



LESLIE CORBLY  
Petitioner, Pro Se  
423 N 550W  
Orem, UT 84057  
[leslie.corbly@gmail.com](mailto:leslie.corbly@gmail.com)  
405-651-3669

---

**IN THE FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT  
UTAH COUNTY – UTAH**

---

*In the Matter of the Marriage of:*  
LESLIE CATHERINE CORBLY,  
Petitioner,  
and  
TIMOTHY MICHAEL CORBLY,  
Respondent

**ORDER GRANTING DECREE OF  
ANNULMENT**

Case No. 264402703 DA

Judge: Thomas Low

Commissioner: Marian Ito

Petitioner LESLIE CATHERINE CORBLY and Respondent TIMOTHY MICHAEL CORBLY have entered into a Stipulation and Settlement Agreement (the “Stipulation”), resolving all issues relating to the above-entitled annulment action. The Court having now made and entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law; and good cause appearing; **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED AS FOLLOWS:**

**CHILD CUSTODY AND VISITATION**

69. Legal Custody: The parties are granted joint legal custody of the minor children.

70. Major Decisions: The parties will discuss all major decisions. If the parties cannot agree they agree to discuss the issue(s) with Keith Adams. If they still cannot agree, they must consult experts, such as teachers, doctors, therapists, etc. After gathering relevant information from experts, the parties agree to discuss their findings with Keith Adams. If

they still cannot agree, they may bring the matter before the court.

71. Minor Decisions: Day-to-day decisions regarding the wellbeing of the minor child will be made by the parent exercising his or her custody parent time rights pursuant to the parenting plan in this agreement. Both parties agree to immediately contact one another if the minor child requires emergency medical attention.

72. Schooling: The parties mutually agree that it is not in the best interest of the minor child to attend public school. They agree to work together to find an appropriate school. If the parties cannot agree on an appropriate school by the time the minor child is school aged, they agree to allow Mother to homeschool the minor child until such time as they can agree upon a school. If the parties mutually decide to send the minor child to public school, the residence used to determine the public school the minor child attends will be the residence where the minor child spends a majority of overnights at the time the minor child is enrolled in public school.

73. Physical Custody: Mother should be granted sole physical custody. Father should be granted custody either as the parties have practiced (detailed below), or pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 81-9-304.

- a. The parties have agreed that, until both parents are stably located in the DC/Northern Virginia region, visitation as described below is agreed to be in the child's best interest. The parties have practiced the below visitation schedule since January and K.D.C. is doing well on this schedule.

b. Because the parties agree that the developmental age of the minor child is a critical factor when crafting an appropriate custody and visitation schedule, the parties agree to reconvene if necessary to determine custody at the following developmental stages:

i. When the minor child turns five (August 2029)

ii. When the minor child turns 9 (August 2033)

iii. When the minor child turns 12 (August 2036)

iv. If the parties cannot agree on an updated custody and visitation schedule they agree to discuss the issue with Keith Adams. If Keith Adams is not available, they agree to attend one session of mediation. Mediation fees will be split 50/50. If they still cannot agree, they may bring the matter before the court.

74. Father's Visitation: Father's visitation is as the parties agree. If the parties cannot agree then Father will have visitation as follows:

#### Father's Visitation

(1) Tuesdays from the time the minor child is picked up from daycare until the child's bedtime. The parties agree the minor child's bedtime is flexible and agree to correspond with one another to coordinate the appropriate exchange time and location that best accommodates Father's schedule and the needs of the minor child. However, in no event

is the minor child's bedtime after 9:00 p.m.

(2) Wednesdays from the time the minor child is picked up from daycare until the minor child's bedtime. The parties agree the minor child's bedtime is flexible and agree to correspond with one another to coordinate the appropriate exchange time and location that best accommodates Father's schedule and the needs of the minor child.

(3) Fridays from the time the minor child is picked up from daycare until 7:00 p.m.

(4) Sunday from 7:00 a.m. until 2:30 p.m.

(5) First and Third Saturdays from 7:00 a.m. until 2:30 p.m.

(6) Second and Fourth Saturdays from 2:30 p.m. until the minor child's bedtime, no later than 9:00 p.m.

75. Holiday Parent-time. Holiday parent-time shall be as the parties can agree. If the parties cannot agree, then the parties shall follow Utah Code Ann. §81-9-209 with Father being designated as the non-custodial parent for purposes of determining holiday rotation.

76. Right of First Refusal: If either party is unable to care for the minor child for more than 6 hours of his or her regular parent time, that party will contact the other party before seeking surrogate care. The party exercising the right of first refusal will drive to the other party's location to pick up/drop off the minor child.

## **FINANCIAL PROVISIONS**

### **Child Support**

77. The Court should order child support that is consistent with a Child Support Obligation Worksheet for Sole Custody and the Uniform Child Support Schedule.

78. The income of the parties should be imputed at the following:

a. Father's gross monthly income is \$10,167.

b. Mother's gross monthly income is \$17,120.

79. Father will pay Mother \$838 in child support beginning the month after the Decree of Annulment is entered.

80. Pursuant to Utah Code Ann. §81-7-102, child support shall be due on the 1st with installment payments of one half paid on the 5th and the other half paid on the 20th of each month.

81. Child support shall continue until the minor child reaches the age of eighteen (18) or graduates from high school during their normal and expected graduating class, whichever occurs later or marries, dies, joins the armed forces or is otherwise emancipated.

82. Pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-212(4) & (5), any child support order may be adjusted by motion when the most recent Child Support Order is older than three (3) years and by petition when the most recent Child Support Order is less than three (3) years old.

#### Support Payment

83. Both parties make incomes sufficient to meet their needs. Neither party is entitled to, nor

should receive, alimony from the other. If either party's financial circumstances materially change, the parties agree to re-mediate the issue of alimony with Keith Adams, or another mutually agreed-upon mediator if Keith Adams is unavailable, before seeking relief from the Court.

Medical Insurance and Medical Expenses

84. Pursuant to Utah Code Ann. §81-6-208, the parties shall jointly provide and maintain health/medical insurance for the benefit of the children where available at a reasonable cost. In the event both parties have insurance for the children, Mother's insurance shall be designated as primary, and Father's insurance shall be designated as secondary unless the parties agree otherwise.
85. Should one party obtain health/medical insurance through their employment or other business undertakings, the other party shall be liable for the payment of one-half of the cost of said insurance for the children's portion of that insurance. The children's portion shall be determined on a pro rata share of the premium actually paid by a parent.
86. The parent who provides insurance may receive credit against the base child support award or recover the other parent's share of the children's portion of the premium.
87. The parties shall divide equally all reasonable and necessary medical expenses for the children which are not covered by insurance.
88. The parent who incurs reasonable or necessary medical expenses shall provide a receipt showing the payment amount, medical provider and itemization of services to the other parent within thirty (30) days of payment.

89. Mother pays \$450 monthly in healthcare premiums. Pursuant to Utah Code, this makes the minor child's pro rata portion of the premium \$225 monthly, meaning Father owes Mother \$113 monthly for child healthcare premiums.
90. The parent who incurs medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses, or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses, if that parent fails to provide written verification and payment within thirty (30) days of payment.
91. The parent who incurs the medical expenses shall be reimbursed within thirty (30) days of the verification of the cost and payment to the other parent.
92. The parties shall cooperate in exchanging all claim forms and statements to coordinate the payment of all medical and dental expenses, as set forth herein.
93. The parent who maintains health insurance shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent, upon initial enrollment of the children, and thereafter on or before January 2nd of each calendar year.
94. The parent who maintains insurance shall provide written notice to the other parent of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within thirty (30) days of any change.

#### Childcare Expenses

95. Pursuant to Utah Code §81-6-209, both parties should share equally all reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related childcare expenses by a licensed daycare provider.

96. The parties should keep the other informed of the name and contact information for any third-party providing work-related care for the children during their parent-time.
97. The parent who incurs childcare expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and identity of a childcare provider to the other parent upon initial engagement of a provider and thereafter on the request of the other parent.
100. Childcare by family members is preferred and is presumed to be of no cost.
98. The parent shall notify the other parent of any change of a childcare provider or the monthly expense of childcare within 30 calendar days of the date of the change.
99. A parent incurring childcare expenses shall be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if the parent incurring the expenses fails to comply with these notice provisions.

#### School Fees & Extracurricular Activities

100. School Fees. So long as the parties are exercising joint physical custody, the parties shall divide all required school costs and fees equally. This does not include co-curricular fees without written agreement.
101. Extracurricular Expenses. Each party is required to pay one half of all costs relating to the minor children's participation in extracurricular activities so long as both parties agree to the activity in writing. Neither party shall register a child for an activity that is on the parent's parent-time without the express permission of the other parent.

102. A party's agreement to an extracurricular activity cannot extend beyond the current season or a year's commitment without agreement.

103. All reimbursement requests should be made within 30 days of making payment and all reimbursements should be provided within 30 days of receiving the request.

#### Taxes

104. Father will claim K.D.C. in even years and Mother will claim K.D.C. in odd years. Any tax return from the remaining years the parties file jointly will be utilized as follows:

- a. First to satisfy outstanding tax debt
- b. Father will then be entitled to \$3,450
- c. If there is excess after (a) and (b) are satisfied the remaining balance will be paid to the parties 50/50.
- d. If the parties tax debt cannot be satisfied by the tax return Mother will satisfy the remaining tax debt within 60 days after the parties receive their tax return.

#### Personal Property

105. The parties have already amicably distributed personal property.

#### Vehicles

106. During the course of the marriage the parties acquired the following vehicles that should be awarded to the parties as follows:

- a. A 2020 Kia Niro was purchased by Father. This vehicle was totaled in April 2026.

Father is solely responsible for all costs associated with the loss of this vehicle, including

insurance costs, the cost of car removal, and any deficiency from any outstanding loan balance.

b. Father obtained a 2022 Ford Escape following the totaling of the 2020 Kia Niro. The 2022 Ford Escape should be awarded to Father. Father is responsible for all liens associated with this vehicle.

c. Mother obtained a 2019 Volkswagen Jetta. This vehicle should be awarded to Mother. Mother is responsible for all liens associated with this vehicle.

#### Real Property

107. During the course of the marriage the parties acquired real property 423 N 550 W Orem, Utah 84057.

a. Mother shall have sole and exclusive use, possession, and ownership of the real property. Mother shall be solely responsible for the mortgage payment, Home Equity loan, AC loan, utilities, property taxes, insurance and all other costs associated with the real property.

b. Home Equity: Pursuant to an August 2025 appraisal of the home the parties agree the sale of the real property would likely result in no equity, equity of nominal value, or a significant deficiency. After consulting with the realtor who assisted in the parties acquisition of the real property, the parties agree that the most likely scenario is that if the parties sold the real property, the parties would owe a substantial deficiency. Father agrees to waive his right to any possible equity in a sale in exchange for no liability related to the home's three outstanding mortgages, the cost of home repairs, upkeep, and

any other monetary cost associated with the real property, Mother's assumption of \$3,450 owed by Father to Keith Adams, and \$3,014.04 in unsecured credit card debt owed to American Express, and the distribution of the parties 2025 tax return as described in this agreement.

c. The parties shall cooperate to remove Father's name from the title and deed of the real property within 60 days of the entrance of the Decree of Annulment.

d. The parties shall cooperate to refinance the following loans into Mother's name within 30 days of the entrance of the Decree of Annulment.

1. Home equity, and
2. A/C loan.

#### Retirement and Other Financial Accounts

108. Both parties have retirement accounts. Father and Mother will each retain the full value in their respective retirement accounts.

#### Debts

109. During the course of the marriage, the parties incurred the following debts and obligations which should be distributed as follows:

| <b>Debt</b>      | <b>Debt Holder</b> | <b>Obligations</b> | <b>Amount<br/>Owed</b> |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| American Express | Mother             | Mother             | \$3,014.04             |
| Citi AA Card     | Father             | Father             | \$5,517.23             |
| Chase Amazon     | Father             | Father             | \$3,646.42             |

|                         |                                                      |        |              |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------|
| Citi Costco             | Father                                               | Father | \$6,327.51   |
| Capitol One Savor       | Father                                               | Father | \$6,630.55   |
| Capitol One QuickSilver | Father                                               | Father | \$7,805.12   |
| Home Equity Loan        | Father<br>Subject to refinancing/<br>loan assumption | Mother | \$23,174.31  |
| Mortgage                | Mother                                               | Mother | \$394,165.04 |
| A/C Loan                | Father<br>Subject to refinancing/<br>loan assumption | Mother | \$8,368.07   |
| Tax Debt                | Both                                                 | Father | \$2,242.05   |
| Keith Adams             | Both                                                 | Mother | \$6300       |

### Travel

110. When the child travels with either parent overnight, all the following shall be provided to the other parent at least two weeks in advance in writing:

- a. An itinerary of travel dates;
- b. Destination(s);
- c. Places where the child or travelling parent can be reached; and the names and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of the child's location.

111. If either party cannot care for a minor child overnight for any reason, that parent shall notify the other parent of the circumstance and offer them the first option to care for the child before providing surrogate or familial care. The parent who exercises the first right of refusal shall provide any transportation for the minor children and should be responsible for picking up and dropping off the minor children.

112. If the parties take the minor child out of state to visit family or friends neither party will allow the minor child to spend overnights unsupervised with any family or friends without the other party's explicit, written consent.

#### Relocation

113. The parties currently intend to relocate to the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area on or after January 1, 2027. The parties agree that Mother may relocate with the minor child to the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area of or after January 1, 2027, without obtaining an additional court order.

a. The parties acknowledge that the timing of each party's relocation may vary depending on employment, housing, and other logistical considerations. In the event one party relocates before the other, the parties agree to work together in good faith to maintain the minor child's relationship with both parents and establish a temporary parent-time schedule until both parties reside within reasonable proximity of one another. Any temporary delay in relocation by either party shall not be construed as a waiver of, or objection to, the custody and parent-time arrangements contemplated by this agreement.

b. Mother has secured full-time employment in Washington, D.C. This employment, by agreement with her employer, the Federation for American Immigration Reform, will begin as full-time, W-2 employment on January 1, 2027, and requires Mother to relocate to the Washington D.C. metropolitan area no later than January 1, 2027. Mother may relocate with the minor child to the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area of or after January 1, 2027, without obtaining an additional court order.

c. During any temporary delay in relocation parent time will be as the parties agree. If the parties cannot agree, Mother will bring the minor child to Utah on the last weekend of the month to facilitate parent time with Father. The parties will split the cost of transportation 50/50.

d. If both parties do not reside in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area within one year of January 1, 2027, the parties will follow Utah Code Ann. § 81-9-209 for Father's parent-time.

e. Shared custody, including overnight visitations contemplated in this agreement will begin when the parties live in close proximity of one another, even if the delay in living in close proximity exceeds one year, based on the reasonable needs of the minor child.

Overnights will increase gradually over a period of approximately three to four months, considering the minor child's adjustment and developmental needs. After this transition the parties will share equal overnights, provided the minor child is adjusting appropriately. The parties agree to remediate with Keith Adams or an agreed upon neutral third-party mediator within 30 days if the parties cannot agree on a transition period to ensure the minor child's needs for stability and constancy are met.

f. Father will have parent time pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 81-9-209.

Mutual Restraints

114. Neither parent shall do or say anything that tends to diminish the love and affection a child has for their parent. This includes making insulting, harmful, or disparaging comments about the other parent while in the presence of the minor children, while exercising parent-time, or on social media platforms. The parties have an affirmative duty to remove the children from the presence of anyone engaging in such behavior.

115. Neither party should post negative or derogatory content regarding the other party on any social media or website.

116. Neither party should instruct, assist, or facilitate a third-party posting negative or derogatory content regarding the other party on any social media or website.

117. Neither party should engage – through likes, comments, or otherwise – with any negative or derogatory content posted to social media or a website by a third-party about the other party.

118. Both parties are restrained from bothering, harassing, annoying, threatening violence, or harming the other at their place of residence, employment or any other place.

119. Both parties are restrained from yelling at the other parent in front of the minor children.

120. Neither party shall commit violence or use corporal punishment on the minor children.

121. Neither party should enter the residence of the other party unless the other party has given written permission or there is a life-threatening emergency.

122. Neither parent shall use illegal substances, abuse prescription medication, or drink alcohol in excess while exercising parent-time. Neither parent shall be intoxicated, high, or hung-over while in the presence of the child. Intoxication shall be defined by the legal blood alcohol limit of the state in which the alcohol is consumed.

123. Neither party should smoke tobacco or marijuana in the presence of the child.

124. Both parties should be restrained from using the image or likeness of the other party to obtain credit or incur debts. Any party that incurs debts in the other party's name shall be fully responsible for that debt.

Other

125. Each party should be ordered to execute and deliver to the other such documents as are required to implement the provisions of the Decree of Annulment entered by the Court.

126. The Court should grant such other and further relief as it may deem just and appropriate in this matter.

127. Name Change: Mother may change her last name to Jay, and Respondent shall cooperate with Mother to change the minor child's last name to Corbly-Jay immediately upon the entrance of the Decree of Annulment.

**END OF ORDER**

In accordance with the Utah State District Courts' E-Filing Standard No. 4, and URCP Rule 10(e), this Decree of Annulment does not bear the handwritten signature of the Judge but instead displays an electronic signature at the upper right-hand corner of the first page along with the Court's seal and the date the same was executed by the Court.

Approved as to Form:

/s/\_\_\_\_\_

TIMOTHY MICHAEL CORBLY

Respondent

*Signature affixed digitally by Leslie Corbly with  
email consent from Respondent on XX day of September 2026*

DATED this XX day of September 2026.

**NOTICE PURSUANT TO RULE 7(J) OF THE UTAH RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE  
TO THE PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to Rule 7(j) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, this Order prepared by Petitioner shall be the Order of the Court unless you file an objection in writing within seven (7) days from the date of the service of this notice.

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that on September 3, 2026, I served a true and correct of the foregoing Order on the following people as indicated:

Timothy Corbly  
Respondent  
**Via Email**

/s/ Leslie Corbly  
Petitioner