1 Rule 3-406. Budget and fiscal management.

Intent:

To develop and maintain accomplish the policies and programs mission of the judiciary through sound fiscal management.

To provide for sound fiscal management through the coordinated and cooperative effort of central and local authorities withinby financially supporting both existing programs and working with the judiciary-to create new programs that enable the Courts to effectively provide an open, fair, efficient and independent system for advancement of justice under the law.

To maintain accountability for appropriated funds, and to maintain a balanced budget.

To cooperate with the Governor and the Legislature in managing the fiscal resources of the state.

Applicability:

This rule shall apply to the management of all funds appropriated by the state to the judiciary. well as grant funds used by the judiciary.

Statement of the Rule:

(1) Fiscal offices and programs and program directors established. For purposes of fiscal management, the judiciary is divided into offices (which generally provide services to other areas within the judiciary) and programs- (which generally provide services to court patrons). Each office and program budget is managed by a program director budget manager who has approval authority from the Administrative Office of the Courts finance group ("AOC Finance") to authorize disbursements. This approval authority is granted based on AOC Finance's periodic review to ensure adequate separation of duties (as defined by generally accepted accounting principles) for each budget manager. The budget manager is designated by the state court administrator and approved by theor designee. AOC Finance periodically reports to the Budget and Fiscal Management Committee. ("BFMC") on the adequacy of separation of duties. The budget of a geographic division shall be managed by the court executive subject to the supervision of the program director.

(2) Budget management.

(2)(A) **Responsibility of the council Judicial Council ("Council")**. The responsibility of the Council is to:

(2)(A)(i) cooperate with the Governor and the Legislature in managing the fiscal resources of the state;

(2)(A)(ii) assure that the budget of the judiciary remains within the limits of the appropriation set by the Legislature; and

85 (2)(D)(iv) supervise and manage court-budgets in accordance with the manual of procedures Accounting Manual; and 86 87 (2)(D)(v) develop recommendations for fiscal judicial priorities, to be funded by 88 89 the allocation of fundslegislature, and the reduction changes to programs and/or redirection of offices that create efficiencies that reduce or redirect allocations. 90 91 92 (2)(E) Responsibility of court executives. Within their respective courts, it is the responsibility of court executives to: 93 (2)(E)(i) comply with the directives of the Council, the state court administrator, 94 95 and the program director or designee, and to consult with the presiding judge and the individual judges of that jurisdiction concerning budget management; 96 97 (2)(E)(ii) develop work programs that encumber no more funds than may be 98 99 allocated, including any reduction in allocation; 100 (2)(E)(iii) amend work programs as necessary to reflect changes in priorities, 101 spending patterns, or allocation; 102 103 (2)(E)(iv) credit and debit accounts that most accurately reflect the nature of the 104 planned expenditure; 105 106 107 (2)(E)(v) authorize expenditures; 108 (2)(E)(vi) prepare warrants and other authorizations for payment of accounts 109 payable for submission to the Administrative Office AOC finance; 110 111 (2)(E)(vii) monitor all expenditures; and revenues versus budget; and 112 113 (2)(E)(viii) develop recommendations for fiscaljudicial priorities, to be funded by 114 115 the allocation of funds legislature, and the reduction changes to programs and/or redirection of offices that create efficiencies that reduce or redirect allocations. 116 117 (2)(F) **Process.** After the legislative general session the BFMC and state court 118 administrator shall consider all sources of funds and all obligated funds and develop a 119 recommended spending plan that most closely achieves the priorities established by the 120 Council at the prior annual planning meeting. The state court administrator BFMC shall 121 122 reviewpresent the recommended spending plan with the Management Committee and 123 present it to the Judicial-Council for approval. 124 125 (3) Budget development. 126 (3)(A) Responsibility of the Ceouncil. It is the responsibility of the Council to:

127 128	(3)(A)(i) establish responsible fiscaljudicial priorities that best enable the judiciary to achieve the goals of its policies;
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130	(3)(A)(ii) develop the budget of the judiciary based upon the needs of
131	organizations and the priorities established by the Council;
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133	(3)(A)(iii) communicate the budget of the judiciary to the executive and legislative
134	branches; and
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136	(3)(A)(iv) allocate funds to the geographic divisions of courts budget managers in
137	accordance with priorities established by the Council.
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139	(3)(B) Responsibility of the juvenile, district, and appellate boards ("Boards"). It is
140	the responsibility of the Boards to:
141	(3)(B)(i) develop recommendations for fundingjudicial priorities; and
141	(3)(b)(i) develop recommendations for runding/ductal priorities, and
143	(3)(B)(ii) review, modify, and approve program budgets for submission to the
144	Council-BFMC.
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146	(3)(C) Responsibility of the state court administrator. It is the responsibility of the
147	state court administrator to:
148	(3)(C)(i) negotiate on behalf of the Council the position of the judiciary with the
149	executive and legislative branches; and
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151	(3)(C)(ii) implement the Council's fiscal priorities and allocation of funds-; and
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153	(3)(C)(iii) work with the BFMC and the Boards of judges to manage the judiciary's
154	budget, including recommending (1) judicial priorities to be funded by the
155	legislature, (2) changes to programs and/or offices that create efficiencies that
156	reduce or redirect allocations.
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158	(3)(D) Responsibility of the administrative office. AOC Finance. It is the responsibility
159	of the Administrative Office AOC Finance to:
160	(3)(D)(i) develop a schedule for the timely completion of the budget process,
161	including the completion of all intermediate tasks;
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163	(3)(D)(ii) assist program directorsmanagers and court executives in the
164	preparation of budget requests; and
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166	(3)(D)(iii) compile the budget of the judiciary.
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168 (3)(E) Responsibility of the program directors, budget managers. Within their respective programs areas of responsibility, it is the responsibility of program 169 directors budget managers to review, modify, and approve budget requests. 170 171 172 (3)(F) Responsibility of court executives. Within their respective courts, it is the responsibility of court executives to: 173 174 (3)(F)(i) work closely with presiding judges, judges, and staff to determine the 175 needs of the organization; and 176 (3)(F)(ii) develop a budget request that adequately and appropriately meets 177 those needs. 178 179 180 (3)(G) Process. (3)(G)(i) Each Board of Judges, each court and committee and each department 181 182 of the administrative office of the courts may develop, prioritize and justify a budget request. The courts shall submit their requests to the appropriate Board 183 184 of Judges. The committees and the departments of the AOC shall submit their requests to the state court administrator. 185 186 187 (3)(G)(ii) The Boards shall consolidate and prioritize the requests from the courts and the requests originated by the Board. The state court administrator shall 188 consolidate and prioritize the requests from the, committees and departments. 189 AOC Finance shall consolidate all of the Boards' prioritized lists for review by the 190 BFMC. 191 192 193 (3)(G)(iii) The state court administratorBFMC shall review and analyze all prioritized budget requests and develop a recommended budget request and 194 195 funding plan. The state court administratorBFMC shall review the analysis and the recommended budget request and funding plan with the Council. 196 197 198 (3)(G)(iv) At its annual planning meeting the Council shall consider all prioritized requests and the analysis and recommendations of the state court 199 administratorBFMC and approve a prioritized budget request and funding plan for 200 submission to the governor and the legislature. 201 202 203 (4) General provisions. 204 (4)(A) Appropriations dedicated by the Legislature or allocations dedicated by the Council shall be expended in accordance with the stated intent. 205 206 207 (4)(B) All courts and the Administrative Office AOC shall comply with the provisions of 208 state law and the manual of procedures Accounting Manual. 209

210 (4)(C) Reductions in allocations, reductions in force, and furloughs may be ordered by
211 the state court administrator with notice to the Council. In amending the work program to
212 reflect a budget cut, reductions in force and furloughs shall be used only when
213 absolutely necessary to maintain a balanced budget. If reductions in force are
214 necessary, they shall be made in accordance with approved personnel procedures. If
215 furloughs are necessary, they should occur for no more than two days per pay period.
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