1 Rule 14. Reception of referral; preliminary determination.

- 2 (a) Delinquency cases.
- 3 (a)(1) A law enforcement officer or any other person having knowledge of or reason to believe
- 4 facts that would bring a minor within the court's jurisdiction for delinquency may refer the minor
- 5 to the court by submitting a written report and a request for a petition to the clerk, on forms
- 6 prescribed by the court. The report shall indicate whether the alleged offense is a felony,
- 7 misdemeanor, infraction, or status offense. An intake officer of the probation department shall
- 8 make a preliminary determination, with the assistance of the prosecuting attorney if necessary, as
- 9 to whether the minor qualifies for a nonjudicial adjustment. facts reported are legally sufficient
- 10 to give the court jurisdiction. If the facts appear legally sufficient such officer shall make a
- 11 preliminary inquiry in accordance with standards prescribed by the court and Rule 15 to
- 12 determine whether the interests of the public or the minor require further judicial action to be
- 13 taken. If it is so determined, such officer may file a petition on behalf of the referring officer or
- 14 person or may refer the matter to the prosecuting attorney for preparation of the petition. If the
- referral does not establish that the minor qualifies for a nonjudicial adjustment, the intake officer
- shall forward the referral to the prosecutor.
- 17 (a)(2) If the intake officer refuses after a demand by the complainant to file a petition, the
- 18 complainant shall be informed of the reasons for the refusal and advised that he may submit the
- 19 facts of the alleged delinquency in writing to the prosecuting attorney who shall determine
- 20 whether a petition shall be filed.
- 21 (b) Cases involving neglect, dependency or abuse. Pursuant to Utah Code, Title 62A, Chapter 4a,
- complaints and reports involving the neglect, abuse or dependency of minors shall be directed to
- the nearest office of the Division of Child and Family Services for investigation, which agency
- 24 may, with the assistance of the attorney general, file a petition with the court to initiate judicial
- 25 proceedings.
- 26 (c) Coordination of cases pending in district court and juvenile court.
- 27 (c)(1) Criminal and delinquency cases; Notice to the court.

- 28 (c)(1)(A) In a criminal case all parties have a continuing duty to notify the court of a delinquency
- 29 case pending in juvenile court in which the defendant is a party.
- 30 (c)(1)(B) In a delinquency case all parties have a continuing duty to notify the court:
- (c)(1)(B)(i) of a criminal or delinquency case in which the respondent or the respondent's parent
- is a party; and
- 33 (c)(1)(B)(ii) of an abuse, neglect or dependency case in which the respondent is the subject of the
- petition or the respondent's parent is a party.
- 35 (c)(1)(C) The notice shall be filed with a party's initial pleading or as soon as practicable after the
- party becomes aware of the other pending case. The notice shall include the case caption, file
- 37 number and name of the judge or commissioner in the other case.

Effective Date: May 1, 2018