- 1 Rule 108. Objection to court commissioner's recommendation.
- 2 (a) A recommendation of a court commissioner is the order of the court until modified
- 3 by the court. A party may file a written objection to the recommendation within 14 days
- 4 after the recommendation is made in open court or, if the court commissioner takes the
- 5 matter under advisement, within 14 days after the minute entry of the recommendation
- 6 is served. A judge's counter-signature on the commissioner's recommendation does not
- 7 affect the review of an objection.
- 8 (b) The objection must identify succinctly and with particularity the findings of fact, the
- 9 conclusions of law, or the part of the recommendation to which the objection is made
- and state the relief sought. The memorandum in support of the objection must explain
- succinctly and with particularity why the findings, conclusions, or recommendation are
- incorrect. The time for filing, length and content of memoranda, affidavits, and request
- to submit for decision are as stated for motions in Rule 7.
- 14 (c) If there has been a substantial change of circumstances since the commissioner's
- recommendation, the judge may, in the interests of judicial economy, consider new
- 16 evidence. Otherwise, any evidence, whether by proffer, testimony or exhibit, not
- 17 presented to the commissioner shall not be presented to the judge.
- (d)(1) The judge may hold a hearing on any objection.
- 19 (d)(2) If the hearing before the commissioner was held under Utah Code  $\frac{\text{Title } 62\text{A}}{\text{Code}}$
- 20 Chapter 15, Part 6Title 26B, Chapter 5, Part3, Utah State Hospital and Other Mental
- Health Facilities, Utah Code Title 78B, Chapter 7, Protective Orders, or on an order to
- show cause for the enforcement of a judgment, any party has the right, upon request, to
- 23 present testimony and other evidence on genuine issues of material fact.
- (d)(3) If the hearing before the commissioner was in a domestic relations matter other
- 25 than a cohabitant abuse protective order, any party has the right, upon request:

(d)(3)(A) to present testimony and other evidence on genuine issues of material fact

- 27 relevant to custody; and
- (d)(3)(B) to a hearing at which the judge may require testimony or proffers of testimony
- on genuine issues of material fact relevant to issues other than custody.
- 30 (e) If a party does not request a hearing, the judge may hold a hearing or review the
- 31 record of evidence, whether by proffer, testimony or exhibit, before the commissioner.
- 32 (f) The judge will make independent findings of fact and conclusions of law based on
- 33 the evidence, whether by proffer, testimony or exhibit, presented to the judge, or, if
- 34 there was no hearing before the judge, based on the evidence presented to the
- 35 commissioner.

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Effective: