

Marsha Squire
Name
566 W 1330 S
Address
Spanish Fork, Utah 84660
City, State, Zip
801-616-9845
Phone
marsharr@aol.com
Email

In the Court of Utah

FOURTH Judicial District UTAH County

Court Address 137 NORTH FREEDOM BOULEVARD, PROVO, UT 84606

In the Matter of (select one)

☒ the Marriage of (for a divorce with
or without children, annulment,
separate maintenance, or
temporary separation case)

Marsha Squire
(name of Petitioner)

and

David Squire
(name of Respondent)

Other parties (if any)

Divorce Decree

264400923

Case Number

Kasey L Wright

Judge

Marian ITO

Commissioner (domestic cases)

The court decrees:

Divorce

1. Marsha Squire is granted a divorce based on the Declaration of Jurisdiction and Grounds signed by Marsha Squire. The divorce will become final upon entry of the divorce decree.

Children (Utah Code 81-6-101(7))

2. **Marsha Squire** and **David Squire** are the legal parents of the following children (Utah Code 81-5-102 et seq.)

- a. Any unborn child listed is expected to be born within 300 days of the entry of the decree.

Minor Children

a.

Child Name: **Eleanor Squire**

Date of Birth: **May 20, 2014**

b.

Child Name: **Paige Squire**

Date of Birth: **Aug 6, 2016**

Children – Jurisdiction over custody and parent-time issues (Utah Code 81-11-101, 81-11-201, and 81-11-208)

3. Utah has jurisdiction over the custody and parent-time issues in this case because:

4. During the last five years, the minor children have lived at the following places and with the following people:

a.

Child Name: **Eleanor Squire**

Date of Birth: **May 20, 2014**

i.

Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**

Move-in Date: **Oct 1, 2025**

Address: **566 W 1330 S, Spanish Fork, Utah 84660 United States**

(1).

Caretaker at this address: **David and Marsha Squire**

Caretaker current address: **566 W 1330 S, Spanish Fork, Utah 84660**

United States

b.

Child Name: **Paige Squire**

Date of Birth: **Aug 6, 2016**

i.

Move-out Date: **This is the child's current address**

Move-in Date: **Oct 1, 2025**

Address: **566 W 1330 S, Spanish Fork, Utah 84660 United States**

(1).

Caretaker at this address: **David and Marsha Squire**

Caretaker current address: **566 W 1330 S, Spanish Fork, Utah 84660**

United States

Children – Other court proceedings

(Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 100; Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, UCCJEA, Utah Code 81-11-101 et seq.; Utah Uniform Interstate Family support Act, UIFSA, Utah Code 81-8-102 et seq.)

I say the following:

5. There are no custody, child support, or parent-time cases about **Marsha Squire** and **David Squire**'s minor children in any court or government agency. This includes filed, pending, and completed cases.

6. **Marsha Squire** and **David Squire** have physical custody of our child(ren), and are the only people who have custody, child support, and parent-time rights to our child(ren).

PARENTING PLAN

This Parenting Plan is being filed in good faith.

This parenting plan is agreed to by **Marsha Squire** and **David Squire**.

Children - custody

(Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 9, Part 3)

7. It is in the children's best interest that the parties be awarded Joint Legal and Joint Physical Custody. **Marsha Squire** is filing this Parenting Plan and verifies the plan is filed in good faith.

8. The children should reside in **Marsha Squire**'s home **183** overnights each year and in **David Squire**'s home **182** overnights each year.

9. Parent-time will be equal between the parties. (Utah Code 81-9-305 and 81-6-206(7))

10. The chart below shows how this schedule will function.

Week	Evening	Parent
1	Monday	petitioner
1	Tuesday	petitioner
1	Wednesday	petitioner
1	Thursday	respondent
1	Friday	respondent
1	Saturday	respondent
1	Sunday	petitioner

Week	Evening	Parent
2	Monday	petitioner
2	Tuesday	petitioner
2	Wednesday	respondent
2	Thursday	respondent
2	Friday	respondent
2	Saturday	petitioner
2	Sunday	respondent

Parent-time for special occasions

11. The parents will follow the schedule for special occasions below. If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are let out for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school. (Utah Code 81-9-302, 303).

Holiday	Period Starts and ends	Years the parent is granted holiday	Years the parent is granted holiday
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Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
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Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.	Odd years	Even years
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.	Even years	Odd years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for fall break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Halloween	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; or (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.	Even years	Odd years
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.	Odd years	Even years
Thanksgiving Break	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Winter Break (First Half)	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	for winter break; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.		
Christmas Eve	(1) Holiday begins on December 24th at 4 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on December 24th at 9 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
Christmas Day	(1) Holiday begins on December 24th at 9 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on December 25th at 9 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
New Year's Eve	(1) Holiday begins on December 31st at 4 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on January 1st at 9 a.m.	Even years	Odd years
New Year's Day	(1) Holiday begins on January 1st at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on January 1st at 9 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.		
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Even years	Odd years
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.	Odd years	Even years
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.	Even years	Odd years
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. Squire is the mother	All Years: Marsha	

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
Father's Day	(2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m. (1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. (2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.		All Years: David Squire is the father
Summer Break	Marsha Squire will have up to two weeks of uninterrupted extended summer Parent-time when school is not in session, at the option of Marsha Squire. Marsha Squire will have an additional two weeks of extended Summer Parent-time at the option of Marsha Squire, subject to weekday parent-time for David Squire, but not weekends normally exercised by David Squire. Marsha Squire will notify David Squire of the summer break extended parent-time by May 1 each year. David Squire will also have two weeks of uninterrupted extended parent time when school is not in session, at the option of David Squire. David Squire will notify Marsha Squire of the summer break	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	extended parent-time by May 15 each year. If the notification by Marsha Squire is not timely, David Squire may determine the schedule for extended parent-time for Marsha Squire, so long as David Squire has provided timely notice. If neither parent provides timely notice, the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule of extended parent-time for the other parent.		
Juneteenth National Freedom Day	(1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day.	Even years	Odd years
Independence Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. (2)	Odd years	Even years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	Holiday ends on July 5th at 6 p.m.		
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m. (2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
Day of Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.	Even years	Odd years
Day Before or After Child's Birthday	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. (3) A parent may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.	Odd years	Even years
David Squire's Birthday	David Squire will have parent-time each year on David Squire's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when David Squire delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising		All years

Holiday	Period	Noncustodial Years	Custodial Years
	uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.		
Marsha Squire's Birthday	<p>Marsha Squire will have parent-time each year on Marsha Squire's birthday from 3:00 p.m. until the following morning when Marsha Squire delivers the child to school, or 8:00 a.m. if there is no school. Birthdays take precedence over holidays and extended parent-time, except Mother's Day and Father's Day. Birthdays do not take precedence over uninterrupted parent-time if the parent exercising uninterrupted time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted extended parent-time.</p>	All years	

Parent-time transfers

12. Pick-up and drop-off ("transfers") of the children for parent-time will be as described below:

The parties will make arrangements for pick up, delivery and return of the children prior to each scheduled parent-time.

Curbside transfers

13. There will not be curbside transfers. The parent/person dropping-off or picking-up a child may accompany the children to the other parent/person when parent-time transfers are made.

Decision-making

14. Each parent will make day-to-day decisions for the children during the time they are caring for the children. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children. A parent who makes an emergency decision must share the decision with the other parent as soon as reasonably possible.

Joint decision-making. The parents will share responsibility for making major decisions about the children. If there is a disagreement, the parents will resolve the dispute as provided in the Resolving disputes section below.

Education plan

15. The school the children will attend is based on a specific plan for where the children will attend school: **David and Marsha will decide this together..**

16. Marsha Squire and David Squire has authority to check the children out of school. Marsha Squire and David Squire has access to the children during school. If the parents cannot agree, education decisions will be made by Marsha Squire.

Communication with each other

17. Parents will communicate with each other by any method.

Communication with the children

18. The parents agree they will:

- provide age-appropriate help to the children to communicate with the other parent.
- give the children privacy during their communication with the other parent. The parents will not interfere with or monitor communication between the children and the other parent.

19. Parents and children may communicate with each other whenever the children choose.

- By any method

Records and information sharing

20. Both parents will have access to records and the ability to consult with providers regarding education, child care, and health care.

Travel by the children

21. During their parent-time, the parent may consent for the children to travel with a

sports team, religious group, school group, relatives, friends, by themselves, or with others.

22. If the children will be travelling for more than **4** days, the parent arranging the travel will notify the other parent at least **7** days in advance. That parent will give the other parent the travel schedule, locations and phone numbers at least **2** days in advance. In case of emergency, the parent will provide as much notice as possible.

Child care

23. A child care provider for our children must be:
A relative, friend, or neighbor.

Relocation of a parent (Utah Code 81-9-209)

24. If either parent moves more than 149 miles from the other, the moving parent must give the non-moving parent a written Notice of Relocation. The notice must be sent at least 60 days before the planned move.

a. The written Notice of Relocation must include:

- Information about the move;
- A proposed parent-time schedule; and
- A statement that the parents will not interfere with the other parent's parent-time.

b. If the moving parent does not give the non-moving parent a Notice of Relocation, the moving parent will be in contempt of the court's order.

25. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other, or if the parents live a different countries, parent-time will be as the parties agree. If they are unable to agree, the following will be the minimum parent-time for the noncustodial parent:

Relocation Schedule (Utah Code 81-9-209)

a. in years ending in odd number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:

- i. Thanksgiving holiday beginning Wednesday until Sunday; and
- ii. spring break, if applicable, beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes;

b. in years ending in an even number, the minor children will spend the following holidays with the noncustodial parent:

- i. the entire winter school break period; and
- ii. the fall school break beginning the last day of school before the holiday until the day before school resumes; and

c. extended parent-time equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ of the summer or off-track time for consecutive weeks. The children will be returned to the custodial home no later than seven days before school begins. This week will be counted when determining the amount of parent-time to be divided between the parents for the summer or off-track period.

The parties will mutually agree on this extended time each year. If they are unable to agree, the noncustodial parent will select the dates for the extended time period.

d. One weekend per month at the option and expense of the noncustodial parent. The noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement is subject to the following restrictions.

i. If the noncustodial parent has not designated a specific weekend for parent-time, the noncustodial parent will receive the last weekend of each month unless a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on that particular weekend. If a holiday assigned to the custodial parent falls on the last weekend of the month, the noncustodial parent will be entitled to the next to the last weekend of the month.

ii. If a noncustodial parent's extended parent-time or parent-time over a holiday extends into or through the first weekend of the next month, that weekend will be considered the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend entitlement for that month.

iii. If a child is out of school for teacher development days or snow days after the children begin the school year, or other days not included in the list of holidays in Subsection (5) and those days are contiguous with the noncustodial parent's monthly weekend parent-time, those days will be included in the weekend parent-time.

e. The custodial parent is entitled to all parent-time not specifically allocated to the noncustodial parent.

26. If either parent lives more than 149 miles away from the other or the parents live in separate countries, costs for the children's travel expenses for parent-time will be shared equally.

27. If a parent has been found in contempt for not being current on all support obligations, and they do not have primary physical care of the child, they will be responsible for the child's related travel expenses.

28. Reimbursement for the child's travel expenses must be made within 30 days of receipt of documents detailing those expenses.

Resolving disputes

29. If the parents need to resolve a dispute regarding the children, they will discuss the issues in good faith and try to reach an agreement based on what is best for their children. If the parents are unable to agree, they will go to the following before bringing the issue to the court:

a. **Mediation**

Changing the plan

This plan remains in effect until changed. A change comes from a modification of a court order.

30. A joint physical custody arrangement may result in denial of cash assistance under the Employment Support Act, Title 35A, Chapter 3, of the Utah Code.

END OF PARENTING PLAN

Income: Petitioner (Marsha Squire) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

31. **Marsha Squire's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **\$3999**.

Marsha Squire receives the following gross monthly income:

- a. **Marsha Squire** does not have any countable income from any source.
- b. **Marsha Squire** is voluntarily unemployed. Based on **Marsha Squire's** work experience, **Marsha Squire** is capable of earning **\$23.07** per hour, or **\$3999** per month. (Utah Code 81-6-203)

Income: Respondent (David Squire) (Utah Code 81-6-203)

32. **David Squire's** gross monthly income for child support purposes is **\$3917**. **David Squire** receives the following gross monthly income:

- a. **David Squire** is employed at **Done Right Removal**. **David Squire** earns **\$3917** gross (pre-tax) monthly income working a 40-hour a week job or less.

33. The adjusted gross monthly income for **David Squire** is **\$3917**.

Child support (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2)

34. It is in the best interest of the children that **Marsha Squire** be ordered to pay child support to **David Squire** as follows:

a. **\$1.00** per month base support. This amount complies with the Utah Child Support Act.

35. Once a child is no longer eligible to receive child support, the support amount for the eligible children should be recalculated using the child support worksheet (Utah Code Title 81, Chapter 6, Parts 1 and 2). The parties may not divide the base child support award by the number of children and subtract that amount from the prior child support amount.

36. The **joint** custody worksheet was used to calculate child support.

37. The base child support amount using the joint custody calculation is **\$1** per month.

Child support reduction for extended parent-time

38. If a child lives with the non-custodial parent by court order or written agreement of the parties for:

- 25 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 50% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(a)).
- 12 of any 30 consecutive days, base child support will be reduced by 25% for each child who lives with the non-custodial parent during that time. (Utah Code 81-6-211(1)(b)).

The custodial parent's normal parent-time and holiday parent-time do not count as an interruption of the consecutive day requirement.

39. If a child receives cash assistance through the T.A.N.F. or F.E.P. programs, any agreement by the parties to reduce child support during extended parent-time must be approved by the Office of Recovery Services.

40. Child support will be paid as follows:

We will have 50/50 custody. No need for payments.

41. The issue of past-due child support may be decided by future court or administrative action.

42. **Marsha Squire** and **David Squire** will each pay half of any ORS fee.

a. If a fee is withheld from payments to **David Squire**, **Marsha Squire** will reimburse **David Squire** for half the fee.

43. The parties must notify each other within 30 days of any change in their income.

44. The Office of Recovery Services (<https://ors.utah.gov/>) provides services to individuals who are seeking assistance in the collection or enforcement of child support orders.

Dependent children for tax purposes

45. **David Squire** may claim the parties' children as dependents/exemptions for tax purposes.

Child health care (Utah Code 81-6-208)

46. The parties must provide health care coverage for the medical expenses of the dependent children. Health care coverage means coverage under which medical services are provided to a dependent child through: fee for service, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, any other type of private health insurance, or public health care coverage. Utah Code 81-6-101(14),

47. **n/a** must maintain medical, hospital, and dental care insurance for the dependent children if it is available at reasonable cost. If medical insurance is not available at reasonable cost then both parents must ensure the children have health care coverage.

This may require applying for public health care coverage, such as CHIP or Medicaid.

a. If, at any time, a dependent child is covered by the medical, hospital, or dental insurance plans of both parents, the coverage will be as follows:

- **David Squire's** insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Marsha Squire's** insurance will be secondary coverage.

b. If a parent remarries and that parent's dependent child is not covered by that parent's health, hospital, or dental insurance plan but is covered by a step-parent's plan, the coverage will be as follows:

- **David Squire's** spouse's insurance will be primary coverage.
- **Marsha Squire's** spouse's insurance will be secondary coverage.

c. Both parties will equally share the out-of-pocket costs of the insurance premiums.

d. Both parties will equally share all uninsured and unreimbursed medical and dental expenses that are reasonable and necessary. This includes deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments paid by a party for the dependent children.

e. The party who pays health care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and payment within 30 days.

- f. If a party does not follow this order and provide written verification, they may not be able to receive credit for health care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.
- g. On or before January 2 of each year, the party ordered to maintain coverage must provide verification of coverage to the other party, and ORS, if they are involved.
- h. If there is any change in coverage, within 30 days of the change the party ordered to maintain coverage must notify the other party and ORS, if they are involved.

Child care expenses (Utah Code 81-6-209)

48. Both parties will equally share all reasonable work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses.

- a. The party who pays child care expenses must provide the other party written verification of the cost and identity of the child care provider. This must be done when a provider is first hired, and any time the other party asks for the information. The party incurring or paying child care expenses must notify the other party of any change of a child care provider or monthly expense. This must be done within 30 calendar days of the change.
- b. The party not directly paying for child care must pay their share of child care expenses as soon as they receive verification of the expenses.
- c. If a party does **not** follow the order and provide written verification, they may not receive credit for work, career, or occupational training-related child care expenses or recover the other party's share of the expenses.

Public assistance statement – Office of Recovery Services (ORS) (Utah Code 81-6-106(2)-(3))

49. Neither party has received or is receiving public assistance from the State of Utah.

Personal property (Utah Code Title 81, Chapters 1, 4, 6, and 9)

50. All personal property not addressed in the divorce should be divided as the parties have already divided it.

Vehicles

51. Vehicles will be divided as follows:

- a.
 - Year: **2015**
 - Make: **BMW**
 - Model: **X5**
 - VIN: **5UXKR0C57F0P07979**
 - Owner (before divorce): **David Squire**
 - Current value: **\$9,406.00**
 - Amounts Estimated: **no**

Ownership After Divorce: **We plan to share ownership and sell vehicle together.**

Loan: **N/A**

Debts

52. The parties are not aware of any debts from the marriage. If any debts exist, each debt will be the responsibility of the party who incurred the debt.

Real property

53. The parties do not have any real property that is marital property. The parties do not need a court order about real property.

Alimony

Marsha Squire's Financial Need

54. **Marsha Squire's** ability to earn (after taxes) is **\$2,000.00** per month. This amount is based on these sources of income:

Source	Monthly income
Work (Including self employment, wages, salaries, commissions, bonuses, tips and overtime)	\$ 2000
Rental income	\$
Business income	\$
Interest	\$
Income from interest refers to the money you earn as a result of lending money to others or depositing money in an interest-bearing account.	
Dividends	\$
Dividends refer to a portion of a company's profits paid out to its shareholders as a form of return on their investment.	
Retirement income (including pensions, 401(k), IRA, etc.)	\$
Worker's Compensation	\$
Social Security Disability (SSDI)	\$
Supplemental Security	

Income (SSI)	\$	
Social Security (Other than SSDI or SSI)	\$	
Private Disability Insurance	\$	
Unemployment benefits	\$	
Education benefits (Including grants, loans, cash scholarships, etc.)	\$	
Veteran's Benefits	\$	
Alimony (from a prior marriage)	\$	
Child Support (from a prior order)	\$	
Payments from civil litigation	\$	
Payments from civil litigation refer to the compensation received by an individual or entity as a result of a legal dispute settled through the court system, such as a settlement or court-awarded damages.		
Victim restitution	\$	
Victim restitution refers to the court-ordered payment made by a convicted offender to their victim(s) as a form of compensation for the harm or losses caused by their criminal actions.		
Utah Cash Assistance	\$	
Family Employment Program (FEP), etc.		
Federal Cash Assistance	\$	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), etc.		
Financial support from household members	\$	
Financial support from household members refers to the money received by an individual from other members of their household, such as a spouse, parent, or child, to help cover living expenses or other financial obligations.		
Financial support from non- household members	\$	
Financial support from non-household members refers to the money received by an individual from someone who is not a member of their household, such as a friend, relative, or member of a charitable organization, to help cover living expenses or other financial obligations.		
Trust income	\$	
Trust income refers to the money earned by a trust, a legal arrangement where a trustee		

holds and manages assets on behalf of beneficiaries, typically through investments, rental income, or interest on financial instruments.

Annuity income \$

Annuity income refers to the periodic payments received by an individual from an annuity, a financial product that provides a guaranteed stream of income for a fixed period or for the rest of the individual's life in exchange for a lump sum or series of payments made to the annuity provider.

\$

\$

Monthly Tax Deductions from Ability to Earn

Type of Deductions	Amount
Federal Income Tax	\$
State Income Tax	\$
Municipal Income Tax	\$
FICA	\$
Medicare	\$

55. **Marsha Squire** will be receiving **\$0** per month in child support in this case.

56. **Marsha Squire's** current reasonable monthly expenses are as follows:

Rent or Mortgage	\$ 0
Real estate taxes (if not included in mortgage)	\$ 0
Real estate insurance (if not included in mortgage)	\$ 0
Real estate maintenance	\$ 0
Food and household supplies	\$ 0
Clothing	\$ 0
Automobile payments	\$ 0
Automobile insurance	\$ 0
Automobile fuel	\$ 0
Automobile maintenance	\$ 0
Other transportation costs	

(public transportation, parking, etc.)	\$ 0
Utilities (such as electricity, gas, water, sewer, garbage)	\$ 0
Telephone	\$ 0
Paid television, cable, satellite	\$ 0
Internet	\$ 0
Credit card payments	\$ 0
Loans and other debt payments	\$ 0
Alimony from previous marriages	\$ 0
Child support	\$ 0
Child care	\$ 0
Extracurricular activities for children	\$ 0
Education (children)	\$ 0
Education (self)	\$ 0
Health care insurance	\$ 0
Health care expenses (excluding insurance listed above)	\$ 0
Other insurance	\$ 0
Entertainment	\$ 0
Laundry and dry cleaning	\$ 0
Donations	\$ 0
Gifts	\$ 0
Union and other Dues	\$ 0
Garnishment or income withholding order	\$ 0
Retirement deposits (including pensions, 401(k),	\$ 0

IRA, etc.)	
Other	\$ 0
Other	\$ 0
Total current monthly expenses	\$0

57. **Marsha Squire's** marital monthly expenses (expended during the marriage) are as follows:

Rent or Mortgage	\$ 0
Real estate taxes (if not included in mortgage)	\$ 0
Real estate insurance (if not included in mortgage)	\$ 0
Real estate maintenance	\$ 0
Food and household supplies	\$ 0
Clothing	\$ 0
Automobile payments	\$ 0
Automobile insurance	\$ 0
Automobile fuel	\$ 0
Automobile maintenance	\$ 0
Other transportation costs (public transportation, parking, etc.)	\$ 0
Utilities (such as electricity, gas, water, sewer, garbage)	\$ 0
Telephones	\$ 0
Paid television, cable, satellite	\$ 0
Internet	\$ 0
Credit card payments	\$ 0
Loans and other debt payments	\$ 0
Alimony from previous marriages	\$ 0
Child support	

	\$ 0
Child care	\$ 0
Extracurricular activities for children	\$ 0
Education (children)	\$ 0
Education (self)	\$ 0
Health care insurance	\$ 0
Health care expenses (excluding insurance listed above)	\$ 0
Other insurance	\$ 0
Entertainment	\$ 0
Laundry and dry cleaning	\$ 0
Donations	\$ 0
Gifts	\$ 0
Union and other Dues	\$ 0
Garnishment or income withholding order	\$ 0
Retirement deposits (including pensions, 401(k), IRA, etc.)	\$ 0
Other	\$ 0
Other	\$ 0
Total marital monthly expenses	\$0

58. The difference between **Marsha Squire's** monthly net income (including child support) and monthly expenses is **\$0.00** based on **current** expenses. This is **Marsha Squire's** monthly financial need.

David Squire's Ability To Pay

59. **David Squire's** net income (after taxes) is **\$3,916.67** per month. This amount is based on these sources of income.

Work (Including self employment, wages,	\$ 3916.67
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salaries, commissions, bonuses, tips and overtime)	
Rental income	\$ 0
Business income	\$ 0
Interest	\$ 0
Dividends	\$ 0
Retirement income (including pensions, 401(k), IRA, etc.)	\$ 0
Worker's Compensation	\$ 0
Social Security Disability (SSDI)	\$ 0
Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	\$ 0
Social Security (Other than SSDI or SSI)	\$ 0
Private Disability Insurance	\$ 0
Unemployment benefits	\$ 0
Education benefits (Including grants, loans, cash scholarships, etc.)	\$ 0
Veteran's Benefits	\$ 0
Alimony (from a prior marriage)	\$ 0
Child Support (from a prior order)	\$ 0
Payments from civil litigation	\$ 0
Victim restitution	\$ 0
Utah Cash Assistance	\$ 0
Federal Cash Assistance	\$ 0
Financial support from household members	\$ 0
Financial support from non- household members	\$ 0
Trust income	

	\$ 0
Annuity income	\$ 0
	\$ 0
	\$ 0

Total Gross Monthly Income \$ 3916.67

Monthly Tax Deductions

Type of Deductions	Amount
Federal Income Tax	\$ 0
State Income Tax	\$ 0
Municipal Income Tax	\$ 0
FICA	\$ 0
Medicare	\$ 0

60. **David Squire** will be paying **\$0** per month in child support in this case.

61. **David Squire's** current reasonable monthly expenses are as follows:

Rent or Mortgage	\$ 2300
Real estate taxes (if not included in mortgage)	\$ 0
Real estate insurance (if not included in mortgage)	\$ 0
Real estate maintenance	\$ 0
Food and household supplies	\$ 500
Clothing	\$ 0
Automobile payments	\$ 0
Automobile insurance	\$ 116.7
Automobile fuel	\$ 0
Automobile maintenance	\$ 0
Other transportation costs (public transportation, parking, etc.)	\$ 0
Utilities (such as electricity, gas, water, sewer, garbage)	\$ 162.53

Telephone	\$ 224
Paid television, cable, satellite	\$ 0
Internet	\$ 45
Credit card payments	\$ 0
Loans and other debt payments	\$ 0
Alimony from previous marriages	\$ 0
Child support	\$ 0
Child care	\$ 0
Extracurricular activities for children	\$ 0
Education (children)	\$ 0
Education (self)	\$ 0
Health care insurance	\$ 0
Health care expenses (excluding insurance listed above)	\$ 0
Other insurance	\$ 0
Entertainment	\$ 0
Laundry and dry cleaning	\$ 0
Donations	\$ 0
Gifts	\$ 0
Union and other Dues	\$ 0
Garnishment or income withholding order	\$ 0
Retirement deposits (including pensions, 401(k), IRA, etc.)	\$ 0
Other	\$ 0
Other	\$ 0
Total marital monthly expenses	\$

3348.23

62. The difference between **David Squire's** monthly net income and monthly expenses (including child support) is **\$568.44**. This is **David Squire's** ability to pay alimony each month.

63. **David Squire** and **Marsha Squire** have been married for **13** years and **6** months.

64. The value of real property during the marriage is **\$0.00**

65. The value of personal property during the marriage is **\$9,406.00**.

Alimony Payment

66. **David Squire** will pay **Marsha Squire** **\$500.00** in alimony each month.

67. These are the reasons for this amount: **We will be making living changes after the divorce is finalized. We have agreed on this amount.**

68. Alimony will start the month immediately following entry of the divorce decree.

69. The payment schedule will be:

a. **David does not receive paychecks on a regular basis. He can pay when he does receive paychecks.**

70. **David Squire's** alimony obligation will end the earliest of the following:

- **5** years and **0** months.
- If **Marsha Squire** dies.
- If **Marsha Squire** remarries.
- If **Marsha Squire** cohabits. Cohabitation must be proven in court before **David Squire** stops paying alimony.

Retirement money

71. The parties do not need a court order about retirement money.

Duty to sign documents

72. The parties will sign all documents necessary to comply with the divorce decree within 60 days from entry of the decree. If a party fails to sign a document within 60 days, the other party may ask the court to appoint someone to sign the document. (Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 70)

Judge's signature may instead appear at the top of the first page of this document.

05/06/26

Date

Signature



Kasey Wright

Kasey Wright (May 6, 2026 08:15:57 MDT)

Judge

Kasey Wright

Signature

Date

Commissioner

Approved as to Form.

Other Party
Signature

Other Party
Name

David Squire

Certificate of Service

I certify that I filed with the court and am serving a copy of this Divorce Decree on the following people.

a.

Name: **David Squire**

Method of service: **Hand Delivery**

Address: **566 W 1330 S Spanish Fork, UT 84660**

Date of Service: **Apr 29, 2026**

04/29/2026

Date

Signature

Marsha Squire

Printed
Name

Marsha Squire