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Petitioner's Attorney

IN THE FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, PROVO
UTAH COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

IN THE MATTER OF THE MARRIAGE

REED GALYEAN,

Petitioner,
&

JOSHUA GALYEAN,

Respondent.

DECREE OF DIVORCE

Case No. 264400824

Judge Kraig Powell

Commissioner Marian Ito

Petitioner, Reed Galyean, through her attorney, Alixandria Young-Jui, and Respondent, Joshua Galyean, through his attorney, Jennifer Keeton, stipulated to a full and final resolution of all issues raised in this matter pursuant to an agreement reached during mediation with Mediator, Dr. Natalie Malovich, on 14 May 2026. From the records, files, and papers in this matter, the Court being fully advised, and having previously made and entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, now

ORDERS, ADJUDGES, AND DECREES

PROVISION REGARDING FINALITY OF DIVORCE

1. The bonds of matrimony heretofore existing by and between Petitioner and Respondent are hereby dissolved and Petitioner is hereby awarded a Decree of Divorce from Respondent, to become absolute and final upon entry by the Court.

PROVISIONS REGARDING JURISDICTION

2. Petitioner is a bona fide resident of Utah County, State of Utah, and has been for three months immediately prior to the filing of this action.

3. Parties resided in the marital relationship in the State of Utah, or the acts complained of by Petitioner were committed by Respondent in the State of Utah; and, therefore, the Court has jurisdiction over Respondent pursuant to Utah Code, Section 78B-3-205.

4. Petitioner and Respondent were married on 17 July 2020 in Draper, Utah and are presently married. Parties separated on or about 13 February 2026.

PROVISION REGARDING VENUE

5. Venue is proper in this county according to Utah Code, Section 78B-3a-201 because the cause of action arose in this county and Respondent resides in this county.

PROVISION REGARDING GROUNDS

6. During the course of the marriage, Parties have experienced difficulties that cannot be reconciled that have prevented Parties from pursuing a viable

marriage relationship; therefore, a divorce shall be granted on the grounds of irreconcilable differences.

PROVISIONS REGARDING PARTIES' CHILDREN

7. Parties are the parents of two minor children, namely: S.G., born February 2022; L.G., born August 2025; collectively referred to as Minor Children.

A. Neither Party is currently pregnant.

8. Pursuant to Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100(a), there was a Protective Order Case, Case #264400538, which has been dismissed.

**PROVISIONS REGARDING UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY JURISDICTION
AND ENFORCEMENT ACT**

9. Utah had initial jurisdiction and has continuing jurisdiction over Parties and issues regarding child custody, parent-time, and child support pursuant to Utah Code, Section 78B-13-101 through 318.

**PROVISIONS REGARDING CHILD CUSTODY, PARENT-TIME, AND
PARENTING PLAN**

10. Parties shall be awarded joint legal and physical custody of Parties' Minor Children.

11. Joint legal custody requires Parties to communicate and attempt to resolve between them all issues relating to Minor Children's welfare. If Parties disagree about decisions regarding religion, medical, education, and extra-curricular activities after good-faith discussion and consultation of experts within the field, Parties may bring the issue(s) to mediation. If after a good

faith mediation, Parties are unable to come to an agreement, Reed shall be given the final say, subject to Joshua's right to seek judicial review of the decision. Parties shall share equally mediation fees incurred pursuant to this paragraph.

12. Each parent may make decisions regarding the day-to-day care and control of Minor Children when Minor Children are residing with that parent. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of Minor Children.

13. In the event of a medical emergency, the parent exercising their parent-time shall notify the other parent within four (4) hours.

14. Except as otherwise stated herein, Parties shall adopt into their Parenting Plan the statutory advisory guidelines contained in Utah Code Ann. § 81-9-202.

15. Reasonable parent-time shall be as Parties agree. If Parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule, the following schedule — which is a modification of Utah Code Ann. § 81-9-304 — shall be considered the minimum parent-time to which Joshua shall be entitled.

A. Usual Schedule: Each weekend beginning after school or at 3:30 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday. If Joshua is unable to accommodate the 3:30 p.m. exchange he will provide notice to Reed at least 48 hours in advance.

B. Weekends with Reed: One weekend per month, on the third weekend of the month, Minor Children shall remain with Reed. On weeks when Minor Children do not spend the weekend with Joshua, Joshua shall have one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.

C. Holiday: Each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent according to the following schedule:

Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Joshua's Years	Reed's Years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd	Even
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with Minor Children; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even	Odd
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.	All years Mother	All years Mother
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	All years Father	All years Father

Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd	Even
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even	Odd
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with Minor Children; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd	Even
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd	Even
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day as the holiday begins.	Even	Odd
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for	Even	Odd

	Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the night before school resumes.		
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.	Odd	Even
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even	Odd
Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Even	Odd
Day Before or After Minor Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	Odd	Even
Parent's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.	All years Father	All years Mother

i. A parent exercising parent-time for a child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the minor child's birthday.

ii. If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for Minor Children's attendance at school for that school day.

D. Extended: For extended parent-time with Minor Children:

i. At least three years old but younger than five years old: Two two-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at the options of the noncustodial parent. Two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted for the noncustodial parent and two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be interrupted where the custodial parent may have an equal amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time.

ii. Custodial parent: The custodial parent is entitled to one week of uninterrupted extended parent-time if Minor Children are at least eighteen months but younger than five years old.

iii. Notification: A parent shall notify the other parent at least thirty days in advance of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time.

E. Limits and Other Considerations:

i. If Minor Children are at least eighteen months old and are being cared for during the day outside of Minor Children's regular place of residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, the noncustodial parent's weekday parent time may begin at the time Minor Children are picked up from the caregiver until 8:30 p.m.

F. Conflict and Precedence: Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time

schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:

- i. The holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day;
- ii. The holiday schedule for Minor Children's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time and takes the Minor Children away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
- iii. The holiday schedule for any holiday that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or Minor Children's birthday.
- iv. Extended parent-time; and
- v. The schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.

16. Parties will discuss parent-time and possibility of modification two years from the signing of the Stipulation.

17. Parties shall not use illegal drugs, misuse prescription medication, or use alcohol while Minor Children are in his or her care. Parties shall not allow third parties to use illegal drugs, misuse prescription medications, or abuse alcohol in Minor Children's presence. If a Party has a reasonable belief that other Party is drunk, using illegal drugs, or misusing prescription medication while Minor Children are in his or her care, that Party can withhold parent-time.

18. Parties shall abide by the fifteen-minute rule. If either parent is later than 15 minutes for parent time exchanges, the party arriving late will be responsible for coordinating the exchange at a time and place convenient to the other party.

19. Parties shall not introduce Minor Children to any romantic interest until they have been in a committed relationship for more than six consecutive months.

20. Parties shall not allow guests with whom they are romantically involved to spend the night while he or she is exercising parent-time.

21. Joshua shall enroll in an anger management class and provide proof of enrollment within 7 days of the signing of the Stipulation.

22. Parties shall each engage in a non-self-report Domestic Violence Assessment and follow any recommendations from the Assessment. Both Parties shall also attend a Love & Logic course.

23. Parties shall enroll S.G. in therapy through the Children's Center in Salt Lake City. Both Parties shall cooperate with any releases, paperwork, and recommendations of the therapist. Each Party shall equally share any cost associated with such. Both Parties shall be involved with therapy.

24. If either parent takes Minor Children out of state for vacation, that parent must give notice to the other parent 30 days before leaving the state.

25. If either Party wishes to travel outside of the United States with Minor Children, Parties shall cooperate to obtain passports for Minor Children.

Petitioner shall be the custodian of the passports. Parties shall either agree in writing or obtain Court order allowing travel outside of the United States. Permission shall not be unreasonably withheld. Minor Children's passports shall be freely shared between Parties as necessary to facilitate any written agreement or Court Order regarding travel.

26. Each Party shall be awarded reasonable telephone or other electronic communication with Minor Children when Minor Children are at the other Party's home at reasonable times and for reasonable durations. This includes nightly check-in calls, with a duration of about ten minutes. When either parent travels with Minor Children, parents shall allow for daily virtual communication.

27. Whenever Minor Children travel with either parent, the traveling parent shall provide the following to the other parent:

- A. An itinerary of travel dates;
- B. Destinations;
- C. Places where Minor Children or traveling parent can be reached, and
- D. The name and telephone number of an available third person who would be knowledgeable of Minor Children's location.

28. If one Party moves more than 150 miles, then Parties shall abide by Utah Code, Section 81-9-209.

29. Parent-time exchanges shall take place at an agreed upon middle point

between the Parties, unless exchanges occur at school. Parties will readdress exchanges when S.G. approaches entering kindergarten.

COMMUNICATION

30. Parties will discuss all parenting concerns at any time needed through the shared app “Our Family Wizard” and will not use a third-party and/or their child to deliver messages. Any communication between the parties shall be civil in nature (swearing at the other party, name calling, badgering and derogatory language are never considered civil) and reasonable in time, length, and frequency.

PROVISIONS REGARDING RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL

31. Parental care is presumed to be better than surrogate care. Each parent shall have first option to provide care for Minor Children over any other third party (i.e., surrogate care) if the parent responsible for Minor Children is not available for a period of six (6) hours or longer during parent-time, and the other parent is personally available and willing to provide direct care and transportation. The parent exercising parent-time under the right of first refusal shall (1) provide all transportation to and from parent-time, and (2) provide direct parental care. This provision relates solely to parental absences away from their residence and shall not be construed to prevent Minor Children from having sleepovers with friends and family.

PROVISIONS REGARDING SUPPORT PAYMENTS

32. Reed is not employed but is capable of working and shall be imputed at a wage of \$2,600 gross per month.

33. Joshua is employed at J&S Mechanical and earns \$8,459.00 gross per month.

34. Pursuant to Utah Code, Sections 81-6-202 through 305, Joshua shall be Ordered to pay child support.

A. According to Uniform Child Support Guidelines, joint child support worksheet (Exhibit 1), beginning June 2026, Joshua shall pay \$1,328 as base child support until Minor Child becomes 18 years of age, or graduates from high school during Minor Child's normal and expected year of graduation, whichever occurs later.

B. Joshua shall make payments to Reed through the Office of Recovery Services.

C. All administrative fees and costs of income withholding assessed by the Office of Recovery Services shall be paid equally by the Parties.

D. All child support payments shall be made to the Office of Recovery Services, P.O. Box 45011, Salt Lake City, UT 84145-0011, unless the Office of Recovery Services gives notice that payments shall be sent elsewhere.

E. If a child support order has not been issued or modified within the previous three years, a parent may move the Court to adjust the

amount of a child support order if there is a non-temporary difference of at least ten percent between the payor's ordered support amount and the payor's new support amount that would be required under the guidelines and the new order adjusting the ordered support amount does not deviate from the guidelines.

F. A parent may at any time petition the Court to adjust the amount of a child support order if there has been a substantial, non-temporary, change in circumstances, resulting in a difference of fifteen percent or more between the payor's ordered support amount and the new support amount that would be required under the guidelines.

PROVISIONS REGARDING EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

35. Each Party shall be Ordered to assume and be responsible for fifty percent of any out-of-pocket amount incurred for all mutually agreed-upon-in-writing extracurricular activities that Minor Children are involved in. Party incurring the extracurricular activity out-of-pocket costs shall submit to other Party verification of the incurred expense, such as a receipt or an invoice, within thirty days of payment or receiving the same and shall be reimbursed by other Party within thirty days of receiving the verification of incurred expenses. A Party who incurs an expense for Minor Children's extra-curricular activity without receiving prior consent from the other parent shall be solely responsible for that expense.

PROVISIONS REGARDING HEALTH AND OTHER INSURANCES

36. Pursuant to Utah Code, Section 81-6-208, if health, dental, and optical insurances for the benefit of Minor Children is available to either Party, it is reasonable and proper that the Party shall be required to maintain such insurance.

A. Both Parties shall share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for Minor Children's portion of insurance. Minor Children's portion of the premium shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of minor children of Parties in this case. If at any time Minor Children are covered by both Parents' insurances, each Party shall be responsible for their own insurance premiums.

B. Both Parties shall share equally all reasonable and necessary uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses, including deductibles and co-payments, incurred for Minor Children and actually paid by Parties.

C. The parent ordered to maintain insurance shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent, or to the Office of Recovery Services under Title IV of the Social Security Act, upon initial enrollment of Minor Children and, thereafter, on or before January 2 of each calendar year. The parent shall notify the other parent, or the Office of Recovery Services,

of any change of insurance carrier, premium or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date that parent first knew or should have known of the change.

D. A parent who incurs medical expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and payment of medical expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment.

E. A parent incurring medical expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if that parent fails to comply with subparagraphs C and D above.

F. The parent to whom written verification is provided shall reimburse the parent who incurred the medical expenses one-half of the amount of the out-of-pocket costs within 30 days of receipt of the written verification.

G. If, at any point in time, Minor Children are covered by the health, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of Joshua shall be primary coverage for Minor Children and the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of Reed shall be secondary coverage for Minor Children. If Minor Children are not covered by a parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but are covered by another member of the parent's household, the health, hospital, or dental insurance plan of the member of the household shall be treated as

if it is the plan of the parent and shall retain the same designation as the primary or secondary plan of Minor Children.

H. According to Utah Code, Section 15-4-6.7, each Party may elect for dental, medical, and school expenses to be created in separate accounts prior to service being initiated.

PROVISIONS REGARDING CHILD-CARE EXPENSES

37. Pursuant to Utah Code, Section 81-6-209, Parties shall share equally the reasonable work-related or career- or educational- or occupational-training related child-care expenses actually paid by a parent.

A. A parent shall begin paying his or her share of child-care expenses on a monthly basis immediately upon presentation of proof of a child-care expense.

B. The parent who incurs child-care expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and identity of a child-care provider to the other parent upon initial engagement of a provider; and, thereafter, on the request of the other parent. The parent shall notify the other parent of any change of child-care provider or the monthly expense of child-care within thirty calendar days of the date of the change. A parent incurring child-care expenses may be denied the right to receive credit for the expenses or to recover the other parent's share of the expenses if the parent incurring the expenses fails to comply with these provisions.

C. The parent to whom written verification is provided shall reimburse the parent who incurred the child-care expenses one-half of the amount of the out-of-pocket costs within thirty days of receipt of the written verification.

D. Child-care provided by a family member shall be presumed to be at no cost, unless the family member is a state licensed child-care provider and proof of actual payment by the payor is provided.

PROVISIONS REGARDING MUTUAL RESTRAINING ORDERS

38. Parties shall abide by the following mutual restraining orders:

A. Parties shall not make disparaging remarks to one another or about one another in Minor Children's presence, either verbally, in writing, or otherwise. As used in this paragraph, disparage means to say anything ill of the other whether they believe it to be true or not.

B. Parties shall not speak with Minor Children about litigation between Parties.

C. Parties shall not involve or speak with Minor Children about the issues in this matter.

D. Both parties are restrained from coming to the home or workplace of the other party without the other party's express written permission.

E. Both parties are mutually restrained from harassing, annoying, or otherwise bothering the other party or from committing any domestic violence or abuse against the other party. This restraining order extends to

third parties such as friends, family members or coworkers of the other party. Harassing, annoying, or otherwise bothering the other party includes, but is not limited to, contacting the other party from any mechanism of communication without stating who the contacting party is; sending communications to the other party outside of the regular channels of communication; instructing or authorizing any third party to contact the other party; and using a “burner” phone or fake text messages to contact the other party.

F. Neither party is to use the other party’s name, likeness, image, identification, or credit of the other party to obtain credit, open an account for service, or obtain any other service.

G. Neither party will post any derogatory information about the other party on any social media. As used in this paragraph, demeaning or disparaging means to say anything ill of the other (whether directly or by implication) and no matter whether the posting party believes it to be true or not. Any current use or posting of the other party will be removed.

H. Parties shall not allow third parties to do what they themselves are prohibited from doing under this paragraph. Parties shall have the affirmative duty to use his or her best efforts to prevent third parties from such violations, or they shall remove Minor Children from circumstances in which violations are occurring.

**PROVISIONS REGARDING MINOR CHILDREN TAX EXEMPTIONS,
DEDUCTIONS, AND CREDITS**

39. Parties shall alternate claiming Minor Children as exemptions, deductions, and credits for the purposes of filing federal and state income tax returns so long as both Parties are employed. If Reed is not employed, Joshua may claim both children.

A. When there are two children, each Party shall be entitled to claim one child.

B. When there is one child, Reed shall be entitled to claim Minor Child for odd tax years, and Joshua shall be entitled to claim Minor Child for even tax years.

C. Party paying child support must be current on all child-support payments by December 31st to claim Minor Children on that year's taxes.

40. Either Party shall have the option to exercise a buy-out of other Party's exemptions, deductions, and credits if requesting Party pays for all accounting expenses and uses a third-party accountant to calculate the buy-out option. Requesting Party shall pay other Party the amount which he or she would have benefited from the dependency exemption to leave the other Party tax neutral. Party requesting the buy-out provision shall request tax information by March 1st and shall decide by March 15th if a buy-out should occur.

PROVISION REGARDING LIFE INSURANCE

41. Parties shall maintain a life insurance policy on their lives, so long as such is available at reasonable cost or through Parties' employers, in an amount of sufficient size to provide for a monthly income equal to child support payments ordered until Minor Children all age out of child support, if reasonable and available. Parties shall maintain in full force and effect this life insurance policy until child support obligation ordered terminates and all child support arrearages have been paid in full. During such period, Parties shall irrevocably designate Parties' Minor Children as beneficiaries on the life insurance and designate the other Party, a third-party, or a trust as the trustee for Minor Children.

PROVISIONS REGARDING DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS

42. During the course of the marriage, Parties acquired certain debts and obligations. These debts shall be divided, as follows:

DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	RESPONSIBLE PARTY:
MACU Credit Card	\$2,390	Reed
MACU Consolidation Loan	\$18,700	Joshua
MACU Emergency Credit Card	\$4,431	Joshua
Costco Credit Card	\$4,451	Joshua
UCCU Consolidation Loan	\$5,992	Split
Intermountain Hospital	\$2,208	Split
Nelnet Student Loans	\$34,707	Reed
Verizon Credit Card	\$1,466	Reed
UCCU Car Loan (Honda CR-V)	~\$25,000.00	Reed

UCCU Car Loan (Ford F-150)	~\$36,000.00	Joshua
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A. If there are any other debts, the debt shall be the responsibility of Party incurring the debt.

B. Parties shall be mutually restrained from incurring any additional liability on any joint debts or joint credit lines.

C. All debts and obligations incurred since Parties' separation shall be the responsibility of the Party who incurred the particular debt.

D. As authorized by Utah Code, Section 15-4-6.5, Parties shall notify respective creditors or obligees, regarding the division of debts, obligations, or liabilities herein and Parties' separate, current addresses.

E. Each Party shall indemnify and hold other Party harmless from all debts and obligations he or she is awarded under the Decree of Divorce. This hold harmless clause shall apply to bankruptcy proceedings.

PROVISIONS REGARDING PERSONAL PROPERTY

43. During the course of the marriage relationship, Parties have acquired certain items of personal property. The personal property shall be divided as follows:

A. Parties shall be awarded vehicles as follows: (1) Reed shall be awarded the 2023 Honda CR-V and (2) Joshua shall be awarded the 2019 Ford F-150. Each Party shall be responsible for all remaining payments due on the vehicle in their possession. Each Party shall remove other Party's

name from the vehicle insurance policy as soon as practicable. Each Party shall remove other Party's name from the vehicle's title as soon as practicable. Each Party shall refinance the vehicle into his or her own name within sixty days of the entry of the Decree of Divorce. If Party is unable to refinance the vehicle within sixty days, then the vehicle shall be immediately placed for sale.

B. Parties have already divided joint bank accounts. Parties shall be awarded the bank accounts in their own name.

C. Each Party shall be awarded property he or she owned before the marriage, property he or she acquired after the date of separation, inheritance received by him or her, and gifts to him or her from their respective family.

D. Parties shall duplicate any desired family pictures and videos, so each Party has a copy. Parties shall share the costs of duplication equally.

G. The remaining personal property shall be divided as Parties agree. If Parties cannot agree to a personal property division, Parties shall attend mediation.

PROVISIONS REGARDING REAL PROPERTY

44. During the course of the marriage, Parties did not acquire any real property.

PROVISIONS REGARDING ALIMONY

45. Neither Party shall be awarded alimony.

PROVISIONS REGARDING PENSION AND RELATED ASSETS

46. Joshua has acquired interest in defined contribution plans or defined benefit plans, including, a Roth IRA account with Charles Schwab amounting to \$27,575.

A. The Charles Schwab account shall be divided equally between the Parties. Joshua will be awarded \$13,787.50 of the Charles Schwab account. Reed will be awarded \$13,787.50 of the Charles Schwab account. Both Parties shall cooperate with the process to divide the IRA.

PROVISIONS REGARDING MISCELLANEA

I. ATTORNEY'S FEES.

47. Each Party shall be Ordered to assume his or her own costs and attorney's fees incurred in prosecuting this action.

II. OTHER.

48. Prior to the filing of any Petition to change any provision of the final Decree of Divorce, Parties shall attempt to resolve the issue(s) first through mediation.

49. Petitioner shall be restored to the use of her former name of Cottrell, if she so chooses.

50. Each Party is Ordered to execute and deliver to the other the documents required to implement the provisions of the Decree of Divorce the Court enters.

JUDGE'S ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE APPEARS ON THE TOP OF PAGE ONE

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

/s/ Jennifer Keeton

Jennifer Keeton (signed with permission given via
email on 6.11.26)

Respondent's Attorney

NOTICE OF INTENT TO SUBMIT ORDER FOR COURT'S SIGNATURE

**TO: Jennifer Keeton
Respondent's Attorney**

As authorized by Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 7(j)(4)-(5), the undersigned attorney will submit the foregoing Decree of Divorce for the Court's signature upon the expiration of seven days from the date of this Notice, unless written objection is filed prior to that time.

Dated 5 June 2026.

McFEE LAW, LLC

/s/ Alixandria Young-Jui

Alixandria Young-Jui
Petitioner's Attorney

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify on 5 June 2026 I caused to be served a true and correct copy of the foregoing by electronic notification, addressed to the following:

Jennifer Keeton
Respondent's Attorney

/s/Melanie Cramer Manarite

Melanie Cramer Manarite
Lead Paralegal, McFee Law