1 Rule 4-202.03. Records access 2 3 Intent: 4 To identify who may access court records. 5 6 Applicability: 7 This rule applies to the judicial branch. 8 9 Statement of the Rule: 10 (1) **Public Court Records.** Any person may access a public court record. 11 12 (2) Sealed Court Records. No one may access a sealed court record except as authorized below or by order of the court. A judge may review a sealed record when the circumstances 13 14 warrant. 15 16 (2)(A) Adoption records. Upon request and presentation of positive identification, 17 adoption records may be accessed according to Utah Code, title 8178B, chapter 136, 18 part 1, or pursuant to any court order that may have been entered. 19 20 (2)(B) Expunged records. 21 22 (2)(B)(i) The following may obtain certified copies of the expungement order and 23 the case history upon request and presentation of positive identification: 24 (2)(B)(i)(a) the petitioner or an individual who receives an automatic 25 expungement under Utah Code, title 77, chapter 40a or section 77-27-26 5.1; 27 28 29 (2)(B)(i)(b) a law enforcement officer involved in the case, for use solely in the officer's defense of a civil action arising out of the officer's 30 involvement with the petitioner in that particular case; 31 32 33 (2)(B)(i)(c) parties to a civil action arising out of the expunged incident, if the information is kept confidential and utilized only in the action; and 34 35 (2)(B)(i)(d) an attorney who is not the attorney of record with a release 36 from an individual authorized access under this rule that is signed and 37 notarized not more than 90 days before the date of the request. 38 39 (2)(B)(ii) Information contained in expunged records may be accessed by 40 qualifying individuals and agencies under Utah Code section 77-40a-403 upon 41 written request and approval by the state court administrator in accordance with 42

Rule 4-202.05. Requests must include documentation proving that the requester

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meets the conditions for access and a statement that the requester will comply with all confidentiality requirements in Rule 4-202.05 and Utah Code. (2)(C) Video records. An official court transcriber may obtain a video record of a court proceeding for the purposes outlined in Rule 5-202. A court employee may obtain a video record of a court proceeding if needed to fulfill official court duties. (3) **Private Court Records.** The following may access a private court record: (3)(A) the subject of the record; (3)(B) the parent or guardian of the subject of the record if the subject is an unemancipated minor or under a legal incapacity; (3)(C) a party, attorney for a party, or licensed paralegal practitioner for a party to litigation in which the record is filed; (3)(D) an interested person to an action under the Uniform Probate Code: (3)(E) the person who submitted the record; (3)(F) the attorney or licensed paralegal practitioner for a person who may access the private record or an individual who has a written power of attorney from the person or the person's attorney or licensed paralegal practitioner; (3)(G) an individual with a release from a person who may access the private record signed and notarized no more than 90 days before the date the request is made; (3)(H) anyone by court order; (3)(I) court personnel, but only to achieve the purpose for which the record was submitted; (3)(J) a person provided the record under Rule 4-202.04 or Rule 4-202.05; and (3)(K) a governmental entity with which the record is shared under Rule 4-202.10. (4) **Protected Court Records.** The following may access a protected court record: (4)(A) the person or governmental entity whose interests are protected by closure: (4)(B) the parent or guardian of the person whose interests are protected by closure if the person is an unemancipated minor or under a legal incapacity;

88 89	(4)(C) the person who submitted the record;
90	(4)(D) the attorney or licensed paralegal practitioner for the person who submitted the
91	record or for the person or governmental entity whose interests are protected by closure
92	or for the parent or guardian of the person if the person is an unemancipated minor or
93	under a legal incapacity or an individual who has a power of attorney from such person
94	or governmental entity;
95	or governmental entity,
96	(4)(E) an individual with a release from the person who submitted the record or from the
97	person or governmental entity whose interests are protected by closure or from the
98	parent or guardian of the person if the person is an unemancipated minor or under a
99	legal incapacity signed and notarized no more than 90 days before the date the request
100	is made;
101	is made,
101	(4)(F) a party, attorney for a party, or licensed paralegal practitioner for a party to
102	litigation in which the record is filed;
103	ingation in which the record is flied,
105	(4)(G) anyone by court order;
106	(4)(G) arryone by court order,
107	(4)(H) court personnel, but only to achieve the purpose for which the record was
107	submitted;
109	Submitted,
110	(4)(I) a person provided the record under Rule 4-202.04 or Rule 4-202.05; and
111	(4)(1) a person provided the record under real 4-202.04 or real 4-202.03, and
112	(4)(J) a governmental entity with which the record is shared under Rule 4-202.10.
113	(4)(b) a governmental entity with which the resolute shallow under ridio 4 202.16.
114	(5) Juvenile Court Social Records. The following may access a juvenile court social record:
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116	(5)(A) the subject of the record, if 18 years of age or over;
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118	(5)(B) a parent or guardian of the subject of the record, or their attorney, if the subject is
119	an unemancipated minor;
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121	(5)(C) an attorney or person with power of attorney for the subject of the record;
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123	(5)(D) a person with a notarized release from the subject of the record or the subject's
124	legal representative dated no more than 90 days before the date the request is made;
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126	(5)(E) the subject of the record's therapists and evaluators;
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128	(5)(F) a self-represented litigant, a prosecuting attorney, a defense attorney, a Guardian
129	ad Litem, and an Attorney General involved in the litigation in which the record is filed;
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131 (5)(G) a governmental entity charged with custody, guardianship, protective supervision. 132 probation or parole of the subject of the record including juvenile probation, Division of Child and Family Services and Juvenile Justice and Youth Services: 133 134 (5)(H) the Department of Health and Human Services, school districts and vendors with 135 whom they or the courts contract (who must not permit further access to the record), but 136 only for court business; 137 138 139 (5)(I) court personnel, but only to achieve the purpose for which the record was 140 submitted; 141 (5)(J) a governmental entity with which the record is shared under Rule 4-202.10; 142 143 (5)(K) the person who submitted the record; 144 145 146 (5)(L) public or private individuals or agencies providing services to the subject of the 147 record or to the subject's family, including services provided pursuant to a nonjudicial adjustment, if a probation officer determines that access is necessary to provide 148 effective services; and 149 150 151 (5)(M) anyone by court order. 152 (5)(N) Dispositional reports on delinquency cases may be accessed by the minor's 153 154 counsel, the prosecuting attorney, the guardian ad litem, and the counsel for the parent, 155 guardian, or custodian of a child. When a minor or minor's parent, guardian, or custodian 156 is not represented by counsel the court may limit inspection of reports by the minor or the minor's parent, quardian, or custodian if the court determines it is in the best interest 157 of the minor. 158 159 (5)(O) Juvenile court competency evaluations, psychological evaluations, psychiatric 160 evaluations, psychosexual evaluations, sex behavior risk assessments, and other 161 sensitive mental health and medical records may be accessed only by: 162 163 164 (5)(O)(i) a prosecuting attorney, a defense attorney, a Guardian ad Litem, and an Attorney General involved in the litigation in which the record is filed; 165 166 167 (5)(O)(ii) a governmental entity charged with custody, guardianship, protective supervision, probation or parole of the subject of the record including juvenile 168 probation, Division of Child and Family Services and Juvenile Justice and Youth 169 170 Services: 171 172 (5)(O)(iii) court personnel, but only to achieve the purpose for which the record 173 was submitted; and 174

(5)(O)(iv) anyone by court order. (5)(P) When releasing records under (5)(O)(iv), the court should consider whether releasing the records to the subject of the record would be detrimental to the subject's mental health or the safety of any individual, or would constitute a violation of normal professional practice and medical ethics. (5)(Q) When records may be accessed only by court order, a juvenile court judge will permit access consistent with Rule 4-202.04 as required by due process of law in a manner that serves the best interest of the child. (6) Juvenile Court Legal Records. The following may access a juvenile court legal record: (6)(A) all who may access the juvenile court social record; (6)(B) a law enforcement agency; (6)(C) a children's justice center: (6)(D) public or private individuals or agencies providing services to the subject of the record or to the subject's family; (6)(E) the victim of a delinquent act may access the disposition order entered against the minor; and (6)(F) the parent or guardian of the victim of a delinquent act may access the disposition order entered against the minor if the victim is an unemancipated minor or under legal incapacity. (7) Safeguarded Court Records. The following may access a safeguarded record: (7)(A) the subject of the record; (7)(B) the person who submitted the record; (7)(C) the attorney or licensed paralegal practitioner for a person who may access the record or an individual who has a written power of attorney from the person or the person's attorney or licensed paralegal practitioner; (7)(D) an individual with a release from a person who may access the record signed and notarized no more than 90 days before the date the request is made; (7)(E) anyone by court order;

219	(7)(F) court personnel, but only to achieve the purpose for which the record was
220	submitted;
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222	(7)(G) a person provided the record under Rule 4-202.04 or Rule 4-202.05;
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224	(7)(H) a governmental entity with which the record is shared under Rule 4-202.10; and
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226	(7)(I) a person given access to the record in order for juvenile probation to fulfill a
227	probation responsibility.
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229	(8) Juvenile court probation records . Records prepared and maintained by juvenile court
230	probation that are not filed in a juvenile court case are not open for inspection except by order of
231	the court.
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233	(9) Court personnel may not permit access to court records by unauthorized persons. The court
234	may order anyone who accesses a non-public record not to permit further access, the violation
235	of which may be contempt of court.
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237	(10) If a court or court employee in an official capacity is a party in a case, the records of the
238	party and the party's attorney are subject to the rules of discovery and evidence to the same
239	extent as any other party.
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