1	Rule 9. Docketing statement.
2	(a) Purpose. A docketing statement has two principal purposes: (1) to demonstrate that the
3	appellate court has jurisdiction over the appeal, and (2) to identify at least one substantial issue
4	for review. The docketing statement is a document used for jurisdictional and screening
5	purposes. It should not include argument.
6	(b) Time for filing . Within 21 days after a notice of appeal, cross-appeal, or a petition for review
7	of an administrative order is filed, the appellant, cross-appellant, or petitioner shallmust file an
8	original and two copies of athe docketing statement with the elerk of the appellate court clerk
9	and serve a copythe docketing statement with any required attachments on all parties. The Utah
10	Attorney General shallmust be served in any appeal arising from a crime charged as a felony or a
11	juvenile court proceeding.
12	(c) Content of docketing statement in a civil case. The docketing statement in an appeal arising
13	from a civil case shallmust include:
14	(c)(1) A concise statement of the nature of the proceeding and the effect of the order
15	appealed, and the district court case number, e.g., "This appeal is from a final judgment
16	of the First District Court granting summary judgment in case number 001900055."
17	(c)(2) The following dates relevant to a determination of the timeliness of the notice of
18	appeal's timeliness and the jurisdiction of the appellate court's jurisdiction:
19	$(c)(2)(\frac{1}{4})$ The date of entry of the final judgment or order from which the appeal
20	is taken <u>is entered</u> .
21	$(c)(2)({ii}B)$ The date the notice of appeal was filed in the trial court.
22	(c)(2)(iiiC) If the notice of appeal was filed after receiving an time extension of
23	the time to file pursuant tounder Rule 4(e), the date the motion for an extension
24	was granted.
25	(c)(2)(ivD) If any motions listed in Rule 4(b) were filed, the date such motion was
26	filed in the trial court and the date of entry of any order disposing of such motion
27	was entered.

URAP009 Amend.

28	$(c)(2)(\forall E)$ If the appellant is an inmate confined in an institution and is invoking
29	Rule 21(f), the date the notice of appeal was deposited in the institution's internal
30	mail system.
31	(c)(2)(viF) If a motion to reinstate the time to appeal was filed pursuant tounder
32	Rule 4(g), the date of the order disposing of such motion was entered.
33	(c)(3) If the appeal is taken from an order certified as final pursuant tounder Rule 54(b) of
34	the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, a statement of what claims and parties remain for
35	<u>adjudication</u> before the trial court for adjudication.
36	(c)(4) A statement of at least one substantial issue appellant intends to assert on appeal.
37	An issue not raised in the docketing statement may nevertheless be raised in the
38	appellant's brief-of the appellant; conversely, an issue raised in the docketing statement
39	does not have to be included in the <u>appellant's</u> brief of the appellant.
40	(c)(5) A concise summary of the facts necessary to provide context for the issues
41	presented.
42	(c)(6) A reference to all related or prior appeals in the case, with case numbers and
43	citations.
44	(d) Content of a docketing statement in a criminal case. The docketing statement in an appeal
45	arising from a criminal case shallmust include:
46	(d)(1) A concise statement of the nature of the proceeding, including the highest degree
47	of any of the charges in the trial court, and the district court case number, e.g., "This
48	appeal is from a judgment of conviction and sentence of the Third District Court on a
49	third degree felony charge in case number 001900055."
50	(d)(2) The following dates relevant to a determination of the timeliness of the appeal's
51	timeliness and the jurisdiction of the appellate court's jurisdiction:
52	$(d)(2)(\frac{1}{4})$ The date of entry of the final judgment or order from which the appeal
53	is taken <u>is entered</u> .
54	(d)(2)(iiB) The date the notice of appeal was filed in the district court.

URAP009 Amend.

55	(d)(2)(iiiC) If the notice of appeal was filed after receiving an extension of the
56	time extension to file pursuant to under rule 4(e), the date the motion for an
57	extension was granted.
58	(d)(2)(ivD) If a motion pursuant to under Rule 24 of the Utah Rules of Criminal
59	Procedure was filed, the date such motion was filed in the trial court and the date
60	of entry of any order disposing of such motion was entered.
61	$(d)(2)(\underbrace{\vee E})$ If a motion to reinstate the time to appeal was filed <u>pursuant to under</u>
62	Rule 4(f), the date of the order disposing of such motion was entered.
63	(d)(2)(viF) If the appellant is an inmate confined to an institution and is invoking
64	Rule 21(f), the date the notice of appeal was deposited in the institution's internal
65	mail system.
66	(d)(3) The charges of which the defendant was convicted, and any sentence imposed; or,
67	if the defendant was not convicted, the dismissed or pending charges.
68	(d)(4) A statement of at least one substantial issue appellant intends to assert on appeal.
69	An issue not raised in the docketing statement may nevertheless be raised in the
70	appellant's brief of the appellant; conversely, an issue raised in the docketing statement
71	does not have to be included in the appellant's brief of the appellant.
72	(d)(5) A concise summary of the facts necessary to provide context for the issues
73	presented. If the conviction was pursuant to a plea, the statement of facts should include
74	whether a motion to withdraw the plea was made prior to before sentencing, and whether
75	the plea was conditional.
76	(d)(6) A reference to all related or prior appeals in the case, with case numbers and
77	citations.
78	(e) Content of a docketing statement in a review of an administrative order. The docketing
79	statement in a case arising from an administrative proceeding shallmust include:
80	(e)(1) A concise statement of the nature of the proceedings and the effect of the order
81	appealed, e.g., "This petition is from an order of the Workforce Appeals Board denying
82	reconsideration of the denial of benefits."

URAP009 Amend.

83	(e)(2) The statutory provision that confers jurisdiction on the appellate court.
84	(e)(3) The following dates relevant to a determination of the timeliness of the petition for
85	review:
86	(e)(3)($\frac{iA}{i}$) The date of entry of the final order from which the petition for review
87	is filed.
88	(e)(3)($\frac{\mathbf{i} \cdot \mathbf{B}}{\mathbf{B}}$) The date the petition for review was filed.
89	(e)(4) A statement of at least one substantial issue petitioner intends to assert on review.
90	An issue not raised in the docketing statement may nevertheless be raised in the
91	petitioner's brief of petitioner; conversely, an issue raised in the docketing statement does
92	not have to be included in the petitioner's brief of petitioner.
93	(e)(5) A concise summary of the facts necessary to provide context for the issues
94	presented.
95	(e)(6) If applicable, a reference to all related or prior petitions for review in the same
96	case.
97	(e)(7) Copies of tThe following documents must be attached to each copy of the
98	docketing statement:
99	(e)(7)($\frac{1}{4}$ A) The final order from which the petition for review is filed.
100	(e)(7)(#B) In appeals arising from an order of the Public Service Commission,
101	any application for rehearing filed pursuant to Utah Code section 54-7-15.
102	(f) Consequences of failure to comply. In a civil appeal, failure to file a docketing statement
103	within the time period provided in subsection (b) may result in dismissal of a civil appeal or a
104	petition for review. In a criminal case, failure to file a docketing statement within the time period
105	provided in subsection (b) may result in a finding of contempt or other sanction.
106	(g) Appeals from interlocutory orders. When a petition for permission to appeal from an
107	interlocutory order is granted under Rule 5, a docketing statement shallmay not be filed unless
108	otherwise ordered.