Rule 3-407. Accounting.

Intent:

To establish uniform procedures for the processing, tracking, and reporting of accounts receivable and trust accounts.

Applicability:

This rule applies to the judiciary.

Statement of the Rule:

(1) Manual of procedures.

(1)(A) Manual of procedures. The aAdministrative oOffice shall-will develop a manual of procedures ("Utah Judiciary Accounting Manual") to govern all accounting matters, including accounts receivable, accounts payable, trust accounts, cash receipts, the audit thereof, and disbursements, separation the audit of duties, and all relevant administrative procedures needed to complygenerally. The procedures shall be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS). of budgeting and accounting and shall, at a minimum, conform to the requirements of this Code and state law. The Utah Judiciary Accounting Manual will apply to personnel in Courts of Record and Courts not of Record, and will, at a minimum, conform to the requirements of this Code and state law. Unless otherwise directed by the Judicial Council, the Utah Judiciary Accounting Manual and amendments to it shall-will be approved by the a majority vote of the Budget and Fiscal Management Committee ("BFMC") following the procedures in (1)(D).

(1)(B) <u>Utah Judiciary</u> Accounting Manual Review Committee. There is established <u>a</u> <u>Utah Judiciaryan</u> Aaccounting Mmanual Review Committee (Accounting Committee) responsible for making and reviewing proposals to promulgate, for repeal, and amending accounting policies and procedures and proposals for promulgating new and amended accounting policies and procedures. The Accounting Committee shall will consist of the following minimum membership:

(1)(B)(i) the <u>finance</u> director-of the AOC finance department, who <u>shall will</u> serve as chair-and <u>shall vote only in the event of a tie;</u>

(1)(B)(ii) four support services coordinators—who will serve a three_year term, and may repeat;

(1)(B)(iii) two accountants or clerks with accounting responsibilities from each of the trial Ceourts of Rrecord who will serve a three year term, and may repeat;

(1)(B)(iv) a trial Ccourt Eexecutive who will serve a three-year term;

44 (1)(B)(y) a court clerk-of court who will serve a three-year term: 45 (1)(B)(vi) a clerk with accounting responsibilities from an appellate court who will 46 serve a three-year term, and may repeat; 47 48 49 (1)(B)(vii)i two members of the Justice Court Education Committee (JCEC); 50 51 (1)(B)(viii) the audit director or designee, who shall not vote; and 52 (1)(B)(ixviii) the director of the state-Utah Ddivision of Ffinance or designee, who 53 shall not vote. 54 55 (1)(C) Member appointments. The JCEC members will be appointed by the Board of 56 Justice Court Judges. Unless designated by office, all other members of the Accounting 57 Ceommittee shall will be appointed by the state court administrator, or designee. The 58 59 AOC department of finance department shall will provide necessary support to the committee. 60 61 62 (1)(D) **Terms and voting.** Accounting Committee members not designated by office will serve three-year terms. Additional terms must be approved by the state court 63 administrator, or designee. The finance director will vote only in the event of a tie. The 64 audit director and the director of the Utah Division of Finance are nonvoting members. 65 66 (1)(ED) Trial Court eExecutives and court cClerks of Court Review. New and 67 68 amended policies and procedures recommended by athe majority vote of the Aaccounting manual review cCommittee shall will be reviewed and approved by the trial 69 Ceourt Eexecutives and court clerks of court of all Ceourts of Rrecord and the JCEC. 70 The trial cCourt Eexecutives, and court clerks of court, and JCEC may endorse or 71 amend the draft policies and procedures or return them draft policies and procedures to 72 the Accounting Committee for further consideration. 73 74 75 Once approved by the trial cCourt Eexecutives, and court clerks, and the JCEC, the new 76 and amended policies and procedures will be submitted to the Budget and Fiscal 77 Management Committee for approval as noted in (1)(A). 78 79 (2) Revenue accounts. (2)(A) Deposits, transfers, and withdrawals. All courts shall will make deposits with a 80 81 depository determined deemed qualified by the Aadministrative Oeffice, or make 82 deposits directly with the Utah State Treasurer, or with the treasurer of the appropriate 83 local government entity. The Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, State Law Library, Aadministrative Ooffice, district court primary locations, and juvenile courts shall will 84 deposit daily every business day, whenever practicable, but at least but not less than 85 once every three business days. The deposit shall will consist of all court collections of 86

state money. District court contract sites and justice courts having funds due to the state

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or any political subdivision of the state shallwill, on or before the 10th day of each month, remitdeposit all funds receipted by them in the preceding month toin a qualified depository with the appropriate public treasurer. The courts shall will make no withdrawals from depository accounts.

(2)(B) **Periodic revenue report.** Under the supervision of the <u>C</u>eourt <u>E</u>executive, the <u>court clerk-of the court or designee shall will prepare and submit a revenue report that identifies the amount and source of the funds received during the reporting period and the state or local government entity entitled to the funds.</u>

(2)(B)(i) Juvenile courts and primary locations of the district courts shall will submit the report weekly to the Aadministrative Oeffice.

(2)(B)(ii) District court contract sites shall will submit the report at least monthly, together with a check for the state portion of revenue, to the aAdministrative Oeffice.

(2)(B)(iii) Justice courts shall will submit the report monthly, together with a check for the state revenue collected, to the Utah State Treasurer.

 (2)(C) **Monthly reconciliation of bank statements**. The <u>Aa</u>dministrative <u>Oeffice shall will</u> reconcile the revenue account upon receipt of the <u>monthly bank statements and</u> weekly revenue reports from the <u>district and juvenile</u> courts, <u>and the monthly bank statements</u>. The justice court administrator or designee will reconcile the monthly bank statements for justice courts with a revenue bank account. For all other justice courts, the local government will reconcile the bank statements to the general ledger.

(3) Trust accounts.

(3)(A) **Definition.** Trust accounts are accounts established by the courts for the benefit of third parties. Examples of funds which are held in trust accounts include restitution, attorney fees, and monetary bail amounts.

(3)(B) Accounts required; duties of a fiduciary. District court primary locations and

juvenile courts shall-will maintain a trust account in which to deposit monies held in trust for the benefit of the trustor or some other beneficiary. Under the supervision of the Ccourt Eexecutive, the court clerk of the court shall-will be the custodian of the account and shall-will have the duties of a trustee as established by law. All other cCourts of record and not of Record may maintain a trust account in accordance with the provisions of this rule. Justice courts may deposit trust funds through the local government into a revenue or trust bank account. Justice courts may also deposit trust funds directly into a trust bank account maintained by the court.

130	(3)(C) Monthly reconciliation of bank statements. Each court shall will reconcile its
131	ledgers upon receipt of the monthly bank statement, and submit the reconciliation to the
132	administrative office.
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134	(3)(C)(i) Courts of Record. Courts of Record will submit reconciliations to the
135	Administrative Office.
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137	(3)(C)(ii) Courts not of Record. Justice courts that deposit trust funds into a court
138	trust bank account will submit reconciliations to a person in the local jurisdiction
139	who is independent of court operations. For justice courts depositing trust funds
140	with the local government treasurer, the local government will reconcile monthly
141	bank statements to the general ledger and CORIS trust account reports.
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143	(3)(D) Accounting to trustor. CThe courts shall will establish a method of accounting
144	that will trace the debits and credits attributable to each trustor.
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146	(3)(E) Monetary ball forfeitures and; other withdrawals. Transfers from trust
147	accounts to a revenue account may be made upon an order of forfeiture of monetary bail
148	or other order of the court. Other withdrawals from trust accounts shall will be made
149	upon the order of the court after a finding of entitlement.
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151	(3)(F) Interest bearing. All trust accounts shall will be interest bearing. The disposition
152	of interest shall be is governed by Rule 4-301.
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154	(4) Compliance. The administrative office and the courts shall comply with state law and the
155	Accounting Manual.
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157	Effective: 3/11/2022 November 1, 2025