Rule 23C. Draft: February 8, 2016

Rule 23C. Motion for emergency relief.

(a) Emergency relief; exception. Emergency relief is any relief sought within a time period shorter than specified by otherwise applicable rules. A motion for emergency relief filed under this Rule is not sufficient to invoke the jurisdiction of the appellate court. No emergency relief will be granted in the absence of a separately filed petition or notice that invokes the appellate jurisdiction of the appellate court.

- **(b) Content of motion.** A party seeking emergency relief shall-must file with the appellate court a motion for emergency relief containing under appropriate headings and in the order indicated:
  - (b)(1) a specification of the order from which relief is sought;
  - (b)(2) a copy of or link to any written order at issue;
  - (b)(3) a specific and clear statement of the relief sought;
  - (b)(4) a statement of the factual and legal grounds entitling the party to relief;
  - (b)(5) a statement of the facts justifying emergency action; and
  - (b)(6) a certificate that all papers filed with the court have been served upon on all parties by submitting the document for electronic filing or by email, overnight mail, hand delivery, or facsimile, or electronic transmission.

The motion shall-may not exceed fifteen-15 pages, exclusive of any addendum containing statutes, rules, regulations, or portions of the record necessary to decide the matter. It also shall-may not seek relief beyond that necessitated by the emergency circumstances justifying the motion.

- **(c) Service in criminal and juvenile delinquency cases.** Any motion filed by a defendant in a criminal case originally charged as a felony or by a juvenile in a delinquency proceeding shall-must be served on the Appeals Division of the Office of the Utah Attorney General.
- (d) Response; no reply. Any party may file a response to the motion within three 3 business days after service filing of the motion or whatever shorter time the appellate court may fix. The response shall may not exceed fifteen 15 pages, exclusive of any addendum containing statutes, rules, regulations, or portions of the record necessary to decide the matter. No reply shall be is permitted. Unless the appellate court is persuaded that an emergency circumstance justifies and requires a temporary stay of a lower tribunal's proceedings prior to before the opportunity to receive or review a response, no motion shall will be granted before the response period expires.
- (e) Form of papers and number of copies. Papers filed pursuant to this rule shall comply with the requirements of Rule 23(f).
- (f) (e) Hearing. A hearing on the motion will be granted only in exceptional circumstances. No motion for emergency relief will be heard without the presence of an adverse party except on a showing that the party (1) was served with reasonable notice of the hearing, and (2) cannot be reached by telephone attend by contemporaneous transmission from a different location.

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36	(g) Power of a single justice or judge to entertain motions. A single justice or judge may act upor
37	a motion for emergency relief to the extent permitted by Rule 19(d) where the relief sought is an
38	extraordinary writ and by Rule 23(e) in all other cases.
39	Advisory Committee Notes
40	2016 amendments
41	Paragraph (g) describing the power of a single judge to act on a motion is deleted because that
42	authority is included in Rule 23.
43	