



WADE TAYLOR (10144)
LAW OFFICES OF WADE TAYLOR
34 SOUTH 500 EAST #105
SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84102
TELEPHONE (801) 538-0066
EMAIL: wadetayloresq@gmail.com

Attorney - Mediator

*Filing on behalf of both parties as a Third-Party Neutral,
pursuant to Rule 2.4 of the Utah Rules of Professional Conduct*

**IN THE FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, PROVO DEPARTMENT
IN AND FOR UTAH COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH**

In the matter of the marriage of
MICHELLE JONES,

Petitioner,

and
TYLER JONES,

Respondent.

DECREE OF DIVORCE

Case No: 264402294
Judge: Kasey L Wright
Commissioner: Dustin Hardy

The Petitioner, Michelle Jones, and the Respondent, Tyler Jones, have entered into a written Stipulation resolving all outstanding divorce issues, which has been filed with the court. The Court has received and accepted the parties' Agreement, reviewed the file, and being otherwise duly advised, having previously signed and entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

The bonds of matrimony existing between Petitioner and Respondent are hereby dissolved. In addition, all other remaining issues in this matter, outlined below, are to become final and absolute upon entry by the court.

CHILD CUSTODY AND PARENT-TIME

1. There is one minor child born or adopted between the parties, to wit: L.J. (born November 2010).
2. The parties are awarded joint legal custody of the minor child. The parties shall be governed by the Parenting Plan set forth herein.
3. The Petitioner is awarded sole physical custody of the minor child. Parent-time and holiday parent-time with the minor child shall be as the parties may agree. If the parties are unable to agree on a parent-time schedule, then they shall follow the parent-time and holiday parent-time schedule as outlined in UCA §81-9-209.
4. Petitioner's residence shall be identified as the primary residence for education purposes. Both parties shall be listed in school records as a point of contact for school communications.

CHILD SUPPORT

5. Petitioner is currently employed and has a gross monthly income of \$5,269.00 for the purposes of calculating child support.
6. Respondent is currently employed and has a gross monthly income of \$24,083.00 per month, which includes his monthly base salary of \$17,750.00 and his annual bonus averaged out over 12 months for an additional \$6,333.00 per month in gross income.

7. The sole custody worksheet shall be used with the Petitioner's income set at \$5,269.00 and the Respondent's income set at \$24,083.00.

8. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-101 et seq a child support order shall be entered pursuant to the statutory guidelines as follows:

a. Respondent shall be ordered to pay Petitioner the sum of \$1,975.00 per month beginning August 1, 2026. The sum is known as the base child support award, for the minor child of the parties, pursuant to the Uniform Child Support Guidelines, until a child becomes 18 years of age, or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later.

b. The base child support award should be reduced by 50% for each minor child for time periods during which such minor child is with the noncustodial parent by order for at least 25 of any 30 consecutive days. If the dependent child is a recipient of Public Assistance from the State of Utah (T.A.N.F.), any agreement by the parties for reduction of child support during extended parent time shall be approved by the Office of Recovery Services. However, normal parent time and holiday visits to the custodial parent shall not be considered an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

c. Income withholding shall not be implemented while Respondent remains current on all child support and alimony obligations, unless withholding is otherwise required by law. If Respondent becomes delinquent, Petitioner may pursue income withholding and any other remedy available under applicable law.

d. There are currently no child support arrearages.

e. Each party shall notify the other party in writing within thirty (30) days of a material and non-temporary change that increases or decreases that party's gross income by more than thirty percent (30%) when compared with the income used to calculate the existing child support order. For purposes of this provision, the change must result from a material employment, compensation, or income event and shall not include ordinary annual/incremental compensation adjustments that do not independently meet the thirty percent (30%) threshold. Notice of an income change does not automatically modify child support. Child support may be modified only by written agreement approved by the Court or by further court order and remains subject to the applicable statutory requirements and recalculation thresholds.

f. Pursuant to Utah Code §81-6-212(5), the parties have a right to adjust this child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if (1) upon review there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, (2) the difference is not of a temporary nature, and (3) the amount previously ordered does not deviate from the child support guidelines.

g. Pursuant to Utah Code §81-6-101 et seq, the parties have a right to modify this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of: (i) material changes in custody; (ii) material

changes in the relative wealth or assets of the parties; (iii) material changes of 30% or more in the income of a parent; (iv) material changes in the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn; (v) material changes in the medical needs of the child; or (vi) material changes in the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others, and, the change in (i) through (vi) results in a 15% or more difference between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support, calculated using the appropriate child support worksheet, and the difference is not of a temporary nature.

INSURANCE, DAYCARE AND MEDICAL EXPENSES

9. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-208 (2024) as amended:

a. Either Petitioner or Respondent should maintain insurance for medical expenses for the benefit of the minor child where available at a reasonable cost. In determining which parent shall maintain insurance for medical expenses, the parties shall consider the reasonableness of the cost, the availability of a group policy and the coverage of the policy. If the parties cannot agree on who shall carry the insurance, then it shall be determined by the preference of the custodial parent. If insurance is being provided by a plan by both parents, the Respondent's insurance shall be considered primary coverage and the Petitioner's shall be considered secondary.

b. The parties shall be equally responsible for all out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the child's portion of the insurance. The

child's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid. The premium expenses for the child shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of children. This amount shall be automatically deducted from or added to the child support paid or owed.

c. Both parties shall share equally all medical expenses incurred for the minor child and actually paid by the parties. Medical expenses shall include, but not be limited to, the following: medical, dental, orthodontia, ophthalmological, psychological, or therapeutic, etc.

d. The parent who incurs medical expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and payment of the medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.

e. A parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to provide written verification of the cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.

10. Pursuant to U.C.A. §81-6-209 both parties shall share equally the reasonable work related child care expenses of the parents. Due to the age of the child, daycare is not anticipated.

TAX EXEMPTION

11. Respondent shall be entitled to claim the minor child for all applicable tax years for as long as the child qualifies as a dependent.

12. Respondent shall also be entitled to claim any adult child who qualifies as a dependent for tax purposes.

13. Respondent must be current on all court-ordered child support obligations as of December 31 of the applicable tax year. Petitioner shall timely execute IRS Form 8332 or any successor form reasonably necessary to implement this provision.

PERSONAL PROPERTY

14. Prior to the marriage, the parties each had individually acquired certain separate property. Each party shall be awarded any property identified as premarital or separate property, including all gifts and inheritance.

15. During the course of the marriage, the parties acquired certain items of personal property. Said personal property shall be divided among the parties in a fair and equitable fashion as agreed upon by the parties.

16. All property and all property rights which may be vested in either party as a result of family inheritance, trusts, or similar sources shall be awarded solely to the party from whose family it came.

VEHICLES

Vehicle	Awarded to Petitioner	Awarded to Respondent	Other
2023 Tesla Model Y	X		Petitioner shall be responsible for the loan against this vehicle.
2016 Porsche Macan S		X	There is no loan against this vehicle.

17. The parties shall take all necessary steps to transfer the vehicles into their own names within sixty (60) days of the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce.

REAL PROPERTY

18. There is no real property to divide as a result of this marriage.

19. Beginning August 1, 2026, Petitioner shall be solely responsible for the monthly rent and all obligations due under the lease for the residence the parties currently rent in Lehi, Utah. Petitioner shall timely make all rent payments and shall indemnify and hold Respondent harmless from any liability, claims, fees, damages, or obligations arising from the lease or Petitioner's occupancy of the residence beginning on that date.

**BANK ACCOUNTS, PROFIT SHARING, STOCK OPTIONS, BONUSES,
INVESTMENT, RETIREMENT/PENSION ACCOUNTS AND OR/BUSINESS
INTERESTS**

20. The parties have acquired and continue to acquire bank, profit sharing, stock options, bonuses, investment, retirement and/or pension accounts and business interests during the course of the parties' marriage.

21. All of these accounts or assets shall be divided as follows as of the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce unless specified otherwise:

Account Description	Petitioner will Receive	Respondent will Receive	Other
Chase checking account ending 5892;	50%	50%	The balances in these accounts shall be determined as of August 1, 2026. Prior to any division of

Chase savings account ending 8668; and Capital One savings account ending 8677			funds, all outstanding balances on the parties' joint credit cards shall be paid in full from the funds in these accounts. After the joint credit card balances have been paid, the remaining funds shall be divided equally between the parties, with each party receiving fifty percent (50%) of the remaining balance. Until the accounts have been divided, each party shall use the funds only for ordinary and customary living expenses consistent with the parties' historical spending during the marriage. Neither party shall make any individual purchase or expenditure exceeding \$250.00 without the prior written agreement of the other party. Neither party shall use funds from these accounts for personal travel, vacations, or other discretionary travel-related expenses prior to the division of the accounts, unless otherwise agreed by the parties in writing. Each party shall act in good faith to preserve the funds pending division and shall refrain from making any unusual, extraordinary, or wasteful expenditures.
Capital One checking account ending 7325	100%		

Capital One savings accounts ending 8492 and 1956			These accounts shall be maintained solely for the benefit of the parties' minor child(ren). The funds shall be used only for expenses that directly benefit the minor child(ren) and shall not be used for either party's personal benefit or redirected for any other purpose unless otherwise agreed by the parties in writing
John Boos & Co Stock Appreciation Rights	50%	50%	See notes below.
Wealthfront Traditional IRA account ending V872	\$116,198.50	Remaining funds minus Petitioner's award of \$116,189.50	This account was used to equalize the overall balances of retirement accounts and vehicle values.
Respondent's John Boos & Co 401(K) Plan		100%	
Petitioner's 3form 401(K)	100%		
Petitioner's Wealthfront Traditional IRA's (2 separate IRA accounts)	100%		

22. John Boos & Co. Stock Appreciation Rights:

- a. The parties acknowledge that Respondent holds Stock Appreciation Rights ("SARs") issued through John Boos & Co. The parties agree that any SARs awarded through the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce, together with any appreciation attributable thereto, shall be divided equally between the parties.

- b. Petitioner's interest is limited to fifty percent (50%) of the net proceeds actually received by Respondent from the exercise of SARs awarded through the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce.
- c. If Respondent loses eligibility for any SARs, the SARs are forfeited or cancelled Respondent shall have no obligation to replace, guarantee, or pay Petitioner any hypothetical or unrealized value associated with those SARs.
- d. Within fourteen (14) days of the execution of this Stipulation, Respondent shall provide Petitioner with a written statement, current as of a specified date, disclosing: (i) the total number of SARs granted to date; (ii) the number of SARs vested and unvested as of that date; (iii) the grant/strike price for each tranche; (iv) the applicable vesting schedule; and (v) the most recent fair market valuation of John Boos & Co. stock, or the valuation methodology used by the company if the stock is not publicly traded.
- e. Respondent shall retain legal ownership and control of the SARs and shall have the exclusive right to determine when the SARs are exercised, subject to the terms of the applicable plan.
- f. All SARs vested as of the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce shall be exercised no later than twelve (6) months following the date of vesting, absent written agreement between the parties to extend this deadline. Respondent shall provide Petitioner with written notice at least ten (10) days prior to any exercise of the SARs, including the anticipated exercise date and number of SARs to be exercised.

g. Within ten (10) days after any exercise of the SARs, Respondent shall provide Petitioner with documentation showing the number of SARs exercised, the gross proceeds received, all taxes withheld, and any other mandatory deductions.

h. Petitioner shall be entitled to receive fifty percent (50%) of the net proceeds realized from the exercise of any SARs awarded through the date of entry of the Decree of Divorce. Payment shall be made to Petitioner within ten (10) days after Respondent receives the proceeds from the exercise.

i. The parties shall cooperate in executing any documents reasonably necessary to effectuate the division of the SARs. Each party shall be responsible for any income taxes attributable to the portion of the proceeds received by that party, unless otherwise required by applicable law or the terms of the John Boos & Co. Stock Appreciation Rights Plan.

j. Respondent shall not intentionally delay, manipulate, or forfeit the exercise of the SARs for the purpose of reducing or defeating Petitioner's interest therein. The parties acknowledge that this provision is intended to equally divide the marital interest in the SARs as part of the overall division of the marital estate.

23. If necessary, a Qualified Domestic Relation Order (QDRO) or Domestic Relations Order (DRO) shall be prepared to divide these accounts. Any fees associated with the above orders shall be split evenly between the parties.

DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS

24. During the course of the marriage the parties incurred certain marital debt; this debt shall be divided as set forth below.

Debt Description	Petitioner's Responsibility	Respondent's Responsibility	Other
Chase Sapphire Reserve credit card ending 6548; and Costco Citibank credit card ending 8979	50%	50%	These credit cards shall be paid in full as of August 1, 2026, using funds from the parties' joint checking and savings accounts. Upon payment of the marital balance, the credit card account shall be awarded to the primary account holder as that party's sole and separate obligation, and the other party shall have no further responsibility for any charges incurred thereafter. For the month of July 2026, and until the parties' joint bank accounts have been divided, each party shall use funds from the joint accounts only for ordinary and customary living expenses consistent with the parties' historical spending during the marriage. Neither party shall make any individual purchase or expenditure exceeding \$250.00 without the prior written agreement of the other party. Neither party shall use funds from the joint

			accounts for personal travel, vacations, or other discretionary travel-related expenses prior to the division of the accounts unless otherwise agreed by the parties in writing. Each party shall act in good faith to preserve the joint funds pending division and shall refrain from making any unusual, extraordinary, or wasteful expenditures. If either party violates this provision, the amount of the unauthorized expenditure may be charged against that party's share of the joint funds upon division.
JF Cruiser auto loan		100%	
2023 Tesla Model Y auto loan	100%		

25. Pursuant to §81-4-204(1)(e) Utah Code Annotated, the parties shall notify respective creditors or obligors, regarding the court's division of debts, obligations, or liabilities and regarding the parties separate, current addresses.

LIFE INSURANCE

26. Pursuant to UCA §81-4-406 (3)(d), to the extent either party owns a life insurance policy or annuity contract, such party has reviewed and, where appropriate, updated the list of beneficiaries associated with said policy or contract. Each party affirms that the individuals currently designated as beneficiaries are, in fact, the intended beneficiaries

following the entry of the Decree of Divorce. Each party further acknowledges and understands that if no changes are made to the beneficiary designations, the individuals currently listed shall remain the beneficiaries and shall receive any funds disbursed by the insurance company or annuity provider pursuant to the terms of the respective policy or contract.

ALIMONY

27. Respondent shall be ordered to pay alimony to Petitioner as follows:
- a. Alimony payments shall begin August 1, 2026.
 - b. Respondent shall pay alimony to Petitioner in the amount of \$2,025.00 per month.
 - c. In addition to the monthly alimony obligation, Respondent shall pay Petitioner an amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the net annual performance bonus actually earned and received by Respondent from John Boos & Co. while Respondent remains employed by John Boos & Co.
 - d. For purposes of this provision, 'net annual performance bonus' means Respondent's annual performance-based cash bonus paid through the John Boos & Co. annual bonus program, after deduction of mandatory federal and state income taxes and other payroll withholdings.
 - e. This provision does not apply to signing bonuses, retention bonuses, severance payments, relocation payments, transaction-related compensation, stock or equity awards, Stock Appreciation Rights (other than the John Boos & Co SARs addressed separately herein), proceeds from a sale or liquidity event, or any

other form of incentive compensation received by John Boos & Co. or any other employer.

f. Respondent's bonus-related alimony obligation shall terminate upon the end of Respondent's employment with John Boos & Co., whether voluntary or involuntary.

g. Respondent shall pay Petitioner her twenty-five percent (25%) share of the net annual bonus within thirty (30) days after Respondent receives the bonus. Within the same thirty (30) day period, Respondent shall provide Petitioner with documentation sufficient to verify the gross bonus amount, mandatory deductions, and the resulting net bonus.

h. If Respondent does not receive an annual employment bonus for any year, no bonus-related alimony payment shall be due for that year.

i. Alimony payments shall be paid in two equal monthly installments on the first (1st) and fifteenth (15th) day of every month.

j. Alimony payments shall continue for the length of ten (10) years or until Petitioner cohabitates or remarries, whichever occurs sooner. Petitioner has an obligation to notify Respondent of her cohabitation or remarriage and alimony shall cease upon Petitioner's cohabitation or remarriage. Alimony shall end in the event of the death of either party.

k. The monthly alimony amount and duration specified herein shall be fixed during the alimony period and may only be modified as expressly agreed in writing by the parties

l. Alimony shall terminate upon the events stated herein including Petitioner's remarriage or cohabitation, the death of either party, or after the 10 year term.

TAX RETURN

28. The parties shall file taxes for the 2026 tax year as each deem appropriate.

ATTORNEY'S FEES

29. Each party shall be responsible for their own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the litigation of this matter.

MISCELLANEOUS

30. Both parties shall be mutually restraining from bothering, harassing, annoying, threatening, disparaging, or harming the other party at the other party's place of residence, employment or any other place.

31. Both parties are restrained from using the likeness, image or credit of the other party for any purpose.

32. The parties each indicate that there has been a complete accurate and current disclosure of all income, assets and liabilities. Both parties understand and agree that any failure to provide complete disclosure may constitute perjury. The property referred to in this agreement represents all the property which either party has any interest in or right to, whether legal or equitable, owned in full or in part by either party separately or by the parties jointly.

33. This Decree of Divorce is the result of the Stipulated Settlement Agreement reached through mediation. The final documents were prepared as a service to both parties and shall not be interpreted against either as the “drafting party.”

34. Each party should execute and cooperate in delivering to the other and to the court such documents as are required to implement the provisions of the divorce decree hereafter to be entered by the court. Should a party fail to execute a document within 60 days of the entry of this divorce decree, the other party may bring a Motion to Enforce at the expense of the disobedient party and seek that the Court appoint some other person to execute the document pursuant to Rule 70 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Any document executed pursuant to Rule 70 has the same effect as if executed by the disobedient party.

35. Upon the filing of any Petition to change any provision of the final *Decree of Divorce*, the parties must first attempt to resolve the issue through mediation.

36. Petitioner may be restored to her maiden name of Swindler if she so desires.

JONES and JONES

PARENTING PLAN

Each parent has a loving and valuable relationship with the child and shall work together cooperatively with regard to the child’s physical care and financial and emotional support. The parents shall adhere to the following parenting plan provisions:

2. Co-Parenting Principles

- a. The Parties shall co-parent cooperatively, focusing on the physical, emotional, and financial well-being of the child.
- b. Each parent shall support and encourage the child's meaningful relationship with the other parent.
- c. Civil communication is required at all times. Name-calling or hostile communication is prohibited.

3. Communication Between Parents

- a. Primary communication shall occur via text or email, except in emergencies or time-sensitive situations.
- b. Parents shall timely share important information regarding the child's schooling, health, social activities, and other relevant matters.
- c. If information is available through public sources (e.g., school portals), each parent shall access it directly.

4. Joint Legal Decision-Making

- a. The Parties shall jointly decide major decisions affecting the child, including:
 - i. Education
 - ii. Medical, dental, counseling, and orthodontic care
 - iii. Religious upbringing
 - iv. Extracurricular activities

- b. Decision-making process:
 - i. Identify the issue
 - ii. Develop possible solutions
 - iii. Select the most reasonable solution in the child's best interests
- 5. Dispute Resolution for Major Decisions - If the parties cannot reach agreement:
 - a. They may defer to the recommendations of an expert. If they still do not agree;
 - b. They shall attend mediation with a mutually agreed mediator (each party pays their own fees).
 - c. Agreements reached in mediation shall be reduced to writing and signed by both.
 - d. Only after a good-faith mediation attempt may a party seek Court involvement.
 - e. A party who frustrates this process may be ordered to pay the other's attorney's fees, court costs, and mediation costs.
- 6. Day-to-Day Responsibility
 - a. The parent exercising parent-time shall make routine daily decisions.
 - b. Either parent may make necessary emergency decisions regarding the child's health or safety and shall inform the other immediately.
- 7. Information Access
 - a. Both parents shall have direct access to all school, medical, dental, and mental health records.

b. Each parent shall notify the other of medical appointments and emergencies.

c. Both parties shall provide written authorization enabling the other to access information from all providers.

8. School Access

a. Both parents may visit the child at school, receive school communications, and check the child out when necessary.

b. Disputes regarding education shall first go to mediation.

9. Medical Treatment Restrictions

a. Non-emergency, uninsured, elective medical/dental/orthodontic or alternative treatments require prior written consent from both parties.

b. Costs must be agreed in writing before scheduling.

c. Violating parent may be denied reimbursement.

10. Travel Notice Requirements

a. Either parent may travel domestically with the minor child during their own parent-time without needing advance permission, provided they give standard notice.

b. Any international travel, or any travel that would interfere with the other parent's scheduled parent-time, must be mutually agreed to in advance and in writing.

c. When traveling with the child, the traveling parent shall provide the following, as required by Utah Code §81-9-202(19):

- i. Itinerary with travel dates
 - ii. Destination(s)
 - iii. Contact information
 - iv. Name/phone of a third party aware of the child's location.
- 11. Participation in Activities
 - a. Both parents may attend the child's school events, church functions, activities, recitals, and sports.
 - b. Parents shall cooperate to facilitate participation and family events (e.g., weddings, funerals, reunions, ceremonies).
- 12. Exchanges and Transportation
 - a. The receiving parent shall pick up the child at the designated start of their parent-time.
 - b. Child shall be ready on time for exchanges.
- 13. Contact Information
 - a. Each parent shall provide the other with current address, phone number, and email within 24 hours of any change.
- 14. Parent/Child Communication
 - a. Each parent shall encourage free and uncensored reasonable phone/virtual communication with the other parent.
 - b. The child may contact either parent at any time.
 - c. A parent shall reasonably facilitate calls when requested by the child.
- 15. Conduct Around the Child

- a. Neither party shall speak negatively about the other parent or allow third parties to do so in the child's presence.
 - b. Neither party shall discuss court matters with or in front of the child.
 - c. Neither party shall disparage the other on social media or in public.
- 16. Introducing New Partners
 - a. Parents shall not introduce dating partners to the child until the relationship is committed and exclusive.
 - b. Notice shall be given to the other parent beforehand.
- 17. Shared Calendar
 - a. Parents shall maintain a shared calendar for school events, appointments, practices, exchanges, and other child-related activities.
- 18. Substance Use Restrictions
 - a. Neither party shall use illegal drugs or consume alcohol to excess while caring for the child or prior to transporting them.
 - b. Alcohol and medications shall be stored securely and out of the child's reach.
- 19. Enforcement and Non-Waiver
 - a. A party's failure to comply with any provision does not release the other party from their obligations.
 - b. All provisions remain enforceable unless modified by written agreement or court order.

*****ENTERED BY THE COURT ON THE DATE AND AS INDICATED BY THE
COURT'S SEAL AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST PAGE*****

APPROVED AS TO FORM this 30th day of August 2026.

*E-signed by Wade Taylor
with permission of Michelle Jones*

/s/ Michelle Jones

MICHELLE JONES
Petitioner

APPROVED AS TO FORM this 26th day of August 2026.

*E-signed by Wade Taylor
with permission of Tyler Jones*

/s/ Tyler Jones

TYLER JONES
Respondent

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE & RULE 7 NOTICE

I hereby certify that on the 18th day of August 2026, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing *Proposed Decree of Divorce* to be served on the following by the method indicated below. Further, the Proposed Decree shall be submitted in accordance with Rule 7 of the *Utah Rules of Civil Procedure*.

EMAIL:

MICHELLE JONES

Petitioner

Email: mjonesdesigns@gmail.com

TYLER JONES

Respondent

Email: twjones2001@gmail.com

LAW OFFICES OF WADE TAYLOR

/s/ Wade Taylor

WADE TAYLOR

Attorney