



Agenda

Utah Supreme Court Advisory Committee Utah Rules of Appellate Procedure

Chris Ballard, Chair
Nathalie Skibine, Vice Chair

Location: Webex:
<https://utcourts.webex.com/utcourts/j.php?MTID=m538581f9082cdad50ff1e74adef124f9>
Date: April 6, 2023
Time: 12:00 to 1:30 p.m.

Action: Welcome and approval of March 2, 2023 Minutes	Tab 1	Chris Ballard, Chair
Action: Rule 57	Tab 2	Mary Westby, Lisa Collins
Action: Rule 8	Tab 3	Chris Ballard
Action: HB0317	Tab 4	Chris Ballard
Discussion: Old/new business		Chris Ballard, Chair

Committee Webpage: <https://legacy.utcourts.gov/rules/urap.php>

2023 Meeting schedule:

May 4, 2023	August 3, 2023	November 2, 2023
June 1, 2023	September 7, 2023	December 7, 2023
July 6, 2023	October 5, 2023	

TAB 1



Minutes

Supreme Court's Advisory Committee on the Utah Rules of Appellate Procedure

Administrative Office of the Courts
450 South State Street
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114

In Person and by WebEx Videoconference
Thursday, March 2, 2023
12:00 pm to 1:30 pm

PRESENT

Emily Adams
Christopher Ballard—Chair
Troy Booher*—
Emeritus Member
Patrick Burt*
Judge Michele
Christiansen Forster
Lisa Collins
Carol Funk*
Amber Griffith—Staff
Tyler Green

Michael Judd—Recording
Secretary
Judge Gregory Orme*
Stanford Purser
Michelle Quist
Clark Sabey*
Nathalie Skibine—
Vice Chair
Scarlet Smith
Nick Stiles—Staff
Mary Westby

EXCUSED

None

1. **Action:** **Chris Ballard**
Approval of February 2022 Minutes

The committee reviewed the February 2022 minutes. Chris Ballard noted a missing word in Item 6 that needs correction.

After that review, Mary Westby moved to approve the February 2022 minutes. Tyler Green seconded that motion, and it passed without objection by unanimous consent.

*Starred attendees participated remotely

2. Discussion:

Chris Ballard

Comments on Rules 4, 5, 11, 22, 52, and 57

The committee turned to public comments related to Rules 4, 5, 11, 22, 52, and 57. Mr. Ballard addressed the comments to Rule 4, noting that while he understands the point made by the comment at issue, the burden-shifting in the amended rule represents a deliberate compromise, struck in order to facilitate placement of a deadline in the rule. Mr. Ballard therefore proposed that the committee move forward with the proposed amendment as it stands. Ms. Westby agreed, stating that while she understands the comment, the committee's approach was a compromise that already accounted for the concerns raised in the comment.

Following that discussion, Ms. Westby moved to forward the rule for final approval. Lisa Collins seconded that motion, and it passed without objection by unanimous consent.

With respect to Rule 5, the committee considered several small changes to address the entry of the trial court's order.

Ms. Westby then moved to forward the rule for final approval, with a discussed clarifying addition, as it appeared on screen at the committee's meeting. Mr. Green seconded that motion, and it passed without objection by unanimous consent.

The committee moved on to Rule 57. Ms. Westby spoke in response to the public comment, and suggested that the comment prompted an important correction. The committee discussed and settled on new language that would clarify the committee's intent and simplify application.

With that new language in hand, Ms. Westby move to tentatively approve Rule 57 as modified, pending approval from the juvenile court commentor. Scarlet Smith seconded that motion, and it passed without objection by unanimous consent.

3. Action:

Chris Ballard

Rules 4, 5, 11, 22, 52, and 57

Following the discussion captured above related to the comments received, Michelle Quist moved to recommend rule 4, 5, 11, 22, and 52 for final approval. Judge Michele Christiansen Forster seconded that motion, and the motion passed without objection by unanimous consent.

4. **Action:** **Chris Ballard**
Rule 4—S.B. 18

Mr. Ballard relayed to the committee that the legislature has now passed Senate Bill 18, which deals with cause of action under Utah’s revised Anti-SLAPP Act. That bill included a shorter deadline for filing a notice of appeal intended to resolve a denied motion to dismiss on an expedited basis. In passing that bill, a concern arose: including a filing deadline in a bill may run afoul of constitutional provisions that give the court rule-making authority. The proposed fix would be for the legislature to work with the court’s liaison to propose a change to the rule itself.

The committee discussed minor changes to language of the rule and talked through the procedural mechanisms created by the bill.

Following that discussion, Emily Adams moved to adopt the amendment as shown on the screen at the committee meeting. Lisa Collins seconded, and the motion passed, with three objections noted: Ms. Quist, Judge Christiansen Forster, and Ms. Smith. The committee noted that the change must be in effect by May 3 and that circulation for public comment will likely occur after that date.

5. **Action:** **Mary Westby**
Rule 14

The committee discussed a minor change to the language of Rule 14, which describes original proceedings in appellate courts. The committee believes that the language at issue may have been included in the rule previously but has since been inadvertently removed. The proposed change to the rule would add that language back into the text, to ensure consistency with other rules.

Ms. Adams moved to adopt the amendment as shown on screen at the committee meeting. Stan Purser seconded that motion, and it passed without objection.

6. **Future Business:** **Chris Ballard**
Remote and In-Person Hearings

The committee identified an issue to be addressed at its next meeting: a proposal about how and when remote hearings may be conducted.

7. **Discussion:** **Chris Ballard**
Other Old/New Business

Mr. Ballard provided an update on a previous proposal regarding child-welfare appeal rules. The committee had discussed potential changes to those rules, but the committee understands that after the Utah Supreme Court heard input from stakeholders, there is still no consensus. The committee understands that consensus-seeking meetings will continue.

8. **Adjourn**

Following the business described above, Ms. Quist moved to adjourn, and Judge Christiansen Forster seconded. The committee adjourned. The committee's next meeting will take place on April 6, 2023.

TAB 2

1 **Rule 57. Record on appeal; transmission of record.**

2 (a) The record on appeal must include the legal file, any exhibits admitted as evidence,
3 and any transcripts. The record on appeal does not include documents from the social
4 file unless they have been submitted to the court for consideration.

5 (b) The record will be transmitted by the juvenile court clerk to the Court of Appeals
6 clerk upon the request of an appellate court.

7 (c) If anything material to either party is omitted from the record by error of the juvenile
8 court or court personnel, or by accident, the omission may be corrected and a
9 supplemental record may be created upon a motion from a party in the appellate court.

TAB 3

Reason for proposed changes: Rule 62 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure was significantly amended effective November 1, 2021. Those amendments deleted the prior subparagraph (d). Thus, the current reference in Rule 8(b)(1) of the Utah Rules of Appellate Procedure to “Rule 62(d) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure” no longer makes sense. To avoid future problems, I also suggest modifying Appellate Rule 8’s subparagraph (c) because it also contains a reference to a specific subparagraph of Civil Rule 62. This is a good reminder that our Style Guide recommends avoiding references to specific subparagraphs of rules or subsections of statutes.

1 **Rule 8. Stay or injunction pending appeal.**

2 (a) **Motion for stay.**

3 (1) Initial motion in the trial court. A party must ordinarily move first in the trial
4 court for the following relief:

5 (A) a stay of the judgment or order without security pending appeal or
6 disposition of a petition under Rule 5;

7 (B) approval of a bond or other security provided to obtain a stay of the
8 judgment or order; or

9 (C) an order suspending, modifying, restoring, or granting an injunction while
10 an appeal is pending, unless the trial court has already rejected the basis for the
11 requested relief.

12 (2) Motion in the appellate court.

13 (A) The motion for a stay must include:

14 (i) the reasons the trial court denied the request;

15 (ii) the reasons for granting the relief requested and the facts relied on;

16 (iii) copies of affidavits or declarations, supporting facts subject to dispute;
17 and

18 (iv) relevant parts of the record, including a copy of the trial court’s order.

19 (B) Any motion must comply with Rule 23.

20 (C) Except in extraordinary circumstances, an appellate court will not act on a
21 motion to stay a judgment or order or to suspend, modify, restore, or grant an
22 injunction, unless the movant first requested a stay or opposed the injunction in
23 the trial court.

24 (3) Stays in criminal cases. Stays pending appeal in criminal cases in which the
25 defendant has been sentenced are governed by Utah Code section 77-20-10 and Rule
26 27 of the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure. Stays in other criminal cases are
27 governed by this rule.

28 **(b) Bond requirement.**

29 (1) Stay ordinarily conditioned upon giving a bond. For requests [to stay enforcement](#)
30 [of a judgment or order to pay money](#) ~~for relief~~ to which Rule 62~~(d)~~ of the Utah Rules
31 of Civil Procedure applied in the trial court, relief available pending appeal will be
32 conditioned upon giving a bond or other appropriate security in the trial court,
33 unless there is no reasonable means of quantifying the security in monetary or other
34 terms and the conditions of paragraph (b)(2) are met.

35 (2) Stay in cases not conditioned on giving a bond. Ordinarily a stay without a bond
36 or other security will not be granted unless the movant demonstrates a likelihood of
37 success on the merits or the case presents serious issues on the merits warranting
38 appellate review and the appellant demonstrates:

39 (A) a likelihood of irreparable harm to the movant outweighing the harm to any
40 other party and the stay would not be adverse to the public interest; or

41 (B) an extraordinary circumstance that justifies issuing a stay.

42 (c) **Injunctions.** For requests for [injunctive](#) relief to which Rules 65A or 62~~(e)~~ of the Utah
43 Rules of Civil Procedure applied in the trial court, any relief available pending appeal is
44 governed by those rules.

TAB 4



Amber Griffith <amberg@utcourts.gov>

RE: HB0317 – Expedited Appeal of Pretrial Detention Decisions

Amber Griffith <amberg@utcourts.gov>
To: Amber Griffith <amberg@utcourts.gov>

Thu, Mar 30, 2023 at 3:24 PM

From: Michael Drechsel <michaelcd@utcourts.gov>
Sent: Thursday, March 9, 2023 11:35 AM
To: Nick Stiles <nicks@utcourts.gov>; Christopher D. Ballard <cballard@mohtrial.com>
Subject: HB0317 – Expedited Appeal of Pretrial Detention Decisions

Hello friends. **HB0317** passed this session. Part of that bill (lines 626-29) creates a right to "expedited appeal" of a court's decision to detain an individual during the pretrial phase of the criminal case. By design, the term "expedited appeal" is not defined in statute. Neither is it currently clear in the rules of appellate procedure how an "expedited appeal" should be treated. Perhaps it aligns well with the Rule 10(b) "simplified appeal" process. Perhaps not. This "expedited appeal" language almost certainly needs attention from the Supreme Court. So I'm getting this on your radar to start that process. Happy to help in whatever way I can. Thanks for all you both do!

=====
MICHAEL C. DRECHSEL • Assistant State Court Administrator • Legislative Liaison
Administrative Office of the Courts • 450 S State St • SLC, UT 84111
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=====

Representative Ryan D. Wilcox proposes the following substitute bill:

PRETRIAL RELEASE MODIFICATIONS

2023 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Katy Hall

Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to pretrial release.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ repeals statutes related to bail commissioners;
- ▶ defines terms related to bail and pretrial release;
- ▶ addresses the right to bail;
- ▶ amends provisions regarding pretrial release by a county sheriff or the county sheriff's designee;
- ▶ amends provisions regarding pretrial release by a judge or magistrate;
- ▶ provides that a magistrate or judge may not base a determination about pretrial release solely on the seriousness of the offense, or the type of offense, for which an individual is arrested or charged;
- ▶ addresses the modification of a pretrial status order when a defendant fails to appear at a required court appearance or when a defendant has not paid the amount of a financial condition within a certain period of time;
- ▶ grants an expedited right of appeal to a defendant who is ordered to be detained pretrial; and



26 ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

27 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

28 None

29 **Other Special Clauses:**

30 None

31 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

32 AMENDS:

33 **17-22-32**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 187

34 **77-20-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

35 **77-20-201**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

36 **77-20-203**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special
37 Session, Chapter 4

38 **77-20-204**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

39 **77-20-205**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

40 **77-20-207**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

41 **77-20-208**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

42 **77-20-301**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special
43 Session, Chapter 4

44 **77-20-302**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special
45 Session, Chapter 4

46 **77-20-401**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

47 ENACTS:

48 **77-20-209**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

49 REPEALS:

50 **10-3-921**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 283

51 **10-3-922**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 283

52 **17-32-1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

53 **17-32-2**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4

54 **17-32-3**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 283

55 **17-32-4**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 283

56

57 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

58 Section 1. Section 17-22-32 is amended to read:

59 **17-22-32. County jail reporting requirements.**

60 (1) As used in this section:

61 (a) "Commission" means the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice
62 created in Section 63M-7-201.

63 (b) (i) "In-custody death" means an inmate death that occurs while the inmate is in the
64 custody of a county jail.

65 (ii) "In-custody death" includes an inmate death that occurs while the inmate is:

66 (A) being transported for medical care; or

67 (B) receiving medical care outside of a county jail.

68 (c) "Inmate" means an individual who is processed or booked into custody or housed in
69 a county jail in the state.

70 (d) "Opiate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.

71 (2) Each county jail shall submit a report to the commission before June 15 of each
72 year that includes, for the preceding calendar year:

73 (a) the average daily inmate population each month;

74 (b) the number of inmates in the county jail on the last day of each month who identify
75 as each race or ethnicity included in the Standards for Transmitting Race and Ethnicity
76 published by the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation;

77 (c) the number of inmates booked into the county jail;

78 (d) the number of inmates held in the county jail each month on behalf of each of the
79 following entities:

80 (i) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;

81 (ii) a state prison;

82 (iii) a federal prison;

83 (iv) the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement;

84 (v) any other entity with which a county jail has entered a contract to house inmates on
85 the entity's behalf;

86 (e) the number of inmates that are denied pretrial release and held in the custody of the
87 county jail while the inmate awaited final disposition of the inmate's criminal charges;

- 88 (f) for each inmate booked into the county jail:
- 89 (i) the name of the agency that arrested the inmate;
- 90 (ii) the date and time the inmate was booked into and released from the custody of the
- 91 county jail;
- 92 (iii) if the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail, the reason the
- 93 inmate was released from the custody of the county jail;
- 94 (iv) if the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail on a financial
- 95 condition, whether the financial condition was set by a [~~bail commissioner~~] county sheriff or a
- 96 court;
- 97 (v) the number of days the inmate was held in the custody of the county jail before
- 98 disposition of the inmate's criminal charges;
- 99 (vi) whether the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail before final
- 100 disposition of the inmate's criminal charges; and
- 101 (vii) the state identification number of the inmate;
- 102 (g) the number of in-custody deaths that occurred at the county jail;
- 103 (h) for each in-custody death;
- 104 (i) the name, gender, race, ethnicity, age, and known or suspected medical diagnosis or
- 105 disability, if any, of the deceased;
- 106 (ii) the date, time, and location of death;
- 107 (iii) the law enforcement agency that detained, arrested, or was in the process of
- 108 arresting the deceased; and
- 109 (iv) a brief description of the circumstances surrounding the death;
- 110 (i) the known, or discoverable on reasonable inquiry, causes and contributing factors of
- 111 each of the in-custody deaths described in Subsection (2)(g);
- 112 (j) the county jail's policy for notifying an inmate's next of kin after the inmate's
- 113 in-custody death;
- 114 (k) the county jail policies, procedures, and protocols:
- 115 (i) for treatment of an inmate experiencing withdrawal from alcohol or substance use,
- 116 including use of opiates;
- 117 (ii) that relate to the county jail's provision, or lack of provision, of medications used to
- 118 treat, mitigate, or address an inmate's symptoms of withdrawal, including methadone and all

119 forms of buprenorphine and naltrexone; and

120 (iii) that relate to screening, assessment, and treatment of an inmate for a substance use
121 or mental health disorder; and

122 (l) any report the county jail provides or is required to provide under federal law or
123 regulation relating to inmate deaths.

124 (3) (a) Subsection (2) does not apply to a county jail if the county jail:

125 (i) collects and stores the data described in Subsection (2); and

126 (ii) enters into a memorandum of understanding with the commission that allows the
127 commission to access the data described in Subsection (2).

128 (b) The memorandum of understanding described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall include
129 a provision to protect any information related to an ongoing investigation and comply with all
130 applicable federal and state laws.

131 (c) If the commission accesses data from a county jail in accordance with Subsection
132 (3)(a), the commission may not release a report prepared from that data, unless:

133 (i) the commission provides the report for review to:

134 (A) the county jail; and

135 (B) any arresting agency that is named in the report; and

136 (ii) (A) the county jail approves the report for release;

137 (B) the county jail reviews the report and prepares a response to the report to be
138 published with the report; or

139 (C) the county jail fails to provide a response to the report within four weeks after the
140 day on which the commission provides the report to the county jail.

141 (4) The commission shall:

142 (a) compile the information from the reports described in Subsection (2);

143 (b) omit or redact any identifying information of an inmate in the compilation to the
144 extent omission or redaction is necessary to comply with state and federal law;

145 (c) submit the compilation to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim
146 Committee and the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council before November
147 1 of each year; and

148 (d) submit the compilation to the protection and advocacy agency designated by the
149 governor before November 1 of each year.

150 (5) The commission may not provide access to or use a county jail's policies,
151 procedures, or protocols submitted under this section in a manner or for a purpose not
152 described in this section.

153 (6) A report including only the names and causes of death of deceased inmates and the
154 facility in which they were being held in custody shall be made available to the public.

155 Section 2. Section **77-20-102** is amended to read:

156 **77-20-102. Definitions.**

157 As used in this chapter:

158 (1) "Bail" means pretrial release.

159 (2) "Bail bond" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-35-102.

160 ~~[(2)]~~ (3) "Bail bond agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
161 31A-35-102.

162 ~~[(3)]~~ (4) "Bail bond producer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
163 31A-35-102.

164 ~~[(4) "Bail commissioner" means a bail commissioner appointed in accordance with~~
165 ~~Section 17-32-1.]~~

166 (5) "County jail official" means a county sheriff or the county sheriff's designee.

167 ~~[(5)]~~ (6) "Exonerate" means to release and discharge a surety, or a surety's bail bond
168 producer, from liability for a bail bond.

169 ~~[(6)]~~ (7) "Financial condition" [or "monetary bail"] means any monetary condition that
170 is imposed to secure an individual's pretrial release.

171 ~~[(7)]~~ (8) "Forfeiture" means:

172 (a) to divest an individual or surety from a right to the repayment of monetary bail; or

173 (b) to enforce a pledge of assets or real or personal property from an individual or
174 surety used to secure an individual's pretrial release.

175 ~~[(8)]~~ (9) "Magistrate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-1-3.

176 (10) (a) "Material change in circumstances" includes:

177 (i) an unreasonable delay in prosecution that is not attributable to the defendant;

178 (ii) a material change in the risk that an individual poses to a victim, a witness, or the
179 public if released due to the passage of time or any other relevant factor;

180 (iii) a material change in the conditions of release or the services that are reasonably

181 available to the defendant if released;

182 (iv) a willful or repeated failure by the defendant to appear at required court

183 appearances; or

184 (v) any other material change related to the defendant's risk of flight or danger to any

185 other individual or to the community if released.

186 (b) "Material change in circumstances" does not include any fact or consideration that

187 is known at the time that the pretrial status order is issued.

188 (11) "Monetary bail" means a financial condition.

189 ~~[(9)]~~ (12) "Own recognizance" means the release of an individual without any
190 condition of release other than the individual's promise to:

191 (a) appear for all required court proceedings; and

192 (b) not commit any criminal offense.

193 ~~[(10)]~~ (13) "Pretrial detention hearing" means a hearing described in Section

194 77-20-206.

195 ~~[(11)]~~ (14) "Pretrial release" ~~[or "bail"]~~ means the release of an individual from law
196 enforcement custody during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
197 charges.

198 ~~[(12)]~~ (15) "Pretrial risk assessment" means an objective, research-based, validated
199 assessment tool that measures an individual's risk of flight and risk of anticipated criminal
200 conduct while on pretrial release.

201 ~~[(13)]~~ (16) "Pretrial services program" means a program that is established to:

202 (a) gather information on individuals booked into a jail facility;

203 (b) conduct pretrial risk assessments; and

204 (c) supervise individuals granted pretrial release.

205 ~~[(14)]~~ (17) "Pretrial status order" means an order issued by a magistrate or judge that:

206 (a) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance while the individual
207 awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges;

208 (b) sets the terms and conditions of the individual's pretrial release while the individual
209 awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges; or

210 (c) denies pretrial release and orders that the individual be detained while the
211 individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges.

212 [(15)] (18) "Principal" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-35-102.

213 [(16)] (19) "Surety" means a surety insurer or a bail bond agency.

214 [(17)] (20) "Surety insurer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
215 31A-35-102.

216 [(18)] (21) "Temporary pretrial status order" means an order issued by a magistrate
217 that:

218 (a) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance until a pretrial status
219 order is issued;

220 (b) sets the terms and conditions of the individual's pretrial release until a pretrial status
221 order is issued; or

222 (c) denies pretrial release and orders that the individual be detained until a pretrial
223 status order is issued.

224 [(19)] (22) "Unsecured bond" means an individual's promise to pay a financial
225 condition if the individual fails to appear for any required court appearance.

226 Section 3. Section 77-20-201 is amended to read:

227 **77-20-201. Right to bail -- Capital felony.**

228 (1) An individual charged with, or arrested for, a criminal offense shall be admitted to
229 bail as a matter of right, except if the individual is charged with:

230 (a) a capital felony when [~~the court finds~~] there is substantial evidence to support the
231 charge;

232 (b) a felony committed while on parole or on probation for a felony conviction, or
233 while free on bail awaiting trial on a previous felony charge, when [~~the court finds~~] there is
234 substantial evidence to support the current felony charge;

235 (c) a felony when there is substantial evidence to support the charge and the court
236 finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that:

237 (i) the individual would constitute a substantial danger to any other individual or to the
238 community[~~;~~or] after considering available conditions of release that the court may impose if
239 the individual is released on bail; or

240 (ii) the individual is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court[;] if the individual is
241 released on bail;

242 (d) a felony when [~~the court finds~~] there is substantial evidence to support the charge

243 and the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual violated a material
244 condition of release while previously on bail;

245 (e) a domestic violence offense if ~~[the court finds]~~:

246 (i) ~~[that]~~ there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and

247 (ii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual would
248 constitute a substantial danger to an alleged victim of domestic violence ~~[if released on bail]~~
249 after considering available conditions of release that the court may impose if the individual is
250 released on bail;

251 (f) the offense of driving under the influence or driving with a measurable controlled
252 substance in the body if:

253 (i) the offense results in death or serious bodily injury to an individual; ~~[and]~~

254 ~~[(ii) the court finds:]~~

255 ~~[(A)]~~ (ii) ~~[that]~~ there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and

256 ~~[(B)]~~ (iii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the ~~[person]~~ individual
257 would constitute a substantial danger to the community ~~[if released on bail]~~ after considering
258 available conditions of release that the court may impose if the individual is released on bail; or

259 (g) a felony violation of Section 76-9-101 if:

260 (i) there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and

261 (ii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual is not likely to
262 appear for a subsequent court appearance.

263 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, there is a rebuttable
264 presumption that an individual is a substantial danger to the community under Subsection
265 ~~[(1)(f)(ii)(B)]~~ (1)(f)(iii):

266 (a) as long as the individual has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or
267 greater if the individual is arrested for, or charged with, the offense of driving under the
268 influence and the offense resulted in death or serious bodily injury to an individual; or

269 (b) if the individual has a measurable amount of controlled substance in the
270 individual's body, the individual is arrested for, or charged with, the offense of driving with a
271 measurable controlled substance in the body and the offense resulted in death or serious bodily
272 injury to an individual.

273 (3) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), any arrest or charge for a violation of Section

274 76-5-202, aggravated murder, is a capital felony unless:

- 275 (a) the prosecuting attorney files a notice of intent to not seek the death penalty; or
- 276 (b) the time for filing a notice to seek the death penalty has expired and the prosecuting
- 277 attorney has not filed a notice to seek the death penalty.

278 Section 4. Section 77-20-203 is amended to read:

279 **77-20-203. County sheriff authority to release an individual from jail on own**
280 **recognizance.**

281 (1) As used in this section:

- 282 (a) "Qualifying offense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-801.
- 283 (b) "Violent felony" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
- 284 76-3-203.5(1)(c)(i).

285 (2) [~~A county sheriff or a bail commissioner~~] A county jail official may release an
286 individual from a jail facility on the individual's own recognizance if:

- 287 (a) the individual was arrested without a warrant;
- 288 (b) the individual was not arrested for:
 - 289 (i) a violent felony;
 - 290 (ii) a qualifying offense;
 - 291 (iii) the offense of driving under the influence or driving with a measurable controlled
 - 292 substance in the body if the offense results in death or serious bodily injury to an individual; or
 - 293 (iv) an offense described in Subsection 76-9-101(4);
- 294 (c) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a court or
- 295 magistrate;
- 296 (d) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
- 297 related to the arrest; and
- 298 (e) the individual qualifies for release under the written policy described in Subsection
- 299 (3) for the county.

300 (3) (a) A county sheriff shall create and approve a written policy for the county that
301 governs the release of an individual on the individual's own recognizance.

302 (b) The written policy shall describe the criteria an individual shall meet to be released
303 on the individual's own recognizance.

304 (c) A county sheriff may include in the written policy the criteria for release relating to:

- 305 (i) criminal history;
 - 306 (ii) prior instances of failing to appear for a mandatory court appearance;
 - 307 (iii) current employment;
 - 308 (iv) residency;
 - 309 (v) ties to the community;
 - 310 (vi) an offense for which the individual was arrested;
 - 311 (vii) any potential criminal charges that have not yet been filed;
 - 312 (viii) the individual's health condition;
 - 313 (ix) any potential risks to a victim, a witness, or the public; and
 - 314 (x) any other similar factor a sheriff determines is relevant.
- 315 (4) Nothing in this section prohibits a court and a county from entering into an
316 agreement regarding release.

317 Section 5. Section **77-20-204** is amended to read:

318 **77-20-204. County sheriff authority to release an individual from jail on**
319 **monetary bail.**

320 (1) As used in this section, "eligible felony offense" means a third degree felony
321 violation under:

- 322 (a) Section [23-19-15](#);
- 323 (b) Section [23-20-4](#);
- 324 (c) Section [23-20-4.7](#);
- 325 (d) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 4, Theft;
- 326 (e) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 5, Fraud;
- 327 (f) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 6, Retail Theft;
- 328 (g) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 7, Utah Computer Crimes Act;
- 329 (h) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 8, Library Theft;
- 330 (i) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 9, Cultural Sites Protection;
- 331 (j) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 10, Mail Box Damage and Mail Theft;
- 332 (k) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 11, Identity Fraud Act;
- 333 (l) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 12, Utah Mortgage Fraud Act;
- 334 (m) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 13, Utah Automated Sales Suppression Device Act;
- 335 (n) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 14, Regulation of Metal Dealers;

- 336 (o) Title 76, Chapter 6a, Pyramid Scheme Act;
- 337 (p) Title 76, Chapter 7, Offenses Against the Family;
- 338 (q) Title 76, Chapter 7a, Abortion Prohibition;
- 339 (r) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 2, Electronic Communication and Telephone Abuse;
- 340 (s) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 3, Cruelty to Animals;
- 341 (t) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 4, Offenses Against Privacy;
- 342 (u) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 5, Libel; or
- 343 (v) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 6, Offenses Against the Flag.
- 344 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(a), [~~a bail commissioner~~] a county jail official
- 345 may fix a financial condition for an individual if:
- 346 (a) (i) the individual is ineligible to be released on the individual's own recognizance
- 347 under Section [77-20-203](#);
- 348 (ii) the individual is arrested for, or charged with:
- 349 (A) a misdemeanor offense under state law; or
- 350 (B) a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class B or C
- 351 misdemeanor offense;
- 352 (iii) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
- 353 related to the arrest; and
- 354 (iv) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a magistrate; or
- 355 (b) (i) the individual is arrested for, or charged with, an eligible felony offense;
- 356 (ii) the individual is not on pretrial release for a separate criminal offense;
- 357 (iii) the individual is not on probation or parole;
- 358 (iv) the primary risk posed by the individual is the risk of failure to appear;
- 359 (v) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
- 360 related to the arrest; and
- 361 (vi) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a magistrate.
- 362 (3) [~~A bail commissioner~~] A county jail official may not fix a financial condition at a
- 363 monetary amount that exceeds:
- 364 (a) \$5,000 for an eligible felony offense;
- 365 (b) \$1,950 for a class A misdemeanor offense;
- 366 (c) \$680 for a class B misdemeanor offense;

367 (d) \$340 for a class C misdemeanor offense;

368 (e) \$150 for a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class B
369 misdemeanor; or

370 (f) \$80 for a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class C
371 misdemeanor.

372 (4) If an individual is arrested for more than one offense, and the ~~[bail commissioner]~~
373 county jail official fixes a financial condition for release:

374 (a) ~~[the bail commissioner]~~ the county jail official shall fix the financial condition at a
375 single monetary amount; and

376 (b) the single monetary amount may not exceed the monetary amount under Subsection
377 (3) for the highest level of offense for which the individual is arrested.

378 (5) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), an individual shall be released if the
379 individual posts a financial condition fixed by a ~~[bail commissioner]~~ county jail official in
380 accordance with this section.

381 (6) ~~[If a bail commissioner]~~ If a county jail official fixes a financial condition for an
382 individual, law enforcement shall submit a probable cause statement in accordance with Rule 9
383 of the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure after the ~~[bail commissioner]~~ county jail official fixes
384 the financial condition.

385 (7) Once a magistrate begins a review of an individual's case under Rule 9 of the Utah
386 Rules of Criminal Procedure:

387 (a) ~~[a bail commissioner]~~ a county jail official may not fix or modify a financial
388 condition for an individual; and

389 (b) ~~[if a bail commissioner]~~ if a county jail official fixed a financial condition for the
390 individual before the magistrate's review, the individual may no longer be released on the
391 financial condition.

392 (8) Nothing in this section prohibits a court and a county from entering into an
393 agreement regarding release.

394 Section 6. Section **77-20-205** is amended to read:

395 **77-20-205. Pretrial release by a magistrate or judge.**

396 (1) (a) At the time that a magistrate issues a warrant of arrest, or finds there is probable
397 cause to support the individual's arrest under Rule 9 of the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure,

398 the magistrate shall issue a temporary pretrial status order that:

399 (i) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance during the time the
400 individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges;

401 (ii) designates a condition, or a combination of conditions, to be imposed upon the
402 individual's release during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
403 charges; or

404 (iii) orders the individual be detained during the time the individual awaits trial or
405 other resolution of criminal charges.

406 (b) At the time that a magistrate issues a summons, the magistrate may issue a
407 temporary pretrial status order that:

408 (i) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance during the time the
409 individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges; or

410 (ii) designates a condition, or a combination of conditions, to be imposed upon the
411 individual's release during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
412 charges.

413 ~~[(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), at an individual's first appearance
414 before the court, the magistrate or judge shall issue a pretrial status order that:]~~

415 ~~[(i) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance during the time the
416 individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges;]~~

417 ~~[(ii) designates a condition, or a combination of conditions, to be imposed upon the
418 individual's release during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
419 charges; or]~~

420 ~~[(iii) orders the individual be detained during the time the individual awaits trial or
421 other resolution of criminal charges.]~~

422 ~~[(b) In making a determination under Subsection (2)(a), the magistrate or judge may
423 not give any deference to a magistrate's decision in a temporary pretrial status order.]~~

424 ~~[(c)]~~ (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the magistrate or judge shall issue
425 a pretrial status order at an individual's first appearance before the court.

426 (b) The magistrate or judge ~~[shall]~~ may delay the issuance of a pretrial status order
427 ~~[described in Subsection (2)(a)]~~ at an individual's first appearance before the court:

428 (i) until a pretrial detention hearing is held if a prosecuting attorney makes a motion for

429 pretrial detention as described in Section ~~77-20-206~~;

430 (ii) if a party requests a delay; or

431 (iii) if there is good cause to delay the issuance.

432 ~~[(d)]~~ (c) If a magistrate or judge delays the issuance of a pretrial status order under
433 Subsection ~~[(2)(c)]~~ (2)(b), the magistrate or judge shall extend the temporary pretrial status
434 order until the issuance of a pretrial status order.

435 (3) (a) When a magistrate or judge issues a pretrial status order, the pretrial status order
436 shall:

437 (i) release the individual on the individual's own recognizance during the time the
438 individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges;

439 (ii) designate a condition, or a combination of conditions, to be imposed upon the
440 individual's release during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
441 charges; or

442 (iii) order the individual to be detained during the time that individual awaits trial or
443 other resolution of criminal charges.

444 (b) In making a determination about pretrial release in a pretrial status order, the
445 magistrate or judge may not give any deference to a magistrate's decision in a temporary
446 pretrial status order.

447 ~~[(3)]~~ (4) In making a determination about pretrial release ~~[under Subsection (1) or (2)]~~,
448 a magistrate or judge shall impose only conditions of release that are reasonably available and
449 necessary to reasonably ensure:

450 (a) the individual's appearance in court when required;

451 (b) the safety of any witnesses or victims of the offense allegedly committed by the
452 individual;

453 (c) the safety and welfare of the public; and

454 (d) that the individual will not obstruct, or attempt to obstruct, the criminal justice
455 process.

456 ~~[(4)]~~ (5) Except as provided in Subsection ~~[(5)]~~ (6), a magistrate or judge may impose
457 a condition, or combination of conditions, ~~[under Subsection (1) or (2)]~~ for pretrial release that
458 requires an individual to:

459 (a) not commit a federal, state, or local offense during the period of pretrial release;

- 460 (b) avoid contact with a victim of the alleged offense;
- 461 (c) avoid contact with a witness who:
 - 462 (i) may testify concerning the alleged offense; and
 - 463 (ii) is named in the pretrial status order;
- 464 (d) not consume alcohol or any narcotic drug or other controlled substance unless
465 prescribed by a licensed medical practitioner;
- 466 (e) submit to drug or alcohol testing;
- 467 (f) complete a substance abuse evaluation and comply with any recommended
468 treatment or release program;
- 469 (g) submit to electronic monitoring or location device tracking;
- 470 (h) participate in inpatient or outpatient medical, behavioral, psychological, or
471 psychiatric treatment;
 - 472 (i) maintain employment or actively seek employment if unemployed;
 - 473 (j) maintain or commence an education program;
 - 474 (k) comply with limitations on where the individual is allowed to be located or the
475 times that the individual shall be, or may not be, at a specified location;
 - 476 (l) comply with specified restrictions on personal associations, place of residence, or
477 travel;
 - 478 (m) report to a law enforcement agency, pretrial services program, or other designated
479 agency at a specified frequency or on specified dates;
 - 480 (n) comply with a specified curfew;
 - 481 (o) forfeit or refrain from possession of a firearm or other dangerous weapon;
 - 482 (p) if the individual is charged with an offense against a child, limit or prohibit access
483 to any location or occupation where children are located, including any residence where
484 children are on the premises, activities where children are involved, locations where children
485 congregate, or where a reasonable person would know that children congregate;
 - 486 (q) comply with requirements for house arrest;
 - 487 (r) return to custody for a specified period of time following release for employment,
488 schooling, or other limited purposes;
 - 489 (s) remain in custody of one or more designated individuals who agree to:
 - 490 (i) supervise and report on the behavior and activities of the individual; and

491 (ii) encourage compliance with all court orders and attendance at all required court
492 proceedings;

493 (t) comply with a financial condition; or

494 (u) comply with any other condition that is reasonably available and necessary to
495 ensure compliance with Subsection ~~[(3)]~~ (4).

496 ~~[(5)]~~ (6) (a) If a county or municipality has established a pretrial services program, the
497 magistrate or judge shall consider the services that the county or municipality has identified as
498 available in determining what conditions of release to impose.

499 (b) The magistrate or judge may not order conditions of release that would require the
500 county or municipality to provide services that are not currently available from the county or
501 municipality.

502 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection ~~[(5)(a)]~~ (6)(a), the magistrate or judge may impose
503 conditions of release not identified by the county or municipality so long as the condition does
504 not require assistance or resources from the county or municipality.

505 ~~[(6)]~~ (7) (a) If the magistrate or judge determines that a financial condition, other than
506 an unsecured bond, is necessary to impose as a condition of release, the magistrate or judge
507 shall consider the individual's ability to pay when determining the amount of the financial
508 condition.

509 (b) If the magistrate or judge determines that a financial condition is necessary to
510 impose as a condition of release, and ~~[a bail commissioner]~~ a county jail official fixed a
511 financial condition for the individual under Section 77-20-204, the magistrate or judge may not
512 give any deference to:

513 (i) ~~[the bail commissioner's]~~ the county jail official's action to fix a financial condition;
514 or

515 (ii) the amount of the financial condition that the individual was required to pay for
516 pretrial release.

517 (c) If a magistrate or judge orders a financial condition as a condition of release, the
518 judge or magistrate shall set the financial condition at a single amount per case.

519 ~~[(7)]~~ (8) In making a determination about pretrial release ~~[under this section]~~, the
520 magistrate or judge may:

521 (a) rely upon information contained in:

- 522 (i) the indictment or information;
- 523 (ii) any sworn or probable cause statement or other information provided by law
- 524 enforcement;
- 525 (iii) a pretrial risk assessment;
- 526 (iv) an affidavit of indigency described in Section [78B-22-201.5](#);
- 527 (v) witness statements or testimony; or
- 528 (vi) any other reliable record or source, including proffered evidence; and
- 529 (b) consider:
- 530 (i) the nature and circumstances of the offense, or offenses, that the individual was
- 531 arrested for, or charged with, including:
- 532 (A) whether the offense is a violent offense; and
- 533 (B) the vulnerability of a witness or alleged victim;
- 534 (ii) the nature and circumstances of the individual, including the individual's:
- 535 (A) character;
- 536 (B) physical and mental health;
- 537 (C) family and community ties;
- 538 (D) employment status or history;
- 539 (E) financial resources;
- 540 (F) past criminal conduct;
- 541 (G) history of drug or alcohol abuse; and
- 542 (H) history of timely appearances at required court proceedings;
- 543 (iii) the potential danger to another individual, or individuals, posed by the release of
- 544 the individual;
- 545 (iv) whether the individual was on probation, parole, or release pending an upcoming
- 546 court proceeding at the time the individual allegedly committed the offense or offenses;
- 547 (v) the availability of:
- 548 (A) other individuals who agree to assist the individual in attending court when
- 549 required; or
- 550 (B) supervision of the individual in the individual's community;
- 551 (vi) the eligibility and willingness of the individual to participate in various treatment
- 552 programs, including drug treatment; or

553 (vii) other evidence relevant to the individual's likelihood of fleeing or violating the
554 law if released.

555 (9) The magistrate or judge may not base a determination about pretrial release solely
556 on the seriousness or type of offense that the individual is arrested for or charged with, unless
557 the individual is arrested for or charged with a capital felony.

558 ~~[(8)]~~ (10) An individual arrested for violation of a jail release agreement, or a jail
559 release court order, issued in accordance with Section 78B-7-802:

560 (a) may not be released before the individual's first appearance before a magistrate or
561 judge; and

562 (b) may be denied pretrial release by the magistrate or judge ~~[under Subsection (2)].~~

563 Section 7. Section 77-20-207 is amended to read:

564 **77-20-207. Modification of pretrial status order -- Failure to appear.**

565 (1) ~~[A motion]~~ A party may move to modify a pretrial status order ~~[may be made]:~~

566 (a) ~~[by a party]~~ at any time after a pretrial status order is issued; and

567 (b) only upon a showing that there has been a material change in circumstances.

568 (2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a defendant may move to modify a pretrial
569 status order if:

570 (i) the magistrate or judge imposed a financial condition as a condition of release in the
571 pretrial status order; and

572 (ii) the defendant is unable to pay the financial condition within seven days after the
573 day on which the pretrial status order is issued.

574 (b) For a motion under Subsection (2)(a), there is a rebuttable presumption that the
575 defendant does not have the ability to pay the financial condition.

576 ~~[(2)]~~ (3) (a) If a party makes a motion to modify the pretrial status order, the party shall
577 provide notice to the opposing party sufficient to permit the opposing party to prepare for a
578 hearing and to permit each alleged victim to be notified and be present.

579 (b) A hearing on a motion to modify a pretrial status order may be held in conjunction
580 with a preliminary hearing or any other pretrial hearing.

581 ~~[(3)]~~ (4) In ruling upon a motion to modify a pretrial status order, the judge may:

582 (a) rely on information as provided in Subsection ~~[77-20-205(7)]~~ 77-20-205(8);

583 (b) base the judge's ruling on evidence provided at the hearing so long as each party is

584 provided an opportunity to present additional evidence or information relevant to pretrial
585 release; and

586 (c) (i) for a motion to modify a pretrial status order under Subsection (1), modify the
587 pretrial status order, including the conditions of release, upon a finding that there has been a
588 material change in circumstances[-]; or

589 (ii) for a motion to modify a pretrial status order under Subsection (2), modify the
590 pretrial status order by reducing the amount of the financial condition or imposing nonfinancial
591 conditions of release upon a finding that the defendant is unable to pay the amount of the
592 financial condition in the pretrial status order.

593 (5) In modifying a pretrial status order upon a motion by a party or on the court's own
594 motion, the court shall consider whether imposing a bail bond as a condition of release in a
595 modified pretrial status order will increase the likelihood of the defendant's appearance when:

596 (a) the defendant was previously released on the defendant's own recognizance or on
597 nonfinancial conditions;

598 (b) the defendant willfully failed to appear at a required court appearance or has failed
599 to appear at a required court appearance more than once; and

600 (c) a bench warrant was issued.

601 (6) Subsections 77-20-205(3) through (10) apply to a determination about pretrial
602 release in a modified pretrial status order.

603 Section 8. Section 77-20-208 is amended to read:

604 **77-20-208. Release from conditions when charges not filed in specified time**
605 **period.**

606 (1) If a prosecuting attorney does not file an information, indictment, or a request to
607 extend time under Subsection (2), within 120 days after the day on which a [~~bail~~
608 ~~commissioner~~] county jail official released the individual on a financial condition under
609 Section 77-20-203 or within 120 days after the day on which a temporary pretrial status order
610 was issued for the individual:

611 (a) the individual shall be relieved from any condition of pretrial release;

612 (b) the court shall refund any monetary bail in accordance with Subsection
613 77-20-402(5); and

614 (c) if a bail bond was used to post monetary bail, the bail bond shall be exonerated

615 without further order of the court.

616 (2) A request to extend time shall:

617 (a) be served on:

618 (i) the individual and the individual's attorney; and

619 (ii) if a bail bond was used to post monetary bail, the surety; and

620 (b) except as provided in Subsection (3), be granted for a period of up to 60 days.

621 (3) The magistrate may grant a request to extend time for a period of up to 120 days
622 upon a showing of good cause.

623 (4) Nothing in this section prohibits the filing of charges against an individual at any
624 time.

625 Section 9. Section 77-20-209 is enacted to read:

626 **77-20-209. Right to expedited appeal of pretrial detention.**

627 **If a magistrate or judge issues a pretrial status order that orders the individual be**
628 **detained during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges, the**
629 **individual has the right to an expedited appeal of the pretrial status order.**

630 Section 10. Section 77-20-301 is amended to read:

631 **77-20-301. Grounds for detaining or releasing defendant on conviction and prior**
632 **to sentence.**

633 (1) Upon conviction, by plea or trial, the court shall order that the convicted defendant
634 who is waiting imposition or execution of sentence be detained, unless the court finds, by clear
635 and convincing evidence, presented by the defendant that the defendant:

636 (a) is not likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court if released; and

637 (b) will not pose a danger to the physical, psychological, or financial and economic
638 safety or well-being of any other person or the community if released.

639 (2) If the court finds the defendant does not need to be detained, the court shall order
640 the release of the defendant on suitable conditions, including conditions of release described in
641 Subsection [~~77-20-205(4)~~] 77-20-205(5).

642 Section 11. Section 77-20-302 is amended to read:

643 **77-20-302. Grounds for detaining defendant while appealing the defendant's**
644 **conviction -- Conditions for release while on appeal.**

645 (1) The court shall order that a defendant who has been found guilty of an offense in a

646 court of record and sentenced to a term of imprisonment in jail or prison, and who has filed an
647 appeal or a petition for a writ of certiorari, be detained, unless the court finds:

648 (a) the appeal raises a substantial question of law or fact likely to result in:

649 (i) reversal;

650 (ii) an order for a new trial; or

651 (iii) a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment in jail or prison;

652 (b) the appeal is not for the purpose of delay; and

653 (c) by clear and convincing evidence presented by the defendant, that the defendant:

654 (i) is not likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court if released; and

655 (ii) will not pose a danger to the physical, psychological, or financial and economic
656 safety or well-being of any other person or the community if released.

657 (2) (a) If the court makes a finding under Subsection (1) that justifies not detaining the
658 defendant, the court shall order the release of the defendant, subject to only conditions of
659 release that are reasonably available and necessary to reasonably ensure the appearance of the
660 defendant as required and the safety of any other individual, property, and the community.

661 (b) The conditions under Subsection (2)(a) may include conditions described in
662 Subsection [~~77-20-205(4)~~] 77-20-205(5).

663 (c) The court may, in the court's discretion, amend an order granting release to impose
664 additional or different conditions of release.

665 (3) If the defendant is found guilty of an offense in a court not of record and files a
666 timely notice of appeal in accordance with Subsection 78A-7-118(1) for a trial de novo, the
667 court shall stay all terms of a sentence, unless at the time of sentencing the judge finds by a
668 preponderance of the evidence that the defendant poses a danger to another person or the
669 community.

670 (4) If a stay is ordered, the court may order postconviction restrictions on the
671 defendant's conduct as appropriate, including:

672 (a) continuation of any pretrial restrictions or orders;

673 (b) sentencing protective orders under Section 78B-7-804;

674 (c) drug and alcohol use;

675 (d) use of an ignition interlock; and

676 (e) posting appropriate monetary bail.

677 (5) The provisions of Subsections (3) and (4) do not apply to convictions for an offense
678 under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving Under the Influence and Reckless Driving.

679 (6) Any stay authorized by Subsection (3) is lifted upon the dismissal of the appeal by
680 the district court.

681 Section 12. Section **77-20-401** is amended to read:

682 **77-20-401. Payment of monetary bail to sheriff or bail commissioner -- Specific**
683 **payment methods.**

684 (1) Subject to Subsection **77-20-402**(2), if an individual has been required by a [~~bail~~
685 ~~commissioner~~] county jail official, or ordered by a magistrate or judge, to post monetary bail as
686 a condition of pretrial release, the individual may post the amount of monetary bail with the
687 [~~bail commissioner~~] county jail official:

688 (a) in money, by cash, certified or cashier's check, personal check with check guarantee
689 card, money order, or credit card, if the [~~bail commissioner~~] county jail official has chosen to
690 establish any of those options; or

691 (b) by a bail bond issued by a surety.

692 (2) [~~A bail commissioner~~] A county jail official shall deliver any monetary bail
693 received under Subsection (1) to the appropriate court within three days after the day on which
694 the monetary bail is received by the [~~bail commissioner~~] county jail official.

695 Section 13. **Repealer.**

696 This bill repeals:

697 Section **10-3-921, Fines -- Collection by bail commissioner -- Disposition.**

698 Section **10-3-922, Term of bail commissioners -- Salary -- Bond and oath.**

699 Section **17-32-1, Appointment of bail commissioners.**

700 Section **17-32-2, Collection of fines by bail commissioners -- Disposition.**

701 Section **17-32-3, Term of bail commissioners -- No additional compensation --**

702 **Bond and oath.**

703 Section **17-32-4, Oaths and bonds to be filed.**