- 1 Rule 44. Transfer of improperly pursued filed appeals.
- 2 (a) If a notice of appeal, a petition for permission to appeal from an interlocutory order,
- or a petition for review is filed in a timely manner but is pursued filed in an appellate
- 4 court that does not have statutory jurisdiction in the case, the appellate court, either on
- 5 its own motion or on motion of any party, will transfer the case, including the record on
- 6 appeal, all motions and other orders, and a copy of the docket entries, to the court with
- 7 <u>statutory</u> jurisdiction in the case. A transfer under this rule is not an adjudication that
- 8 <u>jurisdiction is proper in the receiving court.</u> The clerk of the transferring court will give
- 9 notice to all parties and to the clerk of the trial court of the order transferring the case.
- 10 The time for filing all papers documents in a transferred case will be calculated according
- 11 to the time schedule of the receiving court.
- 12 (b) If a notice of appeal is received by an appellate court from an appellant without first
- being filed in the trial court, the appellate court will transmit the notice of appeal to the
- trial court for filing. The date of filing will be the date of receipt in the appellate court.
- 15 Effective November 1, 2025