## Rule 14. Third-party practice

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- 2 (a) When defendant may bring in third party. At any time after commencement of the
- 3 action a defendant, as a third-party plaintiff, may cause a summons and complaint to be
- 4 served upon a person not a party to the action who is or may be liable to the defendant
- 5 for all or part of the plaintiff's claim, so long as the third-party plaintiff's claim is a claim
- 6 over which the court has jurisdiction. The third-party plaintiff need not obtain leave to make the
- 7 service if the party files the third-party complaint no later than 14 days after serving the
- 8 party's original answer. Otherwise, the third-party plaintiff must obtain leave on
- 9 motion upon notice to all parties to the action.
- 10 (b) The third-party defendant's response. The person served with the summons and
- 11 third-party complaint, hereinafter called the third-party defendant, must make defenses
- 12 to the third-party plaintiff's claim as provided in Rule 12 of the Utah Rules of Civil
- 13 Procedure and any counterclaims against the third-party plaintiff and cross-claims
- against other third-party defendants as provided in Rule 13. The third-party defendant
- may assert against the plaintiff any defenses which the third-party plaintiff has to the
- 16 plaintiff's claim. The third-party defendant may also assert any claim against the
- 17 plaintiff arising out of the transaction or occurrence that is the subject matter of the
- 18 plaintiff's claim against the third-party plaintiff. The third-party defendant may also
- 19 proceed under this rule against any person not a party to the action who is or may be
- 20 liable to the third-party defendant for all or part of the claim made in the action against
- 21 the third-party defendant, so long as the claim is a claim over which the court has jurisdiction.
- 22 (c) Plaintiff's claims against the third-party defendant and the third-party
- 23 **defendant's response.** The plaintiff may assert any claim against the third-party
- 24 defendant arising out of the transaction or occurrence that is the subject matter of the
- 25 plaintiff's claim against the third-party plaintiff, so long as the claim is not a claim over which
- 26 the court lacks jurisdiction, and the third-party defendant thereupon must assert defenses as
- 27 provided in Rule 12 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and any counterclaims and
- 28 cross-claims as provided in Rule 13.

- 29 (d) When plaintiff may bring in third party. When a counterclaim is asserted against a
- 30 plaintiff, the plaintiff may cause a third party to be brought in under circumstances
- 31 which under this rule would entitle a defendant to do so.
- 32 Effective May/November 1, 20\_\_\_

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