1 Rule 6-501. Testing and Rreporting requirements for guardians and conservators.

Intent:

To <u>set forth the testing requirements for guardians and conservators and to</u> establish standards and procedures for <u>annual inventories</u>, reports, and accountings that guardians and conservators are required to file under the Utah Uniform Probate Code.

Applicability:

This rule applies to individuals seeking appointment as guardians and conservators and individuals who are appointed by the court as guardians and conservators.

Statement of the Rule:

(1) **Definitions**.

(1)(A) "Accounting" means the annual accounting required by Utah Code Section 75-5-312 and Section 75-5-417 and the final accounting required by Utah Code Section 75-5-419.

(1)(B) "Interested person" means the respondent, if he or she is not a minor, the respondent's guardian and conservator, the respondent's spouse, adult children, parents and siblings, and any other person interested in the welfare, estate, or affairs of the respondent who requests notice under Utah Code Section 75-5-406. If no person is an interested person as previously defined, then interested person includes at least one of the respondent's closest adult relatives, if any can be found. For purposes of minor guardianship, interested persons include the persons listed in Utah Code Section 75-5-207.

(1)(C) "Inventory" means the inventory required by Utah Code Section 75-5-418.

(1)(D) "Serve" means any manner of service permitted by Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 5.

(1)(E) "Protected person" means a minor or an incapacitated person for whom the court appoints a guardian or an individual protected person for whom the court appoints a conservator.

(1)(F) "Report" means the inventory, accounting, or annual report on the status of the protected person under Utah Code Sections 75-5-209 and 75-5-312, and the final accounting under Sections 75-5-210 and 75-5-419

(1)(G) "Respondent" means a person who is alleged to be incapacitated and for whom the appointment of a guardian or conservator is sought.

(2) Exceptions.

(2)(A) Paragraph (4) does not apply to the following:

43 (2)(A)(i) a quardian certified licensed under Utah Code Section 75-5-311(1)(a); 44 (2)(A)(ii) the Office of Public Guardian; or 45 46 47 (2)(A)(iii) a conservator issued a permit licensed under Utah Code Section 7-5-2. 48 (2)(B) Paragraphs (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) do not apply if the guardian or conservator is a 49 50 parent of the protected person. 51 (2)(C) Paragraph (7)(C) does not apply to the guardian of a minor if the minor's estate 52 consists of funds that are deposited in a restricted account, which requires judicial approval 53 for withdrawal, or if there is no estate. 54 55 (2)(D) Paragraph (9) does not apply to a conservator who is appointed for the purpose of 56 receiving a personal injury settlement for a minor if 1) no funds are to be distributed until the 57 58 minor reaches the age of majority, or 2) no structured settlement payments are to be made 59 until the minor reaches the age of majority. 60 61 (3) Examination and private information record. 62 (3)(A) Before the court enters an order appointing a guardian or conservator, the proposed 63 quardian or conservator must file: 64 65 (3)(A)(i) a verified statement showing satisfactory completion of a court-approved examination on the responsibilities of a guardian or conservator; and 66 67 (3)(A)(ii) (3)(B) Before the court enters an order of appointment, the proposed guardian 68 69 or conservator must file a completed and verified Private Information Record form 70 provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts. 71 72 (3)(CB) The guardian or conservator must continue to keep the court apprised of any 73 changes to the guardian or conservator's contact information. 74 75 (4) **Recordkeeping**. The guardian must keep contemporaneous records of significant events in 76 the life of the protected person and produce them if requested by the court. The conservator 77 must keep contemporaneous receipts, vouchers or other evidence of income and expenses and 78 produce them if requested by the court. The guardian and conservator must maintain the 79 records until the appointment is terminated and then deliver them to the successor quardian or 80 conservator, to the protected person, if there is no successor guardian or conservator, to the 81 successor guardian or conservator, or to the personal representative of the protected person's 82 estate.

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(5) Report forms. Subject to the requirements of Paragraph (6):

(5)(A) forms substantially conforming to the Judicial Council-approved forms are acceptable

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(5)(B) a corporate fiduciary may file its internal report or accounting; and

(5)(C) if the protected person's estate is limited to a federal or state program requiring an annual accounting, the fiduciary may file a copy of that accounting.

(56) Information required in reports, Filing and service of required reports and proposed Order on Review cover sheet, and service.

(5)(A) The guardian or conservator shall file with the court the reports required by Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, and/or 10 using the appropriate—Judicial Council-approved form or a form that substantially conforms to the format and content of the—Judicial Council form.

(5)(A)(i) A corporate fiduciary shall attach its internal report or accounting, if any, as an exhibit to the Judicial-Council form.

(5)(A)(ii) If the protected person's estate is limited to a federal or state program requiring an annual accounting, the guardian may file a copy of that accounting instead of the Judicial-Council form.

(56)(A)(B) The annual <u>status</u> report and annual accounting must contain sufficient information to put interested persons on notice of all significant events and transactions during the reporting period. Compliance with Paragraph (54) is presumed sufficient, but the court may direct that a report or accounting be prepared with content and format as it deems necessary.

(56)(B)(C) Along with the required report, the guardian or conservator shall also file the Judicial-Council-approved Order on Review of Guardian or Conservator Report ("Order on Review") The annual report and annual accounting must include the Judicial Council-approved Order on Review of Guardian or Conservator Report ("Order on Review"), which must be filed as a proposed document.

(56)(C)(D) The guardian, or conservator, or both must serve a copy of the required report, inventory, and accounting under Rule 5 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure on all interested persons in accordance with Rule 5 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. The required annual report and annual accounting must include the following language at the top right corner of the first page, in bold type: You have the right to object to the this report or accounting within 28 days of service. If you do not object within that time, your objection may be waived.

(68) Inventory.

(68)(A) Within 90 days after the appointment, the conservator must file with the appointing

129 court the inventory required by Utah Code Section 75-5-418 in accordance with Paragraph 130 5. The inventory must be in substantially the same form as the inventory form approved by the Utah Judicial Council, including the required attachments. The court may extend the time 131 for filing the inventory for good cause. 132 133 (68)(B) The judge may conduct a hearing even though no objection is filed. If the judge finds 134 that the inventory is in order, the judge must approve it by signing the Order on Review. 135 136 (6)(C) If there is no conservator, the guardian must file the inventory required of a 137 conservator under Utah Code Section 75-5-312. 138 139 140 (7) Annual status reports. 141 (7)(A) The guardian must file with the appointing court a report on the status of the protected 142 person no later than 60 days after the anniversary of the appointment.— in accordance with 143 Paragraph 5. 144 (7)(A)(i) The status report must be in substantially the same form as the status report 145 form approved by the Utah Judicial Council, including the required attachments. 146 147 (7)(A)(ii) The guardian must file the report with the court that appointed the guardian 148 unless that court orders a change in venue under Utah Code Section 75-5-313. 149 150 151 (7)(A)(iii) The reporting period is yearly from the appointment date unless the court changes the reporting period on motion of the quardian. The quardian may not file the 152 153 report before the close of the reporting period. For good cause the court may extend the time for filing the report, but a late filing does not change the reporting period. 154 155 156 (7)(B) The judge may conduct a hearing even though no objection is filed. If the judge finds that the report is in order, the judge must approve it by signing the Order on Review-157 158 159 (7)(C) If there is no conservator, the guardian must file the inventory and accounting required of a conservator under Utah Code Section 75-5-312. 160 161 162 (89) Annual accounting. 163 (89)(A) The conservator must file with the appointing court an accounting of the estate of the protected person no later than 60 days after the anniversary of the appointment in 164 accordance with Paragraph 5. 165 166

(8)(A)(i) The accounting must be in substantially the same form as the accounting form approved by the Utah Judicial Council, including the required attachments.

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(8)(A)(ii) The conservator must file the accounting with the court that appointed the conservator unless that court orders a change in venue under Utah Code Section 75-5-

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(8)(A)(iii) The reporting period is yearly from the appointment date unless the court changes the reporting period on motion of the conservator. The conservator may not file the accounting before the close of the reporting period. For good cause the court may extend the time for filing the accounting, but a late filing does not change the reporting period.

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(89)(B) The judge may conduct a hearing even though no objection is filed. If the judge finds that the accounting is in order, the judge must approve it by signing the Order on Review.

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(8)(C) If there is no conservator, the guardian must file the accounting required of a conservator under Utah Code Section 75-5-312.

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(910) Final accounting.

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(940)(A) The conservator must file with the court a final accounting of the estate of the protected person with the motion to terminate the appointment in accordance with Paragraph 5

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(940)(B) The court may conduct a hearing even though no objection is filed. If the court finds that the accounting is in order, the court must approve it by signing the Order on Review.

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(104) Objections.

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(104)(A) If an interested person objects to a reportor accounting, the person must file a written objection with the court and serve a copy on all interested persons within 28 days from the date of service of the report-or accounting. A request to submit must be included with the objection. The court may for good cause, including in order to accommodate a person with a disability, waive the requirement of a writing and document the objection and request to submit in the court record.

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(104)(B) The objection must specify in writing the entries to which the person objects and state the reasons for the objection.

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(104)(C) An objection to a report or accounting may not contain a request to remove or substitute the guardian or conservator. Any request for removal or substitution of the guardian or conservator must be filed as a separate petition consistent with Utah Code Section 75-5-307 or 75-5-415.

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(104)(D) If an objection is filed, the court must conduct a hearing unless the court determines that a hearing is not necessary. If the court determines that a hearing is not necessary, the court must issue a minute entry or order stating why a hearing is not necessary.

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(104)(E) At the hearing, the court may require the guardian or conservator to supplement or amend the report or accounting if the court determines there is good cause for the objection.

(104)(F) If the court determines that the objection is unfounded or is filed in bad faith, the court may deny the objection and approve the report-or accounting.

- (1<u>1</u>2) **Waiver.** If an interested person does not object to a report or accounting within 28 days of service, the interested person waives any objection unless:
 - (112)(A) the objection relates to matters not fairly disclosed by the report-or accounting; or

(112)(B) the time for objection is extended by the court under Rule 6 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. If the request for an extension is made before the time has run, the court may extend the time for good cause. If the request is made after the time has run, the court may extend for excusable neglect.

(123) Report approval.

(123)(A) **Approval.** The court must examine and approve reports the report as required by Utah Code sections 75-5-312 and 75-5-417. Approving a report means the judge has reviewed it, to the court's knowledge notice has been given to every person entitled to notice, no objection has been received, the report meets the requirements set forth by the report form, and the court has not requested additional information or scheduled a hearing. Such approval does not foreclose a valid claim permitted under paragraphs (11)(A) or (11)(B), nor does it start an appeal time.

(123)(B) **Notice to interested persons.** When a court approves a report, the court must note that approval on the Judicial Council-approved must sign and enter the Order on Review and place the Order on Review in the case file. When a court does not approve a report, the court must indicate on the Order on Review, or in another minute entry or order, the reasons for non-approval, any additional actions required, and serve the Order on Review or orderit on all interested persons entitled to notice.

(1<u>3</u>4) **Report on a minor.** Under Utah Code Section 75-5-209, a person interested in the welfare of a minor may petition the court for a report from the guardian on the minor's welfare or the minor's estate. If the court orders a <u>status</u> report from the guardian, the status report must be in substantially the same form as the status report form for guardianships of adults approved by the <u>Utah Judicial</u> Council, including the required attachments.

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