CR1330 Domestic Violence - Special Verdict Definitions.

"Reside" means to dwell permanently or for a length of time; to have a settled abode for a time; to dwell permanently or continuously.

"Residence" is defined as "a temporary or permanent dwelling place, abode, or habitation to which one intends to return as distinguished from a place of temporary sojourn or transient visit." It does not require an intention to make the place one's home. It is possible that a person may have more than one residence at a time.

When determining whether (DEFENDANT'S NAME) and (VICTIM'S NAME) resided in the same residence, factors to consider include the following:

- the amount of time one spends at the shared abode and the amount of effort expended in its upkeep;
- whether a person is free to come and go as he pleases, treating the place as if it were his own home;
- whether there has been a sharing of living expenses or sharing of financial obligations for the maintenance of a household;
- whether there has been sexual contact evidencing a conjugal association;
- whether furniture or personal items have been moved into a purported residence;
- voting, owning property, paying taxes, having family in the area, maintaining a mailing address, being born or raised in the area, working or operating a business, and having children attend school in the forum.

In deciding whether (DEFENDANT'S NAME) and (VICTIM'S NAME) were residing in the same residence, you are not limited to the factors listed above, but you may also apply the common, ordinary meaning of the definition to all of the facts and circumstances of this case.

References

Keene v. Bonser, 2005 UT App 37 State v. Salt, 2015 UT App 72

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