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Attorneys for Petitioner Robyn Meacham

**IN THE FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
UTAH COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH**

In the matter of the marriage of:

ROBYN MEACHAM,

DECREE OF DIVORCE

Petitioner,

Civil No. 254402393

and

Judge Roger W. Griffin
Commissioner Marian Ito

TROY MEACHAM,

Respondent.

This matter comes before the Court on Petitioner Robyn Meacham's Petition for Divorce. More than thirty days have passed since this matter was filed with the Court. On June 1, 2026, the parties, Petitioner Robyn Meacham ("Petitioner") and Respondent Troy Meacham ("Respondent"), entered into a Stipulation ("Stipulation"), which was duly filed with this Court. Having reviewed the filed documents, and based on the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED:

The marriage contract heretofore existing between Petitioner and Respondent is hereby dissolved, and the parties are granted a divorce from one another based on the grounds of

irreconcilable differences. This divorce is absolute and final immediately upon the signature of the Court and the filing by the Clerk.

1. Residency: The parties are both bona fide residents of Utah County and have been residents of Utah County for more than three months prior to the filing of this action.
2. Jurisdiction and Venue: Jurisdiction and venue are proper in this Court.
3. Marriage Statistics: The parties were married on June 17, 2011, and are presently married. The parties separated at the end of April 2025.
4. Grounds: Since the marriage of the parties, irreconcilable differences have arisen, making it impossible for the marriage relationship to continue.
5. Children: There are two minor children born of this marriage: S.M. (DOB: 07.13.2013); and R.M. (DOB: 05.25.2017).
6. Custody Jurisdiction: The children have resided in Utah for at least six consecutive months immediately prior to the commencement of this proceeding, and Utah is the home state of the children. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent issues in this case.

Parenting Plan

7. Legal Custody: The parties shall have joint legal custody. The major decisions concerning their children's general welfare, education, discretionary medical treatment, and religious training shall be mutually agreed to by both parties. Both parties shall have the authority to make routine decisions regarding the children's day-to-day activities when the children are in his or her care.
8. Dispute Resolution. If the parties have any future disagreement pertaining to their children generally or over the terms or implementation of this parenting plan, they shall seek the

advice of third-party professionals, such as a teacher, doctor, etc. In the event the parties still do not mutually agree regarding a major decision related to the children, Mother shall have final say. Prior to seeking Court intervention, the parties shall make good faith efforts to mediate the issue with a third-party mediator. Either of the parties may seek emergency relief from the court in the future should an emergency arise which would make formal negotiation not practical.

9. Access and Sharing Information. Both parties shall have access to the children's medical, church, education, counseling, and other records and shall include the other party as the parent on such records. The parties shall share information with one another regarding the children's school, church, extracurricular, and other activities, medical care, counseling, and any other significant information the other party does not have access to.

10. Physical Custody: The parties shall share joint physical custody.

11. Parent Time: The parties shall have parent time as the parties may agree, but if the parties do not agree, the parties shall divide parent time which each having overnights as follows:

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Week 1	Mother	Mother	Father	Father	Mother	Mother	Mother
Week 2	Mother	Mother	Father	Father	Father	Father	Father

12. Holidays: The holidays shall be as the parties agree. If the parties cannot agree the parties shall alternate holidays in accordance with the following schedule. Holidays take precedence over the regular and summer and birthday parent time rotation.

Even Years	Odd Years	Holiday and Time
Mother	Father	Martin Luther King Jr. Holiday: (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or

		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.
Father	Mother	President's Day: (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Mother	Father	Spring Break: (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Father	Mother	Memorial Day: (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.
Mother	Father	Juneteenth National Freedom Day: (1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.
Father	Mother	July 4th: (1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.
Mother	Father	July 24th: (1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.
Father	Mother	Labor Day: (1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.
Mother	Father	Columbus Day:

		(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.
Father	Mother	Fall Break: (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Mother	Father	Halloween: (1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.
Father	Mother	Veterans Day: (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.
Mother	Father	Thanksgiving: (1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Father	Mother	First Half of Christmas Vacation, including Christmas Eve and Christmas Day: (1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day on that school dismisses for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.
Mother	Father	Second Half of Christmas Vacation: (1) Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
Father	Mother	Child's Actual Birthday: (1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.
Mother	Father	The day before or after child's birthday: (1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.
Father	Father	Father's Day: (1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.
Mother	Mother	Mother's Day:

		(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.
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13. Summer. Each party shall be entitled to two weeks of uninterrupted summer parent time, which may be consecutive.

a. For purposes of designating and scheduling the parties' two weeks of uninterrupted parent time, both parents shall provide notification to the other parent. In odd-numbered years, Father shall provide notice to Mother by May 1st and Mother shall provide notice to Father by May 15th. In even-numbered years, Mother shall provide notice to Father by May 1st and Father shall provide notice to Mother by May 15th.

b. If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described, the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent. If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described, the first parent to provide notice may determine the summer break schedule for the other parent.

14. Transportation. The receiving parent shall provide the transportation for the children to parent time exchanges. Exchanges shall be school to school to the extent possible. When school is not in session, the parties shall exchange the children at 9:00 am of that parties' parent time.

15. Communication. The parties shall discuss all parenting concerns via e-mail, text, or parenting app at any time needed and shall not use their children to deliver messages. The parties shall use phone or text for emergencies or changes on the day of the exchange.

16. Telephone and Virtual Contact with Children. Each parent shall permit and encourage,

during reasonable hours, reasonable and uncensored communications with the children, in the form of virtual parent-time. Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration. The children shall be able to contact the parents at any time.

17. First Right of Refusal. Each parent shall have first option to provide care for the child over any other third party if the parent responsible for the child is not available overnight during their custodial time and the other parent is personally available and willing to provide the care and the transportation. Sleepovers for the child when the parent is available and in town shall not trigger the first right of refusal.

18. Educational Plan. Mother's home shall be designated as the home residence for purposes of identifying the appropriate school unless a further written agreement between the parties or a court order states otherwise. The children shall not be allowed to miss school to exercise parent time unless agreed upon in writing by both parents. Each parent shall have direct access to school emails, schoolteachers, school websites, online school tools, parent teacher conferences and school calendars.

19. Housing. In order to exercise overnight parent time, Father shall need stable housing without roommates where the children each have a bed, and their own room.

20. Media. Both parents shall take adequate safety measures in their homes for the children's electronic and internet access. The children shall only be exposed to age-appropriate media including but not limited to movies, audio, television, and video games.

21. Relocation. If either party moves more than 150 miles, the parties shall be bound by Utah Code § 81-9-209.

22. Travel. If the children travel with either parent overnight, all the following shall be

provided to the other parent:

- a. An itinerary of travel dates;
- b. Destination;
- c. Places where the children or traveling parent can be reached.
- d. Parents shall let each other know the identity of anyone else who may be staying in a shared home or hotel room during the travel.

23. Special Events. Special consideration shall be given by each parent to make the children available to attend family functions, including funerals and weddings, and other significant events in the life of the children or in the life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the visitation schedule.

24. Mutual Restraining.

a. Both of the parties are permanently enjoined from saying or doing anything in the presence of the minor children of the parties (or in such a manner that the children may become aware of the party's comments or actions, including but not limited to any and all social media posts, blog posts, or other electronic format) to convey any negative information, beliefs, feelings, etc. regarding the other parent, or doing or saying anything that would, in any way, harm the relationship between the children and the other parent; both parents are ordered to encourage the creation and maintenance of a strong and healthy relationship between the other parent and the children.

b. Both parties shall be supportive of the other party's role as a parent. Neither parent shall attempt to alienate the children in any way from the other parent. Both parents have an affirmative duty to co-parent the children in a way that promotes the children's best interest.

c. The parties are further enjoined from discussing custody or this divorce action with the children in any way or in such a manner that the children may become aware of the party's comments or actions, including but not limited to any and all social media posts, blog posts, or other electronic format.

d. The parties are restrained from discussing the children's relationship with the other parent in front of or with the children, or from questioning, interrogating, or otherwise "pumping" the children for information regarding what occurs when the children are with the other parent and from allowing any other person to do so.

e. The parties shall not make disparaging remarks to one another or to their children about one another or in the child's presence, either verbally, in writing or otherwise.

f. Both parties are mutually restrained from harassing, annoying, or otherwise bothering the other party. This includes unreasonable contact between parent and child during the other parent's parenting time.

g. The parties shall not allow third parties to act in any way that they themselves are prohibited from acting and shall remove the children from any situation in which the other parent is being disparaged in any way.

25. Child Support. For the purposes of child support, Father's income shall be imputed at \$22,740 per month and that Mother's income shall be imputed at \$1,260 per month. Pursuant to Utah's child support guidelines, Father shall pay child support to Mother in the amount of \$1,371 per month. The child support is payable one-half on the 5th day of each month and one-half on the 20th day of each month by direct deposit.

c. *Income Withholding*. If Father ever becomes more than 30 days delinquent in child

support, Mother shall be entitled to withholding income as a means of collecting child support, pursuant to Utah Code § 81-6-202(10)(f) and Utah Code § 26B-9-301 et seq. and Utah Code § 26B-9-401 et seq.

d. *Reduction When Child Becomes 18.* In accordance with Utah Code, § 81-6-213, when a child becomes 18 years of age or has graduated from high school during the child's normal and expected year of graduation, or any of the other reasons for adjustment under the code, whichever occurs later, the base child support award shall be automatically reduced to reflect the lower base combined child support obligation shown in the table for the remaining number of children due child support. The award shall not be reduced by a per-child amount derived from the base child support award originally ordered.

26. Medical Expenses. Medical expenses shall be paid in accordance with Utah Code § 81-6-208. The parties currently have medical insurance through Christian Healthcare Ministries for the children. If at any time in the future, either party has better coverage for the children at a more reasonable cost, the minor children shall be insured through that parent. All premium costs for the children's insurance shall be equally shared by the parties. The medical insurance cost for the benefit of the children, actually paid, shall be shared evenly.

a. Each parent shall share equally the out-of-pocket costs of the premium actually paid by a parent for the children's portion of the insurance. The children's portion of the premium is a per capita share of the premium actually paid. The premium expenses for the children shall be calculated by dividing the premium amount by the number of persons covered under the policy and multiplying the result by the number of children in

the instant case.

b. Each parent shall share equally all reasonable and necessary uninsured medical, dental, orthodontia, eye care, counseling, prescriptions, deductibles, and copayments, incurred for the dependent children and which are not paid by a medical insurance carrier.

c. The parent who incurs medical and dental expenses shall provide written verification of the cost and payment of medical and dental expenses to the other parent within 30 days of payment. The other parent shall remit payment within 30 days of receipt of the verification. If neither party is able to secure said insurance at a reasonable cost, each party shall be responsible for the payment of half of all reasonable and necessary medical and dental expenses for the minor children as indicated.

d. The parent ordered to maintain insurance shall provide verification of coverage to the other parent upon initial enrollment of the dependent children, and thereafter on or before January 2, of each calendar year, if there is a change in the previous coverage or provider. The parent shall notify the other parent of any change of insurance carrier, premium, or benefits within 30 calendar days of the date he or she first knew or should have known of the change.

27. Child Care Expenses. The parties shall adopt Utah Code Annotated § 81-6-209, and each parent shall equally share the reasonable work-related childcare expenses for the minor child.

28. Activity Costs. Each party shall be ordered to assume and be responsible for fifty percent (50%) of any out-of-pocket amount incurred for any mutually agreed-upon in writing extracurricular activities that the minor child may be involved in. The parties shall pay the providers directly if possible. If it is not possible, the party incurring the extracurricular activity

out-of-pocket costs shall submit to the other party verification of the incurred expense, such as a receipt or an invoice, within thirty (30) days of payment or receiving the same and shall be reimbursed by the other party within thirty (30) days of receiving the verification of incurred expenses. A party who incurs an expense for a child's extra-curricular activity without receiving prior consent from the other parent shall be solely responsible for that expense. If a parent enrolls a child in an activity without the other parent's consent, the activity shall not infringe on the other parent's parent-time and the enrolling parent shall pay the full cost. Both parents shall be able to attend all of the child's extra-curricular activities and the parent who signs up the child shall put the event on the calendar within 24 hours of receiving the calendar or any change.

29. School Fees. Each party shall be ordered to assume and be responsible for fifty percent (50%) of any out-of-pocket school expenses (i.e. registration, books, required supplies, lab fees, etc.) incurred during the time leading up to and including high school. This does not include private school tuition. The parties shall pay the school directly if possible. If it is not possible, the party incurring the out-of-pocket school expense shall submit to the other party an invoice, bill, receipt, or verification of the incurred expense within thirty (30) days of payment or receiving the same and shall be reimbursed by the other party within thirty (30) days of receipt of those school expense invoices, bills, receipts, and/or verification.

Other Financial Items and Asset Distribution

30. Alimony. Mother has a need for alimony and Father has the ability to pay. Father shall pay alimony to Mother in the amount of \$2,029 per month for 90 months beginning June 1, 2026. In the event Mother ever cohabitates, as defined by Utah law, or remarries, or in the event of the death of either party, alimony shall immediately terminate permanently.

31. Taxes. For the 2025 tax year, the parties shall file “Married Filing Jointly.” The parties shall each provide proof of the amount of the refund and the parties shall split any refund 50/50 within 48 hours of receiving them. If there is any tax owing, Father shall be responsible for paying it.

Moving forward, each party shall claim one child as a dependent with Father claiming the oldest child and Mother claiming the youngest child each year. Once the oldest child is no longer a dependent, the parties shall alternate claiming the youngest child on their taxes with Father claiming the child in even years and Mother claiming the child in odd years until the child is no longer a dependent. In the event Father is delinquent in any amount in his child support obligation at the end of the year, Mother shall be allowed to claim both children on her taxes for that year.

32. Real Property. During the marriage, the parties came into possession of real property located at 472 W. 4050 N., Lehi, Utah 84043. Mother shall be awarded sole occupation of the home. Father shall continue to pay all expenses related to the home including mortgage, taxes, and insurance. Father shall also pay car insurance, cell phone, Vivint, internet, HOA fees, and lawn care, which obligations shall terminate at the same time alimony terminates, per the alimony provision herein. Mother shall pay the utilities of electric, gas, and water.

Father shall continue to pay the mortgage and escrow on the home until Remi turns 20, regardless of whether Mother continues to reside in the home, and Mother shall have no obligation to pay rent or contribute to the mortgage or escrow. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event Mother begins cohabiting with another individual or remarries, Mother shall assume responsibility for paying the monthly mortgage and escrow amounts (but shall not be required to

pay a rental rate in excess of the mortgage and escrow).

Mother shall be entitled to remain in the home until Remi turns 20. Mother is free to move out of the home prior to this time if she so chooses; however, Mother's vacating the home shall not, by itself, trigger any obligation to sell the property. The parties shall have the option to sell the home once Remi turns 18 by mutual agreement, but neither party may be compelled to sell the home prior to the date Remi turns 20 unless both parties agree in writing that a sale would be in their mutual financial interest. In the alternative, the parties may elect by mutual agreement to rent the home and split the rental profits equally.

Once the parties mutually agree to sell the home, or upon Remi turning 20 if no prior agreement is reached, whichever comes earlier, the home shall be listed for sale. The parties shall agree on a real estate agent to assist in selling the home. In the event the parties are unable to agree on a suitable real estate agent, Mother shall recommend three and Father shall select one. The parties shall listen to the advice of the real estate agent in making any necessary repairs to list the home for sale and shall split all such costs equally. The parties shall also listen to the advice of the real estate agent in listing price and accepting or entertaining any offers. Each party shall fully cooperate in signing whatever documentation is necessary to completely transfer title and ownership of the home upon sale.

After the sale of the home, once all associated costs, commissions, and debts have been paid, the proceeds shall be distributed as follows: if the home sells for \$875,000 or more, Mother shall receive the first \$295,000 in proceeds and Father shall be entitled to the rest. If the home sells for less than \$875,000, the parties shall split the remaining equity equally after satisfaction of the approximately \$285,000 owed on the mortgage and all costs of sale. Neither party shall

stand in the way of the home being sold for as much as possible.

33. Cell Phone. Father shall continue to pay for Mother's cell phone bill in the amount of \$80 per month. _

34. Business Interests. During the marriage, the parties acquired a business called Pinks Carpet Cleaning. The business has the following debts:

Account	Approximate Liability
AmEx Card (22007)	\$26,041.51
AmEx Card (21004)	\$9,926.82

The business and all of its assets and liabilities shall be awarded to Father. Mother is to be compensated for her equal marital ownership interest in the business. The parties shall discuss what this number shall be and come to an agreement. If the parties cannot agree, they shall return to mediation. Father shall pay Mother her portion of the business no later than one calendar year from the entry of the Decree of Divorce.

35. Retirement Accounts and Investment Accounts. During the marriage, the parties acquired the following retirement and investment accounts:

Account	Approximate Value
Edward Jones Roth IRA (7616)	\$52,915.95
Edward Jones Flex Account (0617)	\$78,225.97
Edward Jones Select (6613)	\$50.00
Robinhood (1054)	\$26,802.30
Robinhood Crypto (0067)	\$167,919.17

To separate the Edward Jones accounts, Mother shall set up her own account with an institution of her choosing. Once it is set up, Father shall transfer \$65,000 to the account. The parties shall stay on the crypto accounts together for the time being. The parties shall work together to agree on using the crypto money to pay off the debts listed below in the debt section. Once all the listed debt is paid off measured as of the date of the signed Stipulation, the parties shall agree to separate the remaining Crypto assets and other assets held by Robinhood 50/50. Under no circumstances shall the parties go longer than one year without paying off the debts and separating the Robinhood accounts.

36. Bank Accounts. During the marriage, the parties acquired the following bank accounts:

Account	Approximate Value
Chase Checking (0315)	\$8,268.41
Chase Savings (1813)	\$5,863.00
Chase Checking (8855)	\$4,036.00
America First Credit Union (8618) Savings	\$1,573.21
America First Credit Union (8618) Checking	\$3,147.12

The parties shall split the value of the above accounts equally valued as of the date the accounts are divided. Once the value of the accounts has been divided, the parties shall close all joint bank accounts or shall cooperate in removing the other parties' name from any account either party intends to keep by joint agreement in writing. Each party is entitled to keep their own separate bank accounts.

37. Personal Property. During the marriage, the parties acquired various items of personal property. With the exception of the following items, they shall each be entitled to all property

presently in their possession free and clear from any claim by the other party now or in the future.

Awarded to Mother	Awarded to Father
Treadmill in Father's possession (or Father can buy a new treadmill for mother of equal or greater quality.)	Safe and guns
	Boxes in garage
	Filing cabinet
	Hot tub, once father moves into a home where is able to take it. Father shall cover all costs of transportation.

Except for timelines specifically stated in the chart above, the parties shall exchange the above property within 14 days of the entry of the Decree of Divorce. Each party shall be entitled to any personal property brought into the marriage. Each party shall also be entitled to their own personal effects which belong exclusively to them.

38. Vehicles. The parties presently own the following three vehicles: (1) Volkswagen SUV; (2) Chevy Truck; (3) Kia. Mother shall be awarded the Volkswagen SUV and Father shall be awarded the Chevy Truck and the Kia. The parties shall each be responsible to maintain all debts and costs associated with the vehicles awarded to them, including, but not limited to, loan obligations, maintenance, and repair costs. Father shall continue to pay for Mother's vehicle insurance until she gets a different vehicle after which time Mother shall pay for her own vehicle insurance. Both parties shall take whatever actions are necessary to remove the other party from the respective titles, loans, and shall refinance any loan into their name alone, to the extent it is necessary to do so, no later than 90 days after the Decree of Divorce is signed. In the event either party is unable to refinance a vehicle into their name alone within that time period, the vehicle shall immediately be listed for sale and the proceeds shall go toward paying off the vehicle loan.

If there is any remaining deficiency, that party shall exclusively be responsible for the debt and shall indemnify and hold the other party harmless.

39. Life Insurance. The parties shall each retain their own respective life insurance policies to the extent they exist and shall be solely and exclusively responsible for their own policies. Both parties shall be entitled to change the beneficiaries of their policies at their discretion.

40. Joint Debts. During the marriage, the parties acquired the following joint debts:

Account	Approximate Liability
Chase Credit Card (0428)	\$229.56
Chase Credit Card (5492)	\$650.22
Chase Credit Card (8070)	\$934.64
Chase Credit Card (3652)	\$14,790.33
Jet Blue Card (6537)	\$5,969.47
AmEx Card (52009)	\$13,683.01
AmEx Card (32003)	\$14,650.49
AmEx Card (41000)	\$12,907.31

The parties shall use the Robinhood and crypto accounts to pay off the above listed debts as stated in the retirement and investment section above. None of the above debts shall have any additional debt added after the date of the signed Stipulation. The debts shall be valued as of the date of the signed Stipulation.

The parties are aware of no other joint debts. To the extent the parties later discover any joint debts, the party who incurred the debt shall be responsible for paying off that debt and shall indemnify and hold the other party harmless from such debt.

The parties shall each be responsible for paying off their own separate debts, including their own respective credit cards. The parties shall indemnify and hold the other party harmless from such debt.

41. Creditors. The parties understand that for joint debts, upon the entering of the Decree of Divorce, the claim of a creditor remains unchanged unless otherwise provided by the contract, or until a new contract is entered into between the creditors and the debtors individually. For any joint debts, the parties may notify their respective creditors regarding the Court's division of debts, obligations, or liabilities, and regarding the parties' separate current addresses.

42. Attorneys' Fees. Each party shall bear the cost of their own attorneys' fees incurred in this action.

43. Identity. Neither party shall use the other party's likeness, picture, name, identification, or credit of the other party to obtain credit, open an account for any service, or obtain any other service.

44. Name. Mother shall have the option to restore her name to Robyn Jones.

45. Deeds, Titles, and Other Documents: Both parties shall sign whatever documents are necessary to transfer title and quit claim deeds or any other documents necessary that are outlined in the Decree of Divorce and are necessary to implement the Decree of Divorce.
46. Divorce Education: The parties agree they have both taken their divorce education courses as required by Utah law.
47. Full Disclosure. Each party warrants to the other that there has been a complete accurate and current disclosure of all income, assets, and liabilities. The property referred to in the Decree of Divorce represents all the property which either party has any interest in or right to, whether legal or equitable, owned in full or in part by either party, separately or by the parties jointly. In the event it is later discovered that either party failed to disclose any asset that exists at the time of the signing of the Stipulation, that asset shall be awarded to the other party.

**THIS ORDER IS EFFECTIVE WHEN SIGNED AND DATED BY THE COURT
ON TOP OF THE FIRST PAGE OF THIS DOCUMENT.**

Approval as to form:

/s/ Troy Meacham*

Troy Meacham

Pro Se

*(*Electronically signed with permission given via email.)*

DATED this 23rd day of July, 2026.

DENTONS DURHAM JONES PINEGAR, P.C.

/s/ David B. Nielson

David B. Nielson

Attorneys for Petitioner

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

2I hereby certify that on this 10th day of June 2026, I served the foregoing via email to the following:

Tory Meacham
troymeacham@gmail.com

/s/ Kim Altamirano