

FILED

SEP 28 2026

4th DISTRICT
STATE OF UTAH
UTAH COUNTY

Jenette Campos

Name

4171 Traverse Ridge Parkway 8-201

Address

Lehi, Utah 84043

City, State, Zip

801-960-8350

Phone

jenettecampos@icloud.com

Email

FOURTH Judicial District UTAH County

Court Address 137 NORTH FREEDOM BOULEVARD, PROVO, UT, 84606

In the Matter of (select one)

☒ the Marriage of (for a divorce with
or without children, annulment,
separate maintenance, or
temporary separation case)

Jenette Campos

(name of Petitioner)

and

Larry Obrien Campos

(name of Respondent)

Other parties (if any)

Divorce Decree

264401189

Case Number

Griffin

Judge

Commissioner (domestic cases)

The court decrees:

Divorce

1. Jenette Campos is granted a divorce based on the Declaration of Jurisdiction and Grounds signed by Jenette Campos. The divorce will become final upon entry of the divorce decree.

Children (Utah Code 81-6-101(7))

2. **Jenette Campos** and **Larry Obrien Campos** are the legal parents of the following children (Utah Code 81-5-102 et seq.)

- a. Any unborn child listed is expected to be born within 300 days of the entry of the decree.

Minor Children

AJC 11/2010

Children – Jurisdiction over custody and parent-time issues (Utah Code 81-11-101, 81-11-201, and 81-11-208)

3. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because:

4. During the last five years, the minor children have lived at the following places and with the following people:

a.

Child: **AJC 11/2010**

i.

Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**

Move-in Date: **Apr 1, 2026**

Address: **4171 Traverse Ridge Parkway 8-201, Lehi, Utah 84043 United**

States

(1).

Caretaker at this address: **Jenette Campos**

Caretaker current address: **4171 Traverse Ridge Parkway 8-201, Lehi, Utah 84043 United States**

Children – Other court proceedings

(Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100; Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, UCCJEA, Utah Code 81-11-101 et seq.; Utah Uniform Interstate Family support Act, UIFSA, Utah Code 81-8-102 et seq.)

I say the following:

5. There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about **Jenette Campos** and **Larry Obrien Campos's** minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases.

6. **Jenette Campos** and **Larry Obrien Campos** have physical custody of our child(ren), and are the only people who have custody, child support, and parent-time rights to our child(ren).

PARENTING PLAN

This Parenting Plan is being filed in good faith.

This parenting plan is agreed to by **Jenette Campos** and **Larry Obrien Campos**.

Children - custody

(Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 9, Part 3)

7. It is in the children's best interest that the parties be awarded Joint Legal and Joint Physical Custody. **Jenette Campos** is filing this Parenting Plan and verifies the plan is filed in good faith.

8. The children should reside in **Jenette Campos's** home **220** overnights each year and in **Larry Obrien Campos's** home **145** overnights each year.

9. The parents will follow the parent-time schedule in the statute(s).

Children 5-18 (expanded schedule) (Utah Code 81-9-303)

FOR CHILDREN 5 YEARS TO 18 YEARS OF AGE

Midweek – School in Session: During the time a child's school is in session, one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent, or Wednesday evening if not specified, from 5:30 p.m. and ending the following day upon delivering the child to school; or, at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday from the time the child's school is regularly dismissed until the following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8:00 a.m. if there is no school.

Midweek – School not in Session: During the time a child's school is not in session, one weekday from approximately 8:00 a.m., accommodating the custodial parent's work schedule, and ending the following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school.

Changes to Midweek Schedule: Once the weekday is designated, it may not be changed except by mutual written agreement of the parents, or court order.

Alternate Weekends: Alternating weekend parent-time shall begin the first weekend after the entry of the decree.

Alternate Weekends - School in Session: During the time a child's school is in session alternating weekend parent-time shall be from 5:30 p.m. on Friday until Monday upon delivering the minor child to school, or, at the election of the noncustodial parent, from the time a child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday until Monday upon delivering the minor child to school.

Alternate Weekends - School not in Session: During the time a child's school is not in session a noncustodial parent may elect alternating weekend parent-time to begin on Friday from approximately 8:00 a.m., if the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, until 8 a.m. on Monday if there is no school.

Pick Up by Non-Parent: A step-parent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by a parent, may pick up the child if the other parent is aware of the identity of the individual, and the parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.

Changes to Weekends: Weekend parent-time elections shall be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, and may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule.

Holiday Parent-time: Holidays as specified below in the Special Occasion table.

Extended Parent-time: Extended parent-time with the noncustodial parent may be up to four consecutive weeks when school is not in session, at the option of the noncustodial parent including weekends normally exercised by the noncustodial parent, but not holidays;

Each parent shall provide notice to the other of their plan to exercise extended parent-time during summer break as follows:

Extended Parent-time notice - in odd numbered years, the noncustodial parent shall provide notification of extended parent-time to the custodial parent by May 1st and the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of uninterrupted extended parent-time by May 15th.

Extended Parent-time notice - in even numbered years, the custodial parent shall provide notification of uninterrupted extended parent-time with a child to the noncustodial parent by May 1st and the noncustodial parent shall provide notification to the custodial parent of extended parent-time by May 15th.

Extended Parent-time notice - if not provided timely by a parent, the complying parent may determine the schedule for non-complying parent, so long as the complying parent's notification is timely.

Extended Parent-time notice - if neither parent's notification is timely, the first parent to give notice may determine the schedules of both parents for extended parent-time.

Electronic communication: Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration. Virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, shall be at reasonable hours and for reasonable

duration, provided that if the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration the best interest of the child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and any other factors the court considers material.

Weekday parent-time will be Monday. (81-9-303)

On school days: Parent-time begins when school is regularly dismissed and ends the following day upon delivering the child to school, or at 8:00 a.m. if there is no school (Utah Code 81-9-303)

Parent-time for special occasions

10. The parents will follow the schedule for special occasions below. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are let out for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school. (Utah Code 81-9-302, 303).

Holiday	Period	Larry Obrien Campos	Jenette Campos
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.	Odd years	Even years
Presidents' Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Presidents' Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for spring break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Memorial Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Mother's Day. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 8:30 p.m..	All years if Larry Obrien Campos is the mother or other parent granted Mother's Day in the order.	All years if Jenette Campos is the mother or other parent granted Mother's Day in the order.
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins at 5:30 p.m. on the day before Father's Day.	All years if Larry	All years if Jenette

Holiday	Period	Larry Obrien Campos	Jenette Campos
	(2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 8:30 p.m..	Obrien Campos is the father or other parent granted Father's Day in the order.	Campos is the father or other parent granted Father's Day in the order.
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 5:30 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 8 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 5:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins: (a) at the time that school is dismissed for Labor Day; or (b) Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd years	Even years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for fall break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 3 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school is dismissed for Thanksgiving; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) the time that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) 5:30 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 8:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes after the winter break.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m.	Odd years	Even years

Parent-time transfers

11. Pick-up and drop-off ("transfers") of the children for parent-time will be as described below:

The parties will make arrangements for pick up, delivery and return of the children prior to each scheduled parent-time.

Curbside transfers

12. There will not be curbside transfers. The parent/person dropping-off or picking-up a child may accompany the children to the other parent/person when parent-time transfers are made.

Decision-making

13. Each parent will make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.

Joint decision-making. The parents will share responsibility for making major decisions about the children. If there is a disagreement, the parents will resolve the dispute as provided in the Resolving disputes section below.

Education plan

14. The school the children will attend is based on **Jenette Campos's** home residence.

15. Jenette Campos has authority to check the children out of school. Jenette Campos has access to the children during school. If the parents cannot agree, education decisions will be made by Jenette Campos.

Communication with each other

16. Parents will communicate with each other by any method.

Communication with the children

17. The parents agree they will:

- provide age-appropriate help to the children to communicate with the other parent.
- give the children privacy during their communication with the other parent. The parents will not interfere with or monitor communication between the children and the other parent.

18. Parents and children may communicate with each other whenever the children choose.

- By any method

Records and information sharing

19. Both parents will have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education, child care, and health care.

Travel by the children

20. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others.

21. If the children will be travelling for more than 1 days, the parent arranging the travel will notify the other parent at least 1 days in advance. That parent will give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least 1 days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent will provide as much notice as possible.

Child care

22. A child care provider for our children must be:

A relative, friend, or neighbor.

Relocation of a parent (Utah Code 81-9-209)

23. If either parent moves 150 miles or more from the other, the moving parent must give the non-moving parent a written Notice of Relocation. The notice must be sent at least 60 days before the planned move.

a. The written Notice of Relocation must include:

- Information about the move;
- A proposed parent-time schedule; and
- A statement that the parents will not interfere with the other parent's parent-time.

b. If the moving parent does not give the non-moving parent a Notice of Relocation, the moving parent will be in contempt of the court's order.

24. If either parent lives 150 miles or more away from the other, or if the parents live a different countries, parent-time will be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, the following will be the minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent:

Relocation Schedule (Utah Code 81-9-209)

a. in years ending in odd number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:

i.

(A) fall break if the minor child's school dismisses for fall break, beginning on the day

that school dismisses for fall break and ending on the day before school resumes; or
(B) Labor Day if the minor child's school does not dismiss for a fall break, beginning on the day that school dismisses for Labor Day and ending on the day before school resumes; and

ii. the entire winter break period beginning on the day that school dismisses for the winter break and ending on the day before school resumes;

b. in years ending in an even number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:

i.

(A) spring break, beginning on the day that school dismisses for the spring break and ending on the day before school resumes; or

(B) Presidents' Day if the minor child's school does not dismiss for a spring break, beginning on the day that school dismisses for Presidents' Day and ending on the day before school resumes; and

ii. Thanksgiving, beginning on the day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving and ending on the day before school resumes.

c. extended parent-time equal to half of the summer or off-track time for consecutive weeks with:

i. the noncustodial parent entitled to the first half of the summer or off-track time in years ending in an odd number; and

ii. the noncustodial parent entitled to the second half of the summer or off-track time in years ending in an even number; and

iii. the noncustodial parent will return the child to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins. This week will be counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period. The parties will mutually agree on this extended time each year. If they are unable to agree, the noncustodial parent will select the dates for the extended time period.

d. One weekend per month at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent. The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.

i. If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the noncustodial parent will receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend. If a holiday

assigned to the custodial parent falls on a weekend on which the non-custodial parent normally exercises parent-time, the non-custodial parent is entitled to the weekend before the holiday.

ii. If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend will be considered the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.

iii. If a child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the children begin the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays in this Relocation Schedule and those days are contiguous with the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend or holiday parent-time, those days will be included in the weekend or holiday parent-time.

e. The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.

f. In addition to the parent-time for which a non-custodial parent is entitled under the statute, the non-custodial parent is entitled to, at least two times a week:

i. brief telephone contact with the minor child at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration and

ii. virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration. If the parties cannot agree whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide, taking into consideration the best interest of the minor child, each parent's ability to handle any additional expense for virtual parent-time, and any other factors the court considers material.

iii. Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace the in-person parent-time the noncustodial parent is entitled to.

25. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they will be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.

26. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses must be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

Resolving disputes

27. If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the children, they will discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their children. If the parents are unable to agree, they will go to the following before bringing the issue to the court:

a. **Mediation**

Changing the plan

This plan remains in effect until changed. A change comes from a modification of a court order.

28. A joint physical custody arrangement may result in denial of cash assistance under the Employment Support Act, Title 35A, Chapter 3, of the Utah Code.

END OF PARENTING PLAN

Income: Petitioner (Jenette Campos) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

29. **Jenette Campos's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **\$4767**. **Jenette Campos** receives the following gross monthly income:

- a. **Jenette Campos** is employed at **Home 2 Suites**. **Jenette Campos** earns **\$4766.67** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

30. The adjusted gross monthly income for **Jenette Campos** is **\$4767**.

Income: Respondent (Larry Obrien Campos) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

31. **Larry Obrien Campos's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **\$3054**. **Larry Obrien Campos** receives the following gross monthly income:

- a. **Larry Obrien Campos** is employed at **Las Cruces School Distrcit**. **Larry Obrien Campos** earns **\$3054** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

32. The adjusted gross monthly income for **Larry Obrien Campos** is **\$3054**.

Child support (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2)

33. **Jenette Campos** believes the guideline amount for child support is unjust, inappropriate, or not in the best interest of our children for the following reasons:

The reason(s) for deviation are excessive debts of the marriage.

34. It is in the best interest of the children that **Larry Obrien Campos** be ordered to pay child support to **Jenette Campos** as follows:

- a. **\$500.00** per month. This deviates from the Utah Uniform Child Support Guidelines.
- b. Unless the Court orders otherwise, support for each child ends when:
 - a child turns 18 or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later, or
 - a child dies, marries, becomes a member of the United States armed forces, or is emancipated (Utah Code 78A-6-801).

35. Once a child is no longer eligible to receive child support, the support amount for the eligible children should be recalculated using the child support worksheet (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2). The parties may not divide the base child support award by the number of children and subtract that amount from the prior child support amount.

36. Child support will be paid as follows:

Paid to Jenette per Chime as he has been the past 3 years, on time with no problems and I feel that he will continue to do so even after the court order since he was doing it before the court order

37. The issue of past-due child support may be decided by future court or administrative action.

38. **Larry Obrien Campos** will pay any ORS fees. If **Jenette Campos** is the ORS applicant and the fees are withheld from payments to **Jenette Campos**, **Larry Obrien Campos** will reimburse **Jenette Campos**.

39. The parties must notify each other within 30 days of any change in their income.

40. The Office of Recovery Services (<https://ors.utah.gov/>) provides services to individuals who are seeking assistance in the collection or enforcement of child support orders.

Dependent children for tax purposes

41. **Jenette Campos** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes.

Child health care (Utah Code 81-6-208)

42. The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent children. Health care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101(14),

43. **Larry Obrien Campos** must maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent children if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost then both parents must ensure the children have health care coverage. This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

a. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by the medical, hospital, or dental

insurance plans of both parents, the coverage will be as follows:

- **Larry Obrien Campos's** insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Jenette Campos's** insurance will be secondary coverage.

b. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the coverage will be as follows:

- **Larry Obrien Campos's** spouse's insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Jenette Campos's** spouse's insurance will be secondary coverage.

c. Both parties will equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums.

d. Both parties will equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent children.

e. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days.

f. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

g. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.

h. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

Child care expenses (Utah Code 81-6-209)

44. Both parties will equally share all reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses.

a. The party who pays child care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and identity of the child care provider. This must be done when a provider is first hired, and any time the other party asks for the information. The party incurring or paying child care expenses must notify the other party of any change of a child care provider or monthly expense. This must be done within 30 calendar days of the change.

b. The party not directly paying for child care must pay their share of child care expenses as soon as they receive verification of the expenses.

c. If a party does **not** follow the order and provide written verification, they may not receive credit for work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses

or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

Public assistance statement – Office of Recovery Services (ORS) (Utah Code 81-6-106(2)-(3))

45. Neither party has received or is receiving public assistance from the State of Utah.

Personal property (Utah Code Title 81, Chapters 1, 4, 6, and 9)

46. All personal property not addressed in the divorce should be divided as the parties have already divided it.

Vehicles

47. Vehicles will be divided as follows:

a.

Year: **2020**

Make: **Kia**

Model: **Sportage**

VIN: **N/A**

Owner (before divorce): **Jenette Campos**

Current value: **\$18,000.00**

Amounts Estimated: **no**

Ownership After Divorce: **Jenette Campos**

i.

Lender: **Capital One**

Address: **1680 Capital One Drive**

Date Acquired: **N/A**

Amount Owed: **\$17,500.00**

Amounts Estimated: **no**

Monthly Payment: **\$490.00**

The debt will be paid as follows: **Jenette Campos will pay the entire debt.**

Jenette Campos will provide a copy of the divorce decree to the lender.

b.

Year: **2013**

Make: **Nissan**

Model: **Altima**

VIN: **N/A**

Owner (before divorce): **Larry Campos**

Current value: **\$3,500.00**

Amounts Estimated: **no**

Ownership After Divorce: **Larry Obrien Campos**

Loan: **N/A**

Debts

48. The parties are not aware of any debts from the marriage. If any debts exist, each debt will be the responsibility of the party who incurred the debt.

Real property

49. The parties do not have any real property that is marital property. The parties do not need a court order about real property.

Alimony

50. Neither party will pay alimony.

Retirement money

51. The parties do not need a court order about retirement money.

Duty to sign documents

52. The parties will sign all documents necessary to comply with the divorce decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document. (Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70)

Judge's signature may instead appear at the top of the first page of the document.

9-14-26 11:20 Am
Date

Signature ▶

Tw, W



Judge

ROGER W. GRIFFIN

N/A
Date

Signature ▶

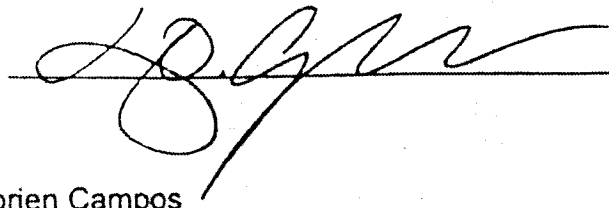
N/A

Commissioner

N/A

Approved as to Form.

Other Party
Signature ►



Other Party Name Larry Obrien Campos

Certificate of Service

I certify that I filed with the court and am serving a copy of this Divorce Decree on the following people.

a.

Name: **Larry Campos**
Method of service: **Email**
Address: **larryocampos1@gmail.com**
Date of Service: **Aug 27, 2026**

Signature

► Jenette Campos

08/27/2026

Date

Printed
Name

Jenette Campos