

FILED

JUL 08 2026

4th DISTRICT
STATE OF UTAH
UTAH COUNTY

SaraLynn Taylor Watts

Name

1900 N 280 W

Address

oreem, Utah 84057

City, State, Zip

385-309-7934

Phone

lynnie7074@gmail.com

Email

In the Court of Utah

FOURTH Judicial District UTAH County

Court Address 137 NORTH FREEDOM BOULEVARD, PROVO, UT 84606

In the Matter of (select one)

☒ the Marriage of (for a divorce with
or without children, annulment,
separate maintenance, or
temporary separation case)

SaraLynn Taylor Watts

(name of Petitioner)

and

Daniel Clark Watts

(name of Respondent)

Other parties (if any)

Divorce Decree

244100350

Case Number

griffin

Judge

ito

Commissioner (domestic cases)

The court decrees:

Divorce

1. SaraLynn Taylor Watts is granted a divorce based on the Declaration of Jurisdiction and Grounds signed by SaraLynn Taylor Watts. The divorce will become final upon entry of the divorce decree.

Children (Utah Code 81-6-101(7))

2. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** and **Daniel Clark Watts** are the legal parents of the following children (Utah Code 81-5-102 et seq.)

- a. Any unborn child listed is expected to be born within 300 days of the entry of the decree.

Minor Children

a.

Child Name: **Cheyenne Starr Watts**

Date of Birth: **Feb 4, 2009**

Children – Jurisdiction over custody and parent-time issues (Utah Code 81-11-101, 81-11-201, and 81-11-208)

3. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because:

4. During the last five years, the minor children have lived at the following places and with the following people:

a.

Child Name: **Cheyenne Starr Watts**

Date of Birth: **Feb 4, 2009**

i.

Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**

Move-in Date: **Sep 1, 2014**

Address: **1900 N 280 W, orem, Utah 84057 United States**

(1).

Caretaker at this address: **SaraLynn Watts**

Caretaker current address: **1900 N 280 W, orem, Utah 84057 United States**

(2).

Caretaker at this address: **Daniel Watts**

Caretaker current address: **76 Ptarmigan Loop, Logan, Utah 84321 United**

States

Children – Other court proceedings

(Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100; Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, UCCJEA, Utah Code 81-11-101 et seq.; Utah Uniform Interstate Family support Act, UIFSA, Utah Code 81-8-102 et seq.)

I say the following:

5. There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** and **Daniel Clark Watts**'s minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases.

6. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** and **Daniel Clark Watts** have physical custody of our child(ren), and are the only people who have custody, child support, and parent-time

rights to our child(ren).

PARENTING PLAN

This Parenting Plan is being filed in good faith.

This parenting plan is agreed to by **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** and **Daniel Clark Watts**.

Children - custody

(Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 9, Part 3)

7. It is in the children's best interest that the parties be awarded Joint Legal Custody and that **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** be awarded Sole Physical custody. **Daniel Clark Watts** should have parent-time at reasonable times and places. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** is filing this Parenting Plan and verifies the plan is filed in good faith.

Parent-time

8. The parents will follow a custom parent-time schedule:

The parents will follow a custom parent-time schedule.

a. **when circumstances permit Cheyenne will visit Daniel for a set number of days in Logan, which may or may not include holidays, birthdays or other special occasions.**

Parent-time for special occasions

9. The parents will follow the schedule for special occasions below. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are let out for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school. (Utah Code 81-9-302, 303).

Holiday	Period	Daniel Clark Watts	SaraLynn Taylor Watts
Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following Labor Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Labor Day if there is no school.	Odd years	Even years
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even years	Odd years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break.	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Daniel Clark Watts	SaraLynn Taylor Watts
	(2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following the end of fall break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of fall break if there is no school.		
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd years	Even years
Thanksgiving Break	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the Monday following Thanksgiving; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday following Thanksgiving if there is no school.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Winter Break (Second Half)	(1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 8:30 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 8:30 p.m. on the day before school resumes after the winter break.	Even years	Odd years
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day if there is no school.	Odd years	Even years
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following President's Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following President's Day if there is no school.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following the end of spring break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of spring break if there	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Daniel Clark Watts	SaraLynn Taylor Watts
	is no school.		
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.		All years: SaraLynn Taylor Watts is the mother
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.	All years: Daniel Clark Watts is the father	
Summer Break	Daniel Clark Watts will have up to two weeks of uninterrupted extended summer Parent-time when school is not in session, at the option of Daniel Clark Watts. Daniel Clark Watts will have an additional two weeks of extended Summer Parent-time at the option of Daniel Clark Watts, subject to weekday parent-time for SaraLynn Taylor Watts, but not weekends normally exercised by SaraLynn Taylor Watts. Daniel Clark Watts will notify SaraLynn Taylor Watts of the summer break extended parent-time by May 1 each year. SaraLynn Taylor Watts will also have two weeks of uninterrupted extended parent time when school is not in session, at the option of SaraLynn Taylor Watts. SaraLynn Taylor Watts will notify Daniel Clark Watts of the summer break extended parent-time by May 15 each year. If the notification by Daniel Clark Watts is not timely, SaraLynn Taylor Watts may determine the schedule for extended parent-time for Daniel Clark Watts, so long as SaraLynn Taylor Watts has provided timely notice. If neither parent provides timely notice, the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule of extended parent-time for the other parent.	Odd years	Even years
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Daniel Clark Watts	SaraLynn Taylor Watts
	birthday.		
SaraLynn Taylor Watts's Birthday	SaraLynn Taylor Watts will have parent-time each year on SaraLynn Taylor Watts's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when SaraLynn Taylor Watts delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.		All years
Daniel Clark Watts's Birthday	Daniel Clark Watts will have parent-time each year on Daniel Clark Watts's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Daniel Clark Watts delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.	All years	

Parent-time transfers

10. Pick-up and drop-off ("transfers") of the children for parent-time will be as described below:

The parties will make arrangements for pick up, delivery and return of the children prior to each scheduled parent-time.

Curbside transfers

11. There will not be curbside transfers. The parent/person dropping-off or picking-up a child may accompany the children to the other parent/person when parent-time transfers are made.

Decision-making

12. Each parent will make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.

Joint decision-making. The parents will share responsibility for making major decisions about the children. If there is a disagreement, the parents will resolve the dispute as provided in the Resolving disputes section below.

Education plan

13. The school the children will attend is based on **SaraLynn Taylor Watts's** home residence.

14. SaraLynn Taylor Watts and Daniel Clark Watts has authority to check the children

out of school. SaraLynn Taylor Watts and Daniel Clark Watts has access to the children during school. If the parents cannot agree, education decisions will be made by SaraLynn Taylor Watts.

Communication with each other

15. Parents will communicate with each other by any method.

Communication with the children

16. The parents agree they will:

- provide age-appropriate help to the children to communicate with the other parent.
- give the children privacy during their communication with the other parent. The parents will not interfere with or monitor communication between the children and the other parent.

17. Parents and children may communicate with each other whenever the children choose.

- By any method

Records and information sharing

18. Both parents will have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education, child care, and health care.

Travel by the children

19. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others.

20. If the children will be travelling for more than 5 days, the parent arranging the travel will notify the other parent at least 7 days in advance. That parent will give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least 7 days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent will provide as much notice as possible.

Child care

21. A child care provider for our children must be:

22. Other terms about child care: **I will decide on a childcare provider for my minor child as needed.**

Relocation of a parent (Utah Code 81-9-209)

23. If either parent moves more than 149 miles from the other, the moving parent must give the non-moving parent a written Notice of Relocation. The notice must be sent at least 60 days before the planned move.

- a. The written Notice of Relocation must include:
- Information about the move;

- A proposed parent-time schedule; and
 - A statement that the parents will not interfere with the other parent's parent-time.
- b. If the moving parent does not give the non-moving parent a Notice of Relocation, the moving parent will be in contempt of the court's order.
24. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other, or if the parents live a different countries, parent-time will be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, the following will be the minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent:

Relocation Schedule (Utah Code 81-9-209)

- a. in years ending in odd number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:
 - i. Thanksgiving holiday beginning Wednesday until Sunday; and
 - ii. spring break, if applicable, beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes;
- b. in years ending in an even number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:
 - i. the entire winter school break period; and
 - ii. the fall school break beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes; and
- c. extended parent-time equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ of the summer or off-track time for consecutive weeks. The children will be returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins. This week will be counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period. The parties will mutually agree on this extended time each year. If they are unable to agree, the noncustodial parent will select the dates for the extended time period.
- d. One weekend per month at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent. The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.
 - i. If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the noncustodial parent will receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend. If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on the last weekend of the month, the noncustodial parent will be entitled to the next to the last weekend of the month.
 - ii. If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend will be considered the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.
 - iii. If a child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the children begin the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays in Subsection (5) and those days are contiguous with the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend parent-time, those days will be included in the weekend parent-time.
- e. The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.

25. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other or the parents live in separate countries, costs for the children's travel expenses for parent-time will be paid by the parties as follows: **this will be decided at the time of travel by both parents**

26. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they will be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.

27. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses must be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

Resolving disputes

28. If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the children, they will discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their children. If the parents are unable to agree, they will go to the following before bringing the issue to the court:

a. Counseling

Changing the plan

This plan remains in effect until changed. A change comes from a modification of a court order.

END OF PARENTING PLAN

Income: Petitioner (SaraLynn Taylor Watts) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

29. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **\$4073**. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** base child support amount using the **sole** custody calculation is **\$533**. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** receives the following gross monthly income:

Income: Respondent (Daniel Clark Watts) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

30. **Daniel Clark Watts's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **\$1287**. **Daniel Clark Watts's** base child support amount using the **sole** custody calculation is **\$77**. **Daniel Clark Watts** receives the following gross monthly income:

31. The adjusted gross monthly income for **Daniel Clark Watts** is **\$1287**.

Child support (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2)

32. It is in the best interest of the children that **Daniel Clark Watts** be ordered to pay child support to **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** as follows:

a. **\$77.00** per month base support. This amount complies with the Utah Child Support Act.

33. Once a child is no longer eligible to receive child support, the support amount for the eligible children should be recalculated using the child support worksheet (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2). The parties may not divide the base child support

award by the number of children and subtract that amount from the prior child support amount.

34. The **sole** custody worksheet was used to calculate child support.

SaraLynn Taylor Watts's base child support amount is **\$533** per month.

Daniel Clark Watts's base child support amount is **\$77** per month.

If physical custody of a child changes from what the court orders:

- The parent owing support must pay the support amount to whomever has physical custody of the child.
- The parent must pay the support amount without asking the court to modify the child support order.
- This does not apply to temporary parent-time changes. (Utah Code 81-6-104(4) and 81-6-205(8)(a)).

Child support reduction for extended parent-time

35. If a child lives with the non-custodial parent by court order or written agreement of the parties for:

- 25 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 50% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(a)).
- 12 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 25% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(b)).

The custodial parent's normal parent-time and holiday parent-time do not count as an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

36. If a child receives cash assistance through the T.A.N.F. or F.E.P. programs, any agreement by the parties to reduce child support during extended parent-time must be approved by the Office of Recovery Services.

37. Child support will be paid as follows:

venmo or other

38. The issue of past-due child support may be decided by future court or administrative action.

39. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** and **Daniel Clark Watts** will each pay half of any ORS fee.

- a. If a fee is withheld from payments to **SaraLynn Taylor Watts**, **Daniel Clark Watts** will reimburse **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** for half the fee.

40. The parties must notify each other of any change in their income as follows:

Within 2 weeks

41. The parties can ask to change this child support order by motion after three years from the date of its entry if:

- there is a difference of 10% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines,
- the difference is not temporary, and
- the amount previously ordered was not a deviation from the child support guidelines.

If the children receive TANF funds at the time an adjustment is sought, ORS will review the order and ask the court to adjust the amount if appropriate. (Utah Code 62A-11-306.2).

42. The parties can ask to change this child support order at any time by petition if there has been a substantial change in circumstances because of material changes in:

- custody;
- the relative wealth or assets of the parties;
- income of a parent of 30% or more;
- the employment potential and ability of a parent to earn;
- the medical needs of the child; or
- the legal responsibilities of either parent for the support of others.

(Utah Code 81-6-202 and 81-6-212)

The change must result in a difference of 15% or more between the amount previously ordered and the new amount of child support under the Utah child support guidelines.

The difference may not be temporary.

The court can consider natural or adoptive children born after the entry of the decree other than those in common to both parties as part of a request to modify an existing award subject to limitations in the law. (Utah Code 81-6-202(8))

43. The Office of Recovery Services (<https://ors.utah.gov/>) provides services to individuals who are seeking assistance in the collection or enforcement of child support orders.

Dependent children for tax purposes

44. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes.

Child health care (Utah Code 81-6-208)

45. The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent children. Health care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101(14),

46. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** must maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent children if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost then both parents must ensure the children have health care coverage. This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

a. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by the medical, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the coverage will be as follows:

- **SaraLynn Taylor Watts's** insurance will be primary coverage.

- **Daniel Clark Watts's** insurance will be secondary coverage.
- b. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the coverage will be as follows:
 - **SaraLynn Taylor Watts's** spouse's insurance will be primary coverage.
 - **Daniel Clark Watts's** spouse's insurance will be secondary coverage.
- c. Both parties will equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums.
- d. Both parties will equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent children.
- e. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days.
- f. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.
- g. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.
- h. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

Child care expenses (Utah Code 81-6-209)

47. Both parties will equally share all reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses.
- a. The party who pays child care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and identity of the child care provider. This must be done when a provider is first hired, and any time the other party asks for the information. The party incurring or paying child care expenses must notify the other party of any change of a child care provider or monthly expense. This must be done within 30 calendar days of the change.
 - b. The party not directly paying for child care must pay their share of child care expenses as soon as they receive verification of the expenses.
 - c. If a party does **not** follow the order and provide written verification, they may not receive credit for work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

Public assistance statement – Office of Recovery Services (ORS) (Utah Code 81-6-106(2)-(3))

48. Neither party has received or is receiving public assistance from the State of Utah.

Personal property (Utah Code Title 81, Chapters 1, 4, 6, and 9)

49. All personal property not addressed in the divorce should be divided as the parties

have already divided it.

Vehicles

50. Vehicles will be divided as follows:

a.

Year: **2002**

Make: **dodge**

Model: **stratus**

VIN: **N/A**

Owner (before divorce): **SaraLynn Watts**

Current value: **\$3,000.00**

Amounts Estimated: **no**

Ownership After Divorce: **SaraLynn Taylor Watts**

Loan: **N/A**

b.

Year: **2013**

Make: **Hyundai**

Model: **Equus**

VIN: **N/A**

Owner (before divorce): **SaraLynn Watts**

Current value: **\$5,200.00**

Amounts Estimated: **no**

Ownership After Divorce: **SaraLynn Taylor Watts**

Loan: **N/A**

Debts

51. Each party will be ordered to assume and pay debts as follows. The party assuming the debt must put the debt in their name and pay it. If they can't put the debt in their name, they must still pay it. If a party pays a debt they are not responsible for, they can recover that amount from the responsible party.

Credit Card Debt

a.

Account Number: **8690**

Institution Name: **MACU**

Address: **1340 N State St 84057**

Amount owed on debt (in US Dollars): **\$932.07**

Minimum Monthly Payment (in US Dollars): **\$15.00**

Owner: **SaraLynn Watts**

The debt will be paid as follows: **SaraLynn Taylor Watts will pay the entire**

debt. SaraLynn Taylor Watts will provide a copy of the divorce decree to the lender.

Other Debt

a.

Account Number: **8690**

Institution Name: **MACU**

Address: **1340 N State St**

Amount owed on debt (in US Dollars): **\$2,550.01**

Minimum Monthly Payment (in US Dollars): **\$90.00**

Owner: **SaraLynn Watts**

The debt will be paid as follows: **SaraLynn Taylor Watts will pay the entire debt. SaraLynn Taylor Watts will provide a copy of the divorce decree to the lender.**

b.

Account Number: **3029**

Institution Name: **Capital One**

Address: **P.O. Box 60519 City of Industry CA 91716-0519**

Amount owed on debt (in US Dollars): **\$750.00**

Minimum Monthly Payment (in US Dollars): **\$30.00**

Owner: **SaraLynn Watts**

The debt will be paid as follows: **SaraLynn Taylor Watts will pay the entire debt. SaraLynn Taylor Watts will provide a copy of the divorce decree to the lender.**

Real property

52. The parties do not have any real property that is marital property. The parties do not need a court order about real property.

Alimony

53. Neither party will pay alimony.

Retirement money

Retirement money – retirement accounts

54. The parties have retirement money. The owner of the retirement money Plan Participant must do whatever is necessary for both parties to have full access to information about the pension plan, retirement account, money and benefits. This includes signing any forms needed for release of the information to the other party (Alternate Payee).

55. If the Plan Participant receives any retirement money awarded to the Alternate

Payee, the Plan Participant receives that money in a constructive trust for the Alternate Payee. The Plan Participant is ordered to pay the benefit directly to the Alternate Payee within 5 days of its receipt. Information on the pension plans and how they are to be divided is listed below:

a.

Account Number: **none**

Plan Name: **401k**

Plan Administrator: **fidelity**

Company Name: **takeda pharmaceuticals**

Address: **p.o. box 770001 Cincinnati, OH 45277**

Date Opened: **Dec 1, 2021**

Plan Value: **\$49120.46**

This plan is in the name of: **SaraLynn Taylor Watts**

Divide as follows: **The entire account should be awarded to SaraLynn Taylor Watts.**

Duty to sign documents

56. The parties will sign all documents necessary to comply with the divorce decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document. (Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70)

Name after divorce

57. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts** changed her name when the parties married. **SaraLynn Taylor Watts's** name will be **SaraLynn Taylor** after the divorce.

Judge's signature may instead appear at the top of the first page of this document.

7-7-26, 5:22pm
Date

Signature ▶

[Signature]

Judge

ROGER W. GIBLIN

N/A
Date

Signature ▶

N/A

Commissioner

N/A

Approved as to Form.

Other Party

Signature ►

Other Party
Name Daniel Clark Watts



Certificate of Service

I certify that I filed with the court and am serving a copy of this Divorce Decree on the following people.

a.

Name: **Daniel Clark Watts**

Method of service: **Postal Mail**

Address: **76 Ptarmigan Loop Logan, UT 84321**

Date of Service: **Jun 10, 2026**

06/08/2026

Date

Signature ►



Printed
Name

SaraLynn Watts