now ORDER, ADJUDGE, and DECREE as follows:

1. The parties are awarded a Decree of Divorce on the grounds of irreconcilable differences, the same to become final upon entry by the court clerk.

2. Alisa and Marsh were married on August 21, 1995, in San Diego, California, and are presently married. The parties separated on or about August 11, 2025, and do not reside together.

3. The parties currently have two (2) minor children born as issue of their marriage, to wit: L.J.M. born May of 2010; and E.S.M., born May of 2013.

4. During the course of the marriage, the parties have experienced irreconcilable differences that have prevented the parties from pursuing a viable marriage relationship.

MINOR CHILDREN

5. Custody: Alisa is awarded sole physical custody of the minor children, subject to Marsh's parent-time. The parties are awarded joint legal custody. A parenting plan is included herein. Regarding parent-time, both parents will emphasize to the minor children that parent-time with both parents is equally important, and that the minor children's participation in the established parent-time schedule is not up to them decide, school or extracurricular conflicts excepting. The children not exercising visitation shall only be addressed in therapy and shall not be brought before the court, unless caused by the willful interference by a parent.

6. Parent-Time: Marsh's parent-time should be as the parties agree. In the event the parties do not agree, Marsh should have two midweek visits, from 5:30 p.m., or as early as Marsh can pick up the children after school, until 8:30 p.m. Earlier pickups shall not interfere with the children's schedules. Marsh should elect which days he would like to exercise his midweek visits. Marsh shall arrange all transportation for his midweek visits, but if the children can legally drive themselves and their sibling, the children may choose to provide the transportation. In addition, Marsh should have parent time every other weekend, beginning at 6:00 p.m. on Friday and continuing until 8:30 p.m. on Sunday. Marsh may initiate his weekend parent-time early on Fridays if his and the children's schedule permit. This schedule is represented visually as follows:

	Monday	**Tuesday**	**Wednesday**	**Thursday**	**Friday**	**Saturday**	**Sunday**
Wk1	Mom	Dad*	Mom	Dad	Mom	Mom	Mom
Wk2	Dad	Mom	Dad*	Mom	Dad	Dad	Dad

*Midweek visits not overnights.

7. Schoolwork: The party with the children for the evening or weekend shall be responsible for ensuring that schoolwork is completed before any other activities are allowed.

8. Holidays and Summer Parent-Time: The holiday and summer parent-time visitation should be as the parties agree, but only following the recommendation from a family therapist, if one has been engaged by the parties, that extended parent-time is in the children's best interest. If the parties cannot agree, then holiday parent-time shall be consistent with Utah Code 81-9-302 with Alisa being designated as the custodial parent for the purpose of determining holidays, as listed visually in the chart below. Extended parent-time with will be pursuant to Utah Code 81-9-302, and each parent shall provide notice of their plans to exercise extended parent time pursuant to Utah Code 81-9-302 as follows:

a. Odd Years: Noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1; and the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15.

b. Even Years: Custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1; and the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15.

c. If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described, the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent.

d. If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described, the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for summer break for the other parent.

9. The holiday parent-time schedule provided in Utah Code 81-9-302 is as follows:

Even	Odd	Holiday and Time

Years	Years	
Mom	Dad	**Martin Luther King Jr. Holiday** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Dad	Mom	**President's Day** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Mom	Dad	**Spring Break** (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Dad	Mom	**Memorial Day** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.

Dad	Mom	**Juneteenth National Freedom Day** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: a. 6:00 pm on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or b. 9:00 am on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6:00 pm on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.
Mom	Dad	**Independence Day - July 4th** (1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6:00 pm. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6:00 pm.
Dad	Mom	**Pioneer Day - July 24th** (1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6:00 pm. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6:00 pm.
Mom	Dad	**Labor Day** (1) Holiday begins Friday at: a. 9:00 am if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; b. The time that school is regularly dismiss; or c. 6:00 pm at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Dad	Mom	**Columbus Day** (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on Columbus Day.
Mom	Dad	**Fall Break** (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for fall break.

		(2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the day before school resumes.
Dad	Mom	**Halloween** (1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: a. At the time that school is dismissed; or b. At 4:00 pm if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm on the same day the holiday begins.
Mom	Dad	**Veteran's Day** (1) Holiday begins at 6:00 pm on the day before Veteran's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on Veteran's Day.
Dad	Mom	**Thanksgiving** (1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: a. 6:00 pm; or b. The time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the night before school resumes.
Mom	Dad	**First Half of Winter Break** (1) Holiday begins at: a. 6:00 pm on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or b. The time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7:00 pm.
Dad	Mom	**Second Half of Winter Break** (1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 7:00 pm (2) Holiday ends at 7:00 pm on the night before school resumes.
Mom	Dad	**The day before or after child's birthday** (1) Holiday begins at 3:00 pm

		(2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm
Dad	Mom	**Child's actual birthday** (1) Holiday begins at 3:00 pm (2) Holiday ends at 9:00 pm
Dad	Dad	**Father's Day** (1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9:00 am (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7:00 pm
Mom	Mom	**Mother's Day** (1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9:00 am (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7:00 pm

10. **Transportation**: Wherever possible, parent-time exchanges should occur through the children's school/daycare, wherein the parent ending their parent-time timely drops the children off at school/daycare and the parent beginning their parent-time picks the children up from school/daycare. In all other instances, the parent beginning his or her parent-time shall be responsible for transportation and the exchanges should occur curbside. In a curbside exchange, the retrieving parent should remain within an arm's distance of their vehicle, and the other parent should remain within an arm's distance of their home. The parties are restrained from speaking to one another during the exchange. The parties should be mindful of the importance of promptness when parent-time exchanges occur outside of the children's school/daycare. If the children can legally drive themselves and their sibling, the children may choose to provide the transportation.

11. If either party is unavailable to personally transport the children for a parent-time exchange, they may designate an appropriate and responsible person to provide said

transportation. If a third party is providing transportation for the children, the parent who elected that individual shall immediately provide the other parent with that third party's name and contact information.

12. Virtual Parent-Time: Both parents shall allow the minor children unmonitored phone access to the other parent for a reasonable duration and at reasonable hours. Said access shall not be limited to the use of a co-parenting app such as Our Family Wizard.

13. Address and Phone Number: The parties shall keep each other informed of their address and telephone number at all times.

CHILD-RELATED FINANCES

14. Child Support: Alisa is employed full-time and earns a gross monthly income of $5,868.05 for purposes of calculating child support. Marsh is employed full-time and earns a gross monthly income of $7,070.83 for purposes of calculating child support. The sole custody worksheet should be used to calculate child support. In accordance with Utah Code 81-6-203 and the sole custody worksheet, Marsh shall be ordered to pay child support to Alisa for the parties' children in the amount of $1,083.00 per month.

a. The child support will be paid until (1) a minor child reaches the age of majority or graduate High School in the expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, or (2) a child dies, marries, becomes a member of the armed forces of the United States, or is emancipated in accordance with Utah Code 80-7-105.

b. This child support may be submitted to and administered by the Office of Recovery Services (ORS).

c. The person entitled to receive child support will be entitled to mandatory income withholding relief pursuant to Utah Code 26B-9-104. Any Federal and State tax refunds or rebates due the non-custodial parent may be intercepted by the State of Utah and applied to existing child support arrearages. This income withholding procedure will apply to existing and future payers.

d. Child support will be paid in two increments each month; half on the 5th and half on the 20th of each month.

15. Medical Insurance Coverage: Marsh shall maintain health insurance coverage for the children for so long as such coverage is available at a reasonable cost and is accessible to the children. Marsh shall keep the minor children enrolled on his health insurance plan until each child reaches the age of twenty-six (26) or otherwise no longer qualifies for coverage, whichever occurs first, unless agreed otherwise or the child obtains his/her own insurance through an employer.

16. If at any time the children are covered by the insurance plans of both parents, Alisa's plan should be designated as primary coverage and Marsh's plan should be secondary coverage for the children. *Utah Code 81-6-208(3)(c)*.

17. If a parent remarries and their dependent child is not covered by their insurance, but is covered by the step-parent's plan, the step-parent's plan should be treated as if it is the plan of the remarried parent and should retain the same designation for primary or secondary insurance as described above.

18. If the court or an administrative agency must determine which parent should be ordered to maintain insurance for medical expenses, the court or administrative agency may consider the:

a. Reasonableness of the cost;

b. Availability of a group insurance policy;

c. Coverage of the policy; and

d. Preference of the custodial parent.

19. The party who carries the insurance on the children shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., upon initial enrollment of the dependent children, and after initial enrollment on or before January 2 of each calendar year. That party shall notify the other parent, or the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date the parent first knew or should have known of the change.

20. **Medical Insurance Premiums**: In accordance with Utah Code 81-6-208(3)(d), both parties shall share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the minor children's portion of the insurance. The minor children's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid for the family and is calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy, and multiplying the result by the number of minor children of the parties. The insurance premium should be automatically added to or subtracted from the child support obligation above.

21. **Out-of-Pocket Medical Expenses**: Each party shall pay one-half of all reasonable and necessary health, optical, hospital, dental, orthodontic, psychological, and other medical

expenses of the parties' minor children including, but not limited to: out-of-pocket costs actually paid by either parent for the minor children's portion of health, optical, hospital, dental, orthodontic, psychological, and other medical insurance coverage and all reasonable and necessary uninsured health, optical, hospital, dental, orthodontic, psychological, and other medical expenses, including deductibles and co-payments, incurred for the dependent children and actually paid by either parent.

22. Either parent who incurs health, optical, hospital, dental, orthodontic, psychological, and other medical expenses for the parties' minor children shall provide written verification of the costs and payment for the expenses to the other parent within thirty (30) days of payment. The other parent shall reimburse them within thirty (30) days of receiving verification of payment. In addition to any other sanctions provided by the court, a parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expense or to recover the other party's share of the expenses if that party fails to comply with this provision.

23. **Notice to Medical/Dental Expense Creditors:** Pursuant to Utah Code 15-4-6.7, Utah Code 81-3-105, and Utah Code 81-4-501(2)-(4), when a court order has been entered providing for the payment of medical expenses of a minor child pursuant to Utah Code 81-4-501(2)-(4), 81-4-204, or 81-6-208, or an administrative order under 62A-11-326, a creditor who has been provided a copy of the order may not make a claim for unpaid medical expenses against a parent who has paid in full that share of the medical and dental expenses required to be paid by that parent under the order, nor may the creditor make a negative credit report under Utah Code 70C-7-107, or report of the debtor's repayment practices or credit history under Title 7, Chapter 14,

Credit Information Exchange, regarding a parent who has paid in full that share of the medical and dental expenses required to be paid by the parent under the order.

a. Each party shall send a copy of the Decree of Divorce to the creditor of the particular medical or dental expense of the minor children;

b. Notify the particular creditor of that party's current address; and

c. Inform the particular creditor that it may not make a claim for unpaid medical expenses against that party if that party has paid in full that share of medical and dental expenses required to be paid by that parent under the order and also inform the particular creditor that it may not make a negative credit report under Utah Code 70C-7-107 or a report of the debtor's repayment practices or credit history under Title 7, Chapter 14, Credit Information Exchange, regarding a parent who has paid in full that share of the medical and dental expenses required to be paid by that parent under the order.

24. **Taxes**: The parties shall amend their 2025 tax returns, through a licensed CPA, and file a return as married filing jointly. Both parties shall have free access to all financial and related records prior to signing and filing said return. The parties shall share equally in any tax liability or refund resulting therefrom.

a. Child Exemptions: The parties shall each claim one-half of the total number of children available to be claimed each year as tax exemptions and be awarded any tax credits related to the children for the purpose of calculating their State and Federal income taxes. For years in which there are an odd number of children available to be claimed as dependents for the

purposes of credits or exemptions, the parties shall alternate years wherein each may claim the extra child, with Alisa claiming the extra child in odd years and Marsh claiming the extra child in even years.

25. Marsh's ability to claim the exemption/credits for the minor children shall be conditioned on his being current on December 31st of that tax year in his support obligations to Alisa.

26. Upon reasonable advance notice and request, each party shall provide the other party a signed Internal Revenue Service 8332 form for any year where the other party is awarded the child for tax purposes. Form 8332 shall be provided within 10 days of the request.

27. **Extracurricular Activities**: If the parties have agreed in writing to the children's participation in an extracurricular activity, then they shall equally share the costs associated therewith. Neither party is obligated to facilitate the children's participation in an extracurricular activity during their parent-time if they did not agree to the children's involvement. The parties should use their best efforts to keep the other informed of any extracurricular activities that are not common knowledge, and both parties shall be allowed to attend any extracurricular activities the children are involved in.

28. **Education-Related Expenses**: The parties shall be equally responsible for any and all of the children's educational-related expenses. Said expenses include, but are not limited to: enrollment fees, school clothing, school supplies, tutoring, field trips, school lunches, and any other school-related activities.

PARENTING PLAN

29. **Mutual Restraining Order**: The parties are restrained from disparaging the other party to or in the presence of the children and are to instruct third-parties to also be so restrained. Both

parties are restrained from discussing the legal action or any adult topics with or in the presence of the children and are to instruct third-parties to also be so restrained.

30. The parties are permanently restrained from bothering, harassing, annoying, threatening, and/or harming the other party at any time or in any place.

31. **Communication**: Each party is restrained from using the minor children as messengers for any purpose. The parties shall share all information about the children regarding special events, homework assignments, parent-teacher meetings, report cards, medical events, and/or prescriptions to which the other parent may not have access. Information relating to the children shall be provided to the other parent as soon as practical.

32. The parties will communicate only regarding issues relative to the welfare of the minor children. The parties will utilize a co-parenting app, such as Our Family Wizard, for communication, the use of which does not apply to the children. Each party is responsible for their own costs associated with the app. The parties may use text message or a phone call only in the event of an emergency. Any communication between the parties will be civil in nature and free from any disparaging comments, threats, or derogatory language. The parties will refrain from sending multiple messages in a day and each party will make their best efforts to respond to any messages within 24 hours.

33. **Child Rearing**: The parties shall focus their attention on conversations about the children rather than each other. The parties shall encourage the children to understand that differences in parenting styles and households occur, and attempt to adapt to those differences without suggesting that the other parent is better or worse. The parties shall respect the other parent's

right to establish an independent life with the children so long as it is not detrimental to the children's development.

34. In an effort to maintain some consistency and standards for discipline, the parties shall attempt to adopt behavior rules that will apply in both homes. This shall include: bedtime, homework, types of movies and video games the children are allowed to watch/play, and frequency of television and computer time. Should the children complain about a particular parent's rules for them, the explanation shall be that it must be resolved with the other parent so that the parents do not become an ally with the children in that regard. If it is perceived by one party that the discipline of the other is inappropriate, the discussion shall be had in a private and appropriate setting with the other parent, without going through the children.

35. **Medical Information**: Both parties have the right to obtain medical information on the minor children from healthcare providers directly without the necessity of going through the other party or getting their permission. Each party will be listed as a parent for all medical and dental provider contact.

36. **Educational Information**: Both parties have the right to obtain educational information on the children directly from educators and counselors without the necessity of going through the other party or getting their permission. Each party will be listed as a parent for the purposes of school contact.

37. **Notice of Activities**: Both parties will have the right to be notified by the other party of major events, including musical recitals, in the children's lives that they otherwise would not be aware of, so that they can have enough advance notice to attend.

38. **Decision-making**: All major decisions concerning the children, including health, education, and general welfare, religion, daycare, medical/dental treatment, and therapy will be discussed. Further, the parties will use the following decision-making procedure:

d. Identify the issue

e. Develop possible solutions

f. Choose the most sensible solution that considers the needs and interests of everyone involved

39. **Tie-Breaking Procedure**: Under the terms of the above paragraph, the parties will discuss major decisions together, focusing on objective criteria and facts, and involving any professional who may be of assistance. Major decisions include where a child attends school, elective medical, and changing a child's religion. If they are unable to reach an agreement, then the parties will attend mediation prior to bringing the matter before the court, unless it's a matter of urgency where mediation would not be practical. Neither party has final decision-making authority on joint-legal custody issues.

40. **Emergency Medical Decisions**: The parent who has the child at the time he/she suffers a medical emergency has the authority to make any initial decision regarding emergency medical care. That parent will immediately notify the other parent of the emergency.

41. **Day-to-Day Decisions**: Whichever parent has the children in his or her physical custody may make minor, day-to-day decisions regarding them and their care.

42. **Implementation of Treatment**: Each of the parties will facilitate, help, and promote administration of medication or other regimens of therapy for the children as prescribed by a doctor.

43. **Religion**: The parties shall support and respect the other's religious preferences and shall encourage the children's participation in religious activities with both parents. Both parents are free to choose an appropriate religion to participate in with the children and are likewise free to refrain from being affiliated with a religion. If the minor children express interest in learning about other religions, the parties shall support the same.

44. **Out-of-State Travel**: Any parent intending to take a child out of state will provide a brief itinerary to the other parent at least a week prior to travel, including a telephone number for emergency communication.

45. **Relocation**: The parties will follow the notice provisions of Utah Code 81-9-209. The parties shall use their best efforts to maintain their residences within a radius of no more than 20 miles from one another unless mutually agreed to prevent parent-time complications.

46. **Tattooing, Body Piercing, and Permanent Cosmetics**: Neither parent will or allow others to permanently change the appearance of the children's bodies, including but not limited to: body piercing, tattooing, permanent cosmetics, and other cosmetic procedures, without the written consent from the other parent.

47. **Corporal Punishment**: The parties will refrain from using corporal punishment with the minor children and shall keep third parties from doing so.

48. **Romantic Partners**: The parties shall not have romantic or unrelated opposite sex guests spend the night while the children are present unless they are in a serious relationship (dating for more than six months), engaged, or married.

49. **Mediation Before Litigation**: If the parties have a dispute concerning an issue addressed in the parent time provisions of the Decree or this Parenting Plan, they will seek first to resolve

the dispute via mediation with a certified domestic relations mediator before conducting a hearing on any motion to enforce, interpret or modify the Decree.

DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS

50. During the course of the marriage, the parties acquired certain debts and obligations. Each party shall be ordered to assume and pay the debts and hold the other harmless from liability as follows:

Debt	***Approximate Balance***	***Responsible Party***
2025 Tax Liability	See Paragraph 50	50/50
UCCU Overdraft	$10,189.60*	50/50
AMEX Credit Card	$5,782.47*	50/50
Chase Credit Card	$6,910.69*	50/50
Chase Amazon Credit Card	$0.00*	50/50
Lowe's Credit Card	$2,664.81	50/50
401K Loan 1	$24,505.98	50/50
401K Loan 2	$30,000.00	Marsh

*The parties will equally split the balance as of October 2025. Any debt accrued after that date is Marsh's sole responsibility.

51. **Tax Liability**: The parties shall cooperate, whether jointly or independently, to retain a CPA to review their 2025 tax returns for the purpose of identifying potential reductions to any outstanding tax liability. The parties shall equally share the cost of the CPA.

52. Each party shall assume and pay their own individual debts and hold harmless the other party from liability on all debts and obligations (i.e. credit cards, student loans, utility bills) incurred by that party after separation.

53. Pursuant to Utah Code 81-4-406(4), the parties shall notify respective creditors or obliges regarding the division of debts, obligations, and/or liabilities herein, and the parties' separate and current addresses.

PERSONAL PROPERTY

54. **Personal Property**: During the course of the marriage relationship, the parties acquired certain items of personal property which shall be divided as follows:

Property	***Awarded To***
Resurrection Painting*	Marsh

*Alisa has already provided Marsh the Resurrection Painting.

55. Any remaining personal property should be divided equitably between the parties as they agree. In the event the parties are unable to reach an agreement, Alisa shall prepare two lists of the disputed personal property, and Marsh shall select one list, with the parties then receiving the items contained on their respective chosen list.

56. **Secured Debt**: Each party being awarded property shall also be responsible for the debt associated therewith.

57. **Accounts**: The parties have accrued investment accounts, bank accounts, and other asset accounts during the course of their marriage. Any remaining joint accounts shall be equally divided between the parties. The parties should work together to divide the existing bank accounts and cooperate to remove each other's names from joint accounts.

58. **Children's Accounts**: The children's accounts shall be transferred to an independent bank or credit union. Both parties should be listed on the minor children's accounts. Neither party shall withdraw funds from these accounts without the prior written approval of the other party. An accounting of the accounts subject to transfer is as follows:

Child's Account	***Balance as listed on Marsh's Financial Declaration***
Alisa	$0.00
Emma	$973.08*
Chase	$17,075.92*
James	$18,758.88*
Lucy	$33,128.83*
Lizzy	$6,637.38*

*These balances are off as the accounts have continued to earn interest.

59. **Personal Belongings**: Each party shall be awarded their own personal belongings.

60. **Businesses**: During the course of the marriage, the parties have acquired an interest in a business entity known as MorfMushing. The parties have sold this business; however, the buyer has been making payments for the purchase of said business. Any and all payments for such purchase shall be divided equally between the parties, including the $50,000.00 anticipated to be paid in the spring of 2026. The parties shall each provide notice to the buyer (Jake) that all payment notifications must be sent to each party individually.

RETIREMENT ASSETS

61. During the course of the marriage, the parties have acquired pensions, retirement benefits, 401(k)s, IRAs, and/or deferred compensation plans. The retirement assets accrued during the marriage and to the parties' date of separation in August 2025 shall be divided equally between the parties, one-half to each. A Qualified Domestic Relations Order or Domestic Relations Order should be issued as needed with the costs for such order being paid equally by both parties. Alisa shall be responsible for preparing any and all paperwork and forms required to divide said account, and should do so within 90 days of entry of the Decree of Divorce in this matter.

REAL PROPERTY

62. During the marriage, the parties acquired an interest in real property, commonly known as 718 South State Street, Genola, UT 84655.

63. The real property shall be sold as soon as reasonably practicable. The property is currently under contract; however, if that sale is not completed, the parties shall have 30 days to enter into a contract with a new interested party. If no other buyer makes a reasonable offer, the

parties shall proceed with the sale of the property to the Moffitts after the thirty (30) day period concludes. Both parties shall use their best efforts to remove all remaining personal property from and to clean up the property to a reasonable extent before closing. If a third-party service is required to accomplish this, the cost of said service shall be covered from the proceeds of the sale.

64. Equity shall be calculated by subtracting any and all expenses of the sale and all mortgages or liens against the property from the sale price of the home. The remaining net equity shall be held in an attorney trust account pending distribution pursuant to this Stipulation. The parties agree that the net equity shall first be used to satisfy and pay all joint marital debts. After payment of the joint debts, Marsh shall pay Alisa any child support arrears owed from Marsh's remaining portion of the equity. Marsh shall receive an additional $5,000.00 from the remaining equity as a full and final resolution of any claims he may have regarding the division of the equity or other claims between the parties. Following the above-referenced distributions, the remaining equity shall be divided equally between the parties. Distribution shall be made as quickly as reasonably possible after closing, but not before the resolution of the outstanding financial issues as set forth in this agreement.

MISCELLANEOUS

65. **Alimony**: Marsh has significantly greater earnings and earning capacity than Alisa. Alisa has the need for alimony and Marsh has the ability to pay. Accordingly, Marsh shall pay Alisa alimony in the amount of $1,602.00 per month, less Marsh's child support obligation, for a period of one hundred and eighty (180) months. As part of this agreement, Alisa shall provide Marsh with documentation evidencing her monthly rent payments in annual intervals. This

alimony award shall be entered with the expectation that the parties will retire by 2038. Retirement will not constitute a substantial and material change in circumstances under Utah Code 81-4-505 to warrant modification of the alimony award. Pursuant to Utah Code 81-4-505, alimony should terminate earlier upon the remarriage or death of that former spouse, or upon the establishment by the party paying alimony that the former spouse is cohabitating with another person. However, if the remarriage is annulled and found to be void ab initio, payment of alimony should resume if the party paying alimony is made a party to the action of annulment and the payor party's rights are determined. It is anticipated by the parties that Alisa Morford will increase her earning capacity in the near future as she transitions from a teacher's aide to a licensed educator. As such, any initial increase of income by Alisa Morford shall not be factored into any request to modify or terminate alimony for the first 3 years after the divorce is entered.

66. Life Insurance: Marsh shall maintain a life insurance policy naming Alisa as the beneficiary in an amount equal to the total alimony obligation. The life insurance policy shall remain in effect until Marsh's alimony obligation has been fully satisfied, including the completion of the fifteen-year alimony term. Marsh shall provide Alisa with proof of the life insurance policy on an annual basis.

67. Restoration of Maiden Name: Alisa's name should be restored to Alisa Banner, if she so chooses.

68. Delivery of Documents and Duty to Sign Documents: Each party shall be ordered to execute and deliver to the other such documents as are required to implement the provisions of the Decree of Divorce entered by the court. Should a party fail to execute a document within 90 days of the entry of their divorce decree, the other party may bring a Motion to Enforce before

the court, at the expense of the disobedient party. Under a Motion to Enforce, the court may appoint some other person to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

69. Interpretation/Applicability: This document should be governed by Utah law in all respects. Any references to Utah statute herein should mean the Utah Code in effect as of the date of entry of the final order.

70. Severability: If a provision of the order resulting from this complaint is or becomes illegal, unenforceable, or invalid in any jurisdiction, it should not affect: (1) the enforceability or validity in that jurisdiction of any other provision of the order, or (2) the enforceability or validity in other jurisdictions of that or any other provision of the order.

71. Disclosure: The parties acknowledge that each has fully and completely disclosed to the other all assets of every kind and nature known to him or her in which he or she may have any interest whatsoever, and that this Agreement encompasses and deals with all such assets and that there are no assets or liabilities contingent or otherwise that have not been disclosed in connection with the final settlement of this matter through the financial declarations and as herein set forth and to be distributed between the parties. If it is later discovered that a party failed to disclose an asset, the other party may be awarded the entirety of that asset.

[SEE TOP OF FIRST PAGE FOR COURT ENDORSEMENT]

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND CONTENT:

/s/ Todd Barfuss
Todd Barfuss
Attorney for Marsh Morford

NOTICE PURSUANT TO RULE 7(j) OF THE UTAH RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

MARSH MORFORD: Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Rule 7(j) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure of the District Courts of the State of Utah that this Order prepared by Alisa Morford's counsel shall be the Order of the court unless you file an objection in writing within seven (7) days from the date of the service of this notice.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 30th day of September 2026, I personally served a true and correct copy of the foregoing **DECREE OF DIVORCE** via Electronic Mail to:

Todd Barfuss
todd@oblawpc.com
Attorney for Marsh Morford

/s/ Sisilee Musselman
Sisilee Musselman
Paralegal