- 1 Rule 3-109. Ethics Advisory Committee.
- 2 Intent:
- 3 To establish the Ethics Advisory Committee ("Committee") as a resource for judges to request
- 4 advice on the interpretation and application of the Code of Judicial Conduct.
- 5 To establish a process for recording and disseminating opinions on judicial ethics.
- 6 Applicability:
- 7 This rule shall applyapplies to the Judiciary. all employees of the judicial branch of government
- 8 who are subject to the Code of Judicial Conduct.
- 9 Statement of the Rule:
- 10 (1) **<u>Duties.</u>**
- 11 (1)(A) Written opinions. The Ethics Advisory Committee is responsible for providing 12 opinions on the interpretation and application of the Code of Judicial Conduct to specific 13 factual situations. The Committee will, in appropriate cases, prepare and publish written 14 opinions concerning the ethical propriety of professional or personal conduct when 15 requested to do so by the Council, the Boards, the Judicial Conduct Commission, judicial 16 officers, court employees, judges pro tempore, or candidates for judicial office. The committee may interpret statutes, rules, and caselaw when necessary to answer a 17 request for an opinion. 18
- 19 (1)(B) Code of Judicial Conduct. The Committee may, on its own initiate or upon the
 20 request of the Council, Boards, Judicial Conduct Commission, judicial officers, or court
 21 employees, propose amendments to the Code of Judicial Conduct and submit
 22 recommendations to the Supreme Court for consideration.
- (2) The Administrative Office shall provide staff support through the Office of General Counsel
 and shall distribute opinions in accordance with this rule.
- 25 (23) Duties of the committee Ethics advisory opinions.
- 26 (3)(A) Preparation of opinions.
- 27 (2)(A) Formal and informal. As used in these rules, the term "informal opinion" refers to
 28 an opinion that has been prepared and released by the Committee. The term "formal
 29 opinion" refers to an opinion that has been approved and released by the Council.
 30 "Formal opinions" will usually be reserved for situations of substantial and general
 31 interest to the public or the Judiciary.
- (3)(A)(i) The Ethics Advisory Committee shall, in appropriate cases, prepare and publish
 written opinions concerning the ethical propriety of professional or personal conduct
 when requested to do so by the Judicial Council, the Boards of Judges, the Judicial
 Conduct Commission, judicial officers and employees, judges pro tempore or candidates

for judicial office. The Committee may interpret statutes, rules, and case law as may be 36 37 necessary to answer a request for an opinion. 38 (23)(BA)(ii) Conduct of others. The Committee shall will respond to an inquiry into the conduct of others only if: 39 40 (23)(BA)(ii)(a) the inquiry is made by the Judicial Council, a Board of Judges, or 41 the Judicial Conduct Commission; and 42 (23)(BA)(ii)(b) the inquiry is limited to matters of general interest to the judiciary 43 or a particular court level. 44 (23)(CA)(iii) Past conduct. The Committee willshall not answer requests for legal 45 opinions or inquiries concerning conduct that has already taken place, unless it is of an 46 ongoing nature. 47 (3)(B) The Committee may receive proposals from the Judicial Council, the Boards of Judges, 48 the Judicial Conduct Commission, and judicial officers and employees or initiate its own proposals for necessary or advisable changes in the Code of Judicial Conduct and shall submit 49 50 appropriate recommendations to the Supreme Court for consideration. 51 (24)(D) Request sSubmission of requests. 52 (4)(A) Requests for advisory opinions shall must be in writing addressed to the Chair of the Committee, submitted tothrough the Office of General Counsel ("General Counsel") 53 54 in writing, and , and shall include the following: 55 (24)(DA)(i) aA brief statement of the contemplated conduct;-56 (24)(DA)(ii) rReferences to the relevant section(s) of the Code of Judicial 57 Conduct: and 58 (24)(DA)(iii) ccitations to any relevant ethics opinions or other authority, if known. 59 (4)(B) The request for an opinion and the identity of the requesting party is confidential unless waived in writing by the requesting party. 60 (35) Committee review and publication of informal opinion. nsideration of requests. 61 (5)(A) As used in these rules, the term "informal opinion" refers to an opinion that has 62 63 been prepared and released by the Committee. The term "formal opinion" refers to an 64 opinion that has been considered and released by the Judicial Council. "Formal 65 opinions" will usually be reserved for situations of substantial and general interest to the public or the judiciary. 66 67 (35)(AB) Preliminary recommendation. Upon receipt of a request for an advisory opinion, the General Counsel willshall research the issue and prepare a preliminary 68 69 recommendation for the Committee's consideration. The opinion request, preliminary recommendation, and supporting authorities shall must be distributed to the Committee 70 71 members within 21 days of receipt of the request.

72 (35)(BC) Committee comments. The Committee members shall will review the request 73 and recommendation and submit comments to the General Counsel within 14 days of their receipt of the request and preliminary recommendation. 74 (35)(CD) Final review. General Counsel willshall review the comments submitted by the 75 committee members and, within 14 days of receipt of the comments, prepare a 76 77 responsive informal opinion in writing which shall will be distributed to the Committee 78 members for approval. 79 (35)(DE) Majority vote. A majority vote of the Committee members is required for issuance of an informal opinion. -Alternatively, the Committee may by majority vote refer 80 the request to the Council without issuing an informal opinion. The voteand may be 81 82 obtained by electronic means or, upon the request of a Committee member, the cchair may continue the vote until the next meeting of the Committee. 83 84 (35)(EF) Release to requester. Informal opinions shall-will be released to the requesting 85 party within 60 days of receipt of the request unless the chair determines that additional 86 time is needed for the committee members to deliberate and finalize the opinion or the matter is referred to the Judicial Council. 87 88 (3)(F) Issuance. Unless referred to the Council, the Committee will issue the informal opinion within 30 days of its release to the requester. 89 90 (35)(G) Expedited review. Upon the written request of a party and for good cause, the 91 ccommittee may issue a responde to a request within a shorter period of time than 92 provided for in these rules. The requesting party has the responsibility of must 93 establishing that the request is of an emergency natureurgent and requires an 94 abbreviated response time. (46) Referral of informal opinion to Judicial Council. The Council must consider a referral of 95 an informal opinion made: (1) upon a majority vote from the Committee Upon an affirmative vote 96 97 of a majority of the Committee members or, (2) a motion made by of the requesting party within 14 days of release of the - or a motion by the Judicial Council, an opinion request informal 98 99 opinion and Committee recommendation shall be referred to the Judicial Council for 100 consideration. Within 60 days of receipt of the referral, the Council willshall consider the request 101 and recommendation referral and take the following action: 102 (46)(A) aApprove or modify the informal opinion and direct the Committee to release 103 issue the opinion, as initially drafted or modified, to the requesting party as an informal 104 opinion of the Committee, or 105 (46)(B) aApprove or modify the opinion and release issue the opinion as a formal opinion 106 of the Council. (57) Reconsideration of formal and informal opinions. 107 108 (7)(A)-Within 14 days of the issuance of an opinion, the requesting party or a Committee 109 member may request reconsideration. Within 30 days of the issuance of anthe opinion, a Board

110 of Judges or Council member may request reconsideration if they were Board was not the 111 requesting party and the opinion addresses matters of general interest to the Jiudiciary or to a particular court level. 112 (5)(A) Reconsideration request submission. Requests for reconsideration of informal 113 opinions must be made in the first instance to the Committee and then to the Judicial 114 115 Council. Requests for reconsideration of formal opinions mustshall be made to the Judicial Council. Requests for reconsideration shall must be in writing, addressed to the 116 117 cenair of the Committee or the Presiding Officer of the Council, submitted tothrough the General Counsel, and shall include the following: 118 119 (57)(A)(i) aA brief statement explaining the reasons for reconsideration; and-120 (57)(A)(ii) identification of any new facts or authorities not previously submitted 121 or considered. 122 (75)(B) Committee or Council action. The Committee or Council shall will consider the 123 request as soon as practicable and may take the following action: 124 (57)(B)(i) aApprove the request for reconsideration and modify the opinion; 125 (57)(B)(ii) aApprove the request for reconsideration and approve the opinion as originally published issued; or 126 127 (57)(B)(iii) dDeny the request. 128 (57)(C) Committee notice. The Committee shall will be kept advised of the status of 129 any request to reconsider an opinion. 130 (68) **Recusal.** Circumstances that require recusal of a judge shall will require recusal of a 131 Committee member from participation in Committee action. If the chair is recused, a majority of 132 the remaining members shall will select a chair pro tempore. If a member is recused, the chair 133 may appoint a lawyer or a judge of the same court level and if applicable the same geographic 134 division, if applicable, or a lawyer to assist the Committee with its deliberations. Preference 135 should be given to former members of the Committee. 136 (79) **Publication**. All opinions of the Committee and the Judicial Council shall will be numbered 137 upon issuance, and published in a format approved by the Judicial Council. No published opinion rendered by the Committee or the Council shall identify the requesting party whose 138 conduct is the subject of the opinion unless confidentiality of the requesting party is waived in 139 140 writing. 141 (8) Confidentiality. The request for an opinion and the identity of the requesting party is 142 confidential unless waived in writing by the requesting party. 143 (910) Legal effect. Compliance with an informal opinion shall will be considered evidence of 144 good faith compliance with the Code of Judicial Conduct. Formal opinions shall will constitute a 145 binding interpretation of the Code of Judicial Conduct.

146 (10) Staff support. The Administrative Office will provide staff support through the Office of

General Counsel and will distribute opinions in accordance with this rule.

148 Effective: November 1, 2015 May 1, 2026