## 1 Rule 34. Pre-trial hearing in non-delinquency cases.

2 (a) Petitions in non-delinquency cases shall be scheduled for an initial pre-trial hearing.

3 (b) The pre-trial hearing shall be scheduled on the nearest court calendar date available
4 in all cases where the subject minor is in temporary shelter care custody in accordance
5 with Section-Utah Code section 78A-6-309 80-3-401.

6 (c) In the pre-trial hearing, the court shall advise the parent, guardian or custodian of the
7 minor's rights and of the authority of the court in such cases. In the hearing or in any
8 continuance of the hearing, the parent, guardian or custodian shall answer the petition in
9 open court.

(d) Before answering, the respondent may move to dismiss the petition as insufficient to
state a claim upon which relief can be granted. The court shall hear all parties and rule
on said motion before requiring a party to answer.

(e) A respondent may answer by admitting or denying the specific allegations of the
petition, or by declining to admit or deny the allegations. Allegations not specifically
denied by a respondent shall be deemed true.

(f) Except in cases where the petitioner is seeking a termination of parental rights, the 16 17 court may enter the default of any respondent who fails to file an answer, or who fails to 18 appear either in person or by counsel after having been served with a summons or notice 19 pursuant to Rule 18. Allegations relating to any party in default shall be deemed admitted 20 unless the court, on its own motion, or the motion of any party not in default, shall require 21 evidence in support of the petition. Within the time limits set forth in Utah R. Civ. P. 22 60(b), upon the written motion of any party in default and a showing of good cause, the 23 court may set aside an entry of default.

24 Effective September 1, 2021