1 Rule 4-202.03. Records Access.

3 Intent:

- 4 To identify who may access court records.
- 5 Applicability:
- 6 This rule applies to the judicial branch.

Statement of the Rule:

(1) **Public Court Records**. Any person may access a public court record.

(2) **Sealed Court Records.** Otherwise, nNo one may access a sealed court record except as authorized under (2)(A) and (2)(B) or by order of the court. A judge may review a sealed record when the circumstances warrant.

(2)(A) Adoption decree. An adoptive parent or adult adoptee may obtain a certified copy of the adoption decree upon request and presentation of positive identification.

(2)(B) Expunged records.

(2)(B)(i) The following may obtain certified copies of the expungement order and the case history upon request and in-person presentation of positive identification:

(2)(B)(i)(a) the A petitioner in an expunged case or an individual who receives an automatic expungement under Utah Code Chapter 40a or Section 77-27-5.1;-

(2)(B)(i)(b) a law enforcement officer involved in the case, for use solely in the officer's defense of a civil action arising out of the officer's involvement with the petitioner in that particular case; and

(2)(B)(i)(c) parties to a civil action arising out of the expunged incident, if the information is kept confidential and utilized only in the action.

(2)(B)(ii) Information contained in expunged records may be accessed by qualifying individuals and agencies under Utah Code Section 77-40a-403 upon written request and approval by the state court administrator in accordance with Rule 4-202.05. Requests must include documentation proving that the requester meets the conditions for access and a statement that the requester will comply with all confidentiality requirements in Rule 4-202.05 and Utah Code.

- (3) Private Court Records. The following may access a private court record:
 - (3)(A) the subject of the record;
 - (3)(B) the parent or guardian of the subject of the record if the subject is an unemancipated minor or under a legal incapacity:

46 47	(3)(C) a party, attorney for a party, or licensed paralegal practitioner for a party to litigation in which the record is filed;
48	(3)(D) an interested person to an action under the Uniform Probate Code;
49	(3)(E) the person who submitted the record;
50 51 52	(3)(F) the attorney or licensed paralegal practitioner for a person who may access the private record or an individual who has a written power of attorney from the person or the person's attorney or licensed paralegal practitioner;
53 54	(3)(G) an individual with a release from a person who may access the private record signed and notarized no more than 90 days before the date the request is made;
55	(3)(H) anyone by court order;
56 57	(3)(I) court personnel, but only to achieve the purpose for which the record was submitted;
58	(3)(J) a person provided the record under Rule 4-202.04 or Rule 4-202.05; and
59	(3)(K) a governmental entity with which the record is shared under Rule 4-202.10.
60 61	(4) Protected Court Records. The following may access a protected court record:
62	(4)(A) the person or governmental entity whose interests are protected by closure;
63 64	(4)(B) the parent or guardian of the person whose interests are protected by closure if the person is an unemancipated minor or under a legal incapacity;
65	(4)(C) the person who submitted the record;
66 67 68 69 70	(4)(D) the attorney or licensed paralegal practitioner for the person who submitted the record or for the person or governmental entity whose interests are protected by closure or for the parent or guardian of the person if the person is an unemancipated minor or under a legal incapacity or an individual who has a power of attorney from such person or governmental entity;
71 72 73 74 75	(4)(E) an individual with a release from the person who submitted the record or from the person or governmental entity whose interests are protected by closure or from the parent or guardian of the person if the person is an unemancipated minor or under a legal incapacity signed and notarized no more than 90 days before the date the request is made;
76 77	(4)(F) a party, attorney for a party, or licensed paralegal practitioner for a party to litigation in which the record is filed;
78	(4)(G) anyone by court order;
79 80	(4)(H) court personnel, but only to achieve the purpose for which the record was submitted;
81	(4)(I) a person provided the record under Rule 4-202.04 or Rule 4-202.05; and
82	(4)(J) a governmental entity with which the record is shared under Rule 4-202.10.
83 84	(5) Juvenile Court Social Records. The following may access a juvenile court social record:

85	(5)(A) the subject of the record, if 18 years of age or over;		
86 87	(5)(B) a parent or guardian of the subject of the record if the subject is an unemancipated minor;		
88	(5)(C) an attorney or person with power of attorney for the subject of the record;		
89 90	(5)(D) a person with a notarized release from the subject of the record or the subject's legal representative dated no more than 90 days before the date the request is made;		
91	(5)(E) the subject of the record's therapists and evaluators;		
92 93	(5)(F) a self-represented litigant, a prosecuting attorney, a defense attorney, a Guardian ad Litem, and an Attorney General involved in the litigation in which the record is filed;		
94 95 96	(5)(G) a governmental entity charged with custody, guardianship, protective supervision, probation or parole of the subject of the record including juvenile probation, Division of Child and Family Services and Juvenile Justice Services;		
97 98 99	or the courts contract (who shall not permit further access to the record), but only for		
100 101			
102	(5)(J) a governmental entity with which the record is shared under Rule 4-202.10;		
103	(5)(K) the person who submitted the record;		
104 105 106 107	(5)(L) public or private individuals or agencies providing services to the subject of the record or to the subject's family, including services provided pursuant to a nonjudicial adjustment, if a probation officer determines that access is necessary to provide effective services; and		
108	(5)(M) anyone by court order.		
109 110 111	evaluations, psychosexual evaluations, sex behavior risk assessments, and other		
112	(5)(N)(i) the subject of the record, if age 18 or over;		
113 114	(5)(N)(ii) an attorney or person with power of attorney for the subject of the record;		
115 116 117	(5)(N)(iii) a self-represented litigant, a prosecuting attorney, a defense attorney, a Guardian ad Litem, and an Attorney General involved in the litigation in which the record is filed;		
118 119 120	(5)(N)(iv) a governmental entity charged with custody, guardianship, protective supervision, probation or parole of the subject of the record including juvenile probation, Division of Child and Family Services and Juvenile Justice Services;		
121 122	(5)(N)(v) court personnel, but only to achieve the purpose for which the record was submitted;		
123	(5)(N)(vi) anyone by court order.		

124 125 126 127		permit access consistent with Rule manner that serves the best intere	ssed only by court order, a juvenile court judge will 4-202.04 as required by due process of law in a st of the child.	
128				
129		(6)(A) all who may access the juve	nile court social record;	
130		(6)(B) a law enforcement agency;		
131		(6)(C) a children's justice center;		
132 133		\ /\ /!	or agencies providing services to the subject of the	
134 135		. , , ,	t may access the disposition order entered against the	
136 137 138 139		order entered against the minor if to incapacity.	e victim of a delinquent act may access the disposition the victim is an unemancipated minor or under legal	
140			lowing may access a safeguarded record:	
141		(7)(A) the subject of the record;		
142		2 (7)(B) the person who submitted the	ne record;	
143 144 145		record or an individual who has a v	alegal practitioner for a person who may access the written power of attorney from the person or the egal practitioner;	
146 147		`	from a person who may access the record signed and efore the date the request is made;	
148		(7)(E) anyone by court order;		
149 150			achieve the purpose for which the record was	
151		(7)(G) a person provided the recor	d under Rule 4-202.04 or Rule 4-202.05;	
152		(7)(H) a governmental entity with v	which the record is shared under Rule 4-202.10; and	
153 154			record in order for juvenile probation to fulfill a	
155 156 157		(8) Court personnel shall permit access to court records only by authorized persons. The court may order anyone who accesses a non-public record not to permit further access, the violation of which may be contempt of court.		
158 159 160		party and the party's attorney are subject	al capacity is a party in a case, the records of the to the rules of discovery and evidence to the same	
161	1	Fffective: November 1, 20232		