- 1 Rule 43. Certification by the Court of Appeals to the Supreme Court.
- 2 (a) **Transfer**. In any case over which the Court of Appeals has original appellate
- 3 jurisdiction, the court may, upon the affirmative vote of at least four judges of the court,
- 4 certify a case for immediate transfer to the Supreme Court for determination.
- 5 (b) **Procedure for transfer**.

- (1) The Court of Appeals may, on its own motion, decide whether a case should be certified. Any party to a case may, however, file and serve an original and eight copies of a suggestion for certification not exceeding five pages, setting forth the reasons explaining why the party believes that the case should be certified. The suggestion may not be filed prior to the filing of before a docketing statement is filed. Within ten14 days of service, an adverse party may file and serve an original and eight copies of a statement not in excess of exceeding five pages either supporting or opposing the suggestion for certification.
 - (2) Upon entry of entering the certification order of certification, the Court of Appeals Clerk of the Court of Appeals shall must immediately transfer the case, including the record and file of the case from the trial court, all papers filed in the Court of Appeals, and a written statement of all docket entries in the case up to and including the certification order, to the Supreme Court Clerk of the Supreme Court. The Court of Appeals Clerk of the Court of Appeals shall must promptly notify all parties and the trial court clerk of the trial court that the case has been transferred.
 - (3) Upon receipt of receiving the certification order of certification, the Supreme Court Clerk of the Supreme Court shallmust enter the appeal upon the Supreme Court's docket of the Supreme Court. The clerk of the Supreme Court Clerk shallmust immediately send notices to all parties and to the trial court clerk of the trial court that the case has been docketed and that all further filings will be made with the Supreme Court Clerk of the Supreme Court. The notice shallmust state the docket number assigned to the case in the Supreme Court. The case

29	shallwill proceed before the Supreme Court to final decision and disposition as
30	in other appellate cases pursuant to <u>under</u> these rules.
31	(4) If the record on appeal has not been filed with the <u>Court of Appeals</u> Clerk of
32	the Court of Appeals as of the date of the certification order of transfer, the Court
33	of Appeals Clerk of the Court of Appeals shallmust notify the trial court clerk of
34	the trial court that upon completion of completing the conditions for filing the
35	record by that court, the clerk shallmust transmit the record on appeal to the
36	Supreme Court Clerk of the Supreme Court. If, however, the record on appeal
37	has already been transmitted to and filed with the Court of Appeals Clerk-of the
38	Court of Appeals as of the date the certification order is entered of the entry of the
39	order of transfer, the Court of Appeals Clerk-of the Court of Appeals shallmust
40	transmit the record on appeal to the Supreme Court Clerk of the Supreme Court
41	within five days of the date of the entry of the order of transferafter the
42	certification order is entered.
43	(c) Criteria for transfer . The Court of Appeals shallmust consider certification only in
44	the following cases:
45	(1) Cases which are of such a nature that where it is apparent that the case should
46	be decided by the Supreme Court and that the Supreme Court would probably
47	<u>likely</u> grant a petition for a writ of certiorari in the case if decided by the Court of
48	Appeals, irrespective of how the Court of Appeals might rule, and
49	(2) Cases which that will govern a number of other cases involving the same
50	legal issue or issues pending in the district courts, juvenile courts, or the Court of
51	Appeals, or which are cases of first impression under state or federal law which
52	that will have wide applicability