Rule 37. Child protective orders.

- (a) Child protective order proceedings are governed by Section 78B-7-201 et seq. Protective order proceedings may be commenced as an independent action by filing a petition. Any interested person may file a petition for a protective order on behalf of a child as provided by statute. The petitioner shall first make a referral to the division. If an immediate ex parte protective order is requested pending a hearing, the petition or an accompanying affidavit shall set forth the facts constituting good cause for issuance of the ex parte order.
- (b) If the petitioner is the agent of a public or private agency, including a law enforcement agency, the petition shall set forth the agent's title and the name of the agency that the petitioner represents.
- (c) Petitions for protective orders by a public agency shall not be accepted by the clerk unless reviewed and approved by the attorney for the public agency, whose office shall represent the petitioner in such cases.
- (d) The petitioner, if a private person or agency, and the respondent may be represented by retained counsel. Subject to the limitations in Section 78A-6-1111, the Court may appoint cCounsel may be appointed by the court for an indigent respondent who is a parent, guardian or custodian of the child alleged to be abused or threatened with abuse. If the court finds in the hearing that the allegations of the petition have been established, the court may assess petitioner's costs and attorney fees against the respondent. If the court finds that the petition is without merit, the respondent's costs and attorney fees may be assessed against petitioner.
- (e) If an ex parte order has been issued, the hearing must be held within 20 days excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays.